"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers Thursday; Friday fair, warmer; northwesterly to variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,829. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. TWO CENTS.

CAMPAIGN CRISIS SEEN IN OHIO FIGHT

Both Taft and Roosevelt Plan Longer Tours and Will Battle Till Day of Primaries.

PRESIDENT'S BIG WELCOME

In Columbus Speech He Blames Roosevelt for Change in Peace Treaties—Again Attacks Perkins.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 8.—After an all-day speaking tour through Southern Ohio President Taft arrived in Columbus this evening and was at once escorted to Memorial Hall, where he addressed an audience of nearly 4,000 people. There were many women in the balcony. Mr. Taft attacked Col. Roosevelt, and his remarks were loudly applauded.

The President has decided to spend ten days more in Ohio battling with the Roosevelt forces. He will leave Washington next Sunday night, making his first speech in Marietta. The plan for the campaign has not been marked out in detail but most of the time is to be spent in the northern part of the State where the Roosevelt sentiment is the strongest.

At the same time word came from New York that Col. Roosevelt would start his Ohio campaign earlier than originally planned. This will bring the two candidates together in Ohio for the final week of the struggle, and will keep the voters interested until the day of the primaries, Tuesday, May 21.

On Thursday the President will be in Cleveland, where he will have a day's rest, with an opportunity to confer with friends about the situation there. On the following Sunday he will be in Columbus, where he will attend church. The last speech of the trip will be made at Dayton on Monday night, May 20. On Tuesday he will go to Cincinnati to vote, and will leave that night for Washington.

Secretary Knox, Senators Root, Townsend, and Burton, and Job Hedges will not travel with Taft, but will scatter and speak where it is expected they can do the most good.

The President started his speechmaking to-day at 6:30 A. M. at Batavia, and followed with talks at Mt. Orab and Sardinia before reaching Winchester.

A good-sized crowd stood around the President's private car at Batavia. He kept up his criticism of Col. Roosevelt. "Mr. Roosevelt says I am distrustful of the people," said the President.

"I'm only distrustful of the people as a court, just as I would be distrustful of their building a bridge. I would send bridge engineers and people who knew something about bridges."

Taking up Mr. Roosevelt's proposal of the recall, Mr. Taft said: "He is in favor of innovations and changes that would make the Constitution worth little more than the paper it is written on."

After Mr. Taft had spoken several minutes some one in his party signaled to the conductor to go ahead. As the engineer obeyed and the President saw his audience getting further away he called: "Stop the train." It was stopped, and he talked several minutes longer.

At Williamsburg the President again said he did not come seeking privilege because he was a son of Ohio, but only wanted justice.

"We'll give it to you!" shouted some one.

At Sardinia one of the features of the turnout was a woman's band that played a lively greeting as the train pulled in and a hymn as it departed.

At Portsmouth he said:

"I'm up against the wall and I'm being hit. I'm being hit below the belt and I'm here to fight," and the crowd yelled with delight.

No Hope of Votes There.

At Winchester, Seaman, and Peebles the President was speaking in Adams County, where Judge A. Z. Blair disfranchised for several years nearly 2,000 men for being concerned in vote buying and vote selling, although the President did not know this until later.

The humorous side of the situation appealed to one man who was on the station platform at Seaman.

"What's he talking to these people for?" he asked. "They're all disfranchised anyhow."

When Peebles was reached the President had warmed up to his subject. "I am said to represent the interests, to be under the influence of special privileges," he said. "Well, let us see. There is no Administration in the history of the Government in which the prosecutions have been so uniform.

"The Inter-State Commerce Commission reported that Dan Hanna of Cleveland was accepting rebates," he said. "I put him before the Attorney General and the District Attorney and the Grand Jury, and they found an indictment against him. And now he is one of the patriots that is loudest in denunciation of me and strongest in support of Theodore Roosevelt. I find at every corner gentlemen who are patriotic and who think I am under the influence of the interests who are opposed to me, and if you look into their history you will find an unfortunate indictment against them."

Blames Colonel for Weak Treaties.

President Taft charged in his speech in Memorial Hall here to-night that Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Senator Dixon of Montana, and Democrats in the Senate were responsible for the emasculation of the arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France and that in consequence of their action the pacts were so changed as to be of doubtful utility.

"For some reason unknown to my puzzle-witted brain," said the President, "Mr. Roosevelt opposed these treaties, and by those men who supported that opposition, his manager, Mr. Dixon, and the Democratic votes in the Senate, those treaties were so emasculated that it is difficult to see whether they contain anything of value which ought to be ratified into a treaty. My idea of progress and of the highest progress possible was in those arbitraton treaties, because I saw in them a step toward a universal arbitral court to which any nation in the world might resort in order to solve a controversy that it might have with any other nation, and until we get such a court war will not disappear, and this was a decided step toward that end, as progressive a measure as has ever been suggested to the American people."

Mr. Taft openly accused Mr. Roosevelt of misrepresentation and misstatement, said that in many actions for which his predecessor now criticised him he had been influenced by Mr. Roosevelt's advice, and asked the people of Ohio to give him a square deal.

Roosevelt Unsafe, He Says.

He also scored Col. Roosevelt as an advocate of class hatred and a man who is appealing to the element of discontent.

"It is dangerous to put such a man in the office of President," he said.

"Mr. Roosevelt is not a safe man for this country to trust, with his ideas as to the recall of court decisions," he declared with emphasis.

The President dwelt at length on the Roosevelt's charges that he was the friend of the boss and the tool of the trusts and special interests. He pointed out the failure of the Roosevelt Administration to prosecute the Steel Trust and the Harvester Trust, and contrasted that with the attitude of his own Administration, which the men were particular to see put down as sick leave. The collie hung about the wrecked building for sixty-two hours, getting his share of the sandwiches and coffee fed to the firemen, but suffering from the bitter cold for all his shaggy coat.

Continued on Page 2.

MRS. KNOX'S GEMS STOLEN.

U. S. Sailor Held for Taking Ring of Secretary's Daughter-in-Law.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 8.—It became known here to-day that while Secretary of State Knox and Mrs. Knox and their party were aboard the United States cruiser Maryland on the Secretary's tour of Central American states two months ago, and in the course of being conveyed from Punta Arenas to San José, Guatemala, their cabin was entered and diamonds belonging to Mrs. Hugh Knox, daughter-in-law of the Secretary, were stolen.

A marine of the ship's company was arrested at San Diego on March 20 after he had pawned the gems. The marine is now in custody in the ship's brig and will be kept in confinement there until the Maryland reaches San Francisco, when he will be transferred to the Navy Yard Prison at Mare Island to await trial. The diamonds recovered from the San Diego pawnshops have been sent to Mrs. Knox for identification.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 8.—W. L. Coombs, secretary to Mr. Knox, said to-day that only a ring valued at $300 was stolen on the Maryland.

The Department of State at Washington had notified Secretary Knox, he said, that the ring had been recovered, but had given no details.

Secretary Knox began the second day of his visit to San Francisco by inspecting the Panama-Pacific International Exposition site, and was the guest of the exposition officials at a luncheon. He reviewed 5,000 troops at the Presidio this afternoon, and in the evening was received at the University Club by his college fraternity brothers and at the Union Club.

TITANIC WAIFS FIND AN AUNT

Who Will Keep the Boys Till Their Mother Arrives.

The two little French boys who were saved from the Titanic and whose identity remained a mystery for more than a week after the arrival of the Carpathia, are now with an aunt who has a home not far from this city. This announcement was made yesterday by Superintendent Walsh of the Children's Society.

Until a few days ago the two little boys, whose names are Michael and Edmond Navrati, were at the home of Miss Margaret Hayes, of 304 West Eighty-third Street. She is also one of the survivors of the Titanic.

Mme. Navratil, the mother of the children, sailed from Southampton for New York on the White Star liner Oceanic, which is due here next Wednesday morning. Mr. Walsh would not give out the name or the address of the aunt in whose charge the boys now are. He said he was expecting some letters from Paris, which are due here ahead of the Oceanic, and that he would be advised as to what course to take by the information in these letters. The aunt of the boys, he added, is in every respect a responsible person.

Mr. Walsh said that when a photograph of the aunt had been shown to the boys, the eldest recognized her. Too much praise cannot be given to Miss Hayes for the kind interest she had taken in the boys, Mr. Walsh said, and it was with her consent that the children were turned over to the aunt.

A FAMOUS FIREDOG KILLED.

Smoke, of Truck 15, Run Over by His Own Company.

Smoke, the dearly loved collie dog that was brought up by the firemen of Truck 15, is dead, and the only thought that cheered the men as they talked of him last night was the knowledge that he died in the performance of his duty. For it was his duty, ever faithfully performed, to charge down the streets just ahead of the racing, swinging truck, and to add his heartening, triumphant bark to the clanging of the bells.

Early last evening, as Truck 15 was rushing to a threatened tenement house on Washington Street, two yellow dogs from West Street jumped into the pathway and snapped at Smoke. Smoke turned to defend himself, and as he turned one of the plunging firehorses struck him. He was knocked to the ground and the wheels of the heavy truck passed over his body. That shaggy body is to be stuffed and set up where the men of Truck 15 may have it to keep fresh the memories of one of the best firedogs that ever responded to an alarm.

They could not help calling him Smoke, for he was hardly out of puppyhood when he showed that he could get into a smoke-filled house and not leave it until every one of his human comrades had returned to the street. More than once his long hair was singed, but he did not mind. They say he knew every signal, and some swear that he could count the alarms and knew where the boxes were, so that more than once he was at a fire when the firemen reached there.

So loyally did Smoke stick to his post at the time of the Equitable fire that he came down with pneumonia, resulting in his first absence from the truck headquarters, which the men were particular to see put down as sick leave. The collie hung about the wrecked building for sixty-two hours, getting his share of the sandwiches and coffee fed to the firemen, but suffering from the bitter cold for all his shaggy coat.

WOMAN BOSS OF THE HOUSE.

Says Surrogate Millard, Forgiving the Sex That Tried to Defeat Him.

Though he had been opposed only twelve hours before by the women of Tarrytown for re-election as Village Trustee, Surrogate Frank L. Millard declared from his bench in Yonkers yesterday that the mother is and should properly be "the boss" of every well-regulated household. There was a case before the Surrogate of two sons protesting about their father's administration of their mother's estate. They said that they and their two sisters were compelled to leave their home soon after their father remarried. After their sister was taken with typhoid she was told that she could stay at the house "if she promised not to make a servant of her step-mother."

"I believe your father said what was right," said the Surrogate. "He was not going to have any one else but his wife rule his household, and that is the way it should be. In my own home Mrs. Millard is the boss, and I try to make every one understand that. But I regret this drifting away of children from parents, and I think that your father means well and should have a chance."

The protestants before the court were Pierce and James Wall of 132 Morningside Avenue.

The Aspinwall, Lenox in the Berkshires. Alison C. Judd (Also The Elton, Waterbury, Ct.) N. Y. Booking Office, 1,180 B'way. Tel. 4768 Mad. Sq. —Adv.

GOV. SANDERS TELLS OF BIG FLOOD LOSSES

375,000 Persons Homeless and Property Damage $6,000,000, He Telegraphs The Times.

BURDEN FALLS ON LOUISIANA

Governor Urges Nation to Protect His State from Flood Waters Not Originating There.

By J. Y. SANDERS,
Governor of Louisiana.

Special to The New York Times.

BATON ROUGE, La., May 8.—The State of Louisiana is to-day bearing the brunt in the highest flood that has ever come down the Mississippi River, and a levee system which Federal and State engineers had declared to be well-night perfect, protecting twenty parishes of sixty in the State of Louisiana, has proved in four places unable to withstand the strain.

As a result, several parishes are affected in some part by water from the crevasses at Salem in the Texas Basin in Northern Louisiana, and in the Torras and some places upon the Atchafalaya in the Atchafalaya and Mississippi Basin. The loss of life has been almost entirely accidental, due only indirectly to flood conditions and not to the crevasses themselves. The total loss of life in Louisiana as a result of these crevasses has not exceeded twenty.

In nearly all instances the accidental drownings have been due to women and children upsetting boats or by falling off houses into the water.

The population affected by the crevasses in Northern Louisiana approximates 125,000, out of which number the Federal Government is feeding over 30,000, practically all negroes.

In Southern Louisiana the population of the parishes affected is approximately a quarter of a million, of whom at least 100,000 will suffer loss and probably 40,000 will eventually have to be cared for before they are able to get to work again on their lands. In the southern district negroes are chiefly the sufferers.

Due to the crevasses themselves, a property loss of at least $6,000,000 has been suffered, while, if the waters remain up until July, the loss through failure to be able to plant will reach three times that sum. The point of the situation is this: Louisiana, like Mississippi and Arkansas, is bearing the tremendous burden of carrying to the sea the flood waters of thirty other States. The sums of money spent by the Federal Government in helping us in our misfortune are inconsequential when compared with the enormous loss and setback we are suffering.

The American Nation owes it to these Southern States to so regulate the floods of the Mississippi until they are safely delivered to the Gulf, that the people who live in the low country of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Arkansas may feel safe and secure in their investments and their lives.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 8.—Another serious crevasse opened in Louisiana to-day, when the Bayou des Glaizes Dike, a big levee upon which the people of Moreauville and vicinity have been working for weeks, gave way. The immediate effect in addition to flooding Moreauville and vicinity will be to turn a vastly increased volume of water into the sugar country. The break was caused by backwater from the Torras and Dogtail crevasses, and practically no new territory will be flooded. Every able-bodied man and boy within a radius of twenty miles had been working to hold back the river, and the break has had a depressing effect upon all the flood fighters.

Moreauville to-night is under water, varying from one to twelve feet in depth, and a small fleet of boats has been sent to the interior of Avoyelles and St. Landry Parishes, where hundreds who had anticipated the slow rising of the water from Torras crevasse were trapped by the swift torrent of the new stream.

There were several other breaks in small protection levees at different points to-day, but none was of serious character. Around New Orleans the situation is considered good, although gangs of men were at work all day placing additional sandbags about the heads of Canal and Esplanade Streets, where river water has been seeping through. Army engineers say that the only bad spot in any levees near here is the 8,000-foot Amesville stretch, just above the city, where a portion of the Batture caved yesterday, but was replaced quickly.

Mayor Behrman issued a statement to-day denying a report that many persons are homeless in New Orleans, and saying that there never has been any danger to the city proper. The moving of big quantities of supplies for flood sufferers went forward again to-day, and urgent appeals for further contributions were issued.

The completion of the Pontchartrain protection levee at Baton Rouge was another reassuring feature of the day. This means that the almost certain break in the main levee there will have but slight effect upon the State capital.

Refugees brought into the camps scattered along the river to the north of here continue to tell tales of suffering and heroism. Additional boats are being constructed and every available craft is being used in rescue work.

Boats of the battleship Nebraska and the Petrel to-day rendered valuable service and the sailors sent to their work with a will. From Vicksburg south the refugee camps are said to be in excellent sanitary condition, and the reported epidemic of meningitis has materialized in but five cases, in three different camps. These have been isolated.

The panic stricken people of the interior continue to tell of seeing many persons drown and more than once rescue parties have entered humble homes to find only the dead bodies of their former inmates.

NEW ORLEANS IN NO DANGER.

City Has Inside Protection to Take Care of Any Overflow.

A telegram addressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES was received yesterday over the private wire of Carpenter Baggott & Co. of 17 William Street from New Orleans asking that rumors circulated elsewhere that the New Orleans levees were weak should be contradicted.

"Conditions here are and have been normal," said the message, "so far as levees are concerned. Flood Street levee was never weak, but being smaller than others, was brought to new standard. No cotton or hay bales used. No excitement here. Nobody ever predicted a break here, and nobody has expected one.

"New Orleans people are very busy sending relief expeditions and supplies to overflowed districts, and, after safeguarding their own front, are not worried. Even should an unforseen accident occur, we have inside protection and everything in readiness to stop any overflow. New Orleans levees are much larger, stronger, and better than ever before. We are being injured by exaggerated and false reports, and would appreciate your assistance in correcting wrong impressions."

CATCHING COLD AND CURING IT.

Dr. William Hanna Thomson, one of the leading specialists of the country, gives practical advice that is timely in this uncertain weather. Read his article in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

ONE DEAD, FOUR HURT IN RIOT OF MINERS

State Police Fire Upon Mob After Being Attacked at Minersville, Penn.

WOMAN ONE OF THE VICTIMS

Troopers Called on to Disperse Mob Near Scranton Colliery—Attempt to Blow Up Erie Train.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., May 8.—One man is dead, three others badly wounded, and one woman injured as the result of an exchange of bullets between a mob of 1,000 men, women, and children, and four members of the State Constabulary this afternoon at Minersville. The dead man is David Davies. The wounded men are foreigners, whose names are not known. The woman is Mrs. Mary Woll, who was shot in the knee while watching the battle from the porch of her home.

The riot was turned into a battle in a moment's notice, after the State troopers had fired shots into the air to frighten the rioters and had received a volley of bullets in return, which narrowly missed bringing them from their horses.

The trouble started at the Pine Ridge Colliery early this morning, when a mob gathered and held up men on their way to work. In the mob were a number of foreigners, but there were some English-speaking miners there also.

While the rioters were holding up workmen, four State troopers appeared. They dashed into the mob only to be driven to retreat by the resistance. While the troops were withdrawing, the rioters hurled sticks and stones after them. The hat of one of the troopers was knocked from his head. At this the other troopers drew their guns and fired into the air. Several of the rioters answered the challenge, and their shots were apparently fired with a desire to kill.

As the bullets whistled past the heads of the troopers the order was given to fire into the crowd. Davies and three others were in the front ranks, and they fell with the first volley. This had its effect on the rioters, and they retreated, silencing their weapons as they ran. The troopers did not shoot as the mob fled.

As the rioters cleared from the highway the troopers escorted Supt. George Kaiser of the Pine Hill Colliery and the men who were with him to their work. The injured were removed to hospitals. Davies suffered from a bullet in the stomach. He lingered until about noon, when he died. One of the foreigners is so badly injured that it is thought he will die.

Reinforcements for the troopers soon arrived, and the rioters did not again gather during the day. Troopers kept the highways cleared of crowds, and this prevented serious trouble. Indignation is running high in the lower section of the anthracite regions. The miners are beginning to show the great contempt of the constabulary, which they have long carried concealed. More troopers are being hurried into the Minersville section.

At Ridge, near Scranton, 200 men and boys attempted to stop men working at a coal washery to-day, and the situation became so menacing that State troopers were called out to disperse the crowd. The washery men remained at work because they had the union sanction.

Dynamite was found fastened to the Erie tracks near Scranton to-day in time to prevent the blowing up of a freight train.

At Shenandoah and Mount Carmel the rioters are subdued practically by fear of arms. There were no demonstrations during the day, but the spirit of the men was high, and trouble was momentarily expected.

Major John C. Groome of Philadelphia, Superintendent of the State police, is in Pottsville. "The situation, as I find it, is peaceful," he said to-night. "At present I have 86 additional well-drilled men in Pottsville besides Troop C. Forty-six of these are from Troop D at Butler and 40 from Troop A at Greensburg. My men at Minersville this morning were compelled to shoot to protect both themselves and the men they were assisting."

LITTLE HOPE FOR RICHESON.

No Grounds for Clemency, Says Foss —Doomed Minister Not a Mormon.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 8.—The Rev. C. V. T. Richeson will probably go to the electric chair for poisoning Avis Linnell, Gov. Foss having announced this afternoon that according to all information he has at present he would not be justified in sending the case to his counsel for the exercise of clemency.

The Governor informed the Executive Council that Dr. Lane, the specialist employed by the defense, has stated that to the best of his knowledge and belief Richeson was sane at the time he sent the poison to Miss Linnell, and is sane now. The Governor also told the council that he is waiting for a formal report from Dr. Briggs, and that two more physicians are at the jail examining Richeson as to his sanity, so that there is yet a possibility that the question of commuting the sentence will recur.

The report that the condemned minister is a Mormon, according to the statement of Mrs. L. E. Brittain, is denied by Richeson's counsel, who calls her statements ridiculous and absurd. A denial of her statement was also made to-day by John W. Whitesides, Lawrence W. Richards, and Leslie N. Van Dyke, Elders of the Mormon Church in Massachusetts. In an affidavit the Elders state that Mrs. Brittain was excommunicated from the Mormon body last March for "bearing false witness against the Church and misrepresenting its doctrines and practices." Mrs. Brittain, on her part, insists that her story is true.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Senator Smoot of Utah gave out a statement to-day denying that the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson of Boston was a member of the Mormon Church. Senator Smoot said:

"The statement of Mrs. Louise E. Brittain that Clarence V. T. Richeson is an elder in the Mormon Church is a malicious falsehood. Richeson is not now nor ever has been an Elder or even a member of the Mormon Church."

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 8.—The statement of Mrs. Louise Brittain that Clarence V. T. Richeson was a member of the Mormon Church is absolutely false, and she herself is unknown here.

JOSEPH F. SMITH,
President of the Mormon Church.

DYSPEPTICS NEED Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Especially recommended for relief of sour stomach, sick headache and nausea—an excellent appetizer.—Adv.

NEW AEROPLANE AMAZES KING GEORGE

Extraordinary Feats Performed by Naval Machine at Review at Weymouth.

OTHER POWERS LEFT BEHIND

It Is Declared the New Waterplane Completely Alters Warfare Conditions—Surprise to Public.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 8.—When Englishmen read in their morning papers to-day of a wonderful new machine, both aeroplane and hydroplane, which had been invented by one of their countrymen, acquired by the navy, and was to be shown to-day at the naval review by King George in Weymouth Bay, the news seemed too good to be true.

The reports, however, were not exaggerated, and it is now declared that Great Britain has the most remarkable and satisfactory machine of its kind in the world, that other powers have been left behind in the race for aerial supremacy, and that the British waterplane has already performed feats completely altering the conditions possible in naval warfare.

The waterplane is described as having "the powers of an albatross, able to fly over the water, float upon it, and rise again." It was piloted to-day by Commander Samson, R. N.

The King arrived in Weymouth Bay in the royal yacht. Three hundred and fifty million dollars' worth of waships were drawn up for his inspection. A heavy sea and thick fog, however, made warship manoeuvres impossible, and the day was devoted to exercises by the aircraft.

When word was received in the morning that the royal yacht was within a dozen miles of Weymouth, a wireless message from the flagship ordered four naval airmen who were ashore to proceed to sea and find his Majesty's vessel. A thirty-mile wind was blowing when Commander Samson, on the waterplane, took the water, skimming over the white-topped waves until he had sufficient speed to lift his machine into the air. Then he plunged into the black fog and disappeared.

He was the first to locate the royal vessel. After he had flown around at fifty-five miles an hour without even being able to see his own tail-plane, he suddenly struck a clear patch between fog banks and sighted the royal yacht. He circled above her for some time and then returned to shore.

Of the other three aerial scouts Lieut. Gregory, in a short biplane, after perilous adventures, located the yacht. It was a far worse task and far more baffling than flying in the dark, and the moisture laden atmosphere made the engines run badly. Twice Lieut. Gregory found himself butting into a high cliff, and twice the engines stopped firing, but he overcame every difficulty.

All four airmen found their way back without serious mishap.

In the afternoon an air scheme was carried out. Commander Samson's waterplane flew to the royal yacht, settled on the water under the King's eyes, disembarked a naval officer whom it had brought as a passenger, and delivered a letter for the amazed King. Commander Samson then ascended to a great height, circled around the bay and the fleet, descended, skimmed the water, and again soared aloft in a series of splendid evolutions before he flew back to shore.

In the meanwhile other aeroplanes were giving illustrations of other effective uses to which the naval machines could be put.

Lieut. Gregory achieved an especially noteworthy performance in his short biplane. He came sweeping at a low altitude over the bay, circled the royal yacht, and then, heading for the line of dreadnoughts, sailed directly overhead, passing over the entire seven in turn.

Lieut. Gregory then swept around toward the King's yacht at a height of 400 feet, and released a blank bomb, a mass of iron, weighing 300 pounds.

Incidentally Lieut. Gregory during his flight did something that implies a revolution in one branch of naval warfare. He spied beneath him the periscope of a submerged submarine, and made a sensational volplane direct toward her, coming within thirty feet of the vessel.

It was a little haphazard incident not on the programme, but it eliminated a submarine as a daylight danger in naval warfare, and the projected submarine attack on the battleship Neptune now has no meaning.

DYNAMITE PLOT IN TURKEY.

Escape of a Minister and Other Officials—Bulgarians Arrested.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 8.—A plot to blow up the train in which the Minister of the Interior and the members of the Reform Commission were traveling was frustrated by the discovery to-day of a dynamite bomb under a bridge between Ochrida and Resna, in Monastir.

Eight members of a Bulgarian band have been arrested in connection with the affair.

$25,000 ROCKEFELLER GIFT.

Brown University Receives Second Donation from John D., Jr.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 8.—A second gift of $25,000 to Brown University from John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was announced to-day.

The endowment has now reached $815,000 toward the desired million dollars.

WHITE STAR PAYS IN FULL.

Settles for Maximum the First Claim from Titanic Disaster.

LONDON, May 8.—The first compensation claim in connection with the Titanic disaster was made at Liverpool by a bedroom steward's widow on behalf of herself and her five children.

The White Star Company admitted liability and to-day paid $1,500 into court—the maximum amount for which the company was liable.

NEW LINER MAKES A RECORD.

La France Crosses in 5 Days 20 Hours, 46 Minutes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

HAVRE, May 8.—La France arrived here at 2:30 this afternoon on the return trip of her maiden voyage from New York. She created a speed record for the French Line, crossing in five days, 20 hours, 46 minutes, and averaging 23 knots an hour.

Among her first-class passengers was Omont Theyer, cotton broker, who was saved from the Titanic, and was warmly greeted by a large party of friends.

PRISON FOR A MARCHIONESS.

Italian Convicted of Slandering Egyptian in Anonymous Letters.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, May 8.—The Marchioness Gavotti, who is well-known in Roman society, has been condemned to seven months' imprisonment for writing anonymous letters, which contained slanders on Pennazzi Bey, a former employe of the Egyptian Government.

The trial lasted several days. The sentence has aroused extraordinary interest.

GERMAN ENVOY RECALLED.

Minister to Cuba in Disgrace, According to a Havana Paper.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, May 8.—La Ultima Hora, a Havana evening paper, asserts that Adolph Pauli, the German Minister to Cuba, has been recalled because he failed to press the German war claims against this republic. Herr Pauli, it is added, will be succeded by Dr. Quellenstein, now Consul at Atlanta, Ga.

AUTOMOBILE KILLS WOMAN.

Dies In Hospital Without Recovering Consciousness—Name Unknown.

John J. Currivan, Jr., son of a building inspector in the Department of Education, was driving his automobile down Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, about 11 o'clock last night to meet his father at the Atlantic Avenue Subway station, to carry him to their home at 2,719 Fort Hamilton Avenue. In the car with him was his sister, Miss May Currivan.

At Prospect Place a woman stepped from the sidewalk just as the car approached. Currivan tried to stop but the car skidded on the wet asphalt. The woman walked directly in front of it, was hit and thrown several feet.

Dr. Ryan was called and took the woman to the Holy Family Hospital, where she died a short time later. She suffered a fractured skull and internal injuries. She did not regain consciousness and the only clue to her identity were the initials "J. F. C." on a gold-handled umbrella she carried. She was about 55 years old and well dressed. She wore several diamonds.

SENATOR STONE'S BIG CAKE.

Mrs. Champ Clark Lights Sixty-four Candles for His Birthday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the Speaker, made her afternoon at home to-day complimentary to Senator Stone of Missouri. It was the Senator's birthday, and 64 candles on a large cake held the centre of the table.

The celebration was entirely informal. Senator Stone was accompanied by Mrs. Stone, and Mrs. Henry T. Rainey of Chicago, and Mrs. Wyckliffe, wife of a Representative from Indiana, poured tea. There were a number of guests from official and residential circles.

HYDE ENTERTAINS HERRICK.

One Hundred Guests at a Dinner in Paris to Our New Ambassador.

PARIS, May 8.—A dinner and reception were given to-night in honor of the new American Ambassador, Myron T. Herrick, by James H. Hyde.

One hundred guests were present, among them Minister of War Millerand, Viscount Davenel, Fernand Chapsal, Permanent Director of the Ministry of Commerce; Alfred Croiset, Dean of the Sorbonne; Maurice Croiset, head of the College of France, and the American Consul General, Frank H. Mason.

STORM-BOUND 12,000 FEET UP

Dora Keene of Philadelphia, Nearing Top of Mount Blackburn.

CARDOVA, Alaska, May 8.—Three men of the Mount Blackburn Expedition planned by Dora Keene of Philadelphia, returned to Kennecott yesterday to obtain a supply of alcohol and provisions. The alcohol is used for cooking. The main party is in camp in tents at an altitude of 12,000 feet on the mountain, and when the three men left the climbers had been waiting ten days for abatement of a storm.

The men fear that the expedition will be unsuccessful owing to the mild winter and the early opening of Spring. Already many avalanches have come down the mountain sides.

Miss Keene sailed from Seattle on April 10, to ascend the Copper river peak, which is 16,140 feet high.

DIX NOT TO SEE THE KING.

Denial That Ambassador Reid Will Present Him to British Monarch.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 8.—Denial of the published statement that Gov. Dix is to be presented at the Court of St. James's by Ambassador Reid, and that he hurried away from Albany leaving important work unfinished, was made by Commander Eckford C. de Kay, Military Secretary to the Governor, this evening.

"The Governor's trip was solely for much-needed rest and recreation, and incidentally to look at the progress of reforestation work in Germany," says Commander de Kay in his statement. "He had no intention of going to England except to take the steamer for the return trip. The story is a skillfully worded misrepresentation of conditions."

PARTNER REVEALS ARCHBALD DEALS

Had Erie Cases Before Him While Trying to Buy Culm Bank from the Railroad.

RULINGS FAVORED COMPANY

Charges That He Found Against a Litigant Who Wouldn't Discount $500 Note.

IN A LAND CONCERN ALSO

Photographic Copies of Documents Verifying Business Connections Exhibited at Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Startling testimony was given by Edward J. Williams, a coal broker, of Dunmore, Penn., this afternoon at the opening session of the investigation being conducted by the House Judiciary Committee for the purpose of determining whether Judge Robert W. Archbald of the United States Court of Commerce shall be impeached for transactions involving the Katydid culm bank in Pennsylvania, his relation to a Venezuelan land deal, and other commercial affairs.

Williams figured in the various transactions and had an intimate knowledge of their details, but it was apparent that he was not willing to say anything detrimental to Judge Archbald, who was present throughout the hearing, accompanied by A. S. Worthing, a leader of the District of Columbia bar, as his counsel.

His testimony, however, was of the most astounding character. Almost every member of the committee participated in the examination of Williams, and, despite contradictions, testimony of the most damaging character was elicited from the witness. The character of some of the questions fired at Williams by Representative Sterling and other members of the committee indicated suspicion that the witness might have been tampered with before he took the stand.

It was developed during the hearing that Judge Archbald was interested with Williams in a transaction for the acquisition by them of a culm dump along the Erie Railroad near Moosic, Penn., from the Hillsville Coal and Iron Company, in which the Erie Railroad system is understood to have a controlling interest; that Judge Archbald was to receive half of the profits; that he put up no money in connection with the options negotiated by Williams for the acquisition of the property, and that this transaction occurred during the Summer of 1911 while Judge Archbald was a member of the United States Commerce Court.

Favorable Decision to the Erie.

Throughout to-day's examination members of the Judiciary Committee questioned Williams as to a case in which the Erie Railroad was interested, which was instituted in the Court of Commerce, of which Judge Archbald is a member, a year ago. The case involved an important order issued by the Inter-State Commerce Commission against the Erie and other roads involving the terminal lighterage problem in which they were all vitally interested in New York City. The Court of Commerce issued an injunction temporarily setting aside the order of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the case is now pending in the United States Supreme Court on appeal.

This case is carried on the records of the Commerce Court as that of the Baltimore & Ohio and other railroads, the Brooklyn East District Terminal, John Arbuckle, and others against the United States Government, the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and the Federal Sugar Refining Company, which instituted the case before the Inter-State Commerce Commission attacking the terminal arrangements made by the Baltimore & Ohio, Erie, and other roads in favor of the Arbuckles as against the Federal Company.

The case was filed with the Commerce Court April 12, 1911, and the petition asked the Commerce Court to set aside an order of the commission affecting the lighterage charges on sugar in and near New York Harbor. On May 27, 1911, the Commerce Court, without written opinion, granted a temporary injunction in favor of the Erie and other railroads.

Photographic copies of letters signed by Judge Archbald of the various agreements, options, and other documentary evidence figuring in the Katydid culm dump deal were read into the record during the examination of Williams, who was pressed hard by the committee for every detail of the transaction. The most important of these exhibits was a paper that will figure prominently throughout the investigation as the "silent party agreement," signed by Edward J. Williams last September, and making an assignment of interest.

"Who is this silent party?" asked Chairman Clayton.

"It was Judge Archbald," replied Williams.

"Why did you give Judge Archbald a half interest in this culm bank deal?" asked Representative Norris of Nebraska, author of the resolution which called upon the President for the evidence which the Department of Justice had regarding any charges affecting Judge Archbald.

Assistance from the Judge.

"Because he was doing something for it, and he helped me to get it through," answered Williams.

"What did he do?" asked Mr. Norris.

"The Judge wrote a letter of introduction to Mr. Conn," replied the witness. "That's what he did."

This letter of introduction was written on the official stationery of the United States Court of Commerce to Vice President Conn of the Laurel road, an electric line in Pennsylvania, to whom the witness said he and Judge Archbald tried to sell the Katydid culm pile for 27½ cents a top. This letter, a photographic copy of which was read into the record to-day, was as follows:

R. W. Archbald, Judge of United States Commerce Court, Washington.
Scranton, Penn., Sept. 20, 1911.

My Dear Mr. Conn: This will introduce Edward Williams, who is interested with me in the circular dump, about which I spoke to you the other day. We have options on it both from the Hillsdale Coal Company and from Mr. Robertson, representing Robertson & Law, these options covering the whole interest in the dump. This dump was produced in the operations of the Katydid Colliery by Robertson & Law, and extends to the whole of the dump so produced. I have not seen it myself, but as I understand it, this dump consists of two dumps a little separate from each other, but all making up the general culm ore refuse pile made at that colliery. Mr. Williams will explain further with regard to it if there is anything which you want to know. Yours very truly, R. W. ARCHBALD.

The disclosures obtained from Williams respecting the Katydid culm pile followed a long preliminary examination of the witness as to a promissory note for $500

which Williams took from Judge Archbald to one Christy G. Boland of Scranton, Penn., in connection with an option on a large tract of Venezuelan land in which Williams said that he, Judge Archbald, and one John Henry Jones were interested.

After this transaction had been thoroughly covered and developed the statement from Williams that Boland refused to discount the Archbald note, Chairman Clayton, without ceremony, plunged into the Katydid culm bank transactions. Soon every member of the committee, by turns, was pressing Williams hard for more details. Wrisley Brown, the Assistant Attorney General, who was the special agent of the Department of Justice making the investigation of the charges against Judge Archbald, was invited to a seat beside Chairman Clayton and was frequently consulted by the Chairman during the hearing.

"Did you negotiate an option on the Katydid culm bank?" is the way Chairman Clayton plunged into that action.

How Option Was Acquired.

"Yes," replied Williams, "that culm bank, or pile of refuse coal from the mine, was located on the Erie Railroad, near Moosic, Penn. It was owned in two parts, one half by the Erie Railroad, the other half by John M. Robertson."

"How did you acquire the option on that culm bank?"

"I went to John M. Robertson and got an option on his half for $3,500. Then I went to the Erie with a letter from Judge Archbald recommending me favorably to Capt. W. A. May, manager of the culm bank. I produced the letter and got the Erie part of the culm pile, but May charged me double for it. When he had offered it before to the Du Pont Powder people he asked $2,000, but he charged me $4,500, and it is the poorest dump in the valley."

Williams said that the bank contained 150,000 tons of culm, worth 27½ cents a ton, but said the Erie Road's engineers estimated that there were only 42,000 tons in the bank. Williams thought his own estimate was more accurate.

"When did you conclude to buy that bank?" asked Judge Clayton.

"One day when I was talking with Boland a year ago last April."

"Then you went to Judge Archbald and made a statement about it?"

"Yes, last May, after I had got the other part. I told Judge Archbald I would consider it a favor if he would give me a letter to Capt. May, manager of the coal department of the Erie Railroad. He gave me such a letter."

"Have you that letter?" asked Judge Clayton.

"No," exclaimed Williams, "you have it there among those papers."

Chairman Clayton was unable to find the letter among the papers transmitted by the President to the committee.

"The Judge recommended me to Capt. May," continued Williams. "The Judge was to have a half interest in the culm bank."

Visit to Erie's Vice President.

Williams said that when he went to Capt. May with this letter May refused to agree to let him have the culm bank.

"When did he agree to let you have the option on the culm bank?" asked Judge Clayton.

"About two weeks later.

"Who furnished the money?"

"Nobody. It was an option. No money was required."

"What did Judge Archbald say when you went back and told him about Capt. May's refusal?"

"The Judge said he would see about it."

"Did he say he would see Vice President Brownell of the Erie?"

"Yes," said Williams, who told the committee of a trip which Judge Archbald made to New York. Williams said that upon Judge Archbald's return from New York to Scranton, he, the Judge, told him that during that visit the Judge had talked with Vice President Brownell.

Williams said that after Judge Archbald had seen Capt. May and Vice President Brownell, Capt. May had told "the Judge to tell me to come around and he would give me the deed to the culm bank."

"When was that?" asked Judge Clayton.

"I think it was last September," answered Williams, who fixed it by a letter he had received from Capt. May. This letter, a photographic copy of which fell into the hands of the Department of Justice, was then read in the record by Judge Clayton. It follows:

Pennsylvania Coal Company,
Hillsdale Coal and Iron Company,
New York, Susq. & Western Coal Company,
Bloosburg Coal Company.
Office of the General Manager,
Scranton, Penn., Aug. 30, 1911.

E. J. Williams, 626 South Blakely Street, Dunmore, Penn.

Dear Sir: As I stated to you to-day verbally, I shall recommend the sale of whatever interest the Hillsdale Coal and Iron Company has in what is known as the Katydid culm dump, made by Messrs. Robertson & Law in the operation of the Katydid breaker, for $4,500.

In order that it may not be lost sight of, I will mention that any coal above the size of pea coal will be subject to a royalty to the owners of Lot 46, upon the surface of which the bank is located.

It is also understood that the bank will not be conveyed to any one else without the consent of the Hillsdale Coal and Iron Company, and that if the offer is accepted, articles of agreement will be drawn to cover the transaction. Very truly yours,

W. A. MAY, General Manager.

"Just before the letter was written Judge Archbald met Capt. May in the streets of Scranton," said Williams. "The next day I went up to Capt. May and got the letter."

Lighterage Cases Discussed.

"Was there any conference between you, the Judge and Capt. May regarding the so-called New York lighterage case?" asked Judge Clayton.

"No, sir," said Williams. "Judge Archbald said he had cases for them in the court at that time. I did not understand what the lighterage case was."

"Now what did the Judge say on that point?" asked Judge Clayton.

"That's all," said Williams. "He told me he had some cases. They were for the Erie Company. The lighterage case was one of them."

"Did Judge Archbald say anything about preparing a brief for the Erie Company?" asked Judge Clayton.

"I didn't say he was preparing the briefs," exclaimed Williams when part of his testimony in the Department of Justice investigation of the case was read. "I said there were briefs, the briefs on the Judge's desk. I did not look at them. I asked the Judge what a lighter was and found they were tug boats that carry railroad cars across the Hudson River."

Chairman Clayton then read into the record from the photographic copy of the option agreement with John M. Robertson for the acquisition of the Robertson & Law half of the Katydid culm pile. This read as follows:

This agreement, made and concluded this 4th day of September, A. D. 1911, by and between John M. Robertson of Moosic, Penn., of the first part, and Edward J. Williams of Scranton, Penn., of the other part, witnesseth:

Whereas, The said party of the first part is the owner of certain culm in the vicinity of Moosic made in the operation by the firm of Robertson & Law of the so-called Katydid Mine or colliery, and, whereas, the said party of the second part is desirous of purchasing the same.

Now, this agreement witnesseth that for and in consideration of $1 to him in hand paid, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the said party of the first part hereby grants and conveys unto the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns the right or option to purchase his interest in and to the said culm dump for the price or sum of $3,500, which said option is to be exercised within sixty days from this date, the terms to be cash within five days after the exercise of said option. It is understood that this option is intended to cover and include all the interest of the said party of the first part, and of the late firm of Robertson & Law. In witness whereof the parties hereto have set their hands and seal the day and year aforesaid.

JOHN M. ROBERTSON,
EDWARD J. WILLIAMS.

Witness: R. W. ARCHBALD.

This agreement is on file in Lackawanna County, Penn.

"Did Judge Archbald draw up that agreement?" asked Chairman Clayton.

"I think he did," replied Williams. "The original is on file in the office of the County Recorder."

"Now," said Mr. Clayton, coming to the "silent partner" agreement, "after the execution of the option did you make this assignment of Sept. 5, 1911, to W. P. Boland and to a silent partner for 'services rendered and to be rendered'?"

Silent Partner Agreement.

Before the witness answered the question Judge Clayton read, from photographic copy, the silent partner agreement, as follows:

Agreement made this 5th day of September, A. D. 1911, by Edward J. Williams of the Borough of Dunmore, County of Lackawanna, State of Pennsylvania, party of the first part, and a silent partner, both of the City of Scranton, County and State above mentioned, parties of the second part.

For services rendered or to be rendered in the future by William P. Boland and silent party, whose name for the present is only known to Edward J. Williams, William P. Boland, John M. Robertson, and Capt. W. A. May, it is agreed by said Edward J. Williams, who is the owner of two options covering a culm bank known as the Katydid, situate in the vicinity of Moosic, Penn., that he hereby assigns two-thirds of any profits arising from the sale of the above-mentioned property over and above the amounts to be paid John M. Robertson and the Hillside Coal and Iron Company, $3,500 and $4,500, respectively, to be divided equally between William P. Boland and silent party mentioned above, their heirs, assigns, and this shall be their voucher for same.

E. J. WILLIAMS,
W. L. PRYOR.

Williams told the commitee that this assignment was agreed upon before he "got the culm" but "when I went to get it I found that I could not touch it if Boland was in it."

"Which Boland?"

"Bill Boland, W. P. Boland. Robertson told me that if Boland was in this deal I could not touch it."

"By whom were you forbidden to have dealings with Boland?"

"By John M. Robertson, on April 4, 1911."

When Williams's attention was called to the fact that the date of the assignment of Sept. 5 was subsequent to that of the date of the agreement with Robertson, Williams explained that somebody had "changed the date" on the assignment document. Williams said Boland had prepared this assignment and had asked him to sign it. "I signed this assignment," said Williams, "before I acquired the option."

Archbald Drew Up the Papers.

"What were the services to be rendered by this silent partner?" asked Judge Clayton.

"He was to attend to the law business," said Williams.

"And who was this silent partner?" insisted Judge Clayton.

"It was Judge Archbald," testified Williams. Judge Archbald and his lawyer were facing Williams, and not three feet distant throughout his testimony.

"What was Judge Archbald to do?"

"He drew up the papers."

"This assignment says for services rendered and to be rendered. What is meant by services to be rendered?" asked the Chairman.

"I don't know," said Williams.

"What interest was Judge Archbald to have?"

"A half interest."

"What was he to pay in?"

"Eight thousand dollars."

"Did he put up any money?"

"No; it was an option."

"What was the Katydid culm pile worth?"

"The Erie road offered to sell its half to the du Pont Powder Company for $2,000. It charged us $4,500. I think there was more culm there than the Erie engineers made out. They said there was only 42,000 tons. I said 140,000 tons. As we could sell it for 27½ cents a ton, we could get $30,000 for it. Capt. May spoiled that deal. After that I was offered $20,000 for it. The profit would have been $12,000.

"Who was to share in that profit?" asked the Chairman.

"The Judge," said Williams. "He was to get $6,000 and I and the others $6,000."

"Did you and the Judge negotiate with anybody else for its sale?"

"Yes."

"Who negotiated that sale?"

"The Judge."

"Who with?"

"With Mr. Conn, Vice President of the Laurel Line. The Judge gave me a letter of introduction to Mr. Conn. I took this letter and agreed to sell the culm to Conn for 27½ cents a ton."

"And why was that deal not consummated?"

"Because Capt. May hurt the deal," replied Williams. "He tried to make the title appear doubtful. But for that it would have gone through for 27½ cents a ton."

Representative Carlin wanted to know why "Judge Archbald became your partner?" Williams replied: "Because after I got the letter of recommendation from him I told him he could have an interest." He said that Boland knew "that Judge" was in the deal and that "the Judge knew that Boland knew this."

Calls Boland a Bad Man.

Various members of the committee plied Williams with questions as to how the photographic letters exhibited to-day as part of the Department of Justice case were obtained. Williams said he did not know. But it was developed that Williams showed certain of these documents to W. P. Boland, and that Boland took several of these letters into an adjoining room in his office at Scranton.

"Do you think these photographs were taken as part of a plot to trap you and the Judge?" asked Representative Sterling of Illinois.

"I don't know."

"Well, what is your conclusion now?" asked Sterling.

"I conclude that Boland is a bad man," rejoined the witness.

"Why," asked Representative Norris, "did you refer to Judge Archbald as the silent party in this assignment to Boland? Why was not Judge Archbald referred to by name?"

Before Williams could answer Judge Clayton asked: "In other words, why was it kept secret? What purpose was in view in withholding the Judge's name?"

"I thought that maybe it wasn't lawful to use the Judge's name," replied Williams.

"What made you think so?" asked Representative Norris.

Williams dodged this question, but said: "After that I was convinced that it was not wrong."

"What convinced you?"

"My idea first was that it wasn't lawful for a Judge to be participating in such a deal."

"Did you talk with the Judge about that?"

"I don't know."

"Who wrote this paper referring to the Judge as the silent partner?"

"Bill Boland wrote it."

"And who is Pryor?"

"Pryor worked in Boland's office."

The Venezuelan transaction concerned a promissory note which Williams testified he took from Judge Archbald, who signed it, to one of the Boland brothers to be discounted.

"That note," said Williams, "was signed by Judge Archbald. It was in the name of John Henry Jones for a deal outside of this country. I took it to Christy G. Boland for discount. It was for a deal between Jones and me in Venezuela.

That $500 Note Transaction.

"Judge Archbald had nothing to do with the beginning of that deal. The papers were there three months before the Judge put any money into it. It was some time last year. I don't recall the month, but think it was in the Summer. This note was for $500, payable to Jones."

"Did you take it to W. P. Boland for discount?" asked Judge Clayton.

"No; I took it to C. G. Boland for discount."

"At whose instance?"

"At my own," said Williams. "Nobody told me to take it to Boland. The option that Jones and I had was for a million acres of land in Venezuela."

"How," asked Judge Clayton, "did Judge Archbald become interested in that transaction?"

"The Judge asked me if I would show him the paper that came from Venezuela. We took the paper to him at his office in the Federal Building at Scranton. He said: 'I will put some money in there if you will let me.' He made out that note for $500."

"Did the Judge tell you to whom to go to discount the note?"

"No, Sir," said Williams emphatically. "The Judge made no such suggestions."

"Why did you go to Boland?"

"Because we were well acquainted. The Bolands owed me some money; they owe it to-day. I thought I might get it if I went to them. C. G. Boland is President of a bank in Buffalo."

"Now, did Judge Archbald tell you to take the note to Boland for discount?"

"No," Williams insisted.

Chairman Clayton asked whether Williams had not given sworn testimony before Wrisley Brown, special agent of the Department of Justice in Scranton, March 23, 1912, that he, Williams, had suggested to Judge Archbald that the note might have been taken to Boland for discount. Williams admitted he may have made such a suggestion.

"But Judge Archbald did not urge me to go," said Williams. "He told me I could take the note where I liked."

Williams said he and Jones were both present when the Judge made the note. The Judge handed the note to Jones; Jones handed it to Williams. He added that only he, Judge Archbald, and Jones were owners of the Venezuela land. "We each put in $500," said Williams, "to get that Venezuelan option. Jones visited Venezuela. I have never been there."

Boland Case Before Judge.

"Did you know that either or both of the Bolands were parties in a case that was pending before Judge Archbald?" asked Judge Clayton.

"I did know that," Williams admitted. "But I never thought of that. I did not think that had anything to do with it."

"What did Boland say when you presented Judge Archbald's note to him?"

"He told me he couldn't handle that note."

"Did you take the note back to Judge Archbald and tell him what Boland had said?"

"I did not."

At this juncture Chairman Clayton read from sworn testimony given by Williams two months ago in which he was recorded as having said he took the note back to Archbald.

"That's a mistake," exclaimed Williams, repudiating the record of his former sworn testimony. "I never took the note back. I took the note to the Merchants and Mechanics' Bank of Scranton and asked them to discount it."

Williams was asked whether he had told Boland that things might have gone different if he had discounted Judge Archbald's note; whether he had told Boland it might have saved him (Boland) the costs, amounting to $3,300, imposed in the case of John W. Peale against the Marion Coal Company, which came before Judge Archbald when he was Judge of the Middle District of Pennsylvania; whether he had told Boland last July: "Bill, you made a mistake in not discounting the Judge's note. You would have avoided further trouble and saved the costs in your suit."

Williams said he made no such statement. Excerpts from the evidence taken before Attorney General Wickersham were read to show that in Williams's presence Boland had made such statements as to what Williams had said. Williams repudiated this testimony. Judge Clayton exhibited to the witness a photographic copy of a statement signed by Williams July 31, 1911, in which he is recorded as admitting he told Boland he made a mistake in not discounting the Judge's note. This statement read:

Scranton, Penn., July 31, 1911.

To whom it may concern:

This is to certify that I, Edward Williams, called on William P. Boland about Dec. 15, 1910, with a note of R. W. Archbald, Judge of the United States Commerce Court, for $500, to have said note discounted. I did not tell Boland at the time that the Judge knew that I was going to call on him to discount the above-mentioned note. I only informed him about July 25, 1911, he made a mistake in not discounting said Archbald note, as he was interested in the case of John W. Peale vs. Marion Coal Company, which was then before the United States Court, and he would have saved all of the costs had he discounted the note.

E. J. WILLIAMS.

Williams admitted he had signed the statement, and then exclaimed:

"I can swear before God this minute those words never came from me."

This statement was shown to Williams several months ago by Attorney General Wickersham and was not then repudiated by Williams.

When the committee was on the verge of adjourning Chairman Clayton asked Williams whether he knew anything of a transaction between one Mr. Dainty, Judge Archbald, and the Lehigh Valley Railroad in regard to the sale and purchase of property at Hillsdale, Penn. Williams replied in the affirmative. This new line of inquiry was not pursued, but postponed until Friday, when Williams will resume the stand.

Republicans Carry St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 8.—The Republicans here yesterday elected their entire ticket headed by Mayor H. P. Keller.

Incomplete returns indicate that the amendment to the City Charter providing for a commission form of Government has carried by a large majority.

No Park Parties Until May 18.

Park Commissioner Stover announced yesterday afternoon that because of the condition of the ground no May parties or tennis games will be allowed in Central Park until May 18.

C. W. Morse Expected in Home Town.

BATH, Me., May 8.—Charles W. Morse, the former New York banker, is expected to arrive in Bath, his native city, in three weeks to pass the Summer, and probably make his residence here for a longer period. He is said to be considerably improved in health.

KANSAS 'BIG FOUR' WON BY ROOSEVELT

Delegates at Large Are Instructed for Him by 790 Votes to Taft's 104.

ALSO LEADING IN TEXAS

But May Not Have Enough Votes to Control the State Convention—Wilson the Democratic Victor.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., May 8.—Adopting resolutions favoring the entire Progressive movement, the Republican State Convention to-day named these four delegates at large to the National Convention, and instructed them for Roosevelt:

Henry J. Allen of Wichita, Ralph A. Harris of Ottawa, Ansel Clark of Sterling, and John M. Landon of Independence.

William Allen White of Emporia was indorsed for National Committeeman.

The Taft strength in the convention was 104; the Roosevelt strength 704.

When the Resolutions Committee brought a report indorsing the record of Senator La Follette, the candidacy of William Allen White for National Committeeman to succeed W. Mulvane, and instructing the four delegates at large to vote for Roosevelt, Stephen Walker of Columbus, a Taft delegate, moved that that part of the resolution indorsing Senator La Follette be canceled, that Mr. Mulvane be indorsed for National Committeeman, and that the convention instruct the delegates for Taft.

Walker's motion was lost 790 to 104, and the report of the Resolutions Committee was adopted as read.

A. H. Harvey of Shawnee, former Lieutenant Governor of Kansas and a Taft delegate, in a speech to the convention, said:

"When President Taft is renominated at Chicago I ask you fellows who have defeated us to-day to get out and work for him."

"No, no, we won't!" shouted a delegate. Amid the uproar that followed Gov. Stubbs managed to make himself heard.

"Never mind, boys, we will fix that matter up at Chicago when we nominate Roosevelt," he said.

The Second Kansas district delegates to the Republican National Convention will be U. S. Sartin and C. O. Bolinger. They were chosen to-day and instructed for Roosevelt.

DALLAS, Texas, May 8.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt's supporters will go to the Texas State Convention on May 28 with a good lead over President Taft in instructed delegates, but without sure control, according to the returns from two-thirds of yesterday's county conventions.

Roosevelt's instructed delegates at noon numbered 77 and Taft's 45. The balance of power apparently lies with the uninstructed delegates.

Though nominally the Republican Convention has 252 votes, making 127 sufficient to control, the failure of numerous Texas counties to hold Republican conventions is expected to reduce the number to control and puts the Roosevelt vote of 77 in an important position.

A few of the county seat correspondents reported the holding of opposition Republican conventions to-day after the supposedly "final instructions" by what was believed to be the only convention had been announced. Thirteen contested votes, appearing in this manner at the eleventh hour, have not materially affected the returns yet, but they furnish opportunity for sharp political fighting at the State Convention.

Of the uninstructed delegates, holding the apparent balance of power, six votes are reported to be assigned to Roosevelt sympathizers and four to Taft men, with no reports in factional complexion of the uninstructed delegates.

Reports from nearly all the 249 Texas county conventions held yesterday show that Woodrow Wilson has more than enough votes to control the State Convention on May 28. The returns this morning give Wilson 350, Harmon 149, and Clark 43. There are 623 votes in the State Convention, 312 being necessary to control.

WAIT FOR MARYLAND COUNT.

Taft Managers Will Not Concede Roosevelt Control Yet.

BALTIMORE, May 8.—The attitude of the Taft leaders in Maryland toward the peculiar situation that might develop through the working of the new State primary law was still undeclared to-day, and still the subject of some speculation.

While the delegates selected to sit in the State Convention appeared on the primary ballots with no designation to indicate their affiliation, complete unofficial returns indicate that, leaving the matter of instructions aside, a majority of them will be personally friendly to the President. Some of the Taft leaders say there will be 68 such Taft deleagtes to 61 known to favor Roosevelt.

Although the unofficial returns declare that the counties and Baltimore City by their preference vote have instructed these delegates to choose a delegation to the National Convention bound to vote for Roosevelt, the Taft leaders, according to their assertions, could control the organization of the State Convention, and the personnel of the National delegates.

The Rooseveit leaders assert that they have no fear such a complication would rob them of the fruits of the victory they claim on the preference vote.

The Taft managers have made no statement beyond the declaration that they will not concede the National delegation to Roosevelt until the official canvass supports the result of the unofficial count. No application has been made thus far for a recount in any county.

The figures, complete for the Republican vote and practically complete for the Democratic, show that the preference vote of the State as a whole was as follows:

Republican—Roosevelt, 29,124; Taft, 26,009; Roosevelt's majority, 3,115.

Democrat—Clark, 34,283; Wilson, 22,436; Harmon, 7,168; Clark's plurality over Wilson, 11,847.

CAMPAIGN CRISIS SEEN IN OHIO FIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

istration, which has filed suits against both.

Says Perkins Prevented Trust Suits.

Although he carefully explained that he did not wish to charge Mr. Roosevelt with anything improper, the President reviewed in some detail the circumstances under which the Roosevelt Administration decided not to institute proceedings against these trusts or against any of the Morgan interests. The President said that George W. Perkins, a Director of the Harvester Trust and of the Steel Trust, was instrumental in preventing the prosecutions in the Roosevelt days, and that now Mr. Perkins is one of the chief contributors to Mr. Roosevelt's present financial fund.

Mr. Taft asked, as he has in previous speeches, "What Roosevelt would say of me if I had not prosecuted the Steel Trust and the Harvester Trust and it appeared subsequently that Mr. Perkins was a large contributor to a special fund expended for my use."

Replying to the statement that the decrees of the Supreme Court in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco Company cases were really of benefit to those trusts and that the Taft Administration's prosecution of them had been ineffectual because oil has gone up and the stock of both companies has gone up, President Taft told why he believed these resulted from natural economic causes.

"They say oil has gone up, and they say the stock of these constituent companies has gone up," said Mr. Taft. "It is true that they have gone up, and why? Because in the dissolution the facts had to come out, and the stockholders who were holding stock down low had to reveal to the public generally that it had a great deal more money in those companies than the public had known.

"Secondly, they say that oil has gone up. Well, it has, and crude oil has gone up, too, and why? Because under the Standard Oil Company as it was they could control the purchase of crude oil, and they kept crude oil down.

"I know what I am talking about because I had to approve contracts down in the Indian Territory with respect to oil. The price went down, suppressed by the Standard Oil, so that we did not know what to do with those Indian lands. Now, because competition has come about and people are bidding for that oil, crude oil has gone up, and the price of oil generally has gone up. But you cannot get everything. If you have a trust you may have cheapness, but you will have absolute control; but if you do not have a trust, you will have competition; sometimes you will have cheapness and sometimes it will be high. I would rather have competition and have it high and low instead of being in the hands and control and grip of a soulless monopoly.

Blow to the Tobacco Trust.

"Then, about the tobacco business. They say that decree is a sham. Well, what is the effect of it? Don't you remember out in Kentucky they had night riders, and they tore up tobacco plants. They killed people and drove them off of their farms in order to reduce the supply of Burley tobacco, because they could not get any price for it, and that was because the tobacco trust went in there and bought what they wanted and paid the price they wanted.

"Now, what is the result of the tobacco decree? Why, Burley tobacco has gone up under the competitions that have come in there by the various companies in which this tobacco trust has been divided. Burley tobacco has never been so high. You talk to the Kentucky farmers and ask them whether they do not approve the decree in the tobacco trust."

Answering the Roosevelt charge of a Taft alliance with bosses, the President criticised his predecessor for attempting to inject into a National campaign questions which properly concern the States and with which a President has no direct concern.

"Mr. Roosevelt said I was not only in favor of an aristocracy or an oligarchy, but he said that I was in favor of an oligarchy of bosses; that I approved that kind of government, and that made the issue, the people against the bosses, and that all the bosses were for me, and they were all opposed to him, and that is what he says to-day," asserted Mr. Taft. "That is the issue. If he is elected there won't be a boss in the country, and if he is not, they will just own me at Washington and run the Government. Well, I am not in favor of machine politics. They are abuses of our Government. We have to have organizations. We cannot very well get along without those, but I am just as much opposed to bosses, in the sense that Mr. Roosevelt wishes you to understand that term, as he is.

"I am not criticising, but I would like to know how many bodies of dead bosses were strewn along the path of Theodore Roosevelt when he was seven years President of the United States. I don't criticise him for that, it was not within his function to go about with a sword cutting off the heads of dragons like that. What he did, and what he has defended himself time and time again for doing, was to use those men to get good legislation and good government if he could. I have not done any differently in that respect, and I don't promise you if I am elected that all the bosses will die.

"I have recommended something that will assist in ending the abuse of that system, but I have not heard any approval from anybody that was so loud that I could hear it. That is, I have recommended that all those offices which are now treated as political offices, be put in the classified civil service, and that the Congressmen and the President be relieved from their appointment. I have done that with three Congresses, but I have not heard any Macedonian call either from Mr. Roosevelt, or anybody else about the passage of that bill."

Says Recall Is Peril to Negroes.

In discussing the recall Mr. Taft appealed to the negro voters to think over what might become of them if the recall of decisions became permissible.

"Every Constitutional guaranty that protects you and me, and my colored friends; every Constitutional guaranty that you rely on in the 13th and 14th and 15th amendments," he said, "would be subject to an election to decide whether the court was right in a particular law and in a particular case. What does that amount to, gentlemen? It amounts to writing the restrictions of your Constitution in water."

Mr. Taft gave a long list of legislation enacted during his administration, which, he said, showed him to be a progressive. He said he accepted the support of Uncle Joe Cannon when Speaker of the House of Representatives on the advice of Mr. Roosevelt, although the Colonel now attacked him for it. The President went so far as to say that for a time he contemplated an attempt to defeat Mr. Cannon for re-election to the Speakership, but, after receiving a letter from Mr. Roosevelt advising against that course, changed his mind, having obtained Mr. Cannon's assurances not to oppose legislation he thought necessary.

TO FIGHT HARD IN OHIO.

Roosevelt Indicates He Will Make the Struggle There a Bitter One.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., May 8.—Col. Roosevelt is preparing to make the hardest fight of the pre-convention campaign in Ohio, and he is said to feel confident to-day that he can defeat President Taft in his home State. Urged on by his campaign managers, he decided this afternoon to start for Ohio next Monday instead of Tuesday as he had planned, and thus have one more day to devote to the fight there. The Colonel will probably make his first address in Canton and this speech, it is said, will furnish the keynote for his other talks to the voters in Taft's home State unless the President's attacks force him to answer new charges.

Col. Roosevelt indicated to-day that the Ohio fight would be a bitter one when he was told about the address made by President Taft in Portsmouth in the afternoon. The President was said to have complained in that speech that he was being "hit below the belt."

"When you hear me squeal because I'm hit, then you'll notice it," was the Colonel's statement.

James R. Garfield, ex-Secretary of the Interior and one of the Roosevelt leaders in Ohio, returned to Oyster Bay to-night to work out the plan for the Roosevelt campaign in Ohio. He declared that Roosevelt sentiment there was increasing daily and that the Taft managers were in a panic as they realized that to lose the President's home State would be to lose all. Mr. Garfield, it is said, wants Col. Roosevelt to enter every district in Ohio which is considered doubtful. It has been said that in some of the States where Col. Roosevelt has made his fight, bad management has lost him delegates. His supporters are anxious to take advantage of every opening in Ohio.

It was declared to-day that every effort would be made to carry Cincinnati, President Taft's home city. Col. Roosevelt has received reports, it was said, that have raised his hopes of doing this considerably. Whether it will be advisable for Col. Roosevelt to go to Cincinnati or not is one of the questions said to be under debate. Col. Roosevelt has said that he would not go to Cincinnati unless attacks made upon him by the President forced him to do so. Col. Roosevelt said to-day that he had received word that he had won in the State of Washington and this, he seemed to think, was an indication that the landslide he expected had started.

He had another talk to-day with National Committeeman William L. Ward of Westchester County. Mr. Ward is said to fully realize the effect a Roosevelt victory in Ohio would have, both on the New York delegation and the National Committee.

Col. Roosevelt said that one of the most amusing features of the campaign so far was the fact that he had received hundreds of letters blaming him for giving out the letter written by President Taft to him in connection with Canadian reciprocity. The letter, he pointed out, was made public by President Taft in his Boston address.

BRYAN TELLS OF BRIBE PLOT

Says Wall Street Tried to Buy Delegates for Harmon in 1908.

FINDLAY, Ohio, May 8.—William J. Bryan, in his speech here to-day said that since coming into the State he has obtained a letter which furnished proof that Gov. Harmon is favored by Wall Street.

"I have said that as late as February, 1908, he still hoped to be the Wall Street candidate for President that year," said Col. Bryan. "I am now prepared to add that as late as June, 1908, his friends hoped to nominate him at Denver, notwithstanding that two-thirds of the delegates had been instructed for me. His friends tried to purchase delegates in Ohio who had been instructed for me. I do not say that Mr. Harmon authorized his friends to buy delegates, but I challenge him to deny in writing that his friends did try to buy votes.

"If any one will furnish me with a written denial signed by him I will produce the letter, of which I have a copy, showing that the money which was to have been used to purchase delegates was to come from New York and the men who were to furnish it were prominent in Wall Street. Mr. Harmon was then, as now, the choice of Wall Street."

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 8.—Gov. Harmon issued a statement to-day denying the charge made by Mr. Bryan at Findlay.

"I most emphatically deny," he said, "that any one authorized by me or by my authority attempted to purchase any delegate at the Denver convention in 1908."

Advertisement

JOHN DAVID
Edited by Gazmah

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CHICAGO PRINTERS DON'T JOIN STRIKERS

Advised by Leaders to Respect Contracts with Publishers, They Defer Action.

NEWSPAPERS OUT AS USUAL

Little Trouble In Circulating Them—Publishers Deny They Are Waging War on Unions.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 8.—The strike initiated by the pressmen and stereotypers against the Chicago morning and afternoon newspapers, which was complicated by sympathetic strikes of newsboys and the drivers of newspaper delivery wagons, was practically broken to-night when Typographical Union No. 16, following a three-hour meeting, during which the mechanical end of the business of publishing newspapers in Chicago was completely suspended, declined to declare a sympathetic strike, but referred the whole matter to an executive committee for investigation, a vote on the whole question to be taken next Sunday.

This is taken by the publishers to mean that the probability of the typographical union joining in a sympathetic strike with the warring pressmen is remote. The mail men have declined to join in the strike, as have the electrotypers, thus further weakening the cause of the pressmen and stereotypers. The latter declined to obey the strike mandate of their local President, but are taking the advice of James J. Freel to return to work. The publishers, however, decline to recognize the local stereotypers' union, but are accepting individuals willing to return to work, who are being accepted on the open shop plan without reference to affiliation with any union. The publishers demand that the charter of the local union be revoked and a new union formed, in which no person unapproved by the publishers can hold membership.

Apparently beaten in their efforts to tie up Chicago newspapers, officers of the pressmen's union, according to a statement issued by the publishers to-night, have started a movement for a Nation-wide strike of newspaper pressmen. The publishers charge that the pressmen are using misleading statements in efforts to gain sympathy.

The statement issued by the publishers reads as follows:

> The newspaper strike in Chicago shows evidence of approaching dissolution. Two hoddy blows were given to the effort to tie up the entire industry when the mailers' union, by a vote of nearly 100 to 6, refused to go on a sympathetic strike and when the electrotypers' union, despite appeals from members of the stereotypers' union, declined even to vote on the proposition.
>
> James J. Freel, President of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union, continued his efforts to force the members to resume work and to call off their strike called in defiance of his specific orders.
>
> The officers of the Pressmen's Union have started a movement to involve the entire country in the affray. Realizing that they have lost in Chicago, they have been sending telegrams, letters, and verbal communications from New York to Texas and from Vermont to the Pacific Coast ordering the pressmen to get ready for sympathetic strikes. They have also made appeals to various unions for financial assistance. In some cities a small amount was voted; in other cities they were told that the unions would not assent to assessments, and that the Chicago pressmen would have to fight the battle themselves.
>
> The orders for a general strike contained many misleading statements. They alleged that the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, at its recent meeting in New York, had started a war of extermination of union labor in the newspaper offices of America. It was also set forth that a fund of $150,000 had been raised for this purpose, and that the Chicago trouble was the first blow in the campaign.
>
> No such fund was raised and no such war on unionism was contemplated.
>
> Mr. Elbert H. Baker of The Cleveland Plain Dealer, President of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, to-night took cognizance of the situation and sent the following letter to Mr. Berry:
>
> George L. Berry, President International Pressmen's Union, Chicago.
>
> My Dear Mr. Berry: My attention has been called to the fact that during the last few days you have sent communications to various parts of the country in which you ordered the members of the local unions to prepare for sympathetic strikes on the ground that the American Newspaper Publishers' Association planned a fight against organized labor at its annual meeting in New York. You have also been quoted as having said since your arrival in Chicago that the American Newspaper Publishers' Association at that meeting appropriated $150,000 to conduct the fight on organized labor, and that the American Newspaper Publishers' Association is inciting a general lockout against organized labor in the newspaper business.
>
> Neither a fight nor a lockout has ever been considered by the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. The majority of its members conduct closed shops and are on friendly terms with their employes. A large percentage of our members have local agreements with the several unions of the printing trades, and now hold arbitration contracts for their various mechanical departments. They not only live up to these contracts to the letter, but desire that the unions shall do likewise. In this way they have been ably seconded by Mr. James M. Lynch, President of the International Typographical Union; Mr. James J. Freel, President of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union, and Mr. Mathew Wall, President of the International Photo-engravers' Union.
>
> ELBERT H. BAKER,
> President American Newspaper Publishers' Association.
> May 8, 1912.

The meeting of the typographers was held at Bricklayers' Hall. Despite the pleas made by Presidents Straube of the Stereotypers, Berry of the Pressmen, Kennedy of the Wagon Drivers, and Ross of the Newsboys, many members plainly indicated their intention to abide by their contract and to refrain from striking.

International President Lynch spoke at length after the executive officers of the affected locals had urged that they be given the support of the typographical union, and reiterated his declaration that he would exert all his power to maintain the existing contracts with the publishers, regardless of whatever action might be taken by the local union. President Barrett of the local union declared he was fully in accord with the views expressed by the international President.

About 2,000 members of the union crowded into the hall, which was packed so closely and so much noise and confusion characterized the proceedings that the attempt to take a viva voce vote proved abortive, and it was finally decided to adjourn until next Sunday afternoon, when a secret ballot will be taken.

The first four speakers urged that the typographers give the strikers their support in the stand which has been taken. It was evident when President Lynch arose to address the meeting that there were many in attendance whose views were strongly in favor of a strike. Undeterred by this attitude, President Lynch unhesitatingly declared himself opposed to the proposal and insisted that until adequate cause be presented, he would exert his efforts to maintain the inviolate character of the existing contracts.

He referred to the fact that the election of the International officers, although scheduled to ocur a week from to-day, had absolutely no bearing upon his attitude in the matter. The state of the finances of the local union was urged by President Barrett as an additional reason why it would be impolitic to call a strike at this time, although his primary objection was the absence of adequate cause.

Secretary Harding of the local union offered a resolution, the adoption of which was postponed until next Sunday, affirming that the Chicago Typographical Union No. 16 reiterated its declaration that it will maintain inviolate contracts entered into and underwritten by the International Typographical Union, and that as regards the issues in controversy between the pressmen and stereotypers it referred the matter to its executive officers with instructions to be guided in their action by the International Typographical Union executive council.

The sale of newspapers to-day proceeded in almost a normal manner. The police guard of three or more men to each of the newsstands was reduced to one man. Reports of disturbances were meager, but from a few points news came of slight attempts at preventing the sale of papers. There were no serious attempts to stir riots, and wherever any effort was made to do so the police quickly suppressed the disturbers.

Sluggers for the strikers fractured the jaw and internally injured a youth of 19 when he bought a paper at a newsstand this afternoon.

At one or two places in the morning attempts were made to set fire to newsstands and bundles of morning papers, but in most instances the police were quickly on the spot and arrested the offenders. Twenty policemen were required to disperse a mob at Forty-third Street and Cottage Grove Avenue in a belated riot when a negro policeman arrested a butcher for setting fire to a newsstand. The policeman locked his prisoner in a laundry and forced an angry mob of 3,000. He was fired at three times and exchanged a simlar number of shots with the rioters. With the arrival of police reserves he took his prisoner to the station.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Union pressmen employed on the two afternon papers here have adopted a resolution to strike in sympathy with the Chicago pressmen if an order is issued by President Barry of the International Pressmen's Union.

The pressrooms of the two morning papers are non-union, and the afternoon publishers say that a walkout here would not seriously affect them.

GAYNOR FOR BALDWIN.

Thinks He's the Best Qualified Democrat for the Presidency.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 8.—"I regard Gov. Simeon E. Baldwin of Connecticut as the best qualified candidate of the Democratic Party to be its nominee for the Presidency," said Mayor Gaynor of New York as he took a train home after speaking in the Yale Law School to-night. "But then," observed the Mayor, "the best qualified man doesn't always get the nomination in politics."

"Who is your preference for the nomination?" he was asked.

"I have none—at least, no decided one."

"Would you take the nomination if it were offered you?"

"I haven't given the matter any thought. I haven't got the Presidential bee buzzing in my bonnet the way a lot of the politicians seem to have just now."

Then the Mayor called the Taft-Roosevelt imbroglio a "National dog fight."

"What effect do you think the controversy will have on the chances of Democratic success?" he was asked.

"The mix-up you refer to doesn't need any comment. I'll say nothing about it. You know what a strange man gets for mixing in a dog fight. He gets mauled worse than any of the principals. Now, no more talk on politics. I've given you more than I've given an yof the reporters in New York City."

NEGRO REPUBLICANS DIVIDED

Both Taft and Roosevelt Cheered at New Jersey Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., May 8.—The New Jersey Republican League of Negro Voters held a South Jersey conference here and formed a permanent organization by electing James A. Lightfoot, editor of the Atlantic City Advocate, Chairman. About one hundred leaders from South Jersey were present. The conference was presided over by Charles T. Ferguson of Cape May, who was chief butler at the White House in the term of President Harrison.

This evening the gathering was addressed by Lincoln Johnson, Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, who urged the league to indorse President Taft. William F. Cozert of Atlantic City, and William R. Page, of Atlantic City, both sought the support of the league in this Congressional District for themselves as delegates to the Chicago Convention. Cozert has his name under the Roosevelt column and Page under the Taft column on the New Jersey primary ballot. The league cheered both candidates but indorsed neither.

Lightfoot, the new chairman, said that one of the objects of the league was to keep the negro from selling his vote.

SIX NAMED FOR ROOSEVELT.

Two Delegates Chosen from North Carolina and Four from Missouri.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 8.—Delegates to the Republican National Convention from the Sixth North Carolina Congressional District were elected to-day. They are R. S. White and D. H. Senter. They were instructed for Roosevelt.

LEBANON, Mo., May 8.—The Sixteenth District named to-day as delegates to the Republican National Convention P. A. Bennett of Buffalo, W. W. Burnell, Cabool; W. B. Elmer, Salem, and Charles Dennis, Hartsville, all instructed for Roosevelt.

UNDERWOOD BEATS WILSON.

Carries 65 Out of 78 Counties in the Mississippi Primaries.

JACKSON, Miss., May 8.—Oscar W. Underwood defeated Gov. Woodrow Wilson by a decisive majority in the Democratic Presidential primary in Mississippi Tuesday, according to figures compiled to-day. Not more than twenty-five per cent. of the registered vote was polled.

Returns are coming in slowly. In numerous instances the election officers did not feel sufficient interest in the primaries to make public the returns, and complete figures will not be known until reported to the County Executive Committees.

The figures in hand show that Underwood has carried at least sixty-five of the seventy-eight counties in the State and the number may be increased by the official figures.

The Democratic State Executive Committee met here to-day and until a tabulation is made by that body several of the contests for district delegates will be in doubt.

AMERICANS IN MEXICO NOT IN ANY DANGER

The Transport Buford Fails to Find Any Willing to Leave the Country.

TAFT'S ATTITUDE VINDICATED

Rebels and Federals Have Not Yet Met In Decisive Battle—Gomez Still Unrecognized by Orozco.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The attitude of President Taft toward the constant assertion that Americans are in danger in Mexico, and on their account the United States should intervene, is abundantly confirmed by the despatches received daily from Consul General Guyant, who is on the transport Buford and visiting the various ports on the west coast, where many Americans were said to be in great danger and desirous to get out of the country.

The fact turns out to be that there is almost no one there who desires to leave the country. A dispatch to-day from Mr. Guyant states that around Topolobampo, where a large American colony was established thirty-five years ago under the auspices of a co-operative company, of which Senator William Windom of Minnesota was the head, the people state that they have not been molested, and have no wish to abandon their homes and property. At Las Mochis Mr. Guyant says there was a raid a month ago, but everything is quiet there now. It was only a few days ago that reports came that a large number of Americans were besieged there and in hourly danger of being massacred.

The Buford left Las Mochis without a single refugee. It was predicted a week ago that there were hundreds there who wanted to flee the country. Not one man, woman, or child would go aboard to come back to the United States. In reply to Mr. Guyant's inquiries they all said they were being treated well, and were getting on all right. The Buford will proceed on up the coast until the last port is visited, where it has been said there are Americans who are anxious to return.

The State Department authorities are gratified at the statements from Mr. Guyant. Telegraphic and railroad communication had been cut from most of Sinaloa for several weeks and it was easy to set reports in circulation that many people were in danger of losing their lives.

NO DECISIVE FIGHT YET.

Rebel Troops Slowly Moving South—Gomez Still Unrecognized.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, May 8.—The news from the front to the rebel officials in Juarez to-day is that there had not been any fighting so far, but Gen. Orozco had ascertained that the Federals from Torreon now occupy Mapimi and Bermejillo, just outside Torreon, and has ordered his men to attack. The fight will probably take place to-morrow.

Orozco telegraphed to his father, in Juarez, declaring that his men, under Salazar, defeated the Federals, under Aubert, near Cuatro Cienegas. The Federals yesterday claimed the victory. Salazar lost seventy men from drinking water which the Federals had poisoned, Orozco charged. He also declared that the Federals had been poisoning all the water between Bermejillo and Torreon, and that he had lost several thousand horses. He was forced to burn their carcasses to prevent disease in his army.

Emilio Vasquez Gomez has not yet been recognized as the provisional President by Orozco, but says that he will be when Orozco receives his messenger by whom he sent to Orozco a transcript of the proceedings of a meeting of the revolutionary junta held in Juarez on March 2, at which the junta invited him to come to Mexico and act as provisional President. Gomez says that as the same authority that empowered Orozco authorized him to set up a provisional Government he is certain that Orozco will recognize him.

The ban has been raised on coal by the Federals and American and other foreign industries in the rebel zone will not have to close. The Federals banned coal to keep the rebels from using it for their locomotives, but the United States permitted it to be sent over in wagons.

OROZCO'S HEADQUARTERS, near Escalon, May 8.—Gen. Pascual Orozco ordered his troops to-day to advance on the Federals. The latter have been coming northward from Torreon. Within twenty-four hours the greatest body of rebels and Government troops that has yet assembled is expected to clash in what it is thought will be the turning point of the revolution. Two columns of 1,000 men each moved to-day along parallel lines, east and west of the railroad, to attack Bermejillo and Mapimi, towns not far from Torreon, the railroad gateway to Central Mexico.

Supporting the columns from the rear centre are 4,000 men under Gen. Luis Fernandez and Cols. Caravero and Amaya. Behind these is another large body of reserves. The general staff of the insurrectos is thirty miles behind the advance guard, which is near Peronal.

The insurrecto columns are moving slowly. Scouts likewise report a gradual advance of the Federals.

A CITY ENGINEER DISMISSED.

J. C. Rennard Removed for "Failure to Properly Expedite Contract Work."

John C. Rennard, electrical engineer in charge of the Fire Alarm Telegraph Bureau of the New York Fire Department, was dismissed yesterday by Commissioner Johnson after a conference with the Commissioner that lasted nearly an hour, held in private in the Commissioner's office. At the end of this meeting neither the Commissioner nor Mr. Rennard would make public what the conference had been about or what had been its result. This item appeared later, however, in Special Orders 84 of the Fire Department:

"Electrical Engineer John C. Rennard of this department is hereby removed and dismissed from service in the Fire Department, to take effect at 12 o'clock noon, May 8, 1912, for the following reason; his explanation being unsatisfactory to me: Failure to properly expedite contract work for which corporate stock appropriations have been made since his incumbency."

The same orders contained notice of the appointment of Leonard Day to succeed Mr. Rennard. Mr. Day has been practicing as a patent attorney at 2 Rector Street, but he is also an electrical engineer and a graduate of Worcester Polytechnic Institute. Mr. Rennard is a West Point graduate and a warm friend of Police Commissioner Waldo, who, as Fire Commissioner, appointed him to the Fire Department on Aug. 1, 1910. The post carries a salary of $5,000 a year.

FLAGG HITS BUILDING CODE.

Architect Says It Should Provide What Materials May Not Be Used.

The proposed new building code, which was framed by many prominent architects, builders, and merchants, came in for heated criticism before the Committee on Buildings of the Board of Aldermen at the first hearing yesterday. Robert D. Kohn and Benjamin D. Traitel, representing the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, the Building Trades Employers' Association, the New York and National Boards of Underwriters, the American Institute of Consulting Engineers, the Brooklyn Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, and the New York Society of Architects, appeared in favor of the measure. They explained that the proposed code was the result of two years' work, and that its first object was the safety and convenience of the public.

As the fight on the code is really the lining up of the rival concrete and the hollow tile interests, it is expected that the hearings will continue throughout the Summer. Among those who appeared in opposition to the code were John D. Moore, an engineer and member of the last Building Code Commission; Frank D. Veiller, Ernest Flagg, the architect; Michael J. Horan, and Dr. Abraham Korn of the United Real Estate Owners' Association; Audley Clark, representing the masons' material men; Frank T. Patterson, representing the Brick Manufacturers' Association; John Gill, and Matthew Sullivan of the Bricklayers' and Building Laborers' Union, and Augustus J. Smith. Mr. Flagg explained that he had a number of amendments to offer as the sections are taken up seriatim.

"Broadly speaking, the object of the amendments I shall offer," said Mr. Flagg, "is to provide safety, justice, and liberty in building operations."

He said he objected to the statement that the code is the work of the American Institute of Architects. Its provisions err, he said, as all American building codes do, "in prescribing what may be used in building construction instead of what may not be used." Mr. Flagg then suggested that the code should include these definitions: Fireproof material—material or a combination of material which will withstand a test of an average temperature of 1,700 degrees Fahrenheit, applied for three hours; incombustible material—any material or combination of material—any material which is not inflammable; fire-resisting material—any material or combination of material which will not readily twist, warp, or disintegrate under the action of heat.

The hearing will be continued next Wednesday afternoon.

CALL TO DECIDE CONTESTS.

Republican Convention Committee to Meet June 6—New Plan for South.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 8.—William Hayward, Secretary of the Republican National Committee, has sent out his call for a meeting of the committee in Chicago on June 6 to decide contests among delegates to the Republican National Convention. The fact that the committee is called to meet a greater number of days in advance of the date set for the convention than in previous years, Mr. Hayward said, was due to the great number of contests expected.

Many such contests have already been brought officially to the attention of the committee. Many more are expected before the time to file contests expires. The last day is May 29.

The most important matter to be considered by the committee aside from contests is a plan providing for a change in the representation of the South in the Republican National Convention, on which Mr. Hayward has been at work for some time. Regarding this Mr. Hayward said:

"The question of Southern representation that has been agitated in every convention that I can remember will probably be acted upon by the committee in the nature of a recommendation to the convention. While in my opinion a majority of the delegates has been heartily in favor of making a change in that regard the difficulty has been that they did not desire to abandon the Congressional district as a unit of representation.

"The Southern districts have representation in Congress according to population, including the negroes. Then the negroes are disfranchised. The natural result is that in many of the Southern districts there are very few Republican votes, and yet, of course, they have the delegates. Now I am working on a plan that I am going to submit to the committee which will change the basis of representation and still retain the Congressional districts as the unit."

Mr. Hayward added that he preferred not to make public the plan until it was submitted to the committee.

HONDURAN TREATY LOST.

Senate Committee Fails to Favor Dollar Diplomacy Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Another blow was struck at "Dollar Diplomacy" to-day when the Senate Committee by a vote of 7 to 7 failed to report the Honduran and Nicaraguan treaties. Both treaties provided for the taking over by American syndicates of the bonded indebtedness of the two Republics and advancing money for certain internal improvements. These loans were to be guaranteed by the Government of the United States, which was to hold a mortgage over customs receipts.

The treaties have been urgently pressed before the Senate by the Department of State since last Summer. Opposition developed to the guarantee feature. Ratification was delayed so long that finally the Morgan group of bankers withdrew their offer. The State Department then got a similar offer from a group of Southern banks represented by the Whitney Central Bank of New Orleans.

The administration hoped that the participation of the Southern interests would smooth over opposition from Southern Democrats. This proved, however, not to be true. The failure of the committee to order the report to-day is taken as the death of the treaties for the present at least. It was known that there was no hope of the treaties getting the needed two-thirds vote in the Senate so the tie vote in the committee will be accepted as final.

Congressman McCoy Gets a District.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., May 8.—The problem that was created when the redistricting of the State of New Jersey for Congressional divisions put Congressman Walter I. McCoy of this village and Congressman Edward W. Townsend of Montclair in the same district—the Tenth—has been solved by the removal of Congressman McCoy to East Orange, where he will be a resident of the new Ninth District. Mr. McCoy will be a candidate for the nomination again this Fall. Mr. Townsend will also be a candidate in the Ninth.

Jersey to be a Battleground.

Republican leaders in New Jersey are preparing for a lively primary campaign in that State. It was announced in Newark yesterday that three aspirants for the Republican nomination for the Presidency—Taft, Roosevelt, and La Follette—would spend several days in the State. The Roosevelt leaders planned to have the Colonel make a two days' tour of the State, but the itinerary became so crowded that another day was added. The Colonel will be in the State on May 23, 24, and 25.

JENNINGS'S DEALS REVIEWED.

Broker Testifies on the Fitzgerald Building Project.

Details of the real estate transactions which led, according to the Government, to the misapplication of the funds of the Mount Vernon National Bank to the extent of $154,000 were brought out yesterday by the Government at the trial of Herbert T. Jennings and Samuel K. Raymond before Judge Mayer and a jury in the Federal District Court. Jennings, it is charged, with the connivance of Raymond, borrowed the money from the bank by means of "dummy notes" in order to finance the erection of the Fitzgerald Building, at the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street, and another building at the northeast corner of Broadway and Forty-second Street.

In opening the case for the Government Assistant United States District Attorney Isaac H. Levy reviewed in detail the troubles of the Mount Vernon Bank, and declared that it was with the money of the institution that Jennings embarked on his real estate speculation, thereby violating the National banking laws. If the speculations had turned out all right there might have been a profit of 6 per cent. for the bank, but if they went wrong the loss would fall on the institution and not at all on Jennings.

The bank failed in March last year, and an investigation was started at once.

Moses Greenwood, Jr., a real estate broker, was called to explain the organization of the Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company, and the steps which led up to the construction of the Fitzgerald Building. It was in August or September, 1900, he testified that he brought the proposal to form such a company before Jennings, and began negotiations for the lease of the property. The Broadway and Forty-third Street corner belongs to Mrs. Mary A. Fitzgerald, and it was arranged that there was to be a twenty-one year lease, with five renewals.

Mrs. Fitzgerald agreed on her part to loan $500,000 for the construction, secured on a first mortgage on the completed structure, but stipulated that the building must be completed by Oct. 31, 1909. The contract for the building was for a structure which was not to exceed in cost $750,000. In going into the enterprise Jennings had the assurance from the witness that if a theatre was included in the new building he already had a lessee for it who would pay $55,000 a year for ten years, and would put up the first year's rent at once.

Jennings took all these facts into consideration, said Mr. Greenwood, and consulted with Edmund K. Stalin. The result was an agreement for the formation of the Broadway and Forty-third Street Company, with a capital stock of $1,200,000, and a second mortgage bond issue of $600,000. Of the latter, half went to the Gray Construction Company, and the other half to Jennings and his associates.

Mr. Levy stated that he would show by the witnesses how the building company defaulted on Nov. 1, 1910, and the difficulty which Jennings met with in completing the building.

KHEDIVE'S BROTHER HERE.

Prince Mohammed Ali Will Travel In America and Visit Australia.

Prince Mohammed Ali, brother of the Khedive of Egypt, was among the passengers who arrived from Europe on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie yesterday.

The Prince, who is traveling incognito, was on the passenger list as Rustem Bey. Mustapha Bey, a Colonel in the Egyptian army, is traveling with Prince Ali. This is the Prince's first visit to the United States, and he expects to see everything that he can in the few weeks he will be in the country.

"About the only parts of the world that I have not seen," said the Prince, "are America and Australia, and I hope to see a great deal of both before I return to Egypt. I shall travel over the United States, British Columbia, and Alaska, after which I hope to pay my long-delayed visit to Australia. I have many invitations in this country, but will not accept any of them for the reason that I will be kept busy seeing the country."

Prince Mohammed Ali is about 36 years old. He is the only brother of the Khedive.

Shriners Elect Imperial Officers.

LOS ANGELES, May 8.—Ernest A. Cutts, of Savannah, Ga., was to-day elected Imperial Outer Guard by the Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Dallas Texas, was chosen for the 1913 conclave. William J. Cunningham, of Baltimore, was elected Imperial Potentate. William S. Brown, of Pittsburgh, and Benjamin W. Rowell, of Boston, were re-elected Imperial Treasurer and Imperial Recorder, respectively.

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Surplus . . . . . (over) $1,580,000
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Steamer Wardrobe Trunks for Men & Women; regularly 21.50 . . . special at 13.75
In black or tan . . . . . sizes 40 and 44 inches
Made of 3-ply selected lumber, covered with heavy duck, thrice fibre bound. Solid malleable brassed trimmings, patent bolts, spring lock, and riveted beyond recall. Full linen lined. Wardrobe tray designed with patent spring which keeps it rigid. Trunk complete with six hangers on a nickel-plated telescopic trolley. Holds gowns and hats and countless et ceteras for women, or all the apparel that a well-dressed man ever wears. Adjustable partitions in bottom of trunk, where the paraphernalia of dress, masculine or feminine, can be commodiously placed.

Dress Trunks for Men and Women regular price 37.50 . . . . . special at 25.00
Sizes 36, 38 and 40 inches
Of selected veneer, covered with heavy pegamoid, raw hide fibre bound with centre bands, and two sole leather straps. Polished hardware, five tumbler paracentric locks, patent stay hinges, and double bottom protected with four hardwood slats. Top tray tastefully finished in green. Extra tray for women's shirtwaists or for men's shirts, as the case may happen. Large space for Madam's hat, too. Secret drawer for jewelry and other compartments for other things, all most ingeniously contrived. Two extra skirt trays, which we had almost forgotten. A marvel of utility and strength. Get one!

Steamer Trunk to match above Dress Trunk same sizes and at a similar reduction. regular price 30.00 . . . . . special at 21.50

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HOUSE AWNINGS.—We do only the better grade of work, and our prices are as low as high-class workmanship allows.

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In four months of 1912 The New York Times published 217,517 lines of automobile advertisements, 20,216 lines more than the next, and 22,030 lines more than the third, morning newspaper.
The daily net paid sale of The New York Times greatly exceeds 200,000 copies and its daily city sale is double the combined daily city sales of the newspapers second and third in automobile advertising for the past four months.

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The Wardrobe.
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Draperies dyed to match wall paper or trim.

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Quality that DEFIES comparison; prices that WELCOME it.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO
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You will tone up your system and feel better for taking, in the morning, ½ glass of
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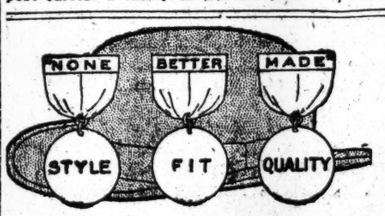

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Popular approval "pins medals" on Young Hats. You can pin your faith to them. *Your* ideal hat awaits you
Young's Hats — NONE BETTER MADE
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TO-MORROW NIGHT after the play "A Night in the Latin Quarter" at BUSTANOBY'S NEW RESTAURANT 110 W. 39th St. Tel. 6780 Greeley
Entertainment in accord with the best traditions of this interesting feature of Paris.

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

CHECK ON CANCER PROVES SUCCESSFUL

Paris Doctors Hear the Results of Dr. Gnezda's Treatment by Arphoaline.

NOT A MIRACULOUS CURE

But Arrests Growth and Effects Necrosis of Tissues—Successful Treatment Described.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 8.—Prof. Letulle read to-day an important paper before the Academy of Medicine on the new treatment of cancer discovered by Dr. Julius Gnezda of Agram, who has pursued his researches in London, Berlin and Paris. Dr. Gnezda reports a particular case of cancer which he operated upon two years ago in Paris, and which, after an immediate relapse, submitted to his treatment, with the result that the progress of the cancer was arrested. The patient, a lady now 81 years of age, continues in good general health, without any evidence of cancerous growth remaining.

Dr. Gnezda explains his treatment. He does not profess it to be a miraculous cure of various forms of cancer, but what it accomplishes is the arrest of cancerous growth, with a certain amount of improvement in the general health of the patient owing to the necrosis of cancerous parts.

The paper as read before the academy was too technical to be summed up by a layman, but the substance of the communication is that the treatment prevents the formation of new cancerous growths, and shrivels up to a certain extent those that exist. The preparation used by Dr. Gnezda consists of an albumen containing a percentage of arsenic and phosphorus of about six milligrammes per gramme, forming a compound which he has named "arphoaline." The preparation, which is not caustic, is a brownish powder without taste, insoluble in water and in mild acids, and soluble when warmed in alkalis. It can be applied locally in the form of dry powder or may be swallowed in capsules.

Dr. Gnezda has been experimenting with the treatment for the last nine years, and his method has been observed by the directors of hospitals in Paris and elsewhere, and they give very encouraging reports.

When applied locally the remedy has the effect of causing a partial drying up or necrosis of the tissues, and it has been observed that the application causes, in the neighborhood of healthy parts, the formation of a new connective tissue, which, little by little, tends to take the place of the cancerous formation.

The action of the preparation has also been tested chemically, and it has been proved that of two cancerous fragments one treated with arphoaline lost its special cancerous appearance and became unodorous, while the other fragment, not so treated, retained all the characteristic nauseous properties of cancer. The internal treatment is by means of capsules taken after meals. After three days there may be a marked cessation of pain.

The case specially cited before the Academy of Medicine is that of the already named lady, who was 79 two years ago, and was operated on for cancer on the left cheek. The operation did not check the growth. Four local applications were then made, and a certain quantity of the remedy was administered daily for a month. The patient greatly improved at the end of that time, and cicatrisation had set in. The general health of the patient had also become better. There had been no relapse since, nor any tendency of the renewal of cancerous growth either at the spot operated on or anywhere else.

Dr. Gnezda has treated ten cases of cancer in Paris within the last two years, and out of these two patients appear to be perfect cures, five show considerable improvement, two have been removed, and only one died, but of another disease, namely, of pneumonia and nephritis.

The committee expressed its approval of the work of Dr. Gnezda, and requested to see the microscopical preparations Dr. Gnezda has. These preparations are ready and he will show them to the academy.

BOLDINI HATES OWN WORK.

Would Bless Destroyer of Picture in English National Gallery.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 8.—Sir Philip Burne-Jones in a recent letter to The Times protested against the exhibition in the National Gallery of a portrait of Lady Colin Campbell by the Italian painter Jean Boldini, on the ground that it created an undesirable precedent, inasmuch as hitherto it had been the rule of the Trustees of the National Gallery never to purchase a work by a living painter.

Sir Philip's letter aroused considerable discussion in art circles, and now Signor Boldini himself has given his views of the matter, in an interview published in a Paris newspaper.

Signor Boldini confessed that he did not know that the portrait was on view in the National Gallery, and said he "did not care where they hung it." The picture had never given him satisfaction, and if he had not promised Lady Colin Campbell, out of admiration for her great beauty, to make her a present of the portrait, it would never have been allowed to leave his studio.

The interviewer remarked that Signor Boldini was rather hard on the picture.

"No," replied the painter. "You say and I should like it repeated in all the English newspapers, that I would bless the amiable vandal who would undertake to slash the wretched thing. That would calm those who are getting excited in London, and I should be very pleased."

NO U. S. FLAG ON THE THAMES

Not a Vessel Flying It Entered the Port of London Last Year.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 8.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes as a startling fact a report by the Medical Officer for the Port of London that no vessel flying the Stars and Stripes arrived in the Thames in the whole of last year.

ULSTER WORRIES BRITAIN.

Inquiries as to Drilling of Orangemen—Birrell Defends Home Rule.

BELFAST, May 8.—The drilling of the members of the Unionist Clubs in Ulster has at length attracted the serious attention of the Government.

The Lord Lieutenant's office in Dublin has made a requisition on the authorities for an immediate return of the names of all officers and non-commissioned officers, active or retired, who are engaged in drilling the members of Orange Clubs and Lodges and men in factories and shipyards.

ART PRICES SLUMP AT WERTHEIMER SALE

The Famous Crystal Biberon, Which Brought $77,500 in 1905, Goes for Only $19,000.

CELLINESQUE JEWEL, $15,000

Ig Genuineness Were Assured Would Be Worth $50,000—High Prices for Some Snuff-Boxes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 8.—A conspicuous and unexpected slump from the purchase prices of former years marked the first day of the sale at Christie's to-day of the art objects that belonged to the late Charles J. Wertheimer. Many of the most cherished pieces were knocked down for considerably less than was paid for them by the famous dealer and amateur of Bond Street and Park Lane. The total receipts of the first day's sale were $213,915.

Although Mr. Wertheimer was a shrewd ocnnoisseur, he was not infallible, but when he had blundered he stood by his mistakes unfalteringly. Doubt hangs about the most important piece of all the collection, the famous rock-crystal biberon, which Mr. Wertheimer bought at the Gabbitas sale in 1905 for $77,500, sold to the late Baron Schröder, and, for all the doubt, bought back again at the Schröder sale in 1910 for $50,000. When it was put up to-day it looked for a time as though there would be no advance over the first offer of $5,000, but it was finally bought by Harding for only $19,000.

The biberon is of carved rock crystal, richly enameled, and sumptuously set with precious stones. The body of the vessel, together with the cover, roughly resembles a monster, with the head forming the spout. According to the catalogue, it is considered to be the work of Daniel Mignot of Augsburg, and to have been made for the Emperor Rudolph II. Its value is questioned by cirtics, who suspect that it is a made-up piece.

Doubt also weighted down the bidding on another star item—the magnificent Cellinesque jewel of the sixteenth century Italian workmanship. This pendant is of gold, formed as a dolphin, upon which Amphitrite sits. The body of the dolphin is set with table diamonds and rubies, while below three pearls are hung. The jewel is suspended by two chains with open links, set with diamonds and rubies, and connected at the top by a loop pierced and chased with arabesques, enameled in various colors, and with a pearl attached to the centre. This jewel is said to have been owned by Louis XIV. and his immediate successor. If genuine, it would be worth $50,000, but David Currie bought it to-day for $15,000.

The Wertheimer snuff-boxes, although not very numerous, are almost without exception pieces of great worth and beauty. Many of them were sold to-day at an advance in price from what Mr. Wertheimer paid. Some, however, shared in the slump. The snuff-boxes bringing the highest prices were one bought by Durlacher for $16,000 and another bought by Goldschmidt for $12,750. The first is a Louis XV. oval box in gold, the cover, sides and base enameled with six oval panels, depicting Louis XV. and his court on hunting expeditions. It was formerly in the collection of the Duke of Grammont. The piece that brought $12,750 is a Louis XV. oval box of gold, the cover, sides, and base enameled with peasants and fishermen, in six panels of irregular outline, enclosed by formal scroll work and flowers chased in vari-colored gold. Round the borders are panels of dark green enamel to represent malachite.

Davis paid $2,600 for a Louis XV. oval snuff-box that Mr. Wertheimer bought for $4,250 at the sale of the collection of Baron Schröder. Another gold snuff-box of the same period went for $7,250. It sold for $8,750 two years ago.

Rowe paid $8,000 for a Louis XV. oval snuff-box that brought $5,000 at the sale of the collection of the eighth Duke of Beaufort in 1895, but which brought $20,000 when it passed into the hands of Mr. Wertheimer in 1910. Durlacher paid $1,900 for a snuff-box that brought $4,750 at the sale of the Hawkins collection eight years ago, and a Louis XVI. snuff-box that was bought at the same sale for $3,500 was sold to Hodgkins to-day for $3,400.

On the other hand, one snuff-box that sold for $6,250 in 1904 brought $7,250 to-day; $1,900 was paid for another that brought $1,550 at the sale of the Hawkins collection; Smith paid $7,750 for one that brought $5,250 in 1904, and Durlacher paid $10,000 for one that brought $4,750 at the sale of the Charles Seale Hayne collection eight years ago. A Louis XV. oval snuff-box that realized $1,300 at the Hawkins sale brought $6,250 to-day. A sumptuously fashioned snuff-box from the collection of Baron Schröder brought $10,000.

Strange fluctuations in values also marked the bidding for the Wertheimer miniatures. A portrait in a gold locket of Miss Marie Jones by Cosway was bought for $1,300, but it brought $2,100 when it was old from the collection of Lady Stanley of Alderley in 1900. A portrait of an unnamed lady by George Engleheart, also from Lady Stanley's collection, dropped in price from the $1,725 paid in 1909 to $1,530 paid to-day. On the other hand, another Engleheart "Portrait of a Lady," which went for $1,200 at the sale of the Hawkins collection in 1904, brought $2,100.

One of the surprises of the sale was the unexpectedly high price of $2,750 paid by a private buyer for an eighteenth century miniature by John Smart.

One of the greatest slumps of all was that which attended the sale of an exquisite reliquary for which Mr. Wertheimer paid $17,325 two years ago, and which Cooke bought to-day for $8,000. This piece is of rock crystal, with enamelled gold and silver mounts. The receptacle is designed as a classical temple, and is of Italian workmanship of the sixteenth century. A rock crystal two-handed bowl of the same period brought $3,250, a slight advance over the 1910 price.

Asher Wertheimer paid $4,000 for a sixteenth century pendant jewel from the collection of Countess Batowski. This piece, of German workmanship, is of gold, shaped as a falcon with outspread wings, each wing set with a ruby and the breast with an emerald. Another gold pendant of the same period, formed as a statuette of St. John, was bought by Durlacher for $2,100.

MISSING BROKER PITT CAUGHT AT NAPLES

Detective Follows Fugitive's Wife from Baltimore and Discovers Husband on Steamer.

GRAIN FORGERIES CHARGED

Banks Caused His Indictment for Obtaining $360,000 on False Bills of Lading.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 8.—Pembroke W. Pitt, a Baltimore grain merchant for whom the police have been searching for six months, was arrested at Naples to-day aboard the steamship Niger, bound for Marseilles from Constantinople.

Pitt is accused of obtaining $360,000 on false bills of lading. He has been living for some time at Athens with his wife and brother-in-law.

NAPLES, May 8.—Pembroke W. Pitt, who was arrested here to-day at the instance of the United States authorities on a charge of forgery, is to be examined by the judicial authorities with a view to extradition.

Pitt arrived here aboard the steamer Niger. He had been in Constantinople, from which city he tried to make his escape by steamer, but, owing to the closing of the Dardanelles, he was obliged to go to Greece, proceeding from Athens to this port.

An American detective discovered Pitt aboard the Niger, and with authority from the Italian police placed Pitt under arrest. His wife is expected to arrive here from Athens on Friday.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 8.—It was by following his wife that the detectives, after a search that carried them over two hemispheres, finally caght Pembroke W. Pitt, the fugitive grain broker of this city.

On Nov. 3 Baltimore financial circles were startled by the forced receivership of the firm of Pitt Brothers & Co., of which Pembroke W. Pitt was the senior member. The announcement came out in the morning, and a few hours later the Grand Jury indicted Pitt on the charge of forging bills of lading. The five banks to whom these alleged forged bills of lading were presented filed the petition for receivership.

The banks said they lost by the forged bills of lading an amount exceeding $360,000. These institutions were: First National Bank, $87,561; Farmers and Merchants' National Bank, $30,170; National of Baltimore, $71,872; J. Allen Smith & Co., $56,234; National Park Bank of New York, $38,302. Besides these there were more than one hundred creditors of the firm who put in a claim for settlement on announcement of the forced receivership. The bills were for carloads of grain which never existed, but upon which the firm borrowed money from the banks.

Pitt had disappeared the day before the Grand Jury acted, drawing from one of the local banks more than $4,000 which had been deposited to his personal account.

It is believed that his home in Roland Park has since been sold by his wife and that when she met him in New York on Feb. 11 she gave him money. On April 23 last an auditor's account was filed by which it was shown that through the settlement of the affairs of the firm each of the 119 creditors would receive 9½ per cent. of their loss.

Rome Is Free from Smallpox.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—According to reports received by the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, Rome is practically free from smallpox. Rumors have been spread abroad that the disease is widely prevalent in that city.

NO OCEAN FLIGHT THIS YEAR.

Attempt by the Suchard Postponed Till 1913—A Run of Bad Luck.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 8.—The owners of the Suchard, the German airship which was to make an attempt to cross the Atlantic this Spring or Summer, have definitely abandoned their purpose to attempt a flight this year.

Dr. Paul Gans, President of the expedition, informed THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that the project had been so relentlessly pursued by unfavorable weather since the Suchard's arrival in Berlin three months ago that it was now too late to take advantage of the trade winds and that the scheme must be postponed until 1913.

The expedition's cup of bad luck was filled to overflowing last week, when, as already reported in THE NEW YORK TIMES, some malicious person depleted the airship's envelope of about a quarter of its oxygen gas supply. This put a sudden stop to the arrangements for a series of trial trips, which cannot be resumed until too late to obtain the indispensable advantage of the trade winds.

The Suchard will soon be refilled and will then make her trial trips, but afterward she will be dismantled. The envelope will be sent to its place of manufacture at Arnsberg for reconstruction and improvement, and the motorboat basket will be docked near Bremen for similar purposes.

"Our American friends," says Dr. Gans, "may be assured that we shall fly in the Spring of 1913 without fail."

Joseph Brucker, the German-American journalist who initiated the idea of the expedition, has approached the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commissioners, who are now in Berlin, with a view to arranging an airship flight to San Francisco via the Panama Canal as one of the features of the opening of the exposition.

King Victor Receives Mr. Wheeler.

ROME, May 8.—King Victor Emmanuel to-day received for the first time in private audience George Post Wheeler, Secretary of the United States Embassy here.

PLACING THE BLAME

We say it with all due respect, that Owners have themselves to blame for the consequences of the poor, inefficient and generally unsatisfactory service of building contractors, when they submit to the delays and excess costs which are wholly due to the Contractor's negligence and incompetence.

Building operations conducted by this Company are not subject to excess cost nor delayed completion.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

KAISER LOSES A LAWSUIT.

Supreme Court Rules Against Him in an Action Against a Tenant.

LEIPSIC, May 8.—Emperor William, as landlord of the Cadinen estate near Danzig, to-day lost his suit in the Supreme Court against one of his tenants.

His Majesty demanded that the tenant share the cost of construction of a house suitable to the royal estate. The tenant has been successful in two appeals.

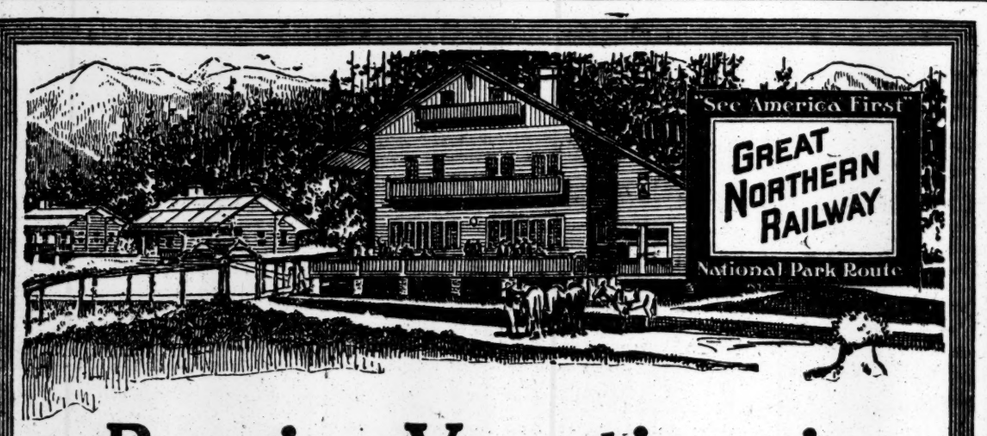
A GERMAN AIRMEN'S STRIKE.

Threatened if Higher Wages Are Not Paid by the Manufacturers.

BERLIN, May 8.—The German Aviators' Association, which has repeatedly appealed to the manufacturers' organization for better wages for aviators, plans to strike on the eve of the big national aviation meet at Johannisthal unless the professional airmen's terms are granted.

The death of the German airman Bachmayer at the Johannisthal Aerodrome yesterday is blamed by the association on the constructors of his machine. The members of the association passed a resolution at a meeting last evening protesting against the German monoplane concerned in the accident. Eight pilots successively have abandoned it on account of its dangerous lack of lateral stability, which was again demonstrated yesterday.

The association has requested the National Aviation League to appoint a commission to inspect regularly and to have the power of barring any aeroplane of unsatisfactory type or material.



Bracing Vacations in Glacier National Park

Season June 15 to October 15, 1912

All will be ready—hotels, trails, horses, guides. You can spend a week of solid comfort in a modern hotel, or you can "rough it" up in the mountains. Specially conducted tours a feature.

Outings $2.00 to $6.00 per Day

The streams are filled with trout—the snow-capped mountains call—the eagle sails above—great glaciers glisten in the sunlight—flowers sway in the breezes—the tang of pine and spruce is in the air. Lake McDonald, Avalanche Basin, Sperry Glacier, St. Mary's Lakes, Cut Bank Pass, Lake McDermott, Iceberg Lake, and all the hundreds of other spectacular scenic features of this magnificent new national reserve await the tourist. Spend your vacation in Glacier National Park—go this very Summer.

10 Pieces of Striking Literature

Call, phone or send at once for this unusual literature—the Glacier National Park Library. Send 20 cents in stamps for the entire collection, or 2 cents for a booklet. It tells the complete story and contains many beautiful views, including an "An Aeroplane View" of the park.

Also, ask for details as to special low fares to Glacier National Park and the Pacific Coast via the Great Northern Railway. Summer Tourist Tickets on sale daily until September 30th. Convention Fares on many days. All Great Northern Coast Trains run via Glacier National Park.

W. M. Lowrie, General Eastern Passenger Agent,
1184 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915

82a

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

"The Big Store"

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J.B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

Record-Breaking May Sale Offerings Maintained in

Today's Events

MAIN BUILDING—Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.

WOMEN'S SMARTEST COATS—values to $20; at.....$9.75
WOMEN'S BLACK SATIN "THROW" CAPES—values $12.75 to $16.50; at.....$7.50
CHARMING NEW ADDITIONS TO OUR MAY SALE OF WOMEN'S BLOUSES—specially priced, at.....$1, $1.69 and $1.98
AN IMPOSING DISPERSAL OF TRIMMED MILLINERY—values $8 to $12; at.....$4.45
OUR MAY SALE OF WOMEN'S AND MISSES' UNDERMUSLINS HAS EXCEEDED EVEN OUR GREATEST EXPECTATIONS.
MEN'S AND YOUTHS' SUITS—values to $20; at.....$8.95
WOMEN'S $3 to $4 LOW SHOES, at.....$1.95
THIS IS "NEMO" WEEK IN OUR CORSET STORE.
CONTINUANCE OF OUR TREMENDOUSLY SUCCESSFUL SALE OF WOMEN'S SUITS and Tailor-made SERGE COAT-DRESSES—values to $30, at.....$13.50
OUR GREAT MAY FOOD FESTIVAL MORE POPULAR THAN EVER.
AMAZING VALUES IN OUR EVER-POPULAR BARGAIN BASEMENT.

GREENHUT BUILDING—Devoted to "Everything for the Home."

SPECIAL OFFER IN HIGH-PILE AXMINSTER RUGS—values $22.50 to $30; at.....$14.75 to $19.50
BIG SALE OF FANCY CHINA—including $1.95 Hand-painted Tableware and Fancy China; choice, at.....98c
NOVELTY NET CURTAINS—regularly $2.95; a pair.....$1.90
$1.25 BATTENBERG LACE CURTAINS—a pair.....89c
And Continuance of Our Record May Sales in
SUMMER FURNITURE, REFRIGERATORS, GARDEN IMPLEMENTS, SUMMER FLOOR-COVERINGS, HOT-WEATHER HOUSEWARES, FRAMED PICTURES and OIL PAINTINGS, SUMMER UPHOLSTERIES and DRAPERIES.
A SPECIAL OFFER IN OUR BARGAIN-BASEMENT OF $6.50 BRASS BEDSTEADS, at.....$4.50

$30,000 to Charity WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Is Your New Suit to Be a Blue or a Gray?

TWO shades of blue and one of gray have been the demand of fashion thus far this Spring.

And on these highly popular and really strikingly handsome shades

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

are offering three of their well known and carefully watched for ***"Special Values."***

These particular offerings are the very last word in style, the highest quality of material, artistic in pattern, Summer comfort in design, perfect in workmanship—in every way extreme values.

Blue Suits at 15.50

An English Weave—striking in appearance. Perfectly plain and with a deep lustre. A finish that is very hard to make shiny. English, Fifth Avenue and College models for young men and boys. Standard 22.50 value.

Blue Suits at 18.50

Fancy serge—decidedly smart, in new and exclusive weaves. Stripes, wales and check weaves. Soft, pliable and with that "feel" peculiar to the finest garments. English, College and Fifth Avenue models for boys, young men and older men. Fully guaranteed—25.00 standard value.

Gray Suits at 22.50

A remarkable showing of various custom and foreign weaves in businesslike tones of gray. Staple worsted mixtures of wonderful serviceability. Standard 27.50 values.

The "Blenheim Guard"

a most unusual coat. We have never seen anything like it before and yet it is a practical all 'round light weight coat that every man has needed. It's rainproof—part lined with Roseberry—belted in the back, with or without snappy pleat—fly front or button through—lots of pockets, storm and turn down collar—cuffs that button tight at the wrists. You'll only find it here. Five shades of exclusive fabrics. For motoring, business or for storm. To see the "Blenheim Guard" is to want it..... **25.00**

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Revillon Frères

FOUNDED 1723

Thorough Cleaning of Furs

Before storing furs we give every piece a thorough cleaning with compressed air, supplemented by the skillful and painstaking hand process. This not only insures the removal of moth larvae, but of the dust and germs collected in a Winter's wear. Such a cleaning is necessary at least once a year for sanitary reasons and to restore the freshness of the furs. Remodeling now at Summer prices.

Call 3761 Greeley.

Nineteen West 34th Street, New York

PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

DOUBT IN ENGLAND OF ASTOR'S JUSTICE

Daily Mail Condemns Power of "Dead Hand" to Prevent Widow's Remarriage.

IS REGARDED AS EGOTISM

Sir Willoughby Patterne's Selfishness Recalled—Mrs. Ava Astor Said to Prefer London to New York.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, May 9.—The Daily Mail, commenting editorially today upon the stipulation in Col. Astor's will that his widow must not remarry without losing her inheritance, asks if it is just that a man should be able after death to impose restraint of this kind. The Daily Mail adds:

"The law takes upon itself to void contracts in restrait of trade, under the Mortmain act it imposes restrictions on the alienation of lands and the disinheritance of lawful heirs under the guise of charitable bequests. Should the law be more indulgent when it is a question of restraint of remarriage?

"A man may be a selfish animal, but cases are comparatively few in which he, of malice aforethought, prevents his widow from paying him the compliment of enjoying again the happiness which he gave her in his own lifetime.

"There are not many, who, like Sir Willoughby Patterne in 'The Egoist,' seek victims for their egotism by insisting on claims that are voided by death. It is more often in romance than in real life that the restraint of 'the dead hand' is pressed to a penalty, but the principle is there, and the penalty has legal sanction for many women, and even for those who are willing to endure the burden of a post-mortem compliment this is enough to range them against it."

The statement cabled from New York that Mrs. Ava Astor will assume the position of leader of the family in America is regarded with considerable skepticism by her friends in London.

The Evening News says it learns from an authoritative source that Mrs. Astor will spend most of her time in America, possibly passing three months of each year in London, but the accuracy of this report is questioned in circles which are best qualified to form an opinion on the subject.

A well known member of society said yesterday that Mrs. Astor was much more likely to make London her permanent residence than New York, for several reasons, among which not the least potent was that she possessed here a circle of friends among whom her social position was more assured than would be that of an aspirant to social leadership in New York.

Again, Mrs. Astor's assured income, while sufficient for London, is not quite adequate for the contingencies possible in New York.

Apropos of the Astors, Mrs. Elinor Glyn has received a letter from her sister, Lady Duff Gordon, who was saved from the Titanic, in which Lady Duff Gordon says that Col. Astor was one of the very few men on the Titanic who realized that the vessel was not unsinkable, and that he remained aboard when the boats put off with full knowledge that the vessel would surely go to the bottom.

Mrs. Ava Willing Astor, who is now stopping at the Ritz-Carlton in this city, declined yesterday to discuss her plans for the future, or to comment on a report from abroad that she is to wed a Frenchman.

FIND MRS. PAULSEN'S BODY.

Mother and Four Children Lost When Titanic Sank.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 8.—From a photograph received to-day the body of a woman at the Morgue was identified as Mrs. Paulsen, mother of a two-year-old boy whose body was picked up by the steamer Mackay-Bennett and brought here. Her body was placed in the grave beside that of her little boy, who also lost his life on the Titanic.

The resemblance of the two was very marked. Mrs. Paulsen, with her four children, boarded the Titanic at Southampton, and were bound to Chicago, where the husband is employed. Mrs. Paulsen and all the children went down with the ship.

The body of Alfred Wriz was to-day forwarded to Wisconsin and that of H. A. Taunthorp to Philadelphia.

Only thirty-six bodies now remain at the Morgue awaiting claimants. It is expected all will be buried on Friday.

JOLTS FOR THE KAISER.

Lawsuit, Berlin Mayoralty, and Alsace-Lorraine Provide Them.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 8.—Three incidents, displeasing to the Emperor, precede his return to Germany. He has lost a lawsuit. Berlin has chosen Herr Wermuth for its Lord Mayor after his enforced resignation from the Ministry of Finance. The new Parliament recently conferred on Alsace-Lorraine has passed a vote of censure on the provincial Government.

The lawsuit was a claim by the Emperor against a farmer named Sohst for part of the cost of farm buildings. The Supreme Court decided yesterday against the Emperor.

Herr Wermuth retired from office because he disapproved of the Government policy in building Dreadnoughts and creating a new army corps with borrowed capital. His selection as Lord Mayor of Berlin is looked upon as a reflection upon the Kaiser and his Government.

The new Parliament conferred on Alsace-Lorraine passed a strong vote of censure last night on the Alsace-Lorraine Government for declaring a boycott on locomotive works at Grafenstaden in Alsace, because the managing director is "anti-German and a Francophile." The Government which is thus rebuked is the creation and servant of the Kaiser.

FOXHOUNDS FOR KAISER.

To Introduce Sport in Germany by Importing British Pack.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 8.—The Kaiser has decided to introduce foxhunting into his domains, and commisioned Frank Bartlett, huntsman of Earl Fitzwilliam's hounds, to form a pack.

The pack, which consists of sixteen and one-half couples, including hounds and females for breeding, gathered from leading packs in the United Kingdom, will be shipped to-morrow for Potsdam. The Kaiser's second son, Eitel Friedrich, will undertake the duties of M. F. H.

The country around Potsdam for the most part is broken and densely wooded and the runs should produce good sport.

ANOTHER PLOT IN HAITI.

Ex-Minister at Washington One of a Large Number Arrested.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, May 8.—The Government has discovered proofs of a conspiracy organized in the town of Aux Cayes by partisans of Gen. Antoine Simon, the ex-President, with the complicity of some foreigners.

A large number of arrests have been made, among the persons captured being H. Pauleus Sannon, ex-Minister at Washington.

The overwhelming majority of the population disapproves the plans of the conspirators.

THE TITANIC'S CONDITION.

Senator Smith Seeks Information from Financial News Bureau.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Senate Committee investigating the Titanic disaster purposes to learn something about certain reports concerning the condition of the ship on the day she sank.

The manager of Dow, Jones & Co. of New York will appear before the committee to-morrow at the request of Senator William Alden Smith.

STEWARD'S POEM ON TITANIC

Address It to the Memory of His Lost Fellow-Workers.

C. Baker, chief steward of the Tagus, which arrived yesterday from Southampton, has written a poem to the memory of the stewards of the Titanic. This is Mr. Baker's poem:

TO THE MEMORY
of the Men of the Stewards' Department Who Went Down in the Titanic.

They went to their graves like heroes,
Though their deeds are yet untold;
But He knows on high, for He saw them die
And gathered them into His fold;
They were only a crowd of Stewards,
And perhaps not all of the best;
But they gave their lives for children and wives
And died like men, with the rest.

Forgotten and ill-considered,
Treated with scorn and doubt,
Looked on by some as a nuisance,
But cannot be done without;
Yet they did not flinch when the word went round,
For they knew what was, must be,
And with faces sad, they faced the flag
And paid their toll of the sea.

"Hands to muster!" the "Boss" sang out,
With a strange wild look in his eye,
(And we knew he was back at Southampton,
When they kissed him his last good-bye;)
"Every one to his station, let the buckets and sand remain,
They don't scrub out where we're going,
So none of you want them again."

They're sure to be asking at home, lads,
When the tale is fully told,
If we died like Britons should do,
As they did in the days of old;
And now it's time to be thinking
Of our meeting with Him on high,
God help the poor women and kiddies,
Look out! There she goes! Good-bye!
C. BAKER.

R. M. S. Tagus, (at sea.) 26-4-12.

NOT ENOUGH ROWERS IN TITANIC'S BOATS

Witness at English Inquiry Says It Was Impossible to Reach Persons in the Water.

LONG INVESTIGATION LIKELY

Every Day New Attorneys Apply to Represent Special Interests, and Each Examines Witnesses.

LONDON, May 8.—The chief interest at to-day's session of the Board of Trade Commission of Inquiry into the Titanic disaster centered around statements made by members of the crew in reply to questions put by the attorneys representing the seamen's and other unions in regard to the equipment and manning of the lifeboats.

Seaman J. Poingderstre, who was in charge of Boat 12, which, although it had a capacity for carrying sixty-five persons, took away only forty women and children, and was manned by two sailors, said the officer was afraid to put more in the boat for fear that the boat falls would not stand the strain. He added that had there been a full crew the boat would have been able to save some of those in the water who were crying for help. As it was, he tried to row toward them, but was unable to do so, the boat being too heavy for two rowers.

Poingderstre also testified that the shipping companies with which he had served before he joined the Titanic had carried two seamen for each lifeboat.

Giving evidence as to his experiences before he left the Titanic, Poingderstre said that a wooden bulkhead separating the quarters of the crew from those of the third-class passengers gave way from the pressure of water an hour after the accident. There was a rush of second and third-class passengers as the boats were being loaded, which interfered with the lowering. The lights which had been reported he believed to be imaginary.

A steward, James Johnstone, said that many of the women passengers went back to the saloons, as they did not realize the danger. He was certain that he saw lights before he left the Titanic, but they disappeared soon afterward.

Fireman Barrett testified that he was in the stokehole when the Titanic struck the iceberg. Water immediately poured in through No. 6 watertight compartment and the adjoining empty coal bunker. This bunker Barrett explained had been emptied on Sunday, as fire had started in it soon after the Titanic left Southampton. When the bunker was empty it was found that the bulkhead had been damaged by fire.

Cross-examined by Lord Mersey, Barrett said it was not an uncommon thing for fires to start in the coal bunkers.

Barrett said he left the vessel in lifeboat No. 13. When he reached the deck all but two of the boats had left the vessel and the third-class women passengers were coming from their quarters. He was overcome by the cold in the lifeboat, and a woman threw her cloak over him, after which he lost consciousness.

Lee, a lookout man who was rescued from the Titanic, repeated much of the evidence given before the American Senate Commission. He said that when the vessel struck there was no light in sight. After leaving the ship he saw a light, but could not say what it was. It might have been the light of one of the Titanic's boats. No women were waiting when his boat was launched.

Under cross-examination Lee said it was quite a common thing to put a lookout at the bows as well as in the crow's nest of a vessel. He could not say whether it was easier to see an iceberg from the bows than from the crow's nest. There was no special examination of the eyesight for lookout men.

The investigation promises to be long drawn out, as every day new attorneys apply to represent special interests, and each of these lawyers closely examines the witnesses on points affecting his clients.

This morning Lord Mersey allowed an attorney to appear on behalf of the relatives of some Irish third-class passengers.

ENFORCING WIRELESS LAWS.

Five British Captains Indicted for Sailing Without Apparatus.

NORFOLK, Va., May 8.—The Federal Grand Jury brought in indictments today against the masters of five British steamships for violation of the acts of Congress requiring all vessels carrying crew and passengers in excess of fifty persons to be provided with wireless apparatus.

Those indicted were Capts. T. H. Dutton of the steamship Barnu, A. Parker of the Meltonian, R. P. Davies of the Median, F. J. Mercer of the Louisianian, and J. Pierce of the Sokate.

The defendants are now out of this jurisdiction.

TITANIC FUNDS GROW.

For the Lighthouse, $2,025; for Survivors Nearly $140,000.

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday that the total amount of subscriptions for the Titanic Lighthouse Memorial Fund—for the lighthouse which is to crown the new building of the Seamen's Institute—is now $2,025. Among yesterday's contributors to the fund were Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, and Mrs. Henry Seligman. These contributions were acknowledged yesterday:

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson	$100
Mrs. Richard T. Auchmuty	100
Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies	50
Mrs. Frederick Nathan	25
Mrs. Charles S. Smith	25
Mrs. Sarah M. Sage	25
Mrs. William G. Osborn	25
Mrs. William N. Kremer	25
Mrs. Percy Chubb	25
Mrs. Henry Seligman	25
Mrs. Morris K. Jesup	25
Mrs. Edward D. Adams	25
Mrs. Hewlin Hooper	10
Hilbourne Farms	10
Mrs. Charles B. Alexander	10
Mrs. H. B. Auchincloss	10
Arthur Whitney	10
R. B. Jennings	10
W. H. Humphreys	10
Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field	10
G. H. Potter	5
Miss Sharswood	5
Mrs. R. C. Livingston	5
Mrs. E. H. Blashfield	5
Mrs. J. S. Deavitt	5
Mrs. H. A. Alexander	5
Mrs. Charles A. Post	5
Ernest C. Brown	5
Mrs. C. Gouverneur Weir	5
R. M. Parker	5
Frances Wendell	5
Mrs. John Campbell	2
The Misses Stone	2
S. G. Bronson	1
Mrs. Grover Cleveland	1
A. S. Post	1
J. W. H.	1
Cash	1
Cash	1
Mrs. M. J. Emery	1
Yesterday's total	$621
Previously acknowledged	1,404
Total	$2,025

The following contributions to the fund for the relief of survivors of the Titanic and the families of victims, started by Mayor Gaynor, were received yesterday:

Methodist Episcopal Church, Calumet, Iowa	$10.07
C. P.	150.00
From a friend	1.00
E. K.	2.00
Staff of Edmonton (Canada) Post Office	20.00
Congregational Church of Bethlehem, N. H.	22.78
Men and Religion Forward Movement, collected at Carnegie Hall, April 18	21.00
S. H. Wolfe	25.00
In the name of the Arthur Leary Memorial Bellevue Hospital Mission and The Christopher Columbus Holy Cross Association	500.00
A Sunday school class of girls, Briarcliff Manor, N. Y.	10.25
Additional contributions from Calvary Church, Summit, N. J.	29.27
H. P. C. office	13.00
Total	$804.37
Previously acknowledged	117,493.04
Grand total	$118,297.41

The fund received at the office of Jacob H. Schiff, who is Treasurer of the New York County Chapter of the American National Red Cross, now totals more than $19,000. These contributions were received yesterday:

Junior League of the United States, additional	$100.00
"Stenographer"	5.00
St. John's Church, Barrington, R. I.	40.00
R. I.	5.00
St. Matthew's Mission, West Barrington, R. I.	5.00
Henry Holt	25.00
Howland Men's Bible Class, First Baptist Church, Needham, Mass.	10.00
Harlem Kranken Unterstuzung, N. Y.	10.00
John E. Moore Towing Co.	150.00
Edward Lauterbach Court, Order Tribe of Ben Hur	10.00
Mrs. Lewis S. Wolff	1,000.00
Total	$1,355.00
Previously reported	$18,361.12
Grand total	$19,716.12

The Phillips memorial fund, which is being raised by the Maritime Association as this country's contribution for a memorial to "Jack" Phillips, the senior wireless operator of the Titanic, who stuck to his key until the last and went down with the ship, continues to grow. C. C. Galbraith, general manager of the United Wireless Company, is Chairman of the committee that is raising the American fund for the Phillips memorial.

TEST OCEANIC'S LIFE BOATS.

White Star Liner Bringing Mother of Two Titanic Waifs.

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng., May 8.—The White Star liner Oceanic sailed for Cherbourg and New York at 12:30 o'clock. Every lifeboat was lowered into the water and tested before the vessel's departure.

Madame Navratil, mother of the two French waifs from the Titanic now being looked after in New York, is to join the liner at Cherbourg.

FUNERAL OF CHARLES M. HAYS.

Grand Trunk President Buried in Mt. Royal Cemetery, Montreal.

MONTREAL, Que., May 8.—The funeral of Charles M. Hays, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, who was one of the Titanic victims, took place here today.

The services were held at the Hays home and the body was buried in Mount Royal Cemetery. Many railroad officials were present.

THOUGHT TO BE LOST; ALIVE.

Another Man Signed on the Titanic Under Thomas Hart's Name.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, May 9.—Thomas Hart, a fireman who was supposed to have been drowned in the Titanic, has, according to his mother's statement, turned up alive.

The explanation is made that Hart's discharge book was stolen and that it was used by another man to sign on the Titanic under Hart's name.

P. AND O. REFUSES DEMAND.

Men's National Executive to Decide if Strike Shall Be Declared.

LONDON, May 8.—The threatened strike against the Peninsular & Oriental Steamship Company has been referred to the National Executive of the Transport Workers' Federation. The federation today sent a deputation to confer with the officers of the company respecting the strikers' demand that at least two white seamen as well as a coxswain shall be carried for each lifeboat. The company refused to concede the demand.

After the conference the district committee of the national organization adopted a resolution to refer the whole matter to the national executive on the ground that the questions involved were too important to be settled by a strike against the Peninsular & Oriental Company.

British Steamship Sticks on a Reef.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The British steamship Indore of Liverpool, is stranded on French Reef, Florida Straits, and the revenue cutters Yamacraw and Forward are rushing to her assistance, according to wireless advices received here today. The Indore is a vessel of 4,775 tons.

VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS
Hotel and Cottages
OPEN ALL THE YEAR
Write for Booklet FRED STERRY, Manager, Hot Springs, Va.
Famous Health and Pleasure Resort. Minimum Summer Temperature 45°; Maximum, 80°. New HOMESTEAD HOTEL replete with every comfort. GOLF COURSE and other Outdoor Amusements. Pullman cars without change from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, via Penna. and C. & O.

TODAY
The GIMBEL Sale of Men's Wear
N. B.—This Important Summer Event Begins This Morning, with Every Item Newly Made Especially to Our Order.

Once a year—in May—we bring out for the benefit of New York men the results of months of planning with our corps of makers of Gimbel furnishings for men. We are particularly proud of what we have to offer today.

It is a collection that we should be justified in putting into stock at full prices.

For it is all brand-new, in styles best suited for Summer wear, made to our order, in materials and patterns of our selection, over our standard dimensions, and finished exactly as we want it.

THERE ARE NO "JOB LOTS," NO "SECONDS," or otherwise undesirable goods in the gathering. Size-ranges are complete in every group.

The offerings consist of the *right* sorts of

Shirts, Pajamas, Nightshirts, Suspenders, Neckwear, Collars,

which are divided between the Main Aisle and Men's Furnishing Store on the Main Floor, and the Men's Section of the Subway Store.

From the various lots a man can choose, at the handsomest sort of savings, everything he particularly needs in the way of Summer haberdashery, and be assured that it is GOOD in quality as well as CORRECT in style. An idea of the diversity may be gathered from the fact that among the $5 Silk Shirts at $3.25 there are over *forty* distinct colors and patterns; in the Silk-mixed Shirts at $1.75, more than *seventy-five* patterns; and so on down the line.

The Sale Continues Tomorrow and Saturday
but it is to be expected that some of the smaller—and choicer—lots will not last that long.

The Following on the Main Aisle and in the Men's Store

Rich $7.50 Silk Shirts at $5
A superb quality of pure silk in distinguished patterns and colorings, such as a man would pay $10 for to order. Plain negligee, soft French cuffs. Limited quantity only.

Fine $5 Pure Silk Shirts at $3.25
Heavy, fine silk in very handsome designs and infinitely better than shirts in special offerings we have seen at $3.25 or $3.50. Plain negligee, soft cuffs. Better hurry for these—only a thousand of them.

$3 and $3.50 Silk-mixed Shirts at $1.75
Here's another "good thing," far and away ahead of recent offerings at similar prices. Soft French cuffs; and the patterns—neat stripes—are exceedingly handsome.

$1.75 and $2 Summer Shirts at $1.35
One of the largest and finest groups in the Sale. There are Soft Shirts with French cuffs, plain Negligee Shirts with attached cuffs, and plaited bosom Shirts with stiff cuffs in a great variety of materials and patterns.

$1.50 Soft and Negligee Shirts, 95c
A large order made the low price. Shirts of soft mercerized cotton in plain colors and fancy effects with French cuffs; also plain and pleated negligee in fancy stripes, attached cuffs.

$3 and $2.50 Pajamas at $1.65
Splendidly comfortable Pajamas of soft mercerized cloth, plain colors with self stripes.

$4 Silk-mixed Pajamas at $2.75
Here's your Summer luxury at an unheard-of low price. Made in comfortable surplice neck style, of a delightful quality of material; cut full and roomy. Silk loops, sizes A. B. C. D.

$1.50 White Madras Pajamas at $1
Made of excellent white madras, over our own models; surplice neck, with loops and pearl buttons; sizes A. B. C. and D.

$1 Cambric Night Shirts at 75c
Soft cambric, surplice neck style, neatly trimmed; sizes 15 to 20.

Main Aisle and Men's Store

The Following in the SUBWAY STORE, BALCONY

$1 Soft Shirts at 75c.
Of highly mercerized cloth, in plain colors or fancy stripes, plain negligee, coat cut with French cuffs. Many attractive patterns.

$1 Fancy Negligee Shirts at 75c.
Madras and percale in handsome printed patterns; quality never found except in $1 shirts, plain negligee, coat style, cuffs attached.

Soft Shirts at 50c
Check these up with the usual 75c kind. Plain colors and fancy stripes, all French cuffs. The plain colored Shirts have separate or attached collar to match.

Stylish Collars Six for 55c
The usual two for 25c Collars have "nothing on these." Well-made, of fully shrunk materials, excellently laundered. All spick, span, new and perfect, and sold by half dozens or dozens only. In lock front styles, high and low, also wing and turn-down styles. Sizes 14 to 17½.

Cambric Night Shirts at 50c
Of good cambric, ample in size, surplice neck, fancy trimmed, sizes 15 to 20.

50c Knitted and Crocheted Scarfs, 25c
Only 3,000 Neckties in this lot, in fancy striped crocheted, and accordian-ribbed Neckties, in plain colors. Half-price.

Suspenders, 25c Pair
Made from short ends of the webbing you find in the 50c Suspenders. Nickel buckles and cast-offs; kid ends.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

Stern Brothers
are continuing To-day, their
Extraordinary Sale of
Women's Summer Dresses
of Tissues, Voiles, Chambray, Flaxon, Ginghams, French Linen, Ramie, Ratine, Lingerie, Batiste, Marquisettes and Cotton Crepes, from $3.50 to 22.00
Tailored Suits, of Imported Linens, Ramies and Terry Cloth, from $8.75 to 19.75
Princess Slips, of China and Messaline Silks, also Crepe de Chine, from $3.95 to 6.75
Washable Skirts
New Models, of Rep, Cordeline, French Linen, Crash, Velvet and Cotton Corduroy, Diagonal Pique and Toweling, from $2.25 to 5.50
West 23d and 22d Streets

Thurn
424 and 426 Fifth Avenue
Desires to Announce an
ABSOLUTE CLEARANCE SALE
of
Imported Models
Consisting of
Evening & Reception Gowns
Tailor-made Suits & Blouses
To Be Closed out Regardless of Cost

Andrew Alexander
Men's Shoes at $4
Practically every shoe need can be filled at this price. Tan or Black, high or low shoes. Specially good variety in young men's styles.
At Sixth Avenue Store Only.

Oxford in Gun Metal or Tan Russia. Smart last, close fitting at heel and ankle.
Sixth Avenue at Nineteenth Street
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Every hour on the hour, 7 A. M. to 10 P. M., and at midnight, from Liberty St. 10 minutes of the hour from W. 23d St.

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To prove the serviceable quality of GOTHAM COLOR-FAST SHIRTS see that Gotham label is in the next shirts you buy. $1.00 to $7.50.

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Insist on this label.

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TO-MORROW (Friday), at 2:30 o'clock and every day thereafter until all the estates are disposed of.

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Fifth Ave. Art Galleries

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The Palatial Furnishings

Ancient and Modern,

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Estate of Samuel S. Sanford

SAMUEL C. SHAW, Esq., Trustee.

E. M. Bell Estate and also Leslie W. May

together with Valuable Clocks, Watches, Bronzes, Fans and Jewelry, from the EMILIE GRIGSBY SALE.

NOW ON EXHIBITION.

GIVE DIX BAD RECORD IN THE CIVIL SERVICE

His Administration, Says Committee, Is One of "Unredeemed Pledges and Violation of Faith."

YIELDED TO THE POLITICIANS

Executive Committee of Reform Association Praises Mayor Gaynor and Municipal Civil Service.

Gov. Dix's administration of the civil service law in the State was declared "an administration of unredeemed pledges and violation of faith with the people," characterized throughout by "disregard of the letter and plain intent of the law, and subserviency to dominating political influences," in the annual report of the Executive Committee of the Civil Service Reform Association at its annual meeting at the City Club last night. On the other hand, despite its recent epistolary wrangle with Mayor Gaynor following its charges of political appointments in filling positions of the new Fire Prevention Bureau, the committee frankly admitted that much credit was due him for upholding the civil service principle in the Police and Street Cleaning Departments, and praised the Municipal Civil Service Commission for the work it has, with the Mayor's support, done in strengthening the merit system.

Samuel H. Ordway, Chairman of the Executive Committee, presided at last night's meeting, and besides his report speeches were made by Municipal Civil Service Commissioner Richard Welling and Controller William A. Prendergast.

In its report, which was distributed in printed form among the members, the Executive Committee praised President Taft for aiding the National civil service by amending the removal rule and insuring to every employe the right to have the reason for his removal stated and an opportunity to be heard before removal is made. Then it turned to New York State.

Giving Governor's Record.

In describing what it terms "the raid on the merit system," the report declares that the State Civil Service Commission appointed by Gov. Dix at its first meeting requested to exempt from competition 54 positions, 49 of which were in the State Controller's office. Gov. Dix withheld action pending the result of litigation brought by incumbents of the positions, but upon the court's refusal to interfere with the commission and the Governor in the exercise of their discretion, he promptly approved the resolution.

"The spoils raid has continued," it is observed. "At its meeting in Albany on July 27 the State Commission added 71 positions to the exempt schedule, and on Sept. 19 added 77 more. The total number of discretionary exemptions granted during the first year was 224, a number wholly unprecedented since the passage of the White law in 1889."

On the other hand, the committee points out, Gov. Dix had not transferred a single position from the exempt to the competitive class. It records with some humor that whereas one clause of the civil service law permits the appointment to competitive positions only where "competition is impracticable," and then only in positions of "a scientific, professional or educational character," and of persons of "high and recognized attainments in such qualities," this clause was used to allow the appointment of a brother of Tammany State Senator McManus as a "foreman of borings," immediately after the expiration of the competitive list for this position, as well as to cover the appointments of two laborers, one a custodian in the Surrogate's office of Kings County, the other a messenger in the office of the Kings County Clerk.

Concerning appointments to the State Fire Marshal's Bureau, which was created after the Triangle fire to forestall a similar disaster in the future, the report records that despite the opposition of the association the State Civil Service Commission exempted all but six of the twenty-one positions in the bureau, at the request of Marshall Ahearn, a brother of Tammany District Leader Ahearn, who was removed by Gov. Hughes from the Borough Presidency of Manhattan. Of the exempted offices, it adds:

"Ex-Coroner Acritelli of New York was made Chief Deputy, Assemblyman Hoey's brother Chief Inspector, and the others went to up-State districts, one of the Inspectors being Charles L. O'Connell of Buffalo, a Democratic State Committeeman. Thus this bureau for the protection of life and property has been exploited for political purposes."

Credit Where Credit Is Due.

Concerning the civil service administration in New York City, the report declares that "recent intemperate criticism by Mayor Gaynor of the attitude of this association cannot lessen the credit due to him, nor our willingness to accord it to him, for upholding the strict enforcement of the law to the point of dismissing Police Commissioner Cropsey upon a report by President Creelman that both the civil service rules and the Mayor's declared policy had been violated in the appointment of persons to the Police Department." Of the Municipal Civil Service Commission it adds:

"In sharp contrast to the administration of the Civil Service Commission appointed by Governor Dix, Mayor Gaynor's Commission in New York City, under the Presidency of Hon. James Creelman, has steadily advanced and strengthened the merit system and has received the support of the Mayor in so doing. A commission of which all the members—Commissioners Welling and Keogh, as well as President Creelman—are thoroughly in sympathy with the law, has placed its administration upon a higher plane than it has ever before reached.

the length and breadth of the city service that so far as their power extends the commission will enforce the law without fear or favor.

Controller Prendergast, introduced by the Chairman as one whose own civil service record in office had been attacked by Mayor Gaynor at the last annual meeting of the Civil Service Reform Association, declared that he had requested permission to speak, and that he would explain his stand with the utmost frankness. He said he had not been in office long before he discovered that there was just as much politics in making appointments from competitive lists as in appointing to exempt positions; that district leaders on both sides were busy every hour of every day in the year recommending one man or another for a particular job, and that it was not merit alone that counted.

Says the Mayor Followed Him.

"I want you to know the actual facts," he said. "Gentlemen, we are getting right down to earth. I learned that these were conditions that must be reckoned with—human conditions, conditions indigenious to democracy."

He declared that he had made it his policy, however, to select men according to their actual standing—a policy in which, he insisted, the Mayor who attacked him as an approved spoilsman had merely followed him. He declared, however, that it was impossible not to be influenced in some degree by the thought of the pleasure or pain he would be conferring upon this or that political friend by appointing a man recommended by him to a position within the Controller's gift, provided always that the man's previous experience and capacity fitted him for the job.

"I cannot for the life of me see any harm in appointing a man of your own faith to a place, provided he's the right sort of a man for the place," said the Controller. "Must an official look around for a man whose politics he doesn't approve of, or who has no political color at all, in making his appointment? Or must he appoint a man simply because he happens to be a bitter political foe? Politics should not be the primal factor at all. The man's previous experience and capacity for the particular position should ever be the primary consideration, and this, in my department, I have always made my policy."

ALL ISLAM URGED TO WAR.

Movement Fast Spreading—Lyautey Sails—Ordered to Strike Hard.

PARIS, May 8.—The call for all Moslems to participate in a holy war, which was launched at the start of the Turkish-Italian conflict, is, according to the correspondent of the Temps in Tunis, secretly enveloping all Islam and moving steadily from tribe to tribe in every Mohammedan country.

Gen. Lyautey, the newly appointed Governor of Morocco, sailed this afternoon from Marseilles on board the cruiser Jules Ferry for Tangier, whence he will proceed to Fez. According to Excelsior, his orders are "Strike quickly! Strike hard!"

Owing to the threatening conditions in Morocco the French Government has decided to send seven battalions of infantry instead of the three additional battalions originally intended, as well as extra batteries of artillery.

Two battalions of native Senegal infantry are now being mobilized at Dakar, Senegal, and these will reach Casablanca on June 20. These reinforcements will give Gen. Moinier a force of 32,000 men, with 11,000 others spread out along the frontier of Algeria.

The latest advices from Fez by courier indicate that foreigners there fear that further outbreaks are impending.

FRENCH PRESS GRATIFIED.

Appreciates Our Hospitality to the Champlain Delegates.

PARIS, May 8.—The French press today voices its appreciation of the warmth of the hospitality accorded in the United States to the French Champlain delegation under the leadership of Gabriel Hanotaux, former Foreign Minister.

The Temps in a long editorial refers to the excellent relations and the persistent union between the "two greatest world democracies." Nothing separates the two countries, it says, and everything binds them closer. This was the keynote of M. Hanotaux's address at the Lake Champlain celebration, it adds, and of Ambassador Herrick's address at the Palace of the Elysee, and is also the dominating note in French-American relations.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 8.—The French delegation to the Champlain tercentenary, which brought to this country the French nation's gift to the United States—the bust "La France" by Rodin—spent the greater part of the day at Niagara Falls, where they inspected the various power plants on both the American and Canadian sides.

They were to have been the guests at a reception at the University Club tonight, but the baggage of most of the members of the party failed to reach Niagara Falls from Ottawa to-day and as a result the schedule visit to Buffalo was abandoned. The party left this evening for New York, whence they sail tomorrow for France.

PERMITS MIXED MARRIAGES.

Reichstag Votes Against Government's Order Regarding Colonies.

BERLIN, May 8.—The Reichstag to-day, after several days' discussion, voted to maintain the legality of marriages between Germans and natives in the German colonies by 203 to 133. The majority consisted of Socialists and Clericals.

The Imperial Government recently prohibited mixed marriages. The Clerical leader in the Reichstag, Adolf Groeber, argued that mixed marriages must be permitted in the interest of the poorer settlers, who were unable to import wives from Germany, whereas native women often brought a big dowry in the shape of cattle.

TAILORS' STRIKE SPREADS.

London East End Workers Join It—50,000 Thrown Out of Employment.

LONDON, May 8.—The tailors' strike has now extended to the East End workers, 6,000 of whom will cease work tomorrow.

The men demand an advance in wages and better workshop accommodations.

It is estimated that the strike will throw 50,000 out of employment.

RUMORED ITALIAN DISASTER.

Turks Said to Have Captured 1,000 Men in a Battle in Rhodes.

LONDON, Thursday, May 9.—The Governor of Rhodes, where Italian troops landed a few days ago, has telegraphed, according to a dispatch yesterday from Pera:

"We have won a victory and have captured 1,000 Italians."

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 8.—A sensational report that the Italian troops have suffered a serious defeat in Rhodes, losing 1,000 prisoners and sustaining many casualties, comes to-day from the Vali of Smyrna, who states that he has received the news by heliograph from Rhodes.

The Turkish Government awaits confirmation of the report before announcing the news officially.

The Council of Ministers has decided to expel all Italians, with the exception of priests and nuns, from Smyrna within fifteen days.

Rhodes, one of the largest of the Turkish Islands in the Aegean Sea, was seized by Italian troops on May 4.

On that date the Italian Admiral Viale reported to his Government that troops had been disembarked and that the Turkish garrison had retired to the interior, retreating before the Italians at the point of the bayonet. In the fighting the Italians were said to have lost five wounded, while the Turks were believed to have suffered heavily.

The Turkish garrison is said to consist of about 2,000 men.

WANTS CHINA TO BAR OPIUM.

Circular from Li Yuen-Heng Appeals for Vigorous Action.

SHANGHAI, May 8.—A circular telegram from Gen. Li Yuen-Heng, Vice President of the Chinese Republic, concerning the suppression of opium in China, is printed with great prominence in the native press to-day.

Li Yuen-Heng begins his dispatch with a reference to the action of the Ngan-Hwei Provincial Assembly, which urged the President of the Republic and the Cabinet Ministers to press forward the negotiations with the foreign powers for a revision of the treaties with a view to the stoppage of the importation and transit of opium in the interior of China.

Li Yuen-Heng points out that the suppression of opium includes three main undertakings—first, the prohibition of its importation and transport; second, the suppression of its cultivation, and, third, the suppression of opium smoking. Of these the first is the most important, the latter two depending on it.

Li Yuen-Heng, therefore, calls on the officials, the Assemblies, and the people of all the provinces to consummate the action of the Provincial Assembly of Ngan-Hwei by doing their utmost in their several degrees to further the campaign.

The telegram of Li Yuen-Heng possibly has some connection with the accumulation of opium at Shanghai, the value of which amounts to about $45,000,000. Repeated representations have been made recently at Peking by the Shanghai merchants regarding the restrictions imposed on its liquidation.

According to the opium agreement of May, 1911, China undertook to prevent provincial interference with the transport of opium in the interior as a partial return for India's consent to a new scale of annual decrease of importation.

WHEAT SCARCITY IN FRANCE.

Situation Causing Alarm—Government Measure Is Expected.

PARIS, May 8.—The high price of wheat and the scarcity of the supply are causing considerable apprehension in France.

The Government has decided not to suspend the tariff of 7 francs (approximately $1.40) per 100 kilograms (approximately 220 pounds,) but it may prolong from two to three months the period in which wheat may be imported free on condition that an equivalent weight of flour is exported from France by the importer before the expiration of that period. This will temporarily relieve the market.

To-day's quotation of 30 francs 85 centimes (approximately $6.17) per 100 kilograms is the highest recorded for years, the normal price being 20 francs 24 centimes (approximately $4.05.)

The National Millers' Association calls attention to the situation in a special report, showing that the present stock of wheat is only 44,000,000 kilograms (approximately 96,800,000 pounds,) whereas it should be several hundred millions of kilograms.

With warm weather and a good crop, however, the situation will ameliorate. In the meantime bread has risen in price and heavy wheat orders have been placed in Argentina, Canada, and Australia.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL · MILLINERY · FURS FOR WOMEN, MISSES *and* JUNIORS

ARE CONTINUING THEIR

Important Sale of Gowns and Dresses

Values such as we conscientiously believe have never been offered heretofore by a house of our class at this season of the year.

Very late Paris models by Paquin, Callot, Cheruit, Drecoll, Lanvin, Agnes, Doucet, Bechoff-David and other celebrated dress-artists, for both formal and informal functions, made up of surplus high-grade materials from our own workrooms—

Dinner and Evening Gowns of charmeuse, novelty laces and nets, plain and fancy chiffons. Regularly $95, $125, $150, $200 to $300—
at $45, $55, $65, $85 to $150

Fashionable Afternoon Dresses for informal and semi-dress occasions. Regularly $50, $65, $85, $100 to $150—
at $25, $32, $45, $55, $65 to $85

Beautiful Three-piece Silk Costumes—Late Paris models, of charmeuse, taffeta, and moire. Regularly $150 to $300—
at $85, $95, $110 & $125

Smart Morning Frocks of serge, voile, Vyella non-shrinkable flannel, linen and other desirable materials. Regularly $35, $45, $55 to $85—
at $18.50, $22.50, $28, $35 & $45

None will be sent on approval, reserved or exchanged.

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133 Years' London & Parisian

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

Silk Dress News Extraordinary!

1,650 Beautiful New Silk Dresses. Exact Copies of Fine Paris Models. As Copies They Would Sell at $14.75, $16.50 and $19.75, ... Today at **$6.95**

Note, Please! None sent C. O. D. or on approval. None exchanged or credited. No mail, phone or aerogram orders filled.

This sale takes place in our Third Floor Salon and in the Bargain Basement. Beginning at 8:30 this morning.

Daintiest of Dainty Styles

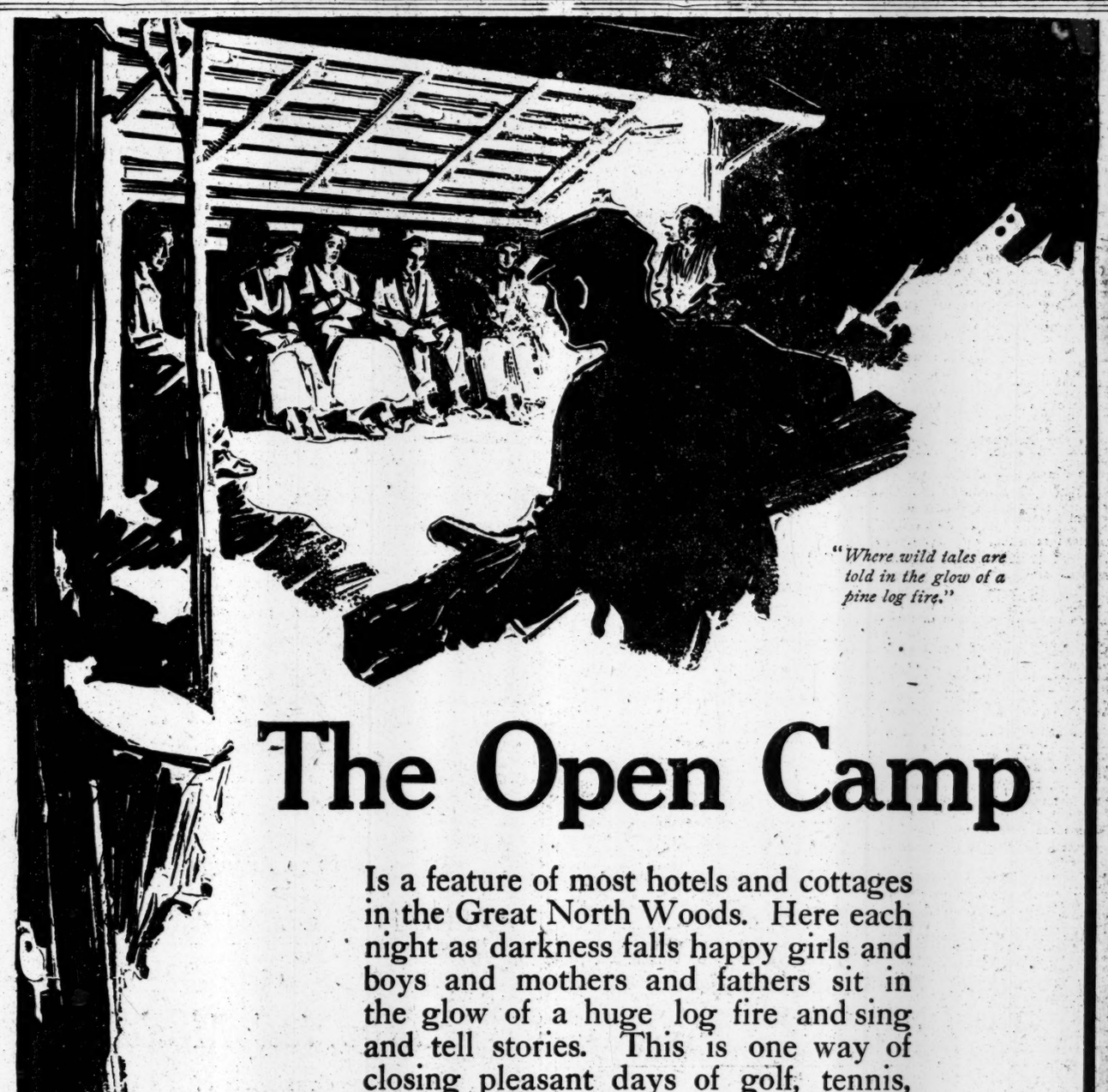
Here are those wonderful changeable taffetas, the dainty foulards, the charming satins and messalines—the silks of the very moment. The models whisper of Paris itself. A more becoming and up to the minute lot of silk dresses has never been shown—and of course, under ordinary circumstances, would be impossible to show at any such price as $6.95.

High or round neck models, so cool and comfortable for summer, in an almost unlimited assortment.

Some have new coatee effects, many have pretty yokes and hand embroidered collars, some are trimmed with shadow, macrame, and other rich laces. Crystal buttons, embroidery, shirring, ties, revers, etc., are also effectively employed.

All the glorious summer colors; some plain, many in combinations, also stripes, polka dots, fancy figures, etc. The materials are Satins, Messalines, Foulards, Pongees, etc. All sizes.

Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Ave., 19th to 20th St.



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Is a feature of most hotels and cottages in the Great North Woods. Here each night as darkness falls happy girls and boys and mothers and fathers sit in the glow of a huge log fire and sing and tell stories. This is one way of closing pleasant days of golf, tennis, boating, bathing or fishing, in the

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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

NEW CITY BONDS ARE SHUT OFF EXCHANGE

Fight of Last Year to be Renewed Because New York Bank Note Company Got Printing.

LIST OF AWARDS IN FULL

Bid of 102 for a $20 Bond Wins—Harvey Fisk and A. B. Leach In at Lowest Figure.

Although the Stock Exchange admitted to trading yesterday the "when issued" contracts for the new City 4¼ per cent. bonds and will also recognize, as it did last year, the temporary certificates which the Mayor's office will put out while the successful bidders are awaiting the receipt of the actual engraved bonds, there was no indication yesterday that the Exchange authorities had any intention of receding from their position of last year, when they informed Mayor Gaynor that unless the bonds were printed by a company whose work was recognized by the Exchange they could not be listed.

Mayor Gaynor decided that the city was big enough to carry on its business without consulting the Stock Exchange, and the contract went to the New York Bank Note Company, whose bid was more than $11,000 less than the American Bank Note Company, which is the company the Stock Exchange approves. It took the New York Bank Note Company until well into the Summer to complete the printing of the $60,000,000 bond issue, and in the meantime trading in the temporary receipts, which were cheaply gotten up lithographic forms, was continued on the Exchange.

Since the actual bonds of last year's issue have been out their market has been confined to the Curb and "over-the-counter" business. Considerable interest has been excited in the Street over the fact that the new $65,000,000 issue has been awarded again to the lowest bidder—the New York Bank Note Company.

Exchange Calls It a Precaution.

Brokers generally recognize the force of the Exchange's contention that it is actuated only by a desire to minimize the danger of counterfeiting of stocks and bonds in insisting that the issues shall be printed by one of several companies, among which the New York Bank Note Company is not numbered, but they have had a year now to count the loss in business to non-members of the Exchange, and they find it considerable. They argue, however, that the city is losing more than it saves on the printing by the fact that the unlisted bonds have a poorer market than those regularly traded in on the Exchange.

One of the largest dealers in municipal securities estimated yesterday that on an average there was a difference of from ¼ to ½ point in the price of listed and unlisted New York City issues of the same rate of interest and approximately the same maturity. For instance, yesterday the listed 4⅛s of 1030-1960 were selling at 101½ when the new contracts for 4⅛s of 1962 were selling at 101. He said that the practical certainty that these bonds would not be listed had undoubtedly most to do with the lower price they commanded.

Figured on the basis of yield the new bonds, of which the city is putting out $65,000,000, are selling on a 4.20 per cent. basis, while the listed 4⅛s, figuring in the difference of maturity, sell on a 4.145 basis, a difference against the city of 0.055 per cent. The city is now paying for printing its bonds $23,000, which compares with the American Bank Note Company's bid of last year of $62,000, and that company's bid for this issue of $29,480. Against this saving bond men figured yesterday that if the ¼ of 1 point, which market experiences would indicate is the minimum of difference the public is willing to pay in favor of a listed issue, were added to the average price bid at the public sale, the city would have received some $162,500 more for the bonds now being put out.

Wall Street men, who criticise the practical monopoly that the American Bank Note Company and affiliated companies have of Stock Exchange printing, are inclined to think that a character of work which has passed unchallenged by banks and financial institutions here and abroad, as exemplified in last year's $60,000,000 issue, ought to be good enough to satisfy the committee of the Stock Exchange.

The New York Bank Note Company brought suit against the Stock Exchange and individual members, and made sweeping charges of conspiracy. So much bitterness has been injected into the New York Bank Note Company's fight to get its product passed that none of the bond men seen yesterday had any hope that the $125,000,000 of city issues now denied trading privileges on the Exchange would even get on the list unless there should be a complete overturning of the make-up of the present Exchange committees.

This year an opposition ticket to the regular nominations for office will be voted on next Monday. Its sponsors have no special grievance against the present office holders except that because the Exchange officials are a self-perpetuating body they believe that new blood in the offices might have a beneficial effect.

Complete List of Awards.

The complete list of awards of the sale follows:

Equitable Trust Company, (Colonial Branch,) $300,000 at 101.

The Mutual Alliance Trust Company of New York, $100,000 at 100.601, $100,000 at 100.651, $100,000 at 100.701, $450,000 at 100.751, $150,000 at 100.801, $150,000 at 100.851, $150,000 at 100.851, $150,000 at 100.901, $150,000 at 100.951.

H. R. Raymond, $25,000 at 102.

Callaway, Fish & Co., $50,000 at 100.63.

Rufus W. Scott, $10,000 at 100.875.

Taylor, Auchincloss & Joost, $10,000 at 100.627, $10,000 at 100.751, $10,000 at 100.876, $10,000 at 100.939.

Empire Trust Company, $10,000 at 100.75, $10,000 at 101.

Mackay & Co., $10,000 at 100.811, $10,000 at 100.761, $10,000 at 100.711, $10,000 at 100.661, $10,000 at 100.611.

David E. Sicher, $15,000 at 101.

Eastern District Savings Bank, Brooklyn, $25,000 at 100.84, $50,000 at 100.63.

John F. Fraser, M. D., $1,000 at 101.

The State Bank, $50,000 at 100.75.

Laurance J. Levy, $100 at 101.

S. S. Goodman, $5,000 at 100.75.

P. J. Goodhart & Co., $150,000 at 100.58, $150,000 at 100.63, $150,000 at 100.76, $150,000 at 100.88.

Mrs. Frances D. Fry, $3,000 at 100.63.

Frank B. Cahn & Co., $40,000 at 100.90, $50,000 at 100.80, $60,000 at 100.70, $75,000 at 100.60.

F. S. Smithers & Co., $100,000 at 100.58, $100,000 at 100.63, $100,000 at 100.68, $100,000 at 100.78.

Yonkers Savings Bank, $10,000 at 100.76, $10,000 at 100.80, $10,000 at 100.83.

Charles H. Delano, $1,000 at 100.25.

Schultz & Buckgraber, $25,000 at 100.625, $25,000 at 100.75, $25,000 at 100.875, $25,000 at 100.

Merchants' Exchange National Bank, $50,000 at 100.75, $50,000 at 101.

The Public Bank of New York, $150,000 at 100.64, $100,000 at 100.763, $100,000 at 100.89, $100,000 at 101.015, $100,000 at 101.135, $50,000 at 101.185, $50,000 at 101.235, $50,000 at 101.285, $50,000 at 101.335.

Marcus A. Frank, $10,000 at 100.60, $10,000 at 100.70.

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co., $15,000 at 100.81, $10,000 at 100.71.

Kings County Trust Co., $110,000 at 100.80, $100,000 at 100.77, $100,000 at 100.74, $100,000 at 100.71, $100,000 at 100.67, $100,000 at 100.64, $200,000 at 100.61, $200,000 at 100.59.

Seligman Brothers, London, $22,500 at 100.60, $185,000 at 100.625, $100,000 at 100.69, $402,000 at 100.75, $25,000 at 100.875, $17,000 at 101, $10,000 at 100.75, $10,000 at 100.875, $10,000 at 101.125.

The New York Savings Bank, $200,000 at 101.

Brown Brothers & Co., $5,000 at 100.75, $31,000 at 101, $2,000 at 101.042, $100,000 at 101.613, $100,000 at 100.653, $100,000 at 100.733, $100,000 at 100.773.

Meyer Vesell, $5,000 at 100.875, $5,000 at 100.75.

William M. Isaacs, $10,000 at 101.

Wiener Brothers, $5,000 at 100.625, $5,000 at 100.75, $5,000 at 100.875.

Charles C. Harrison, Jr. & Co., $100,000 at 100.915, $100,000 at 100.765, $50,000 at 100.635.

J. Heiden, $6,000 at 101.

R. J. Kimball & Co., $10,000 at 100.875.

William A. Alder, $2,000 at 100.59, $2,000 at 100.76, $2,000 at 100.81, $2,000 at 100.91.

Kurzman Brothers, $20,000 at 100.75.

Security Trust Company of Rochester, $120,000 at 100.05.

M. & H. Clarkson, $40,000 at 100.61, $20,000 at 100.71, $20,000 at 100.81, $20,000 at 100.91.

Frank W. Morrow, $7,000 at 100.75.

H. K. Mayer, $4,000 at 100.75.

Bolssevain & Co., $50,000 at 100.61, $50,000 at 100.66, $50,000 at 100.71, $50,000 at 100.76, $50,000 at 100.81.

L. O. Koven & Brother, $10,000 at 101.

Edwin W. Greenhawe, $5,000 at 100.80.

Charles S. Morley, $5,000 at 100.625.

Tefft & Co., $10,000 at 100.63, $10,000 at 100.76.

Dowing & Co., $5,000 at 100.875.

Mrs. Ignatz Bratter, $1,000 at 101.

Neuss, Hesslein & Co., for E. O. Beyer, $5,000 at 101.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, $230,000 at 100.7107, $100,000 at 100.6431.

Josephthal, Louchelm & Co., $70,000 at 100.59, $70,000 at 100.63, $60,000 at 100.69, $10,000 at 100.75, $70,000 at 100.76.

Arco Realty Company, $2,000 at 101.125.

White, Weld & Co., $250,000 at 100.595, $500,000 at 100.652, $10,000 at 100.751.

Brooklyn Trust Company, $100,000 at 100.595, $50,000 at 100.73, $50,000 at 100.76, $50,000 at 100.79, $50,000 at 100.81.

Salomon Kahn, $2,000 at 101, $2,000 at 101.05, $1,000 at 101.10, $1,000 at 101.125.

Albert Flather, $500 at 101.

Dry Dock Savings Institution, $100,000 at 100.61, $100,000 at 100.73, $100,000 at 100.81, $100,000 at 100.91.

Arthur H. Delano, $100 at 101.

William Boyd Hunter, $2,000 at 100.60.

Seasongood & Haas, $100,000 at 100.77, $100,000 at 100.69, $100,000 at 100.63.

Day & Heaton, $1,000 at 100.79, $1,000 at 100.78, $1,000 at 100.77, $1,000 at 100.76, $1,000 at 100.75, $1,000 at 100.74, $1,000 at 100.73, $1,000 at 100.72, $1,000 at 100.71, $1,000 at 100.70, $1,000 at 100.69, $1,000 at 100.68, $1,000 at 100.67, $1,000 at 100.66, $1,000 at 100.65, $1,000 at 100.64, $1,000 at 100.63, $1,000 at 100.62, $1,000 at 100.61, $1,000 at 100.60, $1,000 at 100.59, $1,000 at 100.58.

William H. Dunbar for the trustees of George C. Fiske, $5,000 at 100.75.

The Citizens' Central National Bank of New York, $15,000 at 100.00, $15,000 at 100.65, $15,000 at 100.70, $15,000 at 100.75, $15,000 at 100, $15,000 at 100.85.

E. M. Farnsworth & Co., $50,000 at 100.79, $50,000 at 100.98.

The National Park Bank of New York, $20,000 at 100.625.

John J. Hart, $10,000 at 100.58.

F. Lisman & Co., $15,000 at 100.63, $10,000 at 100.69, $10,000 at 100.75.

J. S. Farles & Co., $10,000 at 100.625.

Meyer E. Auerbach, $3,000 at 100.625, $3,000 at 100.75, $2,000 at 100.875, $2,000 at 101.

Ulster County Savings Institution, Kingston, $100,000 at 101.05.

Edey, Field & Sloan, $2,000 at 101.

Estate of Nathan Kempner, by Louis Kempner, trustee, $5,000 at 101.

Irving Worman, $2,000 at 101.

Eugene Meyer, Jr., & Co., $30,000 at 100.98, $50,000 at 100.92, $50,000 at 100.86, $50,000 at 100.81, $50,00 at 100.76, $50,000 at 100.71, $50,000 at 100.66, $50,000 at 100.61.

Citizens' Trust Co., Brooklyn, $60,000 at 100.625.

Kraus Bros. & Co., $5,000 at 100.75, $5,000 at 101.

Fisk & Robinson, $100,000 at 100.636, $100,000 at 100.781, $100,000 at 101.031.

Howard L. Van Norden, $3,000 at 100.75.

Harry Horn, $50 at 101.

Clarence H. West, $5,000 at 100.901.

Arthur Lipper & Co., $4,000 at 101.

M. C. Foertsch, $2,000 at 100.60, $2,000 at 100.65, $2,000 at 100.70, $2,000 at 100.75.

Sidney Aronstein, $100,000 at 100.800.

Frederick S. Easton, $10,000 at 100.75.

Herzfeld & Stern, $20,000 at 101, $20,000 at 100.80, $30,000 at 100.64.

F. E. Hertzel, $10,000 at 100.875.

Italian Savings Bank, New York, $10,000 at 100.625, $10,000 at 100.835, $10,000 at 101.041.

Mayer, Deppe & Walter, $50,000 at 100.67.

Charles A. Van Dusen, $5,000 at 100.80.

Lee, Higginson & Co., $25,000 at 100.876.

Samuel P. Hess, $100 at 100.60.

Isidor Wormser, $30,000 at 100.75.

Henry MacDonald, $500 at 100.75.

W. Irving Jennings, $4,000 at 100.75.

C. J. Turner & Son, $250,000 at 100.60, $250,000 at 100.63, $250,000 at 100.66, $250,000 at 100.69, $250,000 at 100.72.

Harry Secolow, $5,000 at 100.75.

Sutro Brothers & Co., $100,000 at 100.617, $175,000 at 100.637, $75,000 at 100.697, $75,000 at 100.737, $50,000 at 100.837, $50,000 at 100.897.

Alonzo R. Peck, $10,000 at 102.

Foster & Adams, $5,000 at 100.63.

Farson, Son & Co., $100,000 at 100.627, $100,000 at 100.657, $10,000 at 100.85.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York—$50,000 at 101; $2,400,000 at 100.913; $1,200,000 at 100.813; $1,200,000 at 100.713; $1,200,000 at 100.613.

Hanover National Bank, New York—$280,000 at 101; $20,000 at 100.873; $20,000 at 100.733; $25,000 at 100.633.

Sullivan Brothers & Co.—$20,000 at 100.791; $70,000 at 100.691; $10,000 at 100.591.

Harris, Forbes & Co.—$104,000 at 100.76.

Folsom & Adams—$50,000 at 100.63.

Raphael Prager—$2,000 at 100.61; $2,000 at 100.66; $2,000 at 100.66.

Mrs. Rose Brock—$10,000 at 100.60; $10,000 at 100.70; $10,000 at 100.80; $10,000 at 100.90; $10,000 at 101; $10,000 at 101.10; $10,000 at 101.20; $10,000 at 101.30; $10,000 at 101.40.

Max Scott—$5,000 at 101.

H. N. Whitney & Sons—$25,000 at 100.625; $25,000 at 100.759; $25,000 at 100.892.

Aaron Samuelson, $10,000 at 101.20.

Lawrence, Barnum & Co., $100,000 at 100.76.

Blake Brothers & Co., $100,000 at 100.69, $100,000 at 100.74, $100,000 at 100.79, $100,000 at 100.84.

Niagara Fire Insurance Company, $50,000 at 101, $50,000 at 100.75.

Hannah Steiner, $5,000 at 101.

Newburger, Henderson & Loeb, $7,000 at 100.875.

Hollister, Fish & Co., $100,000 at 100.63.

H. Leslie Platt, $10,000 at 100.58, $10,000 at 100.65, $10,000 at 100.72, $10,000 at 100.79, $10,000 at 100.86, $10,000 at 100.93, $10,000 at 101.007, $10,000 at 101.07.

The German-American Bank, $75,000 at 100.76.

Wilhelmina B. Hartung, $15,000 at 101.25, $10,000 at 101.375.

Bull & Eldredge, $10,000 at 100.615, $10,000 at 100.685, $10,000 at 100.77, $10,000 at 100.84.

Effingham, Lawrence & Co., $10,000 at 100.635.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., $6,500,000 at 100.602, $5,000,000 at 100.702.

Bond & Goodwin, $500,000 at 100.626.

Rhodes & Co., $125,000 at 100.621, $125,000 at 100.671, $125,000 at 100.721, $125,000 at 100.771, $125,000 at 100.821, $125,000 at 100.871.

Abram V. Pickford, $5,000 at 101.55.

First National Bank, Canton, Ohio, $100,000 at 100.75.

Charles Eddy, $200,000 at 100.75.

National City Bank, New York, (for William Timken,) $100,000 at 100.78.

George B. Bernheim, trustee, $4,000 at 100.76.

George W. Bovenizer, $10,000 at 100.80, $10,000 at 100.75, $10,000 at 100.70, $10,000 at 100.65, $10,000 at 100.60.

Bella Schwarzkopf, $5,000 at 101.

J. A. Clark & Co., $5,000 at 100.5802, $5,000 at 100.5902, $5,000 at 100.6002.

Grossman & Sielcken, $100,000 at 101, $100,000 at 100.99, $100,000 at 100.98, $100,000 at 100.901, $100,000 at 100.901, $700,000 at 100.876, $100,000 at 100.851, $100,000 at 100.826, $100,000 at 100.801, $100,000 at 100.776, $100,000 at 100.751, $100,000 at 100.726, $100,000 at 100.701, $100,000 100.676, $100,000 at 100.651, $100,000 at 100.626, $100,000 at 100.601.

E. D. Hunter, $10,000 at 101.8125.

Morris Sternbach & Co., $5,000 at 100.72, $5,000 at 100.82.

Hudson Trust Company, $20,000 at 100.75, $20,000 at 101.

Adams & Co., $25,000 at 100.61, $25,000 at 100.80, $30,000 at 101.04, $25,000 at 100.80, $50,000 at 100.71, $50,000 at 100.60, $25,000 at 100.80, $25,000 at 100.65.

American Exchange National Bank, $100,000 at 100.61, $300,000 at 100.68, $500,000 at 100.78, $50,000 at 100.79, $1,500,000 at 100.81.

Henry Goldwater, $10,000 at 100.63.

Hafle & Stieglitz, $20,000 at 100.63.

The Long Island Loan and Trust Company, $50,000 at 100.56, $50,000 at 100.61, $50,000 at 100.63, $50,000 at 100.65.

Salomon Brothers & Rutzler—$15,000 at 100.5901; $15,000 at 100.6001; $15,000 at 100.6101; $15,000 at 100.6201; $15,000 at 100.6401; $15,000 at 100.6601; $15,000 at 100.6801; $10,000 at 100.7001; $10,000 at 100.7201; $10,000 at 100.7401; $10,000 at 100.7601; $10,000 at 100.7801; $10,000 at 100.7801; $10,000 at 100.8001; $10,000 at 100.8201; $10,000 at 100.8401; $10,000 at 100.8601; $10,000 at 100.8701; $10,000 at 100.8801.

Swartwout & Appenzellar—$20,000 at 100.66; $20,000 at 100.76; $10,000 at 100.86.

Stewart Denning—$10,000 at 100.625; $10,000 at 100.75; $10,000 at 100.875.

Morgan & Bartlett—$50,000 at 100.605; $25,000 at 100.61; $25,000 at 100.6125; $25,000 at 100.615; $25,000 at 100.621.

Chisholm & Chapman—$20,000 at 100.656; $10,000 at 100.781.

C. A. Stern & Co.—$10,000 at 100.581; $10,000 at 100.631; $10,000 at 100.667, $10,000 at 100.702; $10,000 at 100.739; $10,000 at 100.781; $10,000 at 10.828; $10,000 at 100.862; $10,000 at 100.852; $10,00 at 100.732; $20,000 at 100.612.

Smith, Heck & Co.—$75,000 at 100.92; $75,000 at 100.812; $75,000 at 100.862; $75,000 at 100.812; $75,000 at 100.762; $175,000 at 100.662; $175,000 at 100.612.

Stout & Co.—$100,000 at 100.64.

N. W. Halsey & Co.—$500,000 at 100.67.

Zimmerman & Forshay—$100,000 at 100.59; $100,600 at 100.61; $100,000 at 100.63; $100,000 at 100.66; $100,000 at 100.69; $100,000 at 100.71; $100,000 at 100.73; $100,000 at 100.76; $100,000 at 100.79; $100,000 at 100.81; $100,000 at 100.83; $100,000 at 100.87; $100,000 at 100.91; $100,000 at 100.94; $100,000 at 100.96; $5,000 at 100.60; $10,000 at 100.627; $5,000 at 100.63; $30,000 at 100.648; $5,000 at 100.65; $17,000 at 100.67; $10,000 at 100.692; $5,000 at 100.70; $5,000 at 100.71; $10,000 at 100.734; $16,000 at 100.75; $10,000 at 100.762; $9,000 at 100.77; $10,000 at 100.787; $5,000 at 100.81; $10,000 at 100.830; $10,000 at 100.852; $10,000 at 100.847, $10,000 at 100.856; $10,000 at 100.861; $15,000 at 100.91; $10,000 at 100.96; $8,000 at 101; $1,000 at 11.125.

Max Rosenberg and Emma Rosenberg, (per F. H. Harreus)—$1,000 at 101.50.

Albert Mason, $1,000 at $100.80.

J. S. Bache & Co.—$100,000 at 100.62769; $10,000 at 100.80; $15,000 at 100.825; $10,000 at 100.70; $15,000 at 100.75; $10,000 at 100.76; $10,000 at 100.80.

F. R. Harreus—$500 at 101.25; $500 at 101.50.

John S. Wise, $2,000 at 101.

Bamberger Brothers, $100,000 at 100.61, $100,000 at 100.66, $100,000 at 100.71.

Edwin A. Ames, $20,000 at 100.987.

C. E. Mitchell & Co., $10,000 at 100.63.

George Toplitz, $20,000 at 100.875, $20,000 at 101, $20,000 at 101.125.

Blodget & Co., $100,000 at 100.75.

Hess & Hess, $20,000 at 100.5935, $10,000 at 100.6093, $20,000 at 100.6255, $10,000 at 100.6415, $20,000 at 100.6565, $10,000 at 100.6725, $20,000 at 100.6875, $10,000 at 100.7035, $20,000 at 100.7185, $10,000 at 100.7345, $20,000 at 100.7496.

Fred H. Kleveahl, $1,000 at 101.

R. H. Hood, $100,000 at 100.80, $100,000 at 100.81, $100,000 at 100.76, $100,000 at 100.71, $100,000 at 100.66, $100,000 at 100.61.

Wilbur T. Wright, $200 at 101.

Mabon & Co., $10,000 at 100.88, $10,000 at 100.76, $15,000 at 100.63.

Crawford, Patton & Cannon, $10,000 at 100.625, $5,000 at 100.75, $5,000 at 100.875.

E. H. Shawde & Co., $2,000 at 101.75.

Alfred Mestre & Co., $200,000 at 100.76, $200,000 at 100.68, $200,000 at 100.63, $200,000 at 100.58.

Simmons & Slade, $5,000 at 100.74, $5,000 at 100.68, $5,000 at 100.65, $5,000 at 100.61, $5,000 at 100.59, $100 at 100.68.

Harvey Fisk & Sons, for Albany County Bank, $15,000 at 100.80.

Harvey Fisk & Sons and A. B. Leach & Co., $2,458,730 at 100.579, $4,000,000 at 100.629, $4,000,000 at 100,779.

Bank of Europe, $20,000 at 100.90, $20,000 at 100.85, $20,000 at 100.80.

Curtis & Sanger, $75,000 at 100.627, $75,000 at 100,681, $50,000 at 100.778.

The Royal Bank of Canada, $25,000 at 100.59, $25,000 at 100.68, $25,000 at 100.76.

C. K. Phipard, $10,000 at 100.70, $15,000 at 100.755, $15,000 at 100.7025, $10,000 at 100 65.

Freeman & Co., $25,000 at 100.80.

Colt, Hartshorn & Peabla, $10,000 at 101.38, $10,000 at 101.13; $10,000 at 100.76, $10,000 at 101.26, $10,000 at 101.01.

Union Trust Company of New York, $10,000 at 100.625, $10,000 at 100.75.

Brandels, Dunbar & Nutter, $10,000 at 100.75.

Julia W. Fairchild, $500 at 102.50.

Doran Healy, $10,000 at 100.69, $20,000 at 100.824.

H. I. Nicholas & Co., $50,000 at 100.824.

Joseph L. Buttenweiser, $10,000 at 100.59, $10,000 at 100.64, $5,000 at 100.68, $5,000 at 100.76, $5,000 at 100.84, $5,000 at 100.92.

W. N. Coler & Co., $25,000 at 100.85, $25,000 at 100.77, $50,000 at 100.67.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, $294,000 at 101.

German-American Insurance Company, $1,000,000 at 100.65, $100,000 at 100.70, $100,000 at 100.75, $100,000 at 100.80, $100,000 at 100.85, $100,000 at 100.90, $100,000 at 100.95, $100,000 at 101, $100,000 at 101.05, $100,000 at 101.10, $100,000 at 101.15.

William Salomon & Co., $150,000 at 100.75.

The Greenwich Bank, $25,000 at 100.625; $25,000 at 100.77; $25,000 at 100.87; $25,000 at 100.97.

Seligsberg & Co., $20,000 at 100.585; $20,000 at 100.61.

G. Sidenberg, $10,000 at 100.625; $10,000 at 100.75; $10,000 at 100.875.

Seamen's Bank for Savings, $1,000,000 at 101.

Asiel & Co., $10,000 at 100.63.

Dominick & Dominick, $100,000 at 100.77; $100,000 at 100.71; $100,000 at 100.67; $100,000 at $100.65; 100,000 at 100.61.

William M. Myers, $40,000 at 100.751.

Benedict, Drysdale & Co., $16,000 at 100.625.

Josephine Ruffs, $100 at 101.159; $100 at 101.168; $100 at 101.177; $100 at 101.186; $100 at 101.195; $100 at 101.204; $100 at 101.215; $100 at 101.222; $100, at 101.231; $100 at 101.249.

Warren A. Bedell, $4,000 at 102.50; $1,000 at 102.745.

E. C. Benedict & Co., $10,000 at 100.805; $10,000 at 100.755; $10,000 at 100.705; $10,000 at 100.655; $40,000 at 100.605.

Connecticut Savings Bank, New Haven, $25,000 at 101.05.

C. W. Kraushaar, $10,000 at 100.71.

S. C. Powell, $2,000 at 100.60.

Joseph A. Celia, $10,000 at 101.25.

Colonial Assurance Co., New York, $25,000 at 100.65.

Morris Morrison, 2,000 at 100.75.

John T. Fisher and R. C. Fisher, trustees, &c., of Mary A. Fisher, $5,000 at 100.625; $5,000 at 101.125.

E. D. Levinson & Co., $26,000 at 100.74, $25,000 at 100.71, $25,000 at 100.68, $25,000 at 100.64, $25,000 at 100.61, $25,000 at 100.58.

Fidelity Trust Co., New York, $25,000 at 100.68, $25,000 at 100.70, $25,000 at 100.76, $25,000 at 100.78.

Webb & Prall, $15,000 at 101.125.

D. Schnakenberg, $10,000 at 101.

George Rudd, $25,000 at 100.75.

Cleveland Trust Co., Cleveland, Ohio, $50,000 at 100.67.

L. von Hoffman & Co., $50,000 at 100.6112, $100,000 at 100.6113, $100,000 at 100.6913, $50,000 at 100.7112, $30,000 at 100.75112, $100,000 at 100.75113, $50,000 at 100.8122, $50,000 at 101.

Isidor Kahn, $10,000 at 100.70, $15,000 at 100.80, $15,000 at 100.85, $15,000 at 100.90, $10,000 at 100.95.

Miller & Co., $34,000 at 100.626.

S. Goldberg, $10,000 at 100.655, $10,000 at $100.705, $10,000 at 100.73, $10,000 at 100.733, $20,000 at 100.78, $20,000 at 100.80, $20,000 at 100.851.

R. L. Day & Co., $1,000 at 100.601.

M. M. Smith & Co., $2,000 at 100.625, $2,000 at 100.75.

Montauk Bank, $5,000 at 100.60, $5,000 at 100.65, $5,000 at 100.70, $5,000 at 100.75, $5,000 at 100.80, $5,000 at 100.85, $5,000 at 100.90.

H. B. Hollins & Co., $200,000 at 100.651, $200,000 at 100.751.

W. D. Morton, $1,000 at 100.80, $1,000 at 100.90, $1,000 at 101.

S. Pretzfeld, $2,000 at 100.71, $2,000 at 100.91.

Clark, Dodge & Co., $250,000 at 100.66, $250,000 at 100.76.

Louis Wechsler, $5,000 at 100.60, $5,000 at 100.70, $5,000 at 100.80, $5,000 at 100.90, $5,000 at 101.

Dominick Brothers & Co., $40,000 at 100.65.

Milton Watkins, $1,000 at 100.58, $1,000 at 100.625, $1,000 at 100.65, $1,000 at 100.70.

Alexander M. McClean, $5,000 at 100.75.

Ladd & Wood, $115,000 at 100.58.

A. B. Gaines & Sons, $50,000 at 100.62.

Werner Brothers & Goldschmidt, $50,000 at 100.614, $50,000 at 100.682, $50,000 at 100.771.

Edgar A. Sierck, $5,000 at 100.97.

People's Trust Company, Brooklyn, $100,000 at 100.60.

Murphy Brothers & Miles, $50,000 at 100.59, $50,000 at 100.65, $50,000 at 100.71, $50,000 at 100.78, $50,000 at 100.77, $50,000 at 100.79, $50,000 at 100,83.

Alsberg, Goldberg & Co., $10,000 at 100.625, $15,000 at 100.75.

Bigelow & Co., $25,000 at 100.62, $25,000 at 100.69, $25,000 at 100.75, $10,000 at 100.81, $10,000 at 100.875.

Sheldon Ward, $500 at 100.75.

George H. Burr & Co., $25,000 at 100.611, $25,000 at 100.711.

Cyrus J. Lawrence & Sons, $20,000 at 100.66, $10,000 at 100.73, $10,000 at 100.78, $50,000 at 100.583, $50,000 at 100.641, $50,000 at 100.712, $50,000 at 100.761, $50,000 at 100.782, $50,000 at 100.812, $50,000 at 100.841, $10,000 at 100.912, $10,000 at 101.

John D. Everitt & Co., $25,000 at 100.68, $25,000 at 100.84.

James R. Magoffin, $20,000 at 100.62, $20,000 at 100.70, $20,000 at 100.75, $20,000 at 100.80, $20,000 at 100.85, $20,000 at 100.90.

Ephraim B. Levy, $5,000 at 100.656, $5,000 at 100.776, $5,000 at 100.816, $5,000 at 100.916, $5,000 at 101.007.

Mrs. Eleanor S. Turney, $5,000 at 100.61.

William D. Brown, $20 at 102.

Grace A. Woodleton, $1,000 at 100.75, $1,000 at 101, $1,000 at 101.125.

Elmer E. Cooley, $10,000 at 100.63, $10,000 at 100.68, $10,000 at 100.71, $10,000 at 100.78.

L. F. Rothschild & Co., $20,000 at 100.76, $2,000 at 100.69, $20,000 at 100.63.

Arthur M. Morse, $1,000 at 102.

Minnie Lewisohn, $1,000 at 100.75.

G. T. Bonner, $101,000 at 101.125.

The average price received for the $65,000,000 of corporate city stock sold by the Controller on Tuesday is 100.747. The completed itemization, however, does not raise the income basis from 4.21. The lowest price at which an award was made was to Harvey Fisk & Sons, who, together with A. B. Leach & Co., got $2,548,730 of the bonds at 100.579. The highest price paid was 102.75, Warren A. Bedell getting $1,000 of the issue at that figure. He received an award of $4,000 more at 102.50.

The smallest award went to William D. Brown, who gets $20 of the issue at 102. The largest award is to Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who got $6,500,000 at 100.602, and $5,000,000 at 100.702. The entire issue was portioned among 265 bidders out of a total of 372. The total amount of all bids reached $265,985,870.

$100,000 FOR COOPER UNION.

Henry Iden Remembered Many Institutions in His Will.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 8.—Following the example of his father, who died about a year ago leaving a large part of his estate, valued at several million dollars, to charity and the men in his employ, Henry Iden of Pelham Manor, who died on Sunday and whose will was filed for probate with Surrogate Millard here to-day, left a large part of his million-dollar estate to New York institutions.

Mr. Iden was a manufacturer of brass and bronze chandeliers and electroliers in New York. He leaves his paintings and bric-a-brac to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. To his widow he leaves $15,000 in lieu of all dower rights. The other bequests, which include the disposition of a large trust fund left by his father, are: Cooper Union, for the Advancement of Science and Art, $100,000; New York Zoological Society, $10,000; New York Botanical Garden, $10,000; American Museum of Natural History, $10,000; New York Society for the Relief of Ruptured and Crippled Persons, $10,000; New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, $10,000.

Louis and Amalia Heinzle will receive $2,500 each; Henry Amrhein, $10,000; Louis Hartman and Max Goldmick, $2,500 each; Henry C. Greve, $1,000; Frederick A. Lambert, $50,000; Victor Dellert of Buffalo, $10,000; his nephew, Henry Iden Ottmann, $100,000; the children of his niece, Elsa Hondern, $100,000, to be divided equally, and a like bequest to the children of his niece, Frieda Lynch.

The residue of the estate is divided, one third to Henry Iden Ottmann and one third each to the children of Elsa Hondern, and Frieda Lynch.

WIFE FOR REVENGE BETRAYS GEM THIEVES

Deserted by Husband, She Causes His Arrest with Two Others for Stealing Jewels.

ANOTHER WIFE'S CLUE

Lavish Display of Ornaments Fastens Suspicion on One of the Men Who Robbed Cincinnati Jeweler.

Three men are under arrest, one in New Orleans, another in Atlanta, Ga., and a third in Mount Vernon, for the theft of two trunks containing $29,500 worth of jewelry belonging to S. & S. H. Gilsey, jewelers, of Cincinnati, which disappeared on April 17 on the way from the Hotel Piedmont in Atlanta to the railroad station. The captures were made by Pinkerton detectives, who have recovered nearly all of the stolen jewelry.

In the cases of two of the men it was their wives who directed suspicion against them, one by her fondness for displaying jewelry, the other by openly aiding the detectives to revenge herself upon her husband, who left her three months ago. The third man was suspected because of his association with the others.

George Kaul, now held without bail in Mount Vernon, owes his capture to his wife's desire for vengeance. He was arrested late Tuesday night in the home of his cousin, Arthur Von Gastel of 161 Eleventh Avenue, Mount Vernon, whither Mrs. Kaul had directed the detectives. Otis Ruddy, who is said to be a member of a good family in Georgia, was arrested in New Orleans where the jewels displayed by his wife discovered him to the detectives. According to the Pinkertons they recovered $11,000 worth of the jewels in Kaul's rooms in Atlanta and some $10,000 worth which were worn by Ruddy and his wife, the latter a young divorcee whom Ruddy recently married. George Wren, the third member of the band, was arrested in Birmingham, Ala., and taken back to Atlanta by the Pinkertons.

Kaul confessed yesterday in Mount Vernon that visions of affluence and a life of gayety in Broadway had led him to take part in the theft.

"I have worked hard all my life," declared Kaul, "and I wanted a chance to see New York and Broadway. I wanted to live like a millionaire and know a few chorus girls, if it was only for a week. I knew Mr. Gilsey had a lot of jewelry, and the temptation was too much."

It was Sol Gilsey, a member of the jewelry firm, who had the trunks filled with gems. He had stopped at the Hotel Piedmont, where he always stopped on his trips to Atlanta, and on starting for home gave orders to have his trunks removed to the station. He did not accompany them on the express wagon despite the value of their contents.

Ruddy, Kaul, and Wren were all employed in the hotel and knew of the gems; Kaul, it is said, because he bought a small article of jewelry from Mr. Gilsey. They planned the robbery, Kaul confessed, and executed it this way:

When the express wagon with the trunks was on the way to the station two young men stopped it and asked the driver to go to an office building on the way and take a couple of heavy grips to the station. The driver consented and pulled up in front of the building. He accompanied the young men inside and upstairs to an office on the fifth floor, which was found locked. The young men declared the grips were inside, and asked the expressman to wait while they got the janitor to open the office. The driver waited for several minutes and then went downstairs to find his wagon gone.

The jewelry firm, a member of the Jewelers' Protective Union, turned the case over to the Pinkertons, who finally traced the express wagon to Kaul's home in Atlanta, and found some of the jewels there. They learned of the intimacy of Kaul, Wren, and Ruddy, and also that the three had left Atlanta the day of the robbery.

From then until Tuesday detectives had been on the trail of all the men. In addition to the three whom they accuse of the robbery they also arrested a negro drayman and a man who represented himself as a half-brother of Kaul's, and who appeared last week in Atlanta, the detectives believed, to look out for the jewels which Kaul had hidden there.

No Drink is More Wholesome than Good, Pale Beer! And No Other Beer is so Delicious as

Imperial Gold Label Beer

Bottled only by the Brewers, Beadleston & Woers, New York. Order from any dealer.

It is Clear, Bright, Sparkling, Snappy, Satisfying!

Stewart Hartshorn

If Your Roller Bears This Signature

you know you have the best that over 60 years of shade roller-making can produce.

No annoying, jerking and pulling on a window-shade attached to a

HARTSHORN Shade Roller

The spring *always* works right. It's thoroughly tested before it leaves the factory.

"The Improved" shade roller requires no tacks. The shade is held firmly in place and cannot be torn off.

Wood or Tin Rollers *All Dealers*

Look for the Hartshorn Signature

Established 80 years

Balch Price Fur Storage

Costs 2%

Absolute Safety
Perfect Care

Telephone 5900 Main

Balch Price & Co.

Fulton & Smith Sts., Brooklyn

15 minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

How Long did your last Pair of Shoes Wear?

THE average "life" of good Automobile Tires is about 4,000 miles.

The average life of $4.00 to $5.00 Shoes is about *1280 hours* of *Continuous Wear*. This, *before* the Upper leather *breaks*, or the Outsole *wears* through.

—Representing about 3 Months' *every-day Wear*, of about 14 hours per day.

So, — to arrive at the true Cost of *average* Fine Shoes just divide 1280 Hours (or 3 Months) *Continuous* Wear into their *price*.

If you paid $4.00 you will thus find a (pre-repair) *

¶ When the late Mr. Mohammed thundered with rage because the mountain could not be brought to him, he sensibly made up his mind to go to the mountain.
We cannot bring our factory to you, but if you want to see one of the most admirably equipt "Printoriums" in this country, just drop in on us some day. Or perhaps you'd rather have one of our men call on you first.
Good! Phone Worth 3792.
CORLIES, MACY & CO.
Printers and Lithographers
441 Pearl St. Phone, Worth 3792
Send for Monthly Magazine.

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."

Hold Up
The Sagging Muscles
of your foot with the friendly help of the Coward Arch Support Shoe.
Made on correct anatomical and orthopedic principles, to relieve and strengthen weak ankles, broken arch and "flat-foot."
Coward Arch Support Shoe and CowardExtensionHeel, have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years,
SOLD NOWHERE ELSE
JAMES S. COWARD
264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(NEAR WARREN STREET)
Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

Vaughan's Lawn Seed
Clean, bright, vital seeds of best lawn producing kinds are now in the hands of those who secured these at harvest time from the Kentucky and Illinois grass seed growers. We annually protect our customers in this way.
Most low-priced lawn-mixtures, whether sold by seed dealers, department stores or grocers, are made up of Canadian seed or English fescues, and chaff (no vitality) to give bulk. One department store did not use a pound of true Kentucky seed last year and could sell their low-cost mixtures at 25 cents per pound at a big profit.
OUR LAWN SEED MIXTURES, sold by weight only, contain Kentucky Blue Grass with extra clean seed of those kinds which make an ideal lawn.
Ours are the best permanent mixtures. They make a close, velvety turf. No foul seeds; no weeds. New crop and sure to grow. Two mixtures:
"CENTRAL PARK" and "COLUMBIAN" (for shade)
Per lb., 30c.; 5 lbs., $1.35; 15 lbs., $3.95.
Vaughan's Seeds 25 Barclay Street
Catalogue Free

SUMMER CAMPS
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
See the Camp Advertisements appearing in the New York Evening Post on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
Send stamp for the new "Camp Directory." How old is your boy or girl? How much can you afford to pay? Have you any preference as to section or kind of camp? Give us these facts and we shall be glad to advise you.
The Evening Post
20 Vesey Street, New York City

Gilbey's SPEY-ROYAL ALL SCOTCH WHISKY
It's ALL Scotch and ALL 10 years old.

CARPET CLEANSING
By Compressed Air in Fire-Proof Building.
FIRE-PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods.
T. M. STEWART
438-442 WEST 51 ST.
Formerly 326 7th Ave. Founded in 1863.
RING UP 3367 COLUMBUS

STOWAWAY, CAUGHT, GULPS DOWN POISON

And Though It Was Enough to Kill Sixteen He Is Promptly Saved.

SAID HE WAS A VICOMTE

Also a Spanish General, but Took It All Back When the Tagus's Purser Cornered Him.

The purser's office on the Royal Mail steam packet Tagus, which arrived yesterday afternoon from Southampton via the West Indies, was the scene of a little drama on Tuesday morning. A Spanish adventurer, rather than face the New York police, tried to end it all with poison, but was saved by the ship's surgeon.

When the Tagus left Kingston last Friday for Antilla, Cuba, and New York, the deck steward reported to Purser F. G. Bennett that there was a well-dressed foreign-looking gentleman walking about the promenade deck and dodging behind the deck houses and ventilators every time he tried to collect his ticket. He was a tall, slimly built man, with iron gray hair, mustache and beard. He wore a broad Venezuelan sombrero and a blue suit.

He did not make any attempt to take dinner in the saloon at 7 o'clock, when the Tagus was well on her way to Antilla, but at 8:30 he was cornered by the purser, to whom he gave his name as Vicomte José del Bart, and his profession as a General in the Spanish Army. He'd led the forces in Cuba in the Spanish-American war, in fact.

"I do not care about money," he remarked, "and have left my ticket behind in the Royal Mail office at Kingston, but I will pay the first-class fare to Antilla and get it refunded later."

The purser suggested that he could send a wireless message at small cost to Kingston, and then he would not have to pay his fare. To this the Vicomte demurred, as, he politely pointed out, the office would be closed, and he said, on second thought, that his ticket must be in his trunk, of which Charles Hay, a first cabin passenger from Colon to Antilla, had the key. Mr. Bennett sent for Mr. Hay, who stated that he had met the Spaniard on the steamer coming from Guayaquil to Panama, and that he had fastened himself upon him until they separated in Colon.

"On the day the Tagus left Kingston," said Mr. Hay, "this man came to me at the Myrtle Bank Hotel and said he had been robbed of £50 in gold, and would I let him have enough to pay his bill until we reached Antilla, where he said he had ample funds from his estates. I paid the money to get rid of him because I was afraid of his continually dogging my footsteps, as I had a letter of credit for a large amount in my possession, and if he is allowed to land in Antilla I must get police protection."

Trapped, He Takes Poison.

After listening to what Mr. Hay had to say, Purser Bennett turned to the Spaniard and said:

"You are not a Vicomte nor a General, but just a common stowaway, and I shall send you down to the third class to be locked up until we arrive at Antilla."

On Saturday the purser pretended that he had sent a wireless message to the Kingston office and told the stowaway that they knew nothing of him.

"Then he owned up," Mr. Bennett told a TIMES reporter yesterday, "and admitted that his name was plain José Bart and that he had no money.

"On arrival at Antilla the Cuban officials refused to allow him to land, and we had to bring him on to New York. Yesterday morning I sent for the stowaway to be brought to my cabin from the third-class hospital, where he was being detained.

"I told him that he must answer my questions regarding himself for the United States immigration officials, and if he refused I should hand him over to the police on arrival in New York. He said he was from Chile, but I said I believed he was a Spaniard. After I had finished putting down the particulars the man turned to me and asked whom I was going to give the information to, and I replied briefly that it was for the New York police.

"'Too late, too late,' he exclaimed dramatically, and raised a bottle to his mouth, which he emptied, and fled from my cabin. I rang the bell and sent a steward to bring the ship's surgeon, Dr. Rose, and told another steward to get two able seamen and bring them aft. Within five minutes Bart was being held down on his bed in the hospital by the A. B.'s while the doctor filled him full of hot mustard, which saved him from the effects of the poison before it had time to do any harm. He had taken an ounce of digitalis, enough to kill sixteen men.

"He appeared to be none the worse for his attempted suicide, and we sent him this afternoon to Ellis Island. He will remain there until Saturday, when we shall take him back to Kingston."

Mr. Bennett said that as they had very little time in port, the mysterious Spanish stowaway would probably be let go free in Jamaica. He believed the man had followed Mr. Hay from Guayaquil to get money from him.

Just Missed Taking Titanic.

W. L. Wallace, a lumber man from Chicago, who was on the Tagus with his wife, has just returned from a long trip through Asia Minor and Persia. His wife crossed in the Olympic to meet him in London, and paid $50 deposit on two tickets for the Titanic. When Mr. Wallace arrived there he said that he had made up his mind to see the Panama Canal on his way home, and the $50 was forfeited. The Tagus left Southampton the same time as the Titanic and followed her in to Cherbourg.

On the homeward passage of the Tagus two bank robbers were caught at Kingston who had stolen $30,000 in Cuba and embarked at Antilla. The Chief of Police at Havana cabled to Kingston, and they were arrested on board and searched in the purser's cabin, where the money was found wrapped around their waists.

WALDO AND THE JUDGES.

Cannot Expect Betterment Under Conditions, He Writes Mayor.

Police Commissioner Waldo wrote to Mayor Gaynor yesterday, complaining that the courts during the past four months have freed on suspended sentences seventy-five men, who had been convicted of burglary. The letter, which was the result of a complaint from a citizen to the Mayor, reads:

Hon. William J. Gaynor, Mayor, New York City, City Hall, New York.
Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of May 6, inclosing communication from Mr. Marshall M. Ferguson, complaining of burglaries in his vicinity. I have directed that this matter be given special attention.
In the first four months of this year the courts have liberated on suspended sentences seventy-five men who had been convicted of burglary. I do not think, under these conditions, we can expect any great betterment in present conditions. Very respectfully,
R. WALDO, Police Commissioner.

At the Mayor's Office it was stated that no memorandum of Mr. Ferguson's address had been kept. In the City Directory the name, Marshall M. Ferguson, clerk, appears with the address, 145 West 127th Street.

Reform Club Plans a Tariff Dinner.

The Reform Club is to hold a public dinner at the Hotel Astor next Saturday evening to which have been invited Gov. Wilson, Senator Gore, Charles S. Hamlin, and Congressman Henry George, Jr. Gov. Wilson will speak on "The Tariff Make-Believe." The Reform Club took an active part in the tariff campaign of 1890 and 1892, and feels that it has again become imperative that it take the field in another aggressive campaign. Reservations for the dinner may be made through Louis Windmuller, Treasurer, 9 South William Street. The dinner will be $5 a plate.

'WATCH YOUR STEP' SET UP IN DEFENSE

To $100,000 Suit of Dancer Who Fell Into Gap Between Subway Train and Platform.

ONE LEG MADE SHORTER

Existence of Station Curves Constitutes Permanent Negligence, She Contends—Her Case a Test.

A suit for $100,000 damages for personal injuries, brought by Miss Mary L. Harris Morton against the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, went to trial yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Giegerich. Miss Morton, who was hurt by falling between a train and the platform at the Fourteenth Street Subway Station, contends that the open spaces between the trains and the platforms at Subway stations constitute permanent negligence on the part of the Interborough, independent of the fact that warnings of "Watch your step" are shouted to passengers. Lawyers consider this an important case.

Although a number of suits have been begun against the Interborough for injuries sustained in falling through the gaps between car and station platforms, most of them have been settled out of court, and prior to the case of Mary L. Harris Morton there has been no final judgment on the contention of many lawyers that any person who is hurt because of these open spaces may recover damages, regardless of the vigilance of the attendants with their cries of "Watch your step."

Miss Morton was a theatrical dancer prior to her injury. She alighted from an uptown express train at Fourteenth Street on Feb. 2, 1910. There were a number of persons directly before and behind her, so that she did not see the open space, and did not have time to look where she was stepping. Ignorant of the conditions in the Subway, she stepped with her full weight into the gap, and the crowd pressing on behind her made it impossible for her to recover herself, she says.

As a result of her accident she alleges that she has been permanently injured, and that her left leg is an inch shorter than her right one. This fact has forced her to give up dancing, in which at the time she was making $100 a week, with prospects of advancement.

The defense of the Interborough is that the guard and the attendant were continuously warning the passengers with their cries of "Watch your step" at the time of the accident; and that all practical preventives of such mishaps were exhausted. Gibbons & Denis, attorneys for Miss Morton, deny that their client was warned, but hold that the presence of the open space convicts the Interborough of maintaining a permanent nuisance, regardless of the oral warning.

Justice Giegerich, in commenting on the case, declared that it would doubtless create a precedent of great importance in disposing of similar accident cases which will arise in the future.

Annual Meeting of County Lawyers.

Charles Strauss, Secretary of the New York County Lawyers' Association, has sent out a call for the annual meeting of the association this evening at the Hotel Astor. Officers will be elected at the meeting. The association will also discuss the Constitutional amendments in relation to employers' liability and industrial insurance. The Board of Directors disapproved in the legislative session of proposed Constitutional amendments providing for the popular recall of elective officers and prohibiting courts and judges from declaring legislative enactments unconstitutional.

GAMBLERS RESIST RAID.

Throw Furniture at Detectives Who Enter Resort in St. Mark's Place.

Lieut. Becker and nine members of the "Strong Arm" squad drove up to 6 St. Mark's Place yesterday afternoon in a moving van, sprang from it, and ran up to the second floor of the house, where they found themselves confronted by an iron-clad door. While they battered at this with axes several shots were fired from inside the room and the detectives fired back. No one was hit.

The door proved so formidable that some of the detectives went to the back of the house and from a one-story extension attacked the iron bars across a window on the second floor. Detective John Bowers was the first man to enter the room when these bars yielded, and he was the target for chairs and everything else in the room which could be thrown. Two hundred men were inside.

Detectives James Pritchard and John D. O'Connor were cut and bruised by missiles, but they backed the crowd up at the point of revolvers and arrested seven of the nine men for whom they held warrants. They cleared the room of a large lot of racing charts and other gambling appliances.

In a room on the third floor the detectives found fifty more men whose escape had been cut off by the presence of the police on the floor below. The seven prisoners were locked up in the East Fifth Street station house.

PATRIOTISM HIS ONLY FAULT.

Would-Be Citizen Would Fight for Italy Against Us.

An Italian named Giuseppe Farnio failed to obtain his naturalization papers yesterday because of his persistent patriotism.

Farnio had satfactorily answered all questions put to him before Justice Erlanger.

"In case of a war between Italy and the United States," said the clerk, "for which country would you fight?"

The Italian hesitated not a moment.

"For Italy," he exclaimed. And his papers were withdrawn.

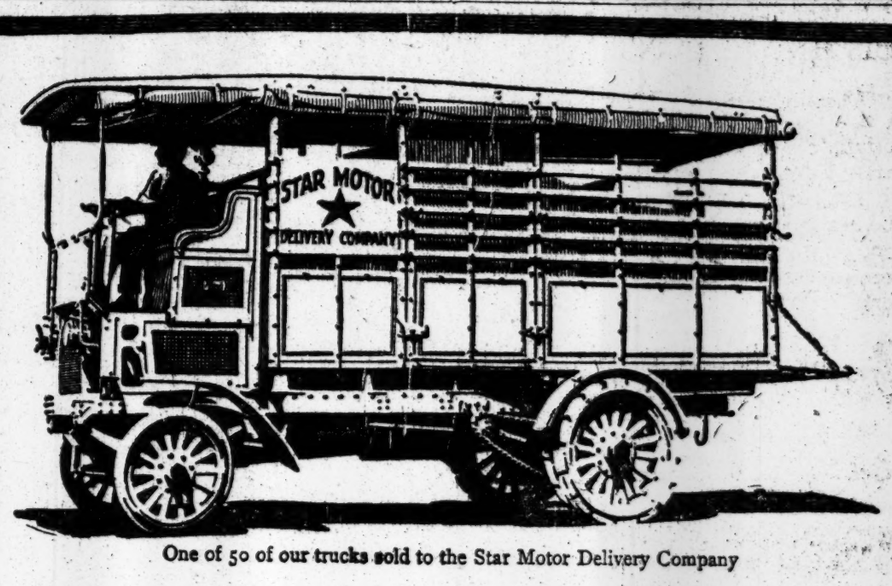
SUES FRENCH BANKING FIRM.

Richard Kaufman Claims $806,000 Share in $10,000,000 Deal.

Papers will be filed here to-day in a suit for $806,000 against the French banking house of Gubbay & Co. Richard Kaufman, the plaintiff, has already obtained an attachment for that amount for the reason that the French firm, although owning American bonds, has no office or representative in this country.

Mr. Kaufman contends that he bought for the Gubbay firm $10,000,000 worth of property in Brazil. This consisted of rubber plantations in Para, railroads, steamships, and the rights of the exporting firm of Patoons & Co. in Brazil.

A ten-million-dollar bond issue was financed and secured by the Carnegie Trust Company, and Kaufman claims as his share in the transaction $806,000. Last September an attachment was issued in this county and judgment was entered. Up to the present no defense has been filed by the French firm. Louis Levy is the attorney for Mr. Kaufman.



One of 50 of our trucks sold to the Star Motor Delivery Company

Mack Saurer Hewitt
Proved by 12 years of real service
Proved by 17 years of real service
Proved by 10 years of real service
"Leading gasoline trucks of the world"

The **Star Motor Delivery Company** of Chicago, just entering upon large transportation plans in Chicago, has placed an initial order for 50 of our trucks, after a most thorough investigation covering the entire motor truck field.

The **City Fuel Company** of Chicago, large wholesale and retail coal merchants, after a similar investigation, covering two years of experiments and tests, has bought 25 of our trucks.

The **Porto Rico Motor Company**, providing transportation between various parts of the island, has bought an initial equipment of 30 of our trucks.

The **Russian Government**, after experimenting with and testing the best European and American trucks, has ordered 125 of ours for use in the War Department.

The **Bavarian Government** uses 40 of our trucks for transporting mail over the Alps.

The **French Government** has subsidized the Saurer Truck for the past five years as auxiliary equipment for its War Department.

The **Swiss Government** is using 60 of our trucks for mail.

Six thousand of our trucks are in daily use, in America and Europe—over nine hundred in Chicago and New York alone.

Following are some important business concerns in the United States and the number of our trucks they have at present:

New York Telephone Company	33	Otis Elevator Company	3
Western Electric Company	62	Joseph Dixon Crucible Company	9
The Fair (Dept Store), Chicago	13	Texas Company (Oil)	53
Colgate & Company	22	Ward Bread Company	27
Burns Bros (Coal) New York	21	H B Claflin Co (Wholesale Dry Goods)	15
United Dressed Beef Co	8	Wm Peter Brewing Co, Union Hill N J	9
Kirkman & Sons (Soap)	11	R H Macy & Co (Dept Store)	5
National Lead Company	8	Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore	11
Schultz Bread Co	11	Alms & Doepke Co (Dept Store), Cincinnati	9
Freihofer Vienna Baking Co	11	Livermore Warehouse, San Francisco	10
National Silk Dyeing and Finishing Co	5	American Tobacco Co	6
James McCreery Co (Dept Store)	9	Arbogast & Bastian Co (Dressed Beef)	5
Pittsburgh Construction Company	5	Jacob Ruppert Brewing Co	6
Pioneer Storage Warehouses, Brooklyn	4	Rothschild Co (Dept Store) Chicago	6
Botany Worsted Mills, Paterson, N J	4	Uintah Railway Co, Colorado	5
J. F. Weissner & Sons Brewing Company, Baltimore	5	Keystone State Construction Co	4
Stearns Lumber Company, Boston	3	Pioneer Trucking Company, San Diego, Cal	12
Vancouver Brewery Company, Vancouver B C	6	Baltimore Fire Department	5
		Baldwin Locomotive Works	4

Among other users are:

A B See Electric Elevator Company
Liquid Carbonic Company
Aeolian Company
Illinois Steel Company
Wrisley Soap Works, Chicago
Cobb, Bates and Yerxa (Wholesale Grocers), Boston
Staples Coal Company, Boston
Pabst Brewing Company
W C Brown (Pres N Y Central), Country Estate
Marshall Field Company, Chicago (Dept Store)
Elbert Hubbard
City of Rutland
Anheuser Busch Brewing Association
Hodgman Rubber Company
Pennsylvania Railroad
Empire State Dairy Company
Wilkesbarre Lace Mfg Company
Wm Knabe & Company
Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company, San Francisco
Walter M Lowney & Co, Boston
Pratt Mfg Company, Boston (Stoves and Ranges)
Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Co
New York Fire Department
E C Converse (Banker), Country Estate
U G I Company (Gas)
Atlantic Refining Company
Borden Condensed Milk Company
Hartford Rubber Works
John D Rockefeller, Country Estate

Can you afford to settle your transportation question without consulting the organization which has such endorsement?

We offer you the same proof, the same equipment and the same facilities that led these largest truck-users in the world to adopt our trucks, and to re-order them.

1. The proof of wearing qualities and investment value afforded by years of profitable use.

2. Perfect adjustment to your needs. Trucks of 1, 1½, 2, 3, 4, 4½, 5, 6½, 7½ and 10 ton capacities, with every style of body.

Send for our literature and data as applied to your business.

International Motor Company
57th and Broadway
General Offices: New York Works: Allentown Pa; Plainfield N J
Sales and service stations in all large cities

Making Dollars From Jingles

We want a lot of Jingles for a book.
$1000.00 will be paid for suitable ones received in May, 1912.
Plenty of fun for Girls, Boys, Women and Men.

A COMPLETE JINGLE
(As an example only.)
Little Jack Horner, so the story goes,
Sitting in the corner, what do you suppose,
Didn't have plum pudding, didn't cry for pies,
Had a bowl of Toasties of enormous size.

FINISH THIS JINGLE
If a body meet a body coming thru the corn,
If a body greet a body on a sunny morn,
Could a body tell a body nice and soft and sweet,
.....
(Fill in this line, mentioning Toasties and write plainly.)

Sign here—
Name.....Date.....
Street and Number .....
City.....State.....
Cut out this coupon and mail to
Jingle Dept. 566, POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

We will buy 50 Post Toasties Jingles, acceptable for use in a Jingle Book, received during May, 1912, at $20.00 each.

Only the Jingles we pay for will be used.

There will be 50 Jingles purchased and the names and addresses of the writers will be printed and mailed to each enquirer who sends us a 1c stamped and addressed envelope for return.

The Jingles will be judged honestly upon merit, so if you are a sensitive person and not a good sportsman don't try, for we have no time to "pet up" those whose Jingles are not accpted.

Fill in the missing line of the incomplete Jingle printed above, making the last line include the name "Toasties," with correct rhyme and metre.

Or write an original Post Toasties Jingle of not less than 4 lines, any line of which must contain "Post Toasties" or "Toasties."

As many Jingles may be submitted as desired.

It's pleasant recreation and we all get some good from it, besides it may result in your joining the army of users of

Post Toasties
—the delicious food made of crisp, delicately browned bits of corn.
With milk or cream it is not easily forgotten.

Smoke Talk No. 8

When 11 A.M. feels like 11 P.M.

All-Havana cigars knock all that glorious early morning exuberance out of a man. Confine your morning smoking to cigars of mild Havana and domestic blend and you will have more ginger for the day's work.

Robt. Burns

MILD 10c CIGAR

Get the Special size.

Ask your Doctor

We want to upset any impression which may have gained currency that we've come to be a high priced house.

Perhaps we've talked a good deal about our Scotch Tweeds and English Woolens; perhaps the fact that our stores are so roomy and well equipped has helped the idea.

Fact is, there's every reason why men of modest purse should wear our clothing.

It's not cheap clothing, but it's mighty economical.

In the first place, you're absolutely sure of satisfaction—to-day as always everything goes out with the understanding that you will bring it back and get your money back if it doesn't wear to your satisfaction.

No man has yet been "stuck" with anything bought from us, if he let us know his trouble.

A policy like that means Quality in every detail of every garment.

Yet our prices are always moderate.

The policy of satisfaction has brought us so large a business that we buy our great quantities of woolens direct from the mills, manufacture on a very large scale, and continue to give greater values dollar for dollar than are possible for smaller dealers.

And though like most men we like to talk of our richest and handsomest possessions, like the suits of imported woolens—the bed rock of our business and the object of our greatest care is still the suits at $25 or less.

Spring suits, $18 to $48.

Everything men and boys wear.

The Sporting Goods they play with.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Hollender's Pilsner

THE FIRST PILSNER IMPORTED
BREWED BY ACTIEN BRAUEREI

Purveyors To The Imperial Court
(Kaiser's Table Beer)

Positively the "BEST" PILSNER Imported.

MARTIN RIDICULES NEW SCHOOL PLANS

Tells Board the $10,000,000 Building Report Is Like Opera Bouffe.

SENT BACK FOR REVISION

Richmond Members Complain That High Schools There Are Neglected to City's Shame.

Commissioner John Martin started a lively discussion at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Education by moving to refer back to the Committee on Buildings its estimate of the corporate stock requirements for new school buildings and additions for the year beginning July 1, 1912.

"It's a $10,000,000 plan," he said, and he then proposed five changes in it. The first was that the committee should outline a plan whereby every new school would have a full time seat for every pupil; second, that the appropriation of $296,000 for parental schools, &c., be omitted; third, that the Auditor be directed to report for each new school the number of its pupils; fifth, that the High School requirements be better set forth.

"If we want this full time seat," he said, "let us act as if we really meant it, and not as if we were playing a bunko game. The report, as it now is, reads more like opera bouffé than serious finance. We ought to have a statistician's aid. We ought to word the report so that it will appeal to a business man as a sound business proposition."

Commissioner Patrick F. McGowan, Chairman of the Committee on Buildings, said:

"If there is any opera bouffé the gentleman is it all, and in the full limelight. The committee's report is as good as can be presented. We got our information from the Superintendent of Buildings, who is always in close touch with this subject. Would not the politicians have to go to him also for information? The real trouble is we have not enough clerical help."

Commissioner Henry P. Morrison, who, like Mr. Martin, represents Richmond Borough in the board, said that the High School requirements there were being neglected. It was a shame, he said, that such a state of things should exist in the great City of NewY ork.

Commissioner Bernard Suydam, who represents Queens Borough in the board, said that the needs of the Bryant High School and the Newtown High School were not set forth in the committee's report. Commissioner Metz in reply to Mr. Martin's statement that truancy was decreasing said that no reliance could be placd on such statistics.

"The City Superintendent," he declared, "has a sliding scale for truancy. It goes up one year and down another to suit his fancy. Truants, I believe, we will always have with us."

Commissioner McGowan said there was little aid to be expected from the Board of Aldermen. It was that body and not the Board of Estimate whose opposition had to be overcome. The Aldermen had been asked to allow the Building Bureau means to employ the eighteen clerks needed, and it had declined to do so.

It was finally decided to refer the report back to the Committee on Buildings, with the request that it consider the various suggestions offered. On motion of Commissioner Metz, President Winthrop was directed to appoint a committee of three, viz., the Chairmen of the Committees on Finance, on Buildings, and on Sites, to confer with the Board of Estimate to find out just what sum it was willing to appropriate for the corporate budget, and report back to the Board of Education at its next meeting.

There was another sharp discussion over a motion by Commissioner Jeremiah T. Mahoney that the services of no teacher, assistant to Principal, or Principal in elementary schools shall be disapproved on account of ratings, if said teacher has received no lower rating than B during the preceding three years. He said that B meant meritorious. Dr. Maxwell said it meant "barely satisfactory." One Principal's B, he said, is not as good as another Principal's B. The Board of Superintendents, he said, takes this into consideration in approving or disapproving a teacher.

Dr. Maxwell added that he had not been empowered, but had directed the Board of Superintendents to do this, and it would continue to do so if the Board of Education adopted Mr. Mahoney's resolution. Commissioner McGowan expressed his surprise at Dr. Maxwell's statement about the B mark. The motion was unanimously carried.

CALLS DIVORCE COLLUSIVE.

Mrs. Dennis Asks That Interlocutory Decree Be Set Aside.

Supreme Court Justice Gerard began hearings yesterday on the application of Mrs. Annabelle B. Dennis to have an interlocutory decree of divorce granted six weeks ago to her husband, Caivin L. Dennis, a woolen importer of 41 Union Square, set aside on the ground of collusion. The hearings will be continued Friday.

Mrs. Dennis told the court that she had consented to place herself in a compromising position on Jan. 27 at her apartment, 485 Central Park West, in order to allow her husband to get a decree. She said she had joined with him in a plan to decoy Clarin Evans of East Orange, N. J., to the apartment, and that she knew beforehnad that her husband and his friends would come to raid the apartment after Evans had arrived. This story Mr. Dennis emphatically denies.

After he got his interlocutory decree, Mrs. Dennis said that her husband had failed to live up to the agreement he had previously made to support her, and had an advertisement inserted in a Morristown, N. J., newspaper repudiating any bills she might contract. This, she said, greatly humiliated her before those among whom she had taken up her residence. She explained letters with which she was confronted yesterday on the stand by saying that she had written them as the price of having her husband return to her their child, whom he had taken at the time of the raid. These letters were written, she said, because her husband wanted to have documentary proof that the divorce was not collusive.

LOSSING PAPERS WITHDRAWN

Estate Says There Is Nothing So Far to Show Virginia's Right.

The letters in the Benson J. Lossing collection, which are claimed by the Commonwealth of Virginia, will be withdrawn from the sale of the collection to be held to-day and to-morrow, according to the statement issued yesterday by Vice President Sampson of the auction company. The statement was made after a conference between Mrs. Helen Lossing Johnson in behalf of the Lossing estate and Assistant Attorney General Davis and State Librarian McIlwaine of Virginia. This withdrawal will be maintained until the question of ownership can be definitely determined.

"It is probable," the statement says, "that the entire question will be referred to a commission selected by the representatives of the State of Virginia and the Lossing estate, and the matter thus amicably adjusted. If it should appear that the letters were originally owned by the State and were taken by unknown parties without due authority and so passed into the hands of innocent parties, the heirs of the estate will very gladly surrender these letters.

"It must be clearly understood, however, that up to the present time there is nothing to substantiate the claim of Virginia to ownership in these letters except the evidence of the letters themselves, which is not at all conclusive. In any event the matter will in all probability be amicably adjusted in accordance with the wishes of all parties concerned."

W. Gordon McCabe, President of the Virginia Historical Society, was asked by THE TIMES yesterday about Virginia's claim to the Lassing letters and documents. This answer was received from him last night:

Richmond, Va., May 8.

In reply to your telegram I will state that the Executive Committee of the Virginia Historical Society is now busily investigating the loss of so many valuable historical papers, apparently stolen from the Capitol in 1865. Virginia has of course never sold any of her original state papers or letters.

W. GORDON McCABE,
President Virginia Historical Society.

CAN'T SUE SANITARIUM.

Clifton Springs Holds Itself Not Liable for Injuries to Patient.

Hanna Dexter Buckingham, for many years the matron of the Presbyterian Hospital, began suit some time ago to recover damages from the Clifton Springs Sanitarium. She asked $50,000 damages, her complaint being that she has never been the same since she received treatment there four years ago. Alderman William D. Brush of 2 Rector Street, attorney for Miss Buckingham, filed the papers in the action a month ago, and the answer from the hospital lawyers was received yesterday. In this it states that the institution, like charitable organizations, is not liable for damages, and this will be the defense.

Miss Buckingham says that the treatment so upset her health that she has been unable to earn her living. As part of the treatment she was forced to go through various exercises and undergo vigorous massage. She protested to the physician that these exercises were affecting her in the wrong way, but he thought otherwise. A displaced vetrebra and other internal trouble she attributes to the treatment.

TURKEY'S CARE OF INJURED.

Red Crescent Society Doing Work on Battlefields Calling for Aid.

There is no Red Cross Society in the Ottoman Empire, but there is the Ottoman Red Crescent Society, which serves the same purpose. Shortly before the Russo-Turkish war in 1877 the Red Crescent Society was started, and took good care of the sick and injured in that war, as well as in wars that followed.

A. M. Shah Mir Effendi, Turkish Vice Consul at New York, said yesterday that there are at present 2,500 injured Italian soldiers under the care of the Red Crescent Society in Tripoli, and that the society was sorely in need of funds. In order to help carry on the good work a branch of the organization has been started in the United States, with the Turkish Ambassador at Washington, D. C., Yossouf Zia Pacha, as Honorary President. Other officers are: Hon. Vice President, Consul General Djelal Munif Bey; Oscar Straus, former Secretary of Commerce and Labor and former United States Ambassador to Turkey; N. A. Makarziel, editor of the Arabic newspaper in New York, Al-Hoda; Prof. Richard Gotthell of Columbia University, Dr. Henry Moskovitz of the Ethical Culture Society, N. A. Tadross, and Leon Zolotkoff, editor of The Jewish Daily News.

HUSBAND SOON REWED.

Mrs. Hertler Disappeared to Test His Love—Wants Marriage Revoked.

Justice Cohalan heard the case of Mrs. Justina Hertler yesterday, who asked to have her marriage to Frank Hertler of New Jersey declared void.

Mrs. Hertler told the Court through her attorney, George C. D'Arcy, that she had decided to disappear, several years ago, in order to test the affection of her husband. They lived at the time in Guttenburg, N. J., she said. One day, Mrs. Hertler testified, she went to a nearby lake, disrobed, and put her clothing upon a rock, reclothed herself, and struck across country to the nearest railroad station. Her clothes were discovered, and the police decided that she had been drowned.

But the husband mourned his missing wife for just one month, and then married a young woman who lived in the Bronx, Mrs. Hertler told the Court. There the original Mrs. Hertler found them, living with her own children. The husband did not enter a defense, and Justice Cohalan reserved his decision.

DOCTOR AGAINST VAN NESS.

His Physician in 1905 Says He Suffered from Senile Dementia.

Surrogate Fowler resumed hearings yesterday on the contested will of Cornelius H. Van Ness, the wealthy Cornwall landholder, who left the bulk of his estate to his third wife, Alice Wood Van Ness. Contrary to expectations, the case for the contestants, led by Mrs. Alice Van Ness Parsons, a daughter of Mr. Van Ness's first wife, who was cut off with a small legacy, was not finished yesterday, and will go on to-day.

Dr. J. P. Thornley of the Hotel Ansonia testified that he had treated Mr. Van Ness in 1905 and believed that he suffered from senile dementia. Dr. Thornley's cross-examination brought out that Mrs. Van Ness had discontinued his services because she considered his fees too high and wanted medical attendance at monthly rates, which he refused to furnish. Mrs. Van Ness, he said, had not spoken to him since she notified him in June, 1906, that she had engaged Dr. E. C. Schultz to attend her husband.

RUSH FUND NOW $1,446.

Two More Subscriptions on Account of Fire Chief Who Was Killed.

The fund for the family of Battalion Chief John Rush was added to yesterday by two subscribtions, amounting to $15. Rush was killed two weks ago when his horse ran away, and the fund is being raised by ex-Chief Croker of the Fire Department. The sum is now $1,446.

These subscriptions were received yesterday:

David Neuberger, 302 Broadway.....$10
Henry Wollman, 20 Broad Street..... 5

Other subscriptions may be sent to Mr. Croker at the office of the Croker National Fire Prevention Engineering Company, Fifth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street.

PLAN WAR MEMORIAL TO NORTHERN WOMEN

Loyal Legion and Red Cross Join in Movement to Build Home in Washington.

INDORSED BY THE PRESIDENT

$150,000 of the Fund Has Already Been Raised—Bill In Congress to Provide a Site.

Delegates to the International Red Cross Conference, now in session at Washington, D. C., are pushing the plan of the Loyal Legion to erect in Washington a memorial to the women of the North who rendered conspicuous service to their country during the civil war, the memorial to take the form of a home in Washington for the American National Red Cross.

The idea was first suggested by New York Commandery of the Loyal Legion, and a Congressional bill was drafted embracing the principal plans for the memorial. To forward the proposal a Committee on Ways and Means was named, consisting of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, Gen. J. Fred Pierson, Major J. Langdon Ward, Lieut. Loyall Farragut, Lieut. Thomas Sturgis, and Capt. James A. Scrymser, the latter acting as Chairman.

The committee arranged with the Red Cross for that organization to take charge of the legislation necessary, while the Loyal Legion raised funds.

President Taft, who is also President of the American Red Cross, sent this letter to Chairman Scrymser indorsing the movement:

Dear Capt. Scrymser:

I most heartily approve of the project of the Commandery of the State of New York of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States to build in the City of Washington a National monument to the memory of the loyal women of the civil war, which shall become in perpetuity the headquarters of the American National Red Cross.

Memorials to the men of the civil war are prominent throughout the country, and shall our people be less grateful to the women who labored at home, on the battlefield, and in the hospitals with a patriotic devotion unexcelled, and who, in giving those they loved, made even a greater sacrifice?

What better monument could we build to those noble women than a building at the National capital to perpetuate their heroic effort to relieve the human suffering which inevitably follows war or any great calamity, and which found its first expression in the great Sanitary Commission of our civil war? For it was on women's initiative that this Sanitary Commission was inaugurated, and its success was largely due to their tireless efforts. The splendid work of this American organization was recognized by the Convention of Geneva in 1804, when the International Red Cross Treaty was enacted.

Upon the American Red Cross has fallen the mantle of the Sanitary Commission. The loyal and patriotic spirit of the women to whom this memorial is built will be forever perpetuated in the humane work of the Red Cross, to which they gave the initial impulse.

As President Lincoln so truly said, "If all that has been said by orators and poets since the creation of the world in praise of women were applied to the women of America, it would not do them justice for their conduct during the war."

I wish the project the success it deserves.

Very truly yours,
WM. H. TAFT.

In the bill introduced in Congress to provide a site for the building it is provided that none of the appropriation called for is to become available until the New York Commandery of the Loyal Legion has raised by private subscription the sum of $300,000.

The Ways and Means Committee has now raised more than $150,000 and is conducting an active campaign for subscriptions from the office of its Treasurer, John L. Merrill, at 66 Broadway. Delegates to the Red Cross convention, who are taking a special interest in the matter, expressed their confidence yesterday that the Congressional committees will report the bill favorably during the coming session, and that it will be placed on the calender for action at the next session.

JAPAN GIFT TO RED CROSS.

Empress Sends $50,000 for Relief Work in Time of Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Surgeons General of the Army and the Navy, George H. Torney and Charles F. Stokes, respectively, contributed the principal papers at to-day's session of the Red Cross Conference. Gen. Torney spoke at the morning session on the application of the law passed at the present session of Congress relative to the transportation and subsistence of Red Cross nurses and physicians in time of war, while Gen. Stokes opened the afternoon session with a paper along the same lines as regards the efficiency of the organization in naval warfare.

Lieut. Col. D. R. Johaan Steiner of the Austro-Hungarian Army, and Major de Marvel of Switzerland gave valuable suggestions on the matter of drilling Red Cross recruits in their respective countries, a matter in which America is less well trained than are most of the European countries.

Major Gen. George W. Davis for the United States, with the delegates from Austria-Hungary, Switzerland, Norway, Greece, Cuba, Sweden, and the Argentine, made reports on the effort to prevent the abuse of the Red Cross insignia.

In the announcement of the Empress's gift was the declaration of her belief that "if the Red Cross Societies of various nations help each other in the work of relief in time of peace, these nations will naturally come into more and more friendly relation with one another, thus realizing the aim and principle of the Red Cross."

Applause greeted the announcement of the gift.

Luncheon was served to the delegates in the Pan-American Union Building. This evening Miss Mabel Boardman gave a reception at her parent's home on Du Pont Circle complimentary to the delegates.

Why It Wears Longer

No one now questions the superiority of Linen Mesh Underwear for health, comfort, etc. All physicians agree. Now, its construction is such as to add greatly to its wearing qualities.

Kneipp Linen Mesh Underwear

has an open weave which goes next to the body and gives the pores the air they demand to rid the body of its impurities. On the outside is a smoother weave, which is not worn by friction with the outer clothing. This double construction entirely prevents the rapid weakening of fabric unavoidable with an open outside weave. It is an exclusive feature of KNEIPP LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR.

Flat Weave Pure Linen Underwear is a popular priced Summer Underwear equal in style, finish and reliability to the famous Kneipp. It is cut to fit.

KNEIPP LINEN MESH CO.
40 E. 19th St., New York.

For Sale in New York by
Brooks Bros., Kaskel & Kaskel, W. A. McLaughlin, Gimbel Bros., Jas. McCreery & Co., Lord & Taylor, Simpson Crawford Co., Chas. Young, John Forsythe, Louis Heller, Spies & Long, Jackman & Gewehr, H. K. Bourne, D. E. Duclos.

Franklin

Eighteen
G Runabout

Ease of handling in city streets is a big factor with this model—and it is a small runabout of the highest quality.

Franklin air cooling eliminates complication and gives trouble-free service summer and winter. For the doctor, the G runabout offers advantages that can be found in no other small car.

Sixteen hundred and fifty dollars

Franklin Motor Car Company
GLENN A. TISDALE, Manager,
Broadway, Amsterdam Ave. & 73d St.,
New York City.
Bridgeport, Conn., Arthur L. Clark; Kingston, N. Y., Forsyth & Davis; Newburgh, N. Y., George Mason; Patterson, N. Y., A. L. Newcomb; Paterson, N. J., Hughes Garage Co.; Newark, N. J., E. D. Carbaugh.

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Most Expensive to Build
Most Economical to Own

Unmatched Economy of "The Best Built Car in America"

"48" Six Cylinder....$4800 to $6250
"38" Little Six.....$4200 to $5650.
"30" Four Cylinder..$3500 to $4800.

TIRE ECONOMY: Every one of our "48" Six-Cylinder Cars should average with ordinary care 5,000 miles on one set of tires of any good standard make.

GASOLENE ECONOMY: 8 to 16 miles per gallon—the normal performance on every "48" Locomobile Six, varying with road, traffic and condition in which car is kept.

UPKEEP ECONOMY: Barring accident or misuse—repairs and replacements are unheard of. With average use, annual overhauling is neither necessary nor recommended. "The Best Built Car in America" does not need to be humored or coddled.

NERVE ECONOMY: We are the only manufacturers furnishing a car equipped with Ten-Inch Upholstery, and this, combined with our long wheel base and perfect balance, makes a car that never tires nor irritates.

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Guaranteed Rebuilt Cars.
$400 to $1,500

Every car is completely rebuilt at our factory and fully GUARANTEED by us.

Here are a few:
1910—40 H. P. Touring.
1905—40 H. P. Touring.
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1910—30 H. P. Tourabout.
1911—50 H. P. Speedster.

All cars offered by us are fully equipped and repainted.
Let us demonstrate to your satisfaction.

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Stoddard Motor Co.
225 West 57th St., at B'way.

Established 12 years—THE RECOGNIZED "HOUSE OF BARGAINS."
AUTOMOBILES, 1910, 1911, & 1912 Models, Large Stock all Standard Makes and all guaranteed to be exactly as represented. See us before deciding.
TIRES at 50% of regular price. All sizes and types, new fresh goods. Send for our "Tire Price Wrecker."
AUTO TRUCK TIRES (SPECIAL) all sizes and types, Kelly Springfield Blocks, Goodyear, Swinehart, Firestone, etc., at JOBBERS' PRICES.
WINDSHIELDS, $15, regularly sold at $30.
TOPS, Brand new, $15 & $25.
BODIES, Touring & Toy Tonneau, $75 up.
MOTORS, 4 cylinders, at ½ of cost.
ELECTRIC HORNS, RUMBLE SEATS, BUMPERS, PUMPS, etc., all at Sacrifice.
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,710-18 B'way. 'Phone 7366 Col.

Renewed Peerless Cars
No car better at any price.
All are overhauled and repainted, and carry the New Car Guarantee; all models on exhibition; ready for delivery at very attractive prices.
Peerless Motor Car Co. of N. Y.,
1,730 Broadway, N. Y. City.
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NEW TIRE STORE
ALL THE BEST STANDARD MAKES,
1000 Shoes & Tubes 50% Off.
ALSO 500 ODDS & ENDS.
$5 TO $10 EACH
and some A1 snaps, if your size
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
TIRE DEPARTMENT,
229 W. 57th St., near Broadway.

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1,764 BROADWAY, DEMAREST BLDG.
On Exhibition Sacrifice Prices
Packards, Pierces, Chalmers, Simplex, Lancias, Cadillacs, Renaults, Fiats, National, Metallurgique, Mercedes, Nagant, Loziers, S. G. Vs., Peerless, Stearns, Moon, Stevens, Palmer & Singer, Locomobile. All our cars are in first-class condition.
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1911 48 H. P., 6 Cylinder Touring Car seating seven. Run exactly 7,000 miles; perfect mechanical condition; fully guaranteed. Just refinished. Also 1911 48 Close Coupled seating five. Equally good condition.
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New Jersey Dealers in Pierce-Arrow Cars.

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Repainted, overhauled, and sold with written guarantee; have appearance of new cars; all types of bodies; prices from $350 up.
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1000 AUTO BODIES. "SNAPS"
All the classiest (lightest weight) aluminum bodies. Best Makes. Put on your car and turned out equal to any in N. Y.
At Half Others' Prices
New or used: Every Style and Make. Windshields, Tops, Seats, Parts at "Rock Bottom!"
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Largest Stock Genuine Bargains in Greater N. Y.
FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
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Successors to the "Broadway Auto Exchange."
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1910 "50" Simplex overhauled and done up like new; run only 5,000 miles; seven-passenger; body and top.
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We may have just the car you are looking for.

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40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1910.
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1909.
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Also several limousines and landaulets.
All have been thoroughly overhauled and refinished and are guaranteed free of repairs for 6 months.
Call and look them over.
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High-grade used cars are a better "buy" than cheap new ones; see our line of second-hand cars.
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Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.
ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.
EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shepherd Motor Car Co., B'way, near 51st St.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,770 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF 1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
STUTZ Motor Car Co. 1804 Broadway.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.
AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 434 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6068.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES. 253 W. 58th St., Cor. B'way. Col. 8356.
HESS BRIGHT BALL BEARINGS ALL SIZES IN STOCK. THE HESS BRIGHT CO., 1974 BROADWAY.

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Special for 30 days: Send in your old model carburetor and procure our new three-speed adjustment Model "L" for half price.

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AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION, $55. Booklet Explains WHY Our Course Is BEST. STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 233 West 54th St., near Broadway. "Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet. 317 West 57th St.

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USED AUTOMOBILES.
GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY, COR. 48TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
SELF STARTING ATTACHMENT FREE.
By special arrangement with the manufacturer of the famous Blitzen Self Starting Attachment we will equip free of charge to every car purchased this week this Self Starting device so that every used car sold by us will be equal to a 1912 Model that either a woman or a child can operate. Each and every car fully guaranteed and demonstration cheerfully given.
EASY TERMS ARRANGED.
THIS WEEK'S SPECIALS ARE:

Stearns roadster	$1,450
Ford runabouts	175 to $200
Hupmobiles	275 to 400
Mitchell runabouts	250 to 350
Buick, Model 10	350 to 450
Maxwell touring cars	250 to 350
Buick touring cars	350 to 600
Cadillac touring cars	550 to 850
Rainier touring cars	850
Buick 40 H. P. roadster	450
Peerless 5 and 7 passenger cars	450 to 600
Packard 30 touring car	650
Lozier 7 passenger touring car	550
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Plymouth 2-ton truck	750
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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. E. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Staten Island...8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Long Island City.....47 Vernon Avenue
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PARIS.....34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

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Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year.....9.00
DAILY, per Week.....0.12
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TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month; Daily, $1.35 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1912.

MERELY MISCHIEF-MAKING.

It turns out, as might have been expected, that OROZCO, the Chihuahua rebel, refuses to recognize the claim of EMILIO VASQUEZ GOMEZ, who dwells at Juarez when he does not find El Paso safer, to the provisional Presidency of Mexico. Thus on one point, at least, President MADERO and OROZCO, his former aid, agree. There may be other points of agreement. MADERO has intimated that OROZCO's disaffection was based entirely on money considerations. He valued his services in overthrowing the Diaz Government more highly than MADERO valued them. That seems to be a matter fit for arbitration. Anyhow, OROZCO does not support GOMEZ and disapproves of the establishment of a provisional Government "before the revolution triumphs."

This is clearly a confession that the revolution has not triumphed, as yet. The inference is also inevitable that MADERO and OROZCO may yet come to terms. One does not derive that idea from many of the news dispatches. There is a great deal of downright mischief-making in some of the reports from Mexico, though there may be, now and then, a note of alarm sincerely expressed. Even in the capital, the mischief-makers are at work. A great deal of needless excitement seems to have been caused there by ill-founded reports that the new Mexican Ambassador at Washington, Mr. CALERO, had offended Venezuela by some remarks attributed to him in a newspaper report of an interview. A week ago the rumor was abroad in Mexico City that the United States Government would declare Mr. CALERO persona non grata. This is nonsense, of course. Mr. CALERO has been well received in this country, and has made a good impression by his frankness and obvious sincerity. But some people in Mexico City swallow all rumors which can be accepted as giving color to the most baseless rumor of all, as yet, the imminence of American intervention.

On this side of the border we are continually getting startling reports of our own military activity. Major Gen. WOOD, the Chief of Staff, took the trouble Tuesday to contradict the latest batch of such rumors. We are not massing troops on the Mexican border. We are not preparing for intervention in Mexico. The situation in that country, if not much better than it was a month ago, is assuredly no worse. ZAPATA continues his petty brigandage in Morelos. OROZCO continues, in Chihuahua, to send out reports of what he is going to do when his mood inclines him to action. GOMEZ continues to talk peacefully of war in Juarez, when he is not talking to the same effect in El Paso.

Doubtless the tradespeople in Mexico are feeling poorer. Unsettled political affairs are bad for business. But the activity of the persistent mischief-makers is the worst feature of the present Mexican situation. It is perfectly true that disconcerting private reports are received by many persons who have correspondents in Mexico. They may foreshadow greater trouble to come. But there is no sign of American intervention at present. There is no excuse for it.

THE SECRET PENSION ROLL.

The public knows that we vote so much money for pensions, that there are so many thousand soldiers yet living, and that they are dying at a certain rate.—Senator MCCUMBER.

The public knows that last year $159,842,287.41 was apportioned among 892,098 pensioners, of whom 557,293 are ostensibly soldiers, and 529,884 are presumed to be soldiers of the civil war. It knows that upon the soldiers and dependents of the civil war alone nearly four thousand millions have been spent in pensions, exceeding the cost of that gigantic struggle, and that, fifty years after its close, these annual payments have increased tenfold in volume, and they are increasing. The agreement of the Senate and House upon a new pension bill, announced yesterday, will cost the United States each year an added $25,000,000 or $30,000,000, raising the total above the yearly budget of the German army and navy.

Senator MCCUMBER's words were uttered with a view to keeping this monstrous pension roll secret. He does not believe "that the public cares a continental about reading the names of "soldiers who are drawing pensions." Therefore Senator WILLIAMS's amendment, requiring that the Commissioner of Pensions publish annually in each State a complete list, with addresses, of persons drawing pensions therein, with the amounts and a statement in each case that the pensioner is a soldier, a soldier's widow or a soldier's child, was rejected by a vote of 37 to 26.

Why do the urgers of this legislation fear publicity? Their latest performance squanders millions upon men, the great majority of whom never saw service, who never felt a wound, who never faced a foe. It gives, not disability pensions, but service pensions, and to persons who served as few as ninety days. THE TIMES had occasion recently to comment on an omnibus pension measure granting increased annuities to men who had never been led to battle, who were independent and well to do. One "war hero," who did not reach the theatre of war until it was over, has drawn $5,000 from the Treasury, and his pension is now doubled. How many names of such men are concealed in the Government's pension roll? How long will this roll be kept secret?

THE SUFFRAGIST AGITATION.

THE TIMES has accorded equal prominence to letters of women containing arguments for and against woman suffrage, in severe denunciation of its own attitude on this question, which is vital and requires much and immediate serious consideration, and to cordial approval of it. On either side there is not much that is positively new to be said. The weakest argument in favor of woman suffrage seems to be that refined and intelligent women should not be denied a privilege which is enjoyed by coarse and ignorant men. Underlying this, of course, is the belief that the suffrage should be restricted, and that only persons of good intelligence of both sexes should be permitted to vote. But we live, and our country has prospered for 136 years under the system of universal male suffrage. The true contention is that there would be no possible gain to woman, social, legal, educational, physical, or moral, in doubling the number of the electorate.

It is perfectly true that women vote in some of the Western States, where opinions disagree greatly as to the effect on State and local issues, and the influence on women, of the experiment. As it has, thus far, resulted in no obvious benefit whatever, has assuredly not elevated women in the least, arguments based upon it can scarcely be regarded seriously. As for the example of New Zealand, mentioned by one of our suffragist contributors, we can only say that, while there was a period when the Western World looked upon that small country as the abode of sound finance, perfect Government, almost ideal morality, and a social state approaching perfection, yet it was contemporaneous with the epoch when we were all saying to each other: "What "wonderful little people the Japanese "are!" A knowledge of facts has since dispelled our delusion about New Zealand.

As for the array of names of notable men, now deceased, who favored woman suffrage, including ABRAHAM LINCOLN, to be sure, but otherwise chiefly the names of poets, we can reply that we could write the names of twice as many eminent men who strongly disapproved of women voting, with just twice as many strokes of the pen. LINCOLN's advocacy of "votes for women" we believe to be entirely fictitious. But it matters very little what men, or how many men, favored the movement in the past. We have to deal with the present, and we do not find in the lists of otherwise estimable gentlemen who are aiding and abetting their discontented sisters now, the names of any who have been or are likely to be of large or beneficent influence in public affairs.

The communications we publish daily show that there are plenty of women who can write well and think deeply before they write, who have the courage to oppose the suffragists. We quite agree with our correspondent, who declares that "through the faithful fulfillment of her own work in the "world, woman can wield a far greater "power in the State than by seeking "and attempting to do man's work "also." As to the wisdom of arranging for a great mass meeting of women who do not want to vote there may be some doubt. But it is probably true that many women have lent support to the suffragist cause because of the agreeable excitement, the departure from routine, and the social diversion it entails.

"LOYALTY."

The British Foreign Secretary assumes responsibility to Parliament for the acts which were imputed to Ambassador BRYCE for fault, and hopes that further criticism on that head will be addressed to the Government. The London Times declares that the sentiments and language of Premier ASQUITH and President TAFT regarding Canadian reciprocity are alike and sympathetic. Thus the most responsible exponents of British opinion dismiss the Ambassador and the President from the question. This approximates a correct analysis of the situation, but it is not correct to say that the question "is really one between the peo-"ple of this country (England) and "the present Government." The question really is between Canada and England, with each professing loyalty to each other, and each practicing loyalty to its own interests.

England instructed Ambassador BRYCE to promote the negotiations for reciprocity by Premier LAURIER, and the agreement was made in accordance with Canada's understanding of its own interests. This was in accordance with England's primary interest, which is free trade, and especially free trade in food. Canada's primary interest, on the other hand, is that of a seller of food, and an increase of the price it brings anywhere. Canada's loyalty does not extend to buying British products disadvantageously, nor does it extend to a desire to supply cheap food to England. Therefore the loyal Canadians buy below British prices in the United States, and agitate for what they call "imperial preference," meaning a British tax on food, with the object of raising the price of Canadian grain and meat. More than once England has rejected the proposal to tax the food of its workers for the benefit of the Canadian producers, but the Canadian sentiment for profit at the expense of the alteration of the British policy persists.

Reciprocity with the United States is another form of the same Canadian sentiment of self-interest as animated the United States in coming to an agreement with Canada. The Dominion's largest market is in the United States, and is reached at the smallest expense for freight, with the largest net return upon sales. That is to say, a higher price in London leaves less profit for Canadian sellers than a lower price in the United States. In this respect the interest of the United States is the same as Canada's. The largest supply of qualities of grain best suited for mixing with our domestic grains is in Canada. Voting will not alter these facts. Protestations of loyalty are irrelevant, and are designed to befog the issue. It is an odd sort of loyalty to England which demands a tax upon English wage-earners contrary to their repeated repudiation of the burden, and which breeds disloyalty to England by arousing the discontent which exclusion from American markets is causing.

England's procedure is as candid and honest as the Taft-Roosevelt correspondence. The taint of interested legislation is writ large all over Canada's procedure. It rejected the Government which acted in accordance with Canada's interest upon a false issue, and for the sake of a small section of politicians who are profiting by Canada's loss. The situation is one of unstable equilibrium. If it is not speedily restored to a sane and normal accord with primary interests of all parties there will be a reckoning which runs up faster the longer it is delayed. If the moderate reciprocity of TAFT and LAURIER is not realized there will be an irresistible demand for the free trade with Canada which ROOSEVELT espoused when he approved TAFT's "adjunct" letter. If reciprocity spells "adjunct" what does continental free trade spell?

SCRUTINY OF MOTION PICTURES.

Alderman FOLKS's resolution, embodying changes in the motion picture ordinance, has been reported favorably by his committee to the board. It increases the seating capacity of the picture theatres to a maximum of 600, on the theory that the low moral and artistic quality of present shows is due to their cheapness, enjoined by the low maximum capacity of 300 spectators. It imposes exact requirements for construction, sanitation, lighting, and exits. It rules out the cheap vaudeville performances. It apportions to the License Bureau a force of Moving Picture Inspectors who must report to the Mayor upon the moral character of the performances. Thus, by his power to revoke or sustain licenses, the Mayor can require the submission of performances to scrutiny in advance of their exhibition.

The regular theatres are not subject to this moral control. Theatrical exhibitions for adults need no censorship save by the police, and then on rare and indubitable occasions. Performances before children, however, should be watched, and the Folks amendments seem to provide the means of censoring them adequately. But their proposals may still be open to criticism. The ordinance originally favored by the Mayor was found defective, in that it permitted the admission to the darkened theatres of unaccompanied children under sixteen. A vigilant opposition killed it, as it may kill minor features of the changes now proposed.

KEEPING MARKET.

With the cost of living everywhere under discussion no plan of even partial solution is too modest to win a hearing. In one of the small towns near New York, composed of both a Summer population and an all-the-year-round population, steps have been taken to secure fresh farm produce without paying the middleman's tax. The shops of the town are supplied from New York, and probably with excellent fruits and vegetables, at the usual high prices. Two or three families of initiative energy recently took up the question of a public market and opened one under the auspices of the Village Improvement Society. A carpenter was engaged to erect booths and stands on a plot of ground hired weekly for the purpose, and the village newspaper advertised the new market. Its unique feature lies in the fact that rich and poor alike come to the market to hire space and sell their surplus produce. Cakes, jellies, jams, breads and biscuits also are sold. The farmers and their wives and the Summer people play the same part, coming in person to dispose of their wares, as well as to buy.

There are certain questions for the psychologist and social economist involved in the success of the experiment, which in this instance has passed quite out of the doubtful stage, but the simplicity of the attack upon this hydra-headed problem is both amusing and encouraging. One thinks inevitably of that pretty hopeless dream of WILLIAM MORRIS, in which work was found to be so pleasant that, instead of avoiding work, everybody sought it. We cannot all play at keeping market, but a useful nail is driven when a group of intelligent people discover the fun in the game of selling clean food at popular prices.

"THE NEW INDUSTRIAL DAY."

It is the opinion of Mr. WILLIAM C. REDFIELD, manufacturer and member of the House of Representatives, that "many of us have stopped too soon on "the path of the scientific develop-"ment of our industries." And this statement follows on a brief but very striking showing of how very backward, in many cases, is that scientific development.

In a recent address in Detroit, now republished in The Congressional Record, and so, fortunately, in a way to receive a pretty wide circulation, Mr. REDFIELD explains how far the mechanical equipment and organization of many of our industries falls short of getting the best results, with the least waste and at the lowest cost. He cites as an example the case of a woolen manufacturer who testified before the Tariff Board that "the old mills for "all practical running purposes are as "good as the new," and that when a machine which "is not 'right' is "stopped and made 'right,' age is not "serious." Mr. REDFIELD contrasts this with the remark of one of his own foremen, that "six months ago is ancient history." He points out that the Tariff Board report reveals that a large percentage of the machinery in our worsted and woolen mills has been in use over twenty-five years, while a number of our great industries "have "made their entire development since "the time those machines were put in "use in our woolen mills." He explains how in an industry truly abreast of the times constant and minute study is made for the improvement of mechanical outfit, for its better adjustment, and for the purpose of deciding at what point improvement must give way to replacement by new and better machinery.

The great body of our industries is not thus abreast of the times. What, then, is the defect in those that are, noted by a manufacturer who, presumably, is on the advance line? It is in the failure to treat the human element in production in the intelligent manner in which the mechanical element is treated. It is in not getting from the workers the degree and kind of efficiency which is sought and got from the machinery. It is in neglecting the fact that the workers differ from the machines in being run by their own motive power, which is responsive and not inert, which is vital and not "dead," and which, under right conditions, can be rendered the source of continuing and increasing profit to all concerned. Mr. REDFIELD says:

> The man is infinitely well worth study and infinitely more difficult to study than the machine. Does it not come to you with something of a shock that we are all careful to have a machine heavy and strong enough for its work, but that we rarely think whether a laborer may have some heart trouble or some other physical weakness that makes him unfit for the heavy lifting we ask him to do? We all believe in clean shops, but do we think enough of the human element to be careful to avoid sweeping when the men are about because of the well-known fact that dust carries all manner of disease germs which men breathe? The working out of the machine has been a long evolution and the working out of the study of men may also be of long evolution. It can not be hastily done. It requires patience; so do the machines. Your machines are complex; how much more so the man with his human mind and heart. But if the patience is exercised there is in the man the responsive spirit the machine lacks, and that spirit, led and not driven, guided and not abused, is a power in industry of which the wisest of us do not yet dream. Without it we may be able, or we may not, to profit temporarily. With it the age of industrial conquest opens to us.

Here is a spirit not commonly shown. It is altruistic, but it is also, in an enlightened way, selfish. If it prevail it may truly be regarded as indicating the dawn of a "new industrial day."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Inscription in Need of Amendment.

Those of us who think that even gravestones, though of course they cannot be expected to take the witness's oath and tell the whole truth, should refrain from telling untruths, and that memorial inscriptions should be equally veracious, will regret that one MAHAN—doubtless a most well-intentioned person—has been permitted to engrave on the tablet identifying the birthplace of Mark Twain these highly inaccurate statements:

> Mark Twain's life teaches that poverty is an incentive, rather than a bar, and that any boy, however humble his birth and surroundings, may by honesty and industry accomplish great things.

Properly qualified—which would mean elaborately and at length—and with all the terms used in it carefully defined, that statement might pass muster. But as it stands it is both irrelevant and false. It is irrelevant because Mr. CLEMENS never had to endure real poverty—that deprivation of the necessities and decencies of life which, if long continued, invariably blights both character and career, while his "birth and surroundings" were not those which involve anything like inferiority or humiliation.

He came of "good people"—people of much intelligence and some education, who looked at all their neighbors with level eyes—and any normal boy would view the conditions in which the humorist-philosopher's early days were passed, not with commiseration, but with envy. He himself never even hinted that his boyhood was unhappy or his youth one of hardship. His talents won prompt recognition, and though his after life included some hard fights with circumstance, they all ended in victory. What more could a man ask?

On the other hand, that "any boy" with honesty and industry can accomplish "great things" is true only when "great things" is taken in a sense quite different from what is meant, ninety-nine times out of a hundred, when the expression is used. More, and much more, than honesty and industry is required for the accomplishment of what Mr. CLEMENS did, and had he had no other qualifications, a memorial tablet would never have marked his birthplace.

Combustion Without Any Flame.

Further explanation than was given in our dispatch from London will be required for an understanding of the "flameless combustion of gas" which, Prof. W. A. BONE of the Leeds University says, is going to make possible enormous economies in the use of fuel. Even before the explanation comes, however, in a shape to meet scientific requirements, the announcement of this eminent specialist will awaken general interest and expectation, and confidence in his prophecies will be increased by hope.

For there is anxiety everywhere about the rapid waning of our supplies of accumulated energy, and an eager desire for better devices than those which now waste of our coal, oil and other fuels so much more than is put to effective employment. The steam engine, to which we owe an alomst incalculable debt, is no longer viewed with the old respect, and the search for some better source of power is going on in every laboratory devoted to practical investigation.

The ideal is the direct, instead of the indirect, application of stored force, and of all of it, instead of a tenth or less, to the doing of work. The flameless combustion plan of the English inventor, as described, seems to fall far short of this ideal, but what may be called the margin of possible saving is so huge that he or somebody else may well produce the predicted "revolution" in industry without attaining the desired end. "Nature," innumerable centuries ago, solved the problem of producing heat without light and light without heat when only one or the other was wanted, but that is apparently beyond the capacity of men—yet. Usually when we want light, power or heat we make all three, and send 35 per cent. or more of our fuel up the chimney besides. Which isn't good business.

Concerning Poems and Lined Paper.

Our revelation of the fact that among the versified contributions offered to us for the southeast corner of this page none written on lined paper is ever worth using has evidently aroused the interest of many psychologically inclined readers. Not a few of them are sending in attempts to elucidate the curious little mystery, but, for all of their suggestions, the darkness remains about as deep as it was before.

We might have added that not only are all the "poems" on lined paper of a more or less dreadful badness, but that the very worst of them are on the large sheets that have two faint red lines running down the left side about an inch from the edge. On that sort of paper, apparently, only the most desperate doggerel can be written—and it is always as desperately serious!

The people who can and do write verses ranging from tolerable up through middling and fair to really good use paper of half a hundred kinds, so it is no one variety that gives or assists inspiration. If there only were! How gladly would we reveal the secret—particularly if it were a kind not to be begged, borrowed, bought, or stolen by men and women, boys and girls, and infants in arms, who still yearn to sing the loss of the Titanic—to say in numbers that she was strong, but the sea was stronger, and to make remarks about speed and luxury.

Virginia Wants Her Papers.

Documents of historic interest and value are evidently better placed in some public depository where they will be accessible to all students of the past than they are in the carefully guarded cabinets and portfolios of collectors. For the collector, only too often, hides his treasures from most eyes except his own and the members of the little group that shares his mania.

But only too often, also, the place of public depository is one inefficiently protected by inappreciative and careless officials. Therefore it is hard to decide whether to hope that the State of Virginia will carry away the papers rather mysteriously drawn from her archives by the historian LOSSING or that they may be sold at auction to the highest bidder.

LOSSING made such excellent use of them and he probably rescued them from so many dangers that he can be said to have taken his property where he found it. To defend him is therefore unnecessary. Virginians are apt to have the historic sense, and in their Capitol the documents are likely to receive better care than they might get in some other Capitols. Mere right of ownership in the legal sense counts for little in such a case.

THE HERO IN THE BYWAY.

(Dr. Albert Henry Allen, who died at Saranac Lake April 12, a militant martyr in the war against tuberculosis.)

Glorious in brother-love, 'spite his own dooming;
Great in the greatness of his unassuming
Courage his laughter rang, joyous and mellow;
Patient, his labor sang faith in his fellow.

Lo, in his toiling here, himself denying,
Bringing fresh draughts of cheer unto the sighing,
Heard he a nearer knell, saw the Great Portal,
Whence on his face there fell a light immortal.

Hope from his presence grew, strength from his bearing;
Color from darkest hue, light from despairing.
Manly in sympathy, tender as woman;
Something of Christ was here, God-like, yet human.

Himself he could have saved, himself he would not;
Others he saved to life, himself he could not.
Nobly his task is done. Life's crucifixion
Spreads o'er a martyr son Death's benediction.

STEPHEN CHALMERS.

THE MEN MARCHERS.

Suffragists Were Heartened by Consciousness of Masculine Approval.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Though, as a suffragist, I must count THE NEW YORK TIMES still as one of our honorable enemies, I am hoping you will grant me the courtesy of a hearing in regard to the parade on Saturday—and this, despite your Sunday's editorial, which must have rejoiced the soul of every militant "anti."

There is a widespread impression—or there seems to be—that such a public demonstration as that of Saturday in some way divides women and men, makes, possibly, for sex-antagonism, certainly for sex separation, for a sort of militant anti-male feminism. Personally, such an effect seems to me so deplorable that, if I thought woman suffrage made for it, I should straightway become an "anti," but my observation and experience lead me to the opposite conclusion. And I believe that hundreds, nay, thousands, of women who marched with me on Saturday would indorse the sentiments of this letter if they had the opportunity. Possibly the best feature of all that great procession was the inward consciousness of many of us that we were not only marching shoulder to shoulder with our own sex but that we were backed by our own men as well, approved, viewed with pride, even admiration, by our own husbands and brothers and fathers and sons!

Walking up Fifth Avenue with thousands of other women, in sunshine, under a benignant Spring sky, doing this because of a conviction, a moral enthusiasm deep-rooted as our own self-respect, this alone counted to most of us for a thrill of pure happiness. But when some of us, many of us, could and did feel also that the men who counted in our lives in the closest human relations were with us in spirit, whether they actually marched among that unselfish group of marching men or whether they merely backed us in other ways, then, I reiterate, the cup of our happiness was very full, and the sense of sex solidarity and the sisterhood of women was no stronger than the joy of comradeship with men big enough and sane enough and selfless enough to be in sympathy not only with the women they love but with the rights of women the world over.

I want to speak for the women in this parade of ours—to say that we honor and thank all the men who are backing and helping our cause—and there are many of them, more than the world realizes—to thank the men who marched with us, and the men who praised and approved instead of gibing or smiling, and the men who every day of our lives are trying to give us the freedom and the education and the opportunity which we need and want, if we are to rise to the full stature of our womanhood. These men of ours make us believe in life's best, in courage and honor and unselfishness and love, the clean, high sort of love which deepens and strengthens with years. They make splendid husbands, splendid fathers, splendid sons, and splendid friends. They also make magnificient fighters when war is essential. And it is these men whom we wish to work with and for, these men who are working with and for us. Some of the best of them may not be already enrolled for suffrage, but they will be, in time. For such men are fundamentally just, and it is justice which is the basis of our demand. And it is just men, generous men, comradely and true men, such as I have described, who make us proud of being women because we can mate with such men, or bring such men into the world. It was remembering men of this breed, their sympathy and respect and aid, which made that tramp up Fifth Avenue, shoulder to shoulder with women, not merely a protest but a promise—and a promise which the men will help us to keep!

ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.
New York, May 7, 1912.

GRUDGING MALE LAWS.

Rights of Wifehood, Motherhood, and Inheritance Denied.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In spite of the often-repeated statement that "Woman is thoroughly protected by the existing laws," and the usual reference to her "dower rights," I think it is not to be denied that the laws, both in this State and in others, affecting the inheritance of the wife; the laws limiting the right of a mother to her children, and others that bear upon matters vital to women, do not render justice to the woman as against the man. Yet these laws are the outcome of the vaunted condition of "privilege." Many women are pondering these things, though so far mostly in silence.

The preservation of the spirit of chivalry can be safely left to nature; mere man need not trouble himself about it. It exists in the individual as a result of affection and respect for some woman or women, and cannot be legislated out of existence any more than the devotion of women to the men they love.

But let us be quite plain that "privilege" as a basis of living is not an adequate substitute for "right, a just and proper claim or title."

H. M. PALMER.
Plattsburg, N. Y., May 6, 1912.

A Woman Physician's View.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let us turn from your editorial on the suffrage uprising to a prominent article in the magazine section of the same issue of THE TIMES, in which Edward Marshall gives some frank and straightforward statements made by Dr. Sarah J. McNutt showing "man largely to blame for woman's shortcomings," an article which, Mr. Editor, you must have approved, or it would not have so prominent a place in your columns; an article, too, which ought to be most broadly circulated and read. Look at some of the statements in this article:

> Race suicide in the United States and elsewhere is a fact. * * * This fault is the men's. The majority of childless families can be traced straight to the husband. * * * The prevalence of certain terrible diseases among men in the United States is not less than appalling. * * * European records indicate that 75 per cent. of all men are infected, while in the United States the estimate varies from 60 to 75 per cent. * * * Eighty per cent. of all deaths charged to inflammatory diseases peculiar to women, 75 per cent. of all local surgical operations performed upon women, and from 60 to 80 per cent. of all work done by specialists in diseases of women are the results of this infection.

In view of these facts put forth by "a well-known physician of New York," why, in the name of womanhood and motherhood, should there not be an "uprising of the women?"

New York, May 6, 1912. C. A. NELSON.

Physical Frailty No Criterion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reading your editorial after witnessing that dignified and impressive suffrage parade was like turning back to your files of fifty years ago. I cannot understand at all the theory that every voter must be prepared to bear arms. Leaving out sex, are not many of our citizens whose judgment in political matters is of the highest importance to the State those whose physical frailty or whose age would bar them from military service?

IRVING PUTNAM.
New York, May 7, 1912.

"Anti" Views Convert to Suffrage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to thank you for your suffrage editorial in last Sunday's TIMES and for publishing in Tuesday's issue the letters from Everett P. Wheeler and Lucy P. Scott. All three contain just the kind of stuff that will advance the cause on behalf of which I marched in the parade. Keep up the good work!

CHARLES H. CAFFIN.
New York, May 7, 1912.

"Slavedriver at Heart."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That you are a slavedriver at heart is evident. That you would not exchange places with the women whom you urge to continue in the role of obedient, housekeeping, non-citizens is certain.

INDIGNANT WOMAN.
New York, May 6, 1912.

MEN'S IDEA OF SUFFRAGISTS.

Immature Clamorers for the Right to Reform the Government.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, "The Uprising of the Women," says so well what is in the minds of so many men, and it suggests an outlook so sad, that probably every thoughtful man who reads it will be impressed with a sense of duty in a matter which before too many had viewed with contemptuous complacency.

Those of the female sex who at this time by their clamor are making so sorry an exhibition of themselves are in the condition of a young man of eighteen—full of wild and fantastic visions which they mistake for ideals; weltering in a conviction of their own importance; supercilious, egotistical, extremely selfish yet, illogically enough, fraught with a fancy that the world is out of joint, and that they are born to set it right—which, if true, were indeed a cursed spite!

And I have a mouraful suspicion that the many do not view the agitation in the proper light. I am firmly of the opinion that the men who have bestowed the suffrage upon women were prompted by their chivalry; blind to the prospect that this exercise of chivalry must ultimately destroy the most beautiful relation in the world, even chivalry itself. The suffragists maintain that they want justice, not chivalry. Alas! they fail to realise that the chivalry of man toward woman includes justice, and more than justice; and that the "justice" for which they cry must deprive them not only of chivalry but even of justice itself.

By all means, continue to discuss this question. Surely I am not alone in my views. I believe that the purpose of the editorial page is not alone to teach, but rather to express and develop those thoughts which are, more or less consciously, in the minds of the paper's intelligent readers. And feeling so, I hope to-day that your sober discussion may have struck a responsive chord in the minds of thousands. CHIVALRY.

Brooklyn, May 5, 1912.

OHIO'S SILENT WOMANHOOD.

Speaks with a Still, Small Voice Against Enfranchisement.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A small percentage of the women of Ohio banded together are standing up alone against a suffrage organization of over thirty years' growth and experience. We are temperamentally unfitted for the work, disliking the publicity and all that it entails, and sadly feeling our limitations, but we are trying to say loud enough to the men of Ohio who will have to vote on the suffrage amendment in the early Fall: "Ninety per cent. of the women of Ohio do not want the ballot; wake up, and save us from those who would force it on us." We represent the quiet, home-loving, law-abiding women. To hear a clarion note like yours puts life and hope in us, and, personally, I cannot thank you enough.

It is important for the sake of the whole country that Ohio should not go for suffrage. She is in this, as she invariably is, the pivotal State.

We are your outposts—and if we defeat suffrage here it will be easier for you to win your battle. So help us all you can, you who have already done so much, please continue the good work, and in the greater security of your forces against suffrage remember this body of courageous women standing bravely against it in Ohio.

A. P. HUBBARD,
President Ohio Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.

Columbus, Ohio, May 7, 1902.

CONFUSED WOMEN REFORMERS.

Would They Not Mix Hopelessly Great Questions of State?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Great questions in politics, in fiscal reforms, and important changes in the Constitution are now being considered by this country. In case of suffragette success are these to be settled by hordes of ignorant women of all nationalities—by the east side Socialist; by the class that is led by priest or minister, according to his bias; by the college girl filled with academic fervor for the righting of all abuses and absolutely without practical knowledge of the matters to be reformed? Fancy the slough of confusion and error in which the country would be landed within a decade.

Women do not realise that philanthropic yearnings are not always in accord with sane political insight, and that a law that might benefit one class of the country might seriously endanger the rights of another class equally deserving.

COUNTRY VERSUS SEX.
New York, May 7, 1912.

Observer on Women's Parade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I, with thousands of other men, witnessed the parade of women up Fifth Avenue Saturday afternoon. A large number marching were girls just in their 'teens, who hardly know the meaning of the word "vote," but were, no doubt, persuaded to join in by the militant women leaders. After it was over I felt like sympathizing with these well-meaning women who are being misled, and, although not aware of it, are really taking a step backward.

A great deal of this clamor arises from higher education, which has made women dissatisfied with home life and makes them eager to get into the professions, as of law, medicine, theology, and also public office.

JOHN BOUTON.
Brooklyn, N. Y., May 5, 1912.

Peculiar Sort of Thinking.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The incident described by your correspondent in to-day's paper, under the heading "Men in the Suffrage Parade," is a pretty example of irrationality. A young woman, seeing the (so to speak) male contingent in the parade, sheds tears and says "They look like the kind of men that went down with the Titanic."

It is thinking of this variety, perhaps, that has drawn into the woman's suffrage movement such considerable numbers of the immature, irresponsible, or barren.

E. G.
New York, May 7, 1912.

Woman's Equipoise Will Return.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your admirable leader on "The Uprising of the Women" in the Sunday issue must find a responsive echo in the breast of every well-balanced man and woman. Recognizing that justice to woman has been one of the foundation stones upon which our men have based their legislation, recognizing that instability and emotionalism essentially co-operate against woman's equipoise, I am encouraged to believe that the period of rest which will follow this flourish of trumpets will produce a proper reaction.

H. L. C.
New York, May 7, 1912.

"Suffragists Last."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While on a street car, after seeing the woman suffrage parade, I heard the following interesting conversation between a young man and his girl companion:

"Say, what would you have done if you were on the Titanic?"

"I," said the young fellow, who impressed me as a deep thinker and a college bred man, "would have stepped forward on the deck and shouted: 'Women and children first, men second, and suffragists last!'"

KUMAR DE VERMA.
New York, May 6, 1912.

A Doomed Cause?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I hesitate to mention the letter of Beatrice Wier to liken the men in the suffrage parade to "the kind of men who went down with the Titanic" as an unspeakable comparison. Does she mean that these men, too, were going to their doom?

FLORENCE SEELEY GREENE.
New York, May 7, 1912.

An Unwomanly Agitation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is comforting in such astonishing times as these to hear the voice THE TIMES raised in no uncertain manner against all this most unwomanly agitation.

AN OLD-FASHIONED WOMAN.
East Orange, N. J., May 6, 1912.

MISS VIEVA FISHER TO WED RICH ITALIAN

Wealthy New York Debutante Will Become the Bride of Giuseppe M. Fiamingo.

NUPTIALS SET FOR JUNE

Her Fiance Owns L'Italie, the Roman Newspaper That Count Cavour Founded.

The engagement is announced of Miss Vieva M. Fisher, only daughter of Mrs. Joel Ellis Fisher of 34 West Seventy-sixth Street, New York, to Giuseppe Marie Fiamingo, owner of l'Italie, one of the leading daily journals of Rome, Italy, founded by the Italian statesman, Count Cavour.

Mr. Fiamingo, who is 32 years old, was graduated from the University of Genoa and is a Fellow of the Naples University. He is permanent Secretary of the Italian Society of Sociology, advisory editor of The American Journal of Sociology, and a contributor to The North American Review, The Journal of Political Economy, and other publications. He is also a member of the Roman Fox Hunt and of the Bracciano Stag Hunt, and a Director of the Rome Golf Club. He is very wealthy. Miss Fisher, who is an heiress in her own right, made her début in New York at a ball given for her by her mother last Winter at Sherry's, and sailed with her mother on Feb. 21 to spend the Spring and Summer abroad.

They were in Rome during Easter, and at a recent dance there at the Grand Hotel, organized by H. G. Deering of the British Embassy, Mr. Deering opened the ball with Miss Fisher, for whom Mr. Fiamingo had given a dinner before the ball. The other guests included Sir Paolo and Lady Tosti, Miss Parrish, Miss Tree, the Marchese Guglielmi, the Barone le Monaco, and others. Miss Fisher and her mother have spent their Summers in Europe for the last seven years.

The wedding will take place abroad the last of June, after the arrival there of Miss Fisher's brother, Joel Ellis Fisher, who is sailing in June. Mrs. Fisher and her daughter are now in Venice.

SCULPTRESS WEDS WRITER.

Miss Lila Wheelock the Bride of Oscar Frederick Howard.

The wedding of Miss Lila Wheelock, sculptress and member of the Art Students' League, and daughter of Mrs. L. K. Wheelock, to Oscar Frederick Howard, the writer and illustrator, took place at noon yesterday in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Miss Wheelock wore a traveling suit and a corsage bouquet of lilies of the valley. She was attended by Miss Florence Lucius. Mr. Howard had Walter Smith as his best man.

Following the church ceremony a wedding breakfast was given at the home of the bride's mother, 47 Claremont Avenue, and lated the couple departed on their honeymoon. They will reside in Mount Kisco upon their return.

Miss Lilla Agard a Bride.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., May 8.—Miss Lilla Sumter Agard, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Edwin S. Agard of Tolland, and Dr. Henry Barnard Safford of New York were married at the home of the bride in Tolland this afternoon. The Rev. H. L. Barnard of McIndo Falls, Vt., grandfather of the bridegroom, officiated, and was assisted by the Rev. Robert M. French, pastor of the Tolland Congregational Church. Miss Elizabeth Agard, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Miss Dorothy Overman of Springfield, bridesmaid. Dr. J. S. Maeder of New York was best man.

Miss E. B. Rutherfoord Betrothed.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Hawksley Rutherfoord of Roland Park, Baltimore, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ellen Bruce Rutherfoord, to the Rev. John G. Sadtler, rector of St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Church, Woodberry, Md. Miss Rutherfoord is a member of the prominent old Virginia family of the name, her parents having formerly resided in Richmond. She is one of three very attractive sisters, all of whom are much admired in society here and elsewhere. The others are Miss Annie Clark Rutherfoord and Miss Rosalie Seddon Rutherfoord. The wedding will take place in the early Autumn.

Will Marry the Rev. Waldo A. Amos.

The engagement of Miss Florence Knapp, daughter of the late Rev. Halsey Knapp, to the Rev. Waldo Adams Amos, associate rector of Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, has been announced. Miss Knapp lives with her mother at 862 President Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Amos was graduated from Columbia University in the class of 1906 and from the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, Mass., in 1909. He was ordained by Bishop Lines a Newark and in June, 1909, he became associate rector of Holy Trinity Church. The couple plan to be married in Europe next month.

Misses Hofheimer to Wed June 16.

A double wedding will be celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. Hofheimer, 545 West 111th Street, on June 16, being the marriage of Miss Elsie Hofheimer to Ludwig Stern, and of her sister, Miss Grace Hofheimer, to Dr. Julian J. Mayer. Owing to a recent death in the family only relatives will attend.

Miss Prentice Marries Ensign Frost.

The marriage is announced of Miss Helen M. Prentice, daughter of Daniel Prentice of this city, to Ensign Halloway H. Frost, U. S. N. The ceremony took place yesterday at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin.

Miss S. B. Perry to Wed Bryan Bell.

Mrs. Frederick Barr Perry announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Sally Barr Perry, to Bryan Bell, formerly of San Francisco, but now of New Orleans, La. Miss Perry is a graduate of Vassar, class of 1907, and Mr. Bell was graduated from the University of California in 1903. No date has been set for the wedding.

Lowenfeld Engagement Annulled.

Mr. and Mrs. Pincus Lowenfeld of 106 East Sixty-fourth Street have announced the annulment of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nettie Lowenfeld, to Harry H. Weinberger of Passaic, N. J. Miss Lowenfeld's engagement was announced in April about the same time as the engagement of her sister, Miss Estelle Lowenfeld.

Miss Phoebe K. Craig Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. B. Craig of Montrose, South Orange, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Phoebe Katharine Craig, to Robert Walker Macbeth of Brooklyn. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mrs. Untermyer to Give a Musicale.

Mrs. Samuel Untermyer will entertain at Greystone-on-the-Hudson on Saturday afternoon, May 18. The Kneisel and Beethoven Quartets will play, and supper will be served on the terrace of the Untermyer home. A special train will leave the Grand Central Terminal at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and returning will leave Greystone at 8:30 P. M.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Albert Eugene Gallatin gave a small dinner last night at the Ritz-Carlton for Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tremain, formerly of 53 East Sixty-seventh Street, are at their country estate, Rockroy, Poughkeepsie.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lowell Putnam of Boston, who have been visiting friends at Tuxedo, are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit.

Mrs. Albert H. Wheeler and Miss Laura McGloine, who have been in Venice, are planning a motor trip through England and Ireland this Summer. They will spend some months abroad.

Mrs. John Wanamaker is visiting Mrs. Rodman Wanamaker at the Ritz-Carlton.

The wedding of Miss Dagmar Wetmore, daughter of Mrs. James W. Markoe, to Charles S. Sargent, Jr. of Boston, will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock in Grace Church chantry and will be followed by a small reception at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Markoe, 12 West Fifty-fifth Street.

The Entertainment Committee of the Lotos Club will give a dinner to Henry Junge on the evening of Monday, May 20.

Mrs. Charles R. Locke gave a luncheon yesterday of eight covers, followed by bridge, for Mrs. James R. McKee.

The Gramercy Guild will give a dinner and dance to-night at Delmonico's.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dickson (Miss Katharine Shaw) are booked to sail on June 27 on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Francis Shaw and Miss Isabel Corbiere will accompany them. They will motor on the Continent.

Among those sailing for Europe to-day are Mrs. Clarence G. Dinsmore, who will spend several weeks in Paris, and Mrs. James Brown Potter.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford and Mrs. Woodford will give a reception on the evening of May 21 at the Waldorf-Astoria for the Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Chinda.

Mrs. Philander Jennings gave a luncheon and card party yesterday at her country place at Merrick, L. I., her guests motoring out. The place was gay with flowers and the table decorations were yellow. Among those who went out were Mrs. Walter Rutherfurd, Mrs. Julian Davies, Mrs. Clermont L. Best, Mrs. Willets, Mrs. Day, Mrs. J. Warren Goddard and Mrs. Effingham Lawrence.

The garden party given by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the New York Zoological Society, which has been postponed every day since Monday on account of the stormy weather, will be held this afternoon at the Zoological Park if the weather is clear. If not, it will be postponed until next Monday afternoon.

A DIME YIELDS $35.

Hurley Bought Claim Against City for $186, Which Is Compromised.

John P. Hurley, a Brooklyn lawyer with an office at 350 Fulton Street, three months ago bought a claim against the city for ten cents. The Finance Department agreed yesterday to pay him $35 for it. The lawyer wanted $100, but the Finance Department officials refused, and a compromise was effected.

The claim originally belonged to Reve Levine and Louis Schaefer, who were partners in the business of supplying machinery and appliances. In December, 1909, in response to a request for bids from the Superintendent of Sewers, Brooklyn, Levine and Schaefer agreed to furnish three sets of grates for boilers in use for the department at its disposal plant, at a cost of $186. In the order it was stipulated that the grates were to be attached to the boilers. The contractors refused to attach the grates, asserting that they had figured only on supplying them and that if they had to affix them, the expense would be larger than the amount of their bid. They did, however, attach one set of grates.

When the time came for paying Levine and Schaefer's bill the city refused to pay on the ground that they had not completed their contract.

Later, Levine and Schaefer went into bankruptcy and Edward Butcher was appointed their trustee. He sold the assets of the concern at public auction, and the claim was knocked down for ten cents.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the Passengers on Outgoing and Incoming Liners.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of their passengers are:

PROVENCE (Havre)—M. Gabriel Hanotaux, Count and Countess de Rochambeau, the Duc de Choiseul, Gen. Lebon, M. and Mme. Bleriot, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Arambide, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Barthou, Mr. and Mrs. Emilio Bocardi, Mrs. Robert W. Biles, R. M. H. Brown, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Upham Coe, Louis Dupuy, Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, Pasquale Fiore, the Rev. George Gauthier, the Rev. Henri Gauthier, George Greenwald, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Haviland, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Haviland, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Haas, Richard Heynemann, Claude Laurent, Mrs. J. L. Putnam, Mr. and Mrs. Henri Pelanne, Miss Lillian Piermont, F. S. Pierson, Chandler Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. Jules M. Ravel, Andrew Roosevelt, George Rheims, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Singmaster, Paul Saudray, Mrs. W. W. Tompkins, James H. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick P. Washburn, Mrs. Mary Vincent West, and Gilbert Winter.

BALTIC (Liverpool)—H. S. Adams, Frederick A. Atkins, Mr. and Mrs. Eric Brettell, Mrs. L. V. Church, Miss Church, Walter I. Cooper, R. Crewe-Read, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. de Leon, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Farr, Mr. and Mrs. James Forman, Mrs. Albert M. Gates, Miss Gates, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hoban, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Jones, Charles A. Lamb, Mrs. W. M. Low, Mrs. J. A. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Mudge, Prof Gilbert Murray, Lady Mary Murray, Mrs. Julian Potter, Miss Potter, Mr. and Mrs. George Ramsey, W. Richardson, Mrs. William Appleby Robinson, Miss Robinson, F. H. Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Speiden, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stout, Henry Taylor, Leslie Taylor, Mrs. John Adams Thayer, Mrs. A. Clifford Tower, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Tyrrell, Sydney Valentine, Dr. and Mrs. Arturo Valenzuela, C. W. Walker, the Rev. Dr. James Wells, and Major F. Woods.

KOENIGEN LUISE (Bremen)—A. E. Borsum, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Dawson, Mrs. W. S. Franklin, F. E. Holding, Harry Johnstone, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Kathmeyer, Johann Klkomban, Prof. and Mrs. A. Marx, Mr. and Mrs. August Merkel, and Mrs. Martha von Trautmann.

Among the passengers arriving from foreign ports yesterday were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Mrs. William H. Baldwin, Miss Baldwin, Richard B. Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel N. Crouse, George Ehret, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. David H. Eldredge, Mrs. William Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Goethe, Dr. Hans Goldschmidt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred P. Hanan, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Hoffstot, Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. G. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. Murray C. Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. L. Edward Newburger, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Rand, Dr. and Mrs. Henry J. Reynolds, Rustom Bey, Mrs. J. Clinch Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. Scheftel, Robert Toland, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Woodruff, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Darling, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Wood, and Robert Lloyd.

TAGUS (Southampton via West Indies)—N. Allen, D. Bullock, Miss L. Bourke, S. Bartlett, C. S. Buck, M. A. Cunliffe, Miss A. Eldridge, Mrs. A. Forbes, Miss K. Forbes, A. French, Mrs. H de Ford, Mr. and Mrs. E. Floyd, Mrs. N. Gordon, E. A. Glanville, Miss C. Hosack, W. Musgrave, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Owen, Miss Lloyd Owen, Mrs. B. Shirley, W. E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Wallace, J. M. Waller, and Mrs. D. Vallente.

Faculty Guests to See "Patience."

Preparations are complete for the two special performances of "Patience" to-day at the Lyric Theatre for the benefit of the Intercollegiate Bureau of Occupations. Distinguished members of the faculties of various women's colleges will be guests of honor in the boxes. Owing to a large number of dinner parties preceding the evening's performance, the curtain will not rise until 8:45 o'clock.

DIAMONDS
The finer grades only.
BROOCH PINS
$75.00 to $1200.00
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue
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HERMIT IS EVICTED, HIS HUT TORN DOWN

Old Charlie, Objectionable to Folk Near Arverne, L. I., Ousted by Deputy Sheriffs.

HE'D LIVED THERE 31 YEARS

Townsfolk Angered by Owners' Action—They Had Helped Recluse to Live in Comparative Comfort.

"Charlie the Hermit," the strange old man who had lived for years in a hut on the beach between Arverne and Edgemere, L. I., was evicted from the little shanty which he had made his home, yesterday, and last night, broken-hearted and frightened, he took refuge in a workmen's lean-to alongside the Long Island Railroad tracks. He refused to come out or to speak to any one who called to him from the tracks. He seemed overwhelmed by the misfortune which had cost him his home.

Old Charlie was evicted because wealthy residents of the neighborhood thought his hut an eyesore and his presence a detriment to the locality. Some of them discovered that they owned the land on which Old Charlie had made his home for thirty-one years, and they got eviction papers and gave them to two deputy Sheriffs.

The deputies dragged the old man from his hut. He fought them every inch of the way, and when he finally had been yanked out to the road and the deputies had begun tearing his shanty down, the old man fled screaming down the highway toward the Rockaway Beach Police Station, shouting that he was going for the police. He never reached the police station, and he was not seen for the rest of the day. He was found in the old lean-to late last night.

It was Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm R. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Silas K. Everett, and Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. Heany, together with Mrs. Irving Hegeman, as representative of the Vernan estate, who laid claim to the ground on which Old Charlie had built his hut, and it was they who caused the eviction papers to be issued and served by Deputy Sheriffs Anton and Conrad Garbe.

Mrs. Hegeman first visited Old Charlie yesterday afternoon and offered him a lease to sign. The old man, who may be 50 years old, or who may be 70, looked the lease over and refused to sign it. Had he done so he would have conceded the ownership of the place to those who were anxious to evict him and could have been dispossessed at any time. But he refused to sign, and this means having failed the deputies were summoned to do their work. The old man refused to stand by and watch the destruction of his home. He fought for it with all his strength, but when he had been dragged out of it he made off at once.

Eviction Angers Townsfolk.

Tonwsfolk of Arverne were angered yesterday to learn that the old man had been evicted. Last Winter T. J. Rodgers gave him a supply of tar paper to cover his shanty. Joseph Jurgensen, a carpenter, supplied a lot of new lumber to the old man, and Capt. Tomlin of the Arverne life savers and some of his men helped the old man build up a warm and weatherproof shack to replace the hovel he had lived in.

They declared last night that the old man was harmless and that there was no reason for dispossessing him. Some who heard of his eviction said they feared the old man would commit suicide now that his home was gone, unless he was taken in charge by the authorities. He had lived on the beach for thirty-one years and would be lost without the old, familiar hovel to return to.

Old Charlie has supplied an interesting mystery to Arverne and the rest of the Rockaways for many years. Just when he first came there is a little uncertain, though it is generally agreed that it was about thirty-one years ago. His real name, too, has never been positively known, though some of the old-timers say they can remember when he first came to the Rockaways, a young cabinetmaker, fresh from Germany, and then he called himself Karl Enties. He told the few friends he made that he had left a sweetheart in Germany, and that he was saving to send for her.

After two years—wages for cabinetmaking were higher then than they are now—Karl had saved enough money to pay his sweetheart's passage to this country. There was a little bit over also, and Karl sent the whole sum to a brother in Germany, telling him to give it to his bride-to-be, have her purchase such clothing as she would need for the new country, and buy her a ticket for New York.

He was happy then for a few weeks, until one day there came a letter saying that the brother and the girl had married—that they had used his money to help them start housekeeping, and would he ever forgive either of them.

How He Made His Living as Hermit.

That day Karl took his box of cabinet maker's tools and went to the railroad bridge over Jamaica Bay. He tossed the box overboard and turned back to the beach. He began to gather driftwood and bits of wreckage and presently had fashioned himself the counterpart of the shack which his Arverne friends repaired last Winter.

He told a few friends his story and then went to live in his new shack. He declared that his heart was broken and that he would never work again. So far as any one knows he has kept that pledge until to-day. In Summer he has picked up a living by clamming and fishing and accepting tips from the visitors who never failed to pay a visit to his shack whenever they were in the neighborhood.

In Winter no one knew just how he subsisted, and several times he was found half frozen and rescued by kindly hearted folk of Arverne or Edgemere. But he would never leave his hut. To do so, he said, would cause his death. The many who knew him throughout the Rockaways are wondering now if the old man will survive his eviction.

Dr. Boynton to Preach at Wellesley.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 8.—The Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, D. D., of Brooklyn, has been selected to deliver the baccalaureate sermon ath Wellesley College this year on June 16. Dr. Boynton has three daughters at Wellesley—Grace, Elizabeth, and Marjorie Boynton.

Juvenile "Pinafore" for Vaudeville.

A juvenile company in a condensed version of "Pinafore" is the latest novelty in vaudeville, and will be presented at the Colonial Theatre on Monday. The members of the company are all prominent child actors and among the youngest in the cast is Percy Helton, who has been playing the boy with David Warfield in "The Return of Peter Grimm" this season.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"When You're Away" is the title of a new song introduced into "A Winsome Widow" at the Moulin Rouge by Ida Adams last night. F. Ziegfeld, Jr. has decided to eliminate all billboard advertising of this attraction hereafter and depend upon the New York newspapers only.

Lennox Pawle, who has been playing Brooke-Hoskins in "Pomander Walk" for two seasons, will sail on the Baltic to-day for a vacation in England.

The box office of the New Brighton Theatre at Brighton Beach will open to-morrow for the sale of tickets for the opening on Monday night. The programme at the first performance will include Belle Baker, the morality play, "Everybody," and Laddie Cliff.

A new troupe of "Texas Tommy" dancers arrived in New York this week from San Francisco, and will make their first appearances at the Columbia Theatre next week as an added feature to the performance there. The troupe of four couples will appear in dancing contests each afternoon and evening.

Edgar J. MacGregor of the John W. Rumsey Play Company has obtained the American rights of J. Starr Clouston's novel, "The Mystery of No. 47." The dramatization will be made by a prominent playwright, and the piece will be produced next season under the management of H. H. Frazee.

FUNERAL OF ISIDOR STRAUS.

Impressive Services at Family Home —Memorial Meeting Sunday.

The funeral of Isidor Straus, who died in the wreck of the Titanic, was held at noon yesterday at the family residence, an old frame house at 106th Street and Broadway, which is one of the landmarks of early New York. In order to avoid a great outpouring of the many friends and admirers of the late merchant and philanthropist, no publicity had been given to the fact that the funeral was to take place, and only the members of the Straus family attended. The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, rabbi of Temple Beth-El, Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, according to the simple but impressive Hebrew ritual. The interment was in the Beth-El Cemetery in Fresh Pond Road, Long Island.

It was explained at the Straus home that the funeral had been delayed till yesterday in the hope that the body of Mrs. Straus, who went to death with her husband on the Titanic, might be found, and a double funeral be held. The entire lower floor of the Straus home was banked yesterday with floral pieces sent by friends and business associates of the dead man.

An impressive public civic memorial meeting for Mr. and Mrs. Straus will be held at Carnegie Hall on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at which Mayor Gaynor will be the honorary Chairman and Justice Samuel Greenbaum, President of the Council of Jewish Communal Institutions, will preside. The following will be the order of the exercises:

1. Organ recital.
2. Song, "But the Lord is Mindful," Miss Mary Jordan.
3. Address by Justice Samuel Greenbaum.
4. Address by William J. Gaynor, Mayor of the City of New York.
5. Address by Andrew Carnegie.
6. Address by the Right Rev. Thomas F. Tailor, Bishop of Tennessee.
7. Address by Jacob H. Schiff.
8. Address by Miss Julia Richman.
9. Address by Charles S. Fairchild.
10. Song, "Oh Rest in the Lord," Miss Mary Jordan.
11. Closing prayer by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman.

The committee in charge of the memorial meeting consists of the following: Samuel Greenbaum, Chairman; Felix M. Warburg, Secretary; William J. Gaynor, Honorary Chairman; Dr. Cyrus Adler, E. C. Benedict, Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, Robert W. De Forest, Benjamin Conroy, representing employes of Abraham & Straus; Louis J. Chamansky, representing employes of R. H. Macy & Co.; John Claflin, Dr. John H. Finley, Justice Samuel Greenbaum, A. Augustus Healy, Henry Hentz, A. Barton Hepburn, Francis L. Leland, Adolph Lewisohn, Seth Low, Wallace Macfarlane, Louis Marshall, William G. McAdoo, Nathaniel Myers, John J. Miller, Adolph S. Ochs, George Foster Peabody, Leopold Plaut, Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac N. Seligman, Herman Sielcken, Herman Siegel, representing employes of L. Straus & Sons; William A. Simonson, Louis Stern, Judge Mayer Sulzberger, William Woodward, C. B. Webster, Felix M. Warburg, and Mrs. E. D. Jones.

Tickets for reserved seats at the meeting may be obtained from P. Stewart, 52 William Street. The Georgia Society of New York has selected a delegation to attend the meeting, and the employes of R. H. Macy & Co., Abraham & Straus, and L. Straus & Sons will attend.

Ex-Assemblyman Henry Gaede Dead.

Henry Gaede, a New Jersey ex-Assemblyman, who was 89 years old, died late Tuesday night in his home at Central Avenue and Paterson Street, Jersey City, of old age. He had been a cripple from rheumatism for fifteen years, and blind for the last seven years. He was born in Hanover, Germany. He left a son and three daughters.

Obituary Notes.

DAVID TALMAGE, Sr., Secretary and Treasurer of the firm of Dan Talmage's Sons, wholesale dealers in rice, in Water Street, Manhattan, died yesterday at his home, 50 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 67 years old and a native of Albany County, N. Y. Mr. Talmage at one time represented the Merchants' Dispatch in New York and Chicago. His wife and two sons survive him.

ELKAN LEIPZIGER, a retired dry goods merchant, died yesterday of old age at his home, 207 West Eighty-fifth Street. He was born in Prussia eighty-one years ago, and made his home in this city since 1865. On coming to this country in 1860 he settled in Texas. He retired from business twenty years ago. He and his wife celebrated their golden wedding anniversary three years ago. He leaves a wife, three daughters, and four sons.

EDWARD LEVER FOSTER, a veteran of the civil war, died of heart failure on Tuesday at his home at 189 Roseville Avenue, Newark. He was born in North Calais, Vt., seventy-one years ago. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in Company I, Second Vermont Infantry. He served in the Army of the Potomac, and was mustered out of service Jan. 24, 1865, with the rank of First Lieutenant. For the last thirty-eight years he was connected with the firm of S. & F. Uhlmann, hop dealers.

LUCY A. BILLINGSLEY, wife of the Rev. John A. Billingsley, a former pastor of Bethany Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, died of heart trouble in Butte, Mon., on Monday. She left a husband, a son, and a brother.

ANTHONY WARING died yesterday in the Nassau Hospital, Mineola, L. I. Death followed a fall during the night, when Mr. Waring tripped as he was going down the stairs in his home at 26 Bedell Avenue, Freeport. Mr. Waring was a friend of John Y. McKane in the days when McKane ruled politically at Coney Island. In his early days he was a school teacher at Roosevelt, and at one time was Justice of the Peace at Gravesend. He was 76 years old.

FREDERICK GILDERSLEEVE, a descendant of an old Long Island family and formerly Sheriff of Nassau County, died yesterday at his home in Hempstead. He was 44 years old, and his death was caused by cancer. During the Vanderbilt Cup races he had charge of the policing of the course.

JOSEPH P. McMAHON, a brother of the Rev. Maurice McMahon, died on Tuesday at his home, 416 East Eighty-first Street, Brooklyn.

JEROME LADUE, for more than forty years in the insurance business in Westfield, N. Y., died on Monday at his home there. He was a member of the Westfield Board of Trustees and was Postmaster during the Presidency of Grover Cleveland. Mr. Ladue was 72 years old. He was born in Chautauqua.

A. W. THOMPSON, Vice President and general manager of the Ogilvie Milling Company of Montreal, died on Tuesday in London. Mr. Thompson was one of the leading grain experts in Canada.

GEORGE W. ROUZER, secretary to President Forrest F. Dryden of the Prudential Insurance Company, died suddenly of heart disease on Tuesday at his home in West Orange, N. J. He was born in Pennsylvania fifty years ago. Mr. Rouzer served at private secretary to the late Senator John F. Dryden, and continued in the same capacity with Forrest F. Dryden when the latter succeeded his father. He became acquainted with the Senator when he was in Washington as correspondent of The New York Herald. Mr. Rouzer was a friend of President Taft, and took an active interest in the formation of the Taft Business Men's League of New Jersey. He took charge also of the details of collecting the fund for the erection of the memorial tower to President Cleveland.

Col. GEORGE T. CHILDS, a veteran of the civil war and Postmaster of St. Albans, Vt., since 1898, is dead at his home there. He was born in Charlestown, Mass., seventy-five years ago, a son of Francis Childs and a brother of Nathaniel Childs. He was formerly private secretary to Gov. John Gregory Smith, President of the Central Vermont Railroad, and later was editor for six years of The St. Albans Messenger.

RICHARD CLAPP HUMPHREYS died at the age of 75 on Monday night at his home in Dorchester, Mass. Parink the greater part of his life he was actively identified with many charitable organizations and was a prominent Unitarian layman.

JOSEPH R. LEISENRING died on Tuesday at his home, 6 East Forty-fifth Street. He was born in Pennsylvania sixty-seven years ago. He owned large coffee plantations in Mexico.

FREDERICK LANGMAN, a retired manufacturer of fertilizers, died at the age of 93 on Sunday at his home, 1,311 Dean Street, Brooklyn. Four daughters survive him.

GABRIEL LOWENTHAL, at one time publisher of The Hebrew World and for many years editor of The Hebrew Standard, is dead at his home, 335 East Seventy-ninth Street. He was seventy-one years old. Mrs. Lowenthal survives him.

HERBERT LANDON GRIFFIN of 558 West 164th Street died of nephritis on Tuesday. Mrs. Griffin and two daughters survive him.

CHARLES GASPEY, for twenty-five years in the shipping business in New York, died of heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 545 Forty-eighth Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Gaspey and a daughter survive him.

THOMAS O'BRIEN, a retired contractor, died on Tuesday at his home, 360 West 118th Street. He was 88 years old.

IGNATZ OERTREICHER, a successful expert in photographic chemistry, died last Thursday at the home of his daughter, 706 West 178th Street. He was born in Turnau, Austria, seventy-four years ago and came to this country as a young man. He was one of the first to engage here in the half-tone photo-engraving business. Some time ago he became interested in the moving-picture business, and his last illness prevented him from perfecting the organization of a plant in Rochester for the manufacture of films along new patent lines.

A. H. WOODS RETURNS WITH A BAG OF PLAYS

His Extended European Tour Yielded Him Many Musical Attractions.

A NEW LEHAR OPERETTA

Julian Eltinge Theatre to Open Aug. 15—Reinhardt's "The Miracle" in Motion Pictures.

A. H. Woods, the theatrical manager, returned yesterday from an extended tour through Europe. Among the various new attractions he obtained while abroad are the American rights to the motion pictures of Prof. Max Reinhardt's production of "The Miracle" that was done at the Olympia, London. The full rights to these pictures are controlled by Joseph Menchen, an American electrician, who formerly had a little electrical shop at the Bijou Theatre and who removed to London several years ago.

Among the other acquisitions of Mr. Woods are:

A musical play by Leo Stein and Edward Elliser, entitled "The Woman Haters' Club," which is to have an early Fall production. Another piece he brought back is "Limousine Love," by the authors of "A Modern Eve." "Tantalizing Tommy," by Hugo Felix, Adrian Ross, and Michael Morton, will be produced with Elizabeth Brice and Charles King in the principal roles.

"The Lady in Red," an adaptation from the German, Mr. Woods also bought for America, after attending a performance in Dresden. "The Cabaret Girl" is the title of still another musical play which will receive his prompt attention.

While in London, Mr. Woods said, he arranged with Greet and Engelbach to produce "The Girl in a Taxi" at the Lyric Theatre, on Sept. 7, with Emmy Wehlen and Carter De Haven in the leading roles.

Mr. Woods also stated that the new Julian Eltinge Theatre in Forty-second Street will open on Aug. 15 with a foreign play. For Mr. Eltinge's own use he has obtained the rights to a new comedy by Winchell Smith. In association with Klaw & Erlanger he will produce the latest Lehar operetta, "Eva," and he has also obtained rights to "For Sale," by Elmer Harris, and to dramatic versions of "The Jump-Ups" and "The Widow Wise" series of pictures.

"THE MARRIAGE—NOT" NEXT.

Newcomer's Comedy to be Seen at Maxine Elliott's Theatre.

The Shuberts have entered into an arrangement with Cecil B. De Mille whereby the latter will present at Maxine Elliott's Theatre next week a new comedy, "The Marriage—Not," by Joseph Noel. The company will include Ozza Waldrop, Robert Drouet, Fritz Williams, Albert Howson, Sybilla Pope, Fayette Perry, Alexander Leftwich, Horace Hain, Charlotte Carter, and Selma Maynard. The production is now at the Powers Theatre, Chicago, and comes direct from there.

"The Marriage—Not" will be the second play presented in New York under Mr. De Mille's management. His first production here, "Speed," had a run at Collier's Comedy Theatre early in the season. Joseph Noel, the author of the new piece, is making his début as a playwright, but is well known on the Pacific Coast as a newspaper writer.

SIX WIN "N. A." HONOR.

National Academy Re-elects Officers and Names New Academicians.

At the annual meeting of the Executive Council of the National Academy of Design, held yesterday afternoon in the offices of the academy in Amsterdam Avenue at One Hundred and Ninth Street, the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year:

President—John W. Alexander; Vice President—Herbert Adams; Corresponding Secretary—Harry W. Watrous; Recording Secretary—Charles C. Curran; Treasurer—Francis C. Jones. The following new members of the Executive Council were elected: William R. Mead, member of the architectural firm of McKim, Mead & White, and A. T. Van Laer.

Six new academicians were elected. They are William A. Coffin, painter; Walter Cook, architect; Colin Campbell Cooper, painter; Lydia Field Emmet, painter; Wilton Lockwood, painter, and Henry Prellwitz, painter.

Grand Lodge of Masons.

At the second day's session of the Grand Lodge of Masons of the State of New York, held in the Masonic Temple, in West Twenty-fourth Street, yesterday, reports were read from the Committees on Antiquities, Foreign Correspondence, Deceased Brethren, Hall and Asylum fund; from the Committee of the Custodians of the Work, and from the Committee on Charity. At to-day's session the annual election will take place.

Anniversary of Nightworkers' Mass.

The eleventh anniversary of the institution of the Newspapermen and Nightworkers' Mass will be celebrated next Sunday at 2:30 A. M. in St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Church, Duane Street and City Hall Place. Dr. John Cavanaugh, President of the University of Notre Dame, will deliver the sermon.

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SOCIAL REMEDIES DISCUSSED

Marriages, the Sick and Dependent Children Occupy Charities Conference

In presenting the report of the Committee on Families before the second session of the Conference of Charities and Corrections, held in the United Charities Building, 109 East Twenty-second Street, yesterday morning, Mrs. William Grant Brown, President of the Federation of Women's Clubs of New York City, said:

"Our Legislature should protect the family by amending the requirements for marriage license so that persons mentally unsound or physically tainted by disease shall not be allowed to throw recklessly open the door of wedlock. Society must place the proper check on the marriage of the unfit and give a higher ideal to the marriage relation."

Mrs. Florence Kelley, Secretary of the National Consumer's League, made an address on "Governmental Aid" in relation to the care of families, in which she advocated school pensions as a means of dealing effectively with the interrelated evils of child labor, irregular school attendance, and dependence. Mrs. Kelley protested against the present practice of separating children from mothers whose only disability is poverty.

During the afternoon session, when "The Sick" was the subject for discussion, Dr. Alfred Meyer, attending physician of Bedford Hospital, proposed the establishment of colonies for the tuberculosis sanitoria patients discharged as "arrested," and an increase in the hospital beds of the city for the incurables.

The inadequacy of the hospital ficilities of the city was discussed by Robert W. Hebberd, Secretary of the State Board of Charities, who stated that the Poor Law Infirmaries of metropolitan London, with its population of approximately 7,000,000, contain 17,000 beds, while New York has less than 5,000 beds, and should have relatively 10,000.

Papers were read by Dr. Walter E. Fernald at the session held in the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, 99 Livingston Street, and Dr. Charles S. Little, Superintendent of Letchworth Village, and Dr. Peter F. Lange, Director of Research, Rome Custodial Asylum.

HEBREW INSTITUTE DAY.

Commencement Ceremonies Held at Cooper Union.

The commencement exercises of the class of 1912 of the Hebrew Technical Institute were held last night in the auditorium of Cooper Union. In the absence of Morris Loeb, President of the Board of Directors of the institute, Joseph L. Buttenwieser, Second Vice President of the board, presided.

NEW YORKS HAMMER CARDINAL PITCHERS

St. Louis Rally Cut Short in Ninth Inning by Mathewson —Score, 11 to 8.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	4	5	0	0	0	1	1	0—11
St. Louis	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	2— 8

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	1	1	0	1
Fletcher, ss	1	1	1	1	0	1
Snodgrass, cf	3	1	1	4	0	0
Becker, rf	5	1	2	5	0	0
Merkle, 1b	5	2	2	8	1	0
Herzog, 3b	4	1	0	2	0	0
Shafer, ss., 2b	4	3	1	2	0	1
Wilson, c	2	1	1	2	1	1
Hartley, c	1	0	1	0	2	0
Tesreau, p	5	0	1	1	5	0
Mathewson, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total	38	11	13	27	10	4

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Huggins, 2b	4	1	2	2	3	1
Ellis, lf	3	0	0	7	1	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	1	1	2	1	2
Konetchy, 1b	4	1	1	8	1	0
Oakes, cf	3	2	0	1	0	1
Hauser, ss	0	1	0	1	0	0
Smith, ss	4	0	0	1	1	0
Miller, rf	2	1	0	1	0	0
Bliss, c	4	0	0	3	3	1
Harmon, p	1	0	0	1	0	0
Dale, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Willis, p	2	1	1	0	1	0
Woodburn, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
*Magee	1	0	1	0	0	0
†Wingo	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	8	7	27	12	5

*Batted for Willis in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Miller in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Willis, Magee, Mowrey. Three-base hits—Devore, Becker. Sacrifice flies—Wilson, Mowrey. Stolen bases—Snodgrass, Miller, Shafer, Devore. Double plays—Tesreau, Wilson, and Merkle; Ellis and Bliss. Passed ball—Wilson. Hit by pitcher—By Willis, (Devore.) Bases on balls—Off Harmon, 3; off Dale, 1; off Willis, 1; off Tesreau, 9. Struck out—By Tesreau, 1; by Willis, 1. Hits—Off Harmon, 5 in 2 innings, (none out in third inning); off Willis, 7 in 6 innings; off Tesreau, 7 in 8 1-3 innings; off Woodburn, 1 in 1 inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; New York, 7. Time of game—Two hours and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—In spite of another whirlwind finish by the Cardinals, the home team was unable to overcome the Giant's big lead and New York took its third straight victory here to-day by a score of 11 to 8. Manager Roger Bresnahan could stay in the hospital no longer, seven straight defeats for his team bringing him to the coaching lines again to-day, but his presence did not, in any way, tame the Giants' batting streak.

New York piled up nine runs in the second and third innings, which laid the foundation for an almost certain victory. Big Jeff Tesreau had been pitching fine ball up to the ninth inning, but then he got wabbly and was yanked from the slab after two runs had been scored and Mathewson went in to save the day.

Bob Harmon, the best flinger of the Cardinal staff, was called on to break the team's losing streak. He lasted only two innings, and Dale, his successor, was so wild that he was taken out in a jiffy. Willis was the third pitcher and he, too, was laced hard. Herzog was the only Giant that did not get a hit.

Merkle opened the second inning with a single off Harmon. Herzog skied to Ellis, and Huggins booted Shafer's grounder. Wilson walked, filling the bases. Tesreau hoisted a pop to Hauser. Josh Devore drove a screaming triple to left, scoring Merkle, Shafer, and Wilson. Doyle's single sent Devore home. Doyle died, stealing second.

It doesn't seem possible, but it was still worse in the next inning. Snodgrass walked and went to third on Becker's single, Becker taking second on the throw-in. Merkle's single sent Snodgrass and Becker home. Dale was sent in to relieve Harmon. He walked Herzog. Dale served three wild ones to Devore and was promptly derricked in favor of Willis. Shafer walked, filling the bases. Wilson's sacrifice fly scored Merkle. Tesreau singled over second, scoring Herzog. Devore singled to center, scoring Shafer. Devore filed to Ellis and Tesreau was doubled at the plate.

In the meantime the Cardinals got a run in the second on a pass to Hauser, a passed ball and an out. Another run developed in the fourth. Oakes got two bases on Shafer's wild throw to first. Smith filed to Snodgrass, Oakes taking third after the catch. Miller walked, stole second, and when Wilson's throw got away from Doyle, Oakes scored.

The feature of the seventh came when Smith hit Umpire Owens in the head with a thrown ball and knocked him out. His wife was in the grandstand and fainted. The injured official was soon revived.

With two out, Shafer singled to right, stole second, and scored when Oakes muffed Wilson's fly, the later going around to third, where he injured an ankle sliding. Hartley took his place.

Tesreau grounded to Smith, who tossed to first, the ball hitting Umpire Owens in the back of the head, knocking him senseless. Tesreau got another time at the bat, and Hartley was sent back to third. Tesreau then filed to Konetchy. In the same inning, Willis doubled to right, Huggins and Ellis walked, filling the bases. Mowrey's sacrifice fly scored Willis.

Another Giant run in the eighth, Devore was hit and stole second. Fletcher beat out an infield hit and Devore died at the plate on an attempted double steal, Fletcher being chased back to first base. He scored on Becker's triple.

St. Louis then made a strong finish. Konetchy was safe on Fletcher's fumble and Oakes walked. Both runners went along a base, on Smith's sacrifice. Miller walked, filling the bases. Magee, batting for Willis, doubled to right field, scoring Konetchy, Oakes, and Miller. The bombardment of Tesreau's curves continued in the ninth. Huggins singled to left, and Ellis filed to Becker. Mowrey doubled to left, scoring Huggins. Konetchy singled to centre, scoring Mowrey. Oakes walked.

Manager McGraw got thoroughly scared at Tesreau's downfall and took him from the mound. Mathewson was sent in to stop the Cardinal rally and he did it. Smith forced Konetchy at third, Matty to Herzog. Wingo, batting for Miller, filed to Becker.

Zimmerman's Batting Beats Braves.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Zimmerman's batting upset the visitors' pitchers to-day, and Chicago defeated Boston, 9 to 8. After taking the lead for a time, Chicago was forced to fight all the way until the ninth inning, when Zimmerman's double drove in the winning run. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'kard, lf	4	2	3	3	0	Sw'ney, 2b	4	1	3	3	3
Schulte rf	4	1	0	1	0	C'pbell, cf	5	0	1	0	0
Tinker, ss	4	0	0	1	3	R. M'ler, rf	5	0	0	1	0
Hofman, cf	5	2	2	1	1	Kirke, lf	5	2	2	2	0
Z'm'm'n, 1b	5	2	3	11	0	Devlin, ss	3	2	2	3	3
Evers, 2b	4	1	2	2	5	Houser, 1b	4	1	2	13	2
Lennox, 3b	2	1	0	1	0	McD'ld, 3b	3	2	1	1	0
Archer, c	4	0	0	6	2	Kling, c	2	0	0	2	1
Cole, p	0	0	0	0	0	Hogg, p	0	0	0	0	1
R'lbach, p	0	0	0	0	1	Tyler, p	3	0	0	0	2
Toney, p	1	0	0	0	1	Dickson, p	1	0	0	1	3
Richie, c	0	0	0	0	0						
*W. Miller	0	0	0	0	0	Total	35	8	11	26	13

Total...33 9 10 27 13

*Batted for Toney in eighth inning.
†Two out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Tinker, Hofman, Archer, Kirke.

Chicago	5	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	—9
Boston	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	—8

Two-base hits—Sweeney Zimmerman. Three-base hit—Zimmerman. Home run—Zimmerman. Hits—Off Hogg, 2 in one-third inning; off Tyler, 3 in five and one-third innings; off Dickson, 5 in three innings; off Cole, 4 in one inning; off Reulbach, 3 in two innings; off Toney, 4 in five innings; off Richie, 0 in one inning. Sacrifice fly—Kling. Sacrifice hit—Tinker. Stolen bases—Kirke, (2,) Devlin, Sweeney, Sheckard. Double play—Tinker, Evers, and Zimmerman. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Boston, 5. Bases on balls—Off Hogg, 1; off Cole, 1; off Reulbach, 2; off Tyler, 3; off Toney, 1; off Dickson, 1. Struck out—By Tyler, 1; by Reulbach, 2; by Toney, 1. Passed ball—Kling. Wild pitch—Toney. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Reds Have One Winning Inning.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 8.—A combination of six hits, one of which was Bates's triple with two men on bases, netted Cincinnati five runs in the fourth inning to-day, and enabled [illegible] to win from Philadelphia, 6 to 4. [illegible] in the second inning after making a triple. Mitchell was put out of the game by Umpire Rigler for disputing a decision on strikes. Keefe was invincible, while Alexander had only one bad inning. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bescher, lf	4	1	1	1	1	0	Knabe, 2b	5	1	1	2	5	0
Bates, cf	2	1	1	1	0	0	Titus, rf	4	2	1	2	0	0
Hob'tzel, 1b	3	0	2	10	1	0	Downey, 3b	4	0	2	1	0	0
Mitchell, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0	Tud'us, 1b	3	0	0	9	0	0
Marsans, rf	1	0	0	1	0	0	Magee, lf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Egan, 2b	4	1	1	3	1	0	Pask't, cf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Phelan, 3b	4	1	2	1	3	0	Doolan, ss	4	0	0	1	3	0
Esm'd, ss	2	0	0	2	3	0	Killifer, c	1	0	0	1	0	0
McLean, c	4	0	1	6	0	0	Doon, c	0	0	0	1	0	0
Benton, p	2	0	1	0	2	0	Graham, c	1	0	0	4	0	0
Keefe, p	2	0	0	1	1	0	Moore, p	2	1	0	0	0	0
							Alex'r, p	1	0	0	0	3	0
Total	30	5	9	27	12	0	*Cravath	1	0	1	0	0	0
							†Brinker	1	0	0	0	0	0
							Total	34	4	8	24	13	0

*Batted for Killifer in fourth inning.
†Batted for Alexander in ninth inning.

Errors—Killifer, Graham, Bescher, Phelan.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Philadelphia	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Cravath, Hoblitzel, McLean. Three-base hits—Magee, Bates. Hits—Off Moore, 6 in 3 2-3 innings; off Alexander, 3 in 4 1-3 innings; off Benton, 7 in 5 innings, (none out in sixth;) off Keefe, 1 in 4 innings. Sacrifice hit—Hoblitzel. Stolen bases—Titus, Magee, Phelan, Bescher. Double plays—Doolan, Knabe, and Luderus, (2;) Knabe, Doolan, and Luderus; Phelan, Egan, and Hoblitzel. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 7; Cincinnati, 8. First base on balls—Off Moore, 5; off Alexander, 1; off Benton, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Benton, (Doolin.) Struck out—By Moore, 1; by Alexander, 5; by Benton, 3; by Keefe, 2. Wild pitch—Alexander. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New England League.

All games postponed; rain.

Connecticut League.

All games postponed; rain.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 9; Allentown, 6.
At Altoona—Trenton, 6; Altoona, 1.
Other games postponed; rain.

American Association.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6; Louisville, 3.
At Milwaukee—Indianapolis, 1; Milwaukee, 0.
At St. Paul—Columbus, 10; St. Paul, 0.
At Minneapolis—Toledo, 6; Minneapolis, 3.

New York State League.

At Troy—Utica, 6; Troy, 0.
Other games postponed; rain.

Virginia League.

At Roanoke—Norfolk, 6; Roanoke, 2.
At Danville—Richmond, 5; Danville, 2.
At Newport News—Lynchburg, 8; Newport News, 3.
At Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 4; Petersburg, 4, (13 innings; darkness.)

Southern League.

At Montgomery—Chattanooga, 3; Montgomery, 2.
At Birmingham—Memphis, 5; Birmingham, 3.
At Mobile—Atlanta, 3; Mobile, 2, (12 innings.)
At New Orleans—New Orleans, 6; Nashville, 4.

United States League.

At Pittsburgh—Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburgh, 2.
At Chicago—Cleveland, 15; Chicago, 8.
Other games postponed; rain.

Scores of Other Games.

At Burlington, Vt.—Vermont, 4; Lafayette, 3.
At Orono, Me.—Maine, 8; Bates, 7; (10 innings; game protested by Bates.)
At Northfield, Vt.—St. Lawrence, 4; Norwich, 0.
At Princeton—Brown vs. Princeton; rain.
At Hamilton, N. Y.—Colgate, 7; Rochester, 2.
At New Haven—N. Y. U. vs. Yale; rain.
At Andover, Mass.—Phillips-Andover vs. New Hampshire; rain.

Want Sunday Baseball Stopped.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 8.—Gov. Pothier to-day received a petition signed by 100 residents of the town of Warwick, asking that Sunday baseball be stopped at Rocky Point, where the Providence team of the International League plays on Sundays. An exhibition game between Providence and the Detroit Club of the American League is scheduled for next Sunday. The agitation is the outcome of the alleged lack of proper police protection at the game between Providence and Rochester on April 21, when the crowd swarmed upon the field and interrupted the playing. After reading the petition Gov. Pothier said he would refer the entire matter to the local authorities at Warwick, as he considered the question one which they should decide.

Tannehill's Wrist Broken.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—One of Walter Johnson's speedy curved balls put Lee Tannehill, utility infielder of the Chicago White Sox, out of the game indefinitely to-day. Tannehill's wrist was broken by a pitched ball. The crowd jeered the White Sox infielder as he trotted to his base rubbing his arm, for the ball seeme dto have struck the bat. Tannehill tried to field his position at short stop in the next inning, but his first attempt tot hrow to first resulted in a wild throw. An X-ray examination of the arm showed a clean break. Tannehill will return to Chicago to-morrow and Blackburne will take his place.

Yankee Recruits Released.

The New York Americans have released Howell Cann to Toledo. Cann is a left handed pitcher from St. Mary's College, in California. Benoy Kauff, the outfielder, has been released to Rochester.

Gotch-Americus Bout in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 7.—Frank Gotch, the title holder, and Gus Schoenlein, ("Americus") of Baltimore will contest for the world's heavyweight wrestling championship at the Fifth Regiment Armory here on May 30, (Decoration Day.) Word that Baltimore had secured the match in competition with Kansas City, Chicago, Washington and Boston was received by "Americus" to-day. Gotch is to receive 40 per cent. of the gross receipts and Americus 25 per cent., while the remainder, [illegible] will go to the Monumental Club [illegible] in staging the affair.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York—Rain.
Cleveland at Philadelphia—Rain.
Chicago, 7; Washington, 6.
Detroit at Boston—Rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 11; St. Louis, 8.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh—Rain.
Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 4.
Chicago, 9; Boston, 8.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Toronto, 2; Jersey City, 1.
Newark, 6; Buffalo, 3.
Rochester, 6; Providence, 3.
Montreal, 5; Baltimore, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	16	5	.762
Boston	11	7	.611
Washington	10	8	.556
Philadelphia	9	8	.529
Cleveland	8	9	.471
Detroit	9	12	.429
St. Louis	6	12	.333
New York	4	12	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati	15	4	.788
New York	14	4	.778
Chicago	11	9	.550
Boston	8	11	.421
Pittsburgh	7	10	.412
Brooklyn	6	9	.400
Philadelphia	6	10	.375
St. Louis	5	15	.250

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City	11	5	.687
Rochester	9	6	.600
Baltimore	8	6	.571
Buffalo	8	7	.533
Providence	7	8	.467
Newark	7	9	.438
Toronto	6	9	.400
Montreal	4	10	.286

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.
Detroit at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Toronto.
Newark at Buffalo.
Providence at Rochester.
Baltimore at Montreal.

YOUNG SOLSBERG NO MATCH FOR COULON

Bantam Champion Severely Punishes Brooklyn Boy in Ten-Round Bout.

Johnny Coulon, bantamweight champion of the world, made his first appearance in New York City since June, 1910, at the Royale A. C. of Brooklyn last night and decisively outpointed Young Solsberg, the Brooklyn bantamweight. Several times it seemed as if Solsberg would have to take the count under the storm of terrific punches which the champion handed out, but he managed to weather the storm to the finish. Nine of the ten rounds were easily accounted for by Coulon and an even break resulted in the other round. A crowd which completely filled the Clermont Avenue Rink witnessed the bout.

The rule of the State Athletic Commission requiring that the principals in the main bout must be in the ring and ready to begin boxing at 10 o'clock was utterly disregarded by the management. A semi-final, scheduled to go ten rounds, was put on at 9:37 o'clock and the main bout was started at exactly 10:25 o'clock. The refusal of one of the boxers in the semi-final to continue after part of the eighth round had been finished prevented the main event from being further delayed. Commissioner John J. Dixon, who occupied a seat near the ring, jumped to his feet just before the main bout began and yelled to Solsberg's corner, where one of the Brooklynites' "seconds" was engaged in removing the padding from that part of the glove which covers the boxer's knuckles, to desist. The order had to be repeated before the "second" gave up the work.

Coulon's ringside weight, with his ring costume on, was announced at 113¼ pounds, while Solsberg, without ring costume, weighed one pound less. Solsberg seemed to be a bit taller than the champion, but not enough to furnish any material advantage. Coulon, with his scant supply of hair, looked the part of a veteran, and Solsberg appeared very youthful in comparison.

Practically all the time from the start of the second round until the bell ended the tenth inning Coulon set a pace that left no dispute as to his superiority over Solsberg. Now and then a swing by the Brooklynite found a landing place on the champion and cheered along the many supporters of the home boxers, but these blows were few and far between. Solsberg made a strong rally in the tenth round, evidently encouraged by the fact that he had lasted so long against the champion, but his few stinging punches served only to start Coulon along at a fast clip.

A straight right to the jaw in the second round sent Solsberg to the canvas, but he was up quickly. This was the only real knockdown of the bout, but Solsberg went down on two other occasions, once from the slippery floor and later when he lost his balance after a wild swing. Solsberg's left arm was missing fire all through the bout, Coulon finding no difficulty in getting out of the range of these leads. On the other hand Coulon showed fine judgment of distance and an unerring aim. He landed straight rights to Solsberg's jaw almost at will and used both hands in his bombardment of the Brooklynite's stomach. Solsberg showed wonderful endurance in standing up under the fire of the champion. The blows landed against the Brooklynite's head and stomach with a snap that echoed throughout the big hall, but only one blow of several dozen knocked Solsberg off his feet. Many of them shook him up or knocked him to one side, but he always kept his feet.

The first round was about even, as Coulon had not warmed up. The other rounds belonged to the champion, according to the amount of speed he desired to show. Generally he showed enough to keep Solsberg far in the rear, but in two or three he took things so easy that the rounds seemed slow. He feinted Solsberg into knots and won as he pleased. The Brooklynite did no damage to Coulon.

HURLEY BEATS YOUNG HICKEY

Passaic Lad Earns Honors at Opening of New Star A. C.

Four ten-round bouts were the offering last night at the opening of the New Star Athletic Club in East 107th Street, three of which went the limit, with the other, which called out K. O. Sweeney and Joe Shears, ending at the beginning of the fifth round, when Shears announced his inability to continue. He had received a terrible beating about the body and was barely able to stand up at the finish of the fourth round.

The first "go" brought out Tiger Young and Kid Murphy, the former bantam champion, who, while he lasted throughout the entire journey, was handed a thrashing which resulted in his being "cut to pieces." Kid Alberts and Johnny Harvey put up a rattling mill for ten rounds, which was won by the former, although Harvey showed flashes which gave his followers something to enthuse over.

What was promised as the star attraction proved to be a gruelling affair with Battling Hurley of Passaic and Young Hickey as the principals. Hurley was always prominent with his boring-in tactics and clearly administered a good beating to the Harlem lad. The latter, after reaching the Passaic boy with his left, continually fell into a clinch, whereupon Hurley would show himself at home with his infighting which wore Hickey down.

Hurley slammed at any and all times with the Harlemite holding on as though his life depended on it. The Passaic lad played a continual tattoo on his opponent's midsection, and aside from beating him badly about the body, opened a gash over his left eye, which seemingly slowed him up. In the latter part of the last round Hurley apparently began to feel the effects of his hard milling and proceeded to hold his opponent when he got through slamming him all over the ring.

BOXING CASES HEARD.

State Athletic Commission Holds Court, but Few Complaints Come Up.

William McCaffrey, President of the Brooklyn Beach Athletic Club of South Brooklyn, appeared before the State Athletic Commission yesterday to answer several complaints which have recently been registered against the club. The Commissioners were not satisfied with the way things were being conducted at the club and would undoubtedly have taken unfavorable action against the promoters, but Mr. McCaffrey convinced the Commissioners that he was not to blame for past troubles, and on his agreement to be personally responsible in the future the case was dropped.

The Commissioners announced their success in stopping the first proposed illegal boxing show since the Frawley law went into effect. A week ago word was received at the commission's headquarters that the Boilermakers' Union of Dunkirk had advertised that it would hold boxing bouts on Wednesday night. The union has no license, and word was immediately sent to the prosecuting attorney of Chautauqua County to stop the proposed bouts. The notice reached his office less than three hours before the show was scheduled to begin, but he got in communication with the police at Dunkirk and the show was not held.

Jack Cottman, who boxed five rounds of a scheduled ten-round bout at the Knickerbocker A. C. of Albany, received one-half of the $20 which the club sent to the commission after refusing to pay the boxer. It was charged that he did not do his best, and the club directed that the money be turned over to charity. The Commissioners decided that the boxer should receive at least one-half of the amount which the club agreed to give him, and, accordingly, gave him $10.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Gunboat Smith, the California heavyweight, will get a good tryout when he boxes Jim Stewart at the National Sporting Club to-night. Smith has been in four minor bouts since he came East, and won them all. Stewart showed much improvement recently when he defeated Carl Morris, and to-night's bout between these big men should furnish much action. If Smith defeats Stewart to-night he will endeavor to arrange a match with Al Palzer, to take place on the Coast.

The new Long Acre Athletic Club will open its new home at the Eldorado Casino, Fifty-second Street and Seventh Avenue, on Monday evening, May 13. An extensive programme has been arranged, which includes a ten-round bout between Willie Chandler and Young Lustig, a ten-round bout between Joe Madden and Kid Barnes, and a ten-round bout between Kohoma Kid and Benty Lewis. There will also be a six-round and a four-round bout.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 4 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. St. Louis. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c. 4dv.

A GAME TO-DAY, MAYBE.

After Three Days of Rain, Weather Sharps Predict a Baseball Day.

The breaking waves dashed high again yesterday on the stern and rock-bound Hilltop, and the Yankees and St. Louis Browns had to spend the day at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Manager Wolverton's team has easily crowded the Phillies out of first place in the Hard Luck League. With the coming of the Browns, the crippled Yankees saw a chance to win a few games and get into their stride. For if there is any team in th league that is beatable, it's St. Louis, think the Yanks.

The prolonged rainstorm has cheated the Yankees out of two chances to face the Browns, but as the weather predictions for to-day say "fair and warmer," maybe the teams will get a chance to get together to-day and to-morrow. The Yankees' list of cripples will diminish in a few days. Hal Chase is able to be out and may get into the game in a day or two. Harry Wolter's injured knee is also improving, and he expects to be able to play within the next week.

Walter Johnson Gets a Beating.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Chicago defeated Washington to-day, 7 to 6, in an exciting game, the visitors using three pitchers and the locals two. Johnson was practically knocked out of the box, being relieved after six singles and two home runs had been made in five innings. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b	3	2	2	4	5
Lord, 3b	5	2	2	1	1
Cal'han, lf	5	0	1	2	0
Bodie, cf	3	1	1	0	0
Collins, rf, 1b	4	1	1	6	0
Zeider, 1b, ss	4	1	1	4	4
T'meh'l, ss	1	0	0	1	1
M'Int're, rf	2	0	0	1	0
Block, c	4	0	3	8	2
Benz, p	0	0	0	0	2
Walsh, p	4	0	1	0	2
Lange, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	7	12	27	17

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, lf	5	0	2	2	0
Foster, 3b	5	1	2	0	1
Milan, cf	4	0	1	5	0
Sch'fer, rf, 3	3	1	1	2	0
Flynn, 1b	5	1	0	6	0
Knight, 2b, 3	0	2	4	0	
M'F'de, ss	4	0	1	2	2
M'smith, c	4	1	2	6	4
Johnson, p	1	0	0	0	1
Becker, p	1	0	0	0	1
*Morgan	1	1	1	0	0
†Cashion	1	0	1	0	0
‡Howard	0	1	0	0	0
Total	37	6	13	27	8

*Batted for Johnson in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Becker in the ninth inning.
‡Ran for Cashion.

Errors—Callahan, Zeider, Tannehill, Milan.

Chicago	2	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	—7
Washington	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	1	—6

Two-base hits—Foster, Zeider, Block, Moeller, Knight. Home runs—Lord, Bodie. Hits—Off Benz, none in one and one-third innings; off Walsh, 10 in six innings; off Lange, 3 in one and two-thirds innings; off Johnson, 8 in five innings; off Becker, 4 in four innings. Stolen bases—Rath, Knight, Schaefer. Double plays—Tannehill, Rath, and Zeider; Zeider, Rath, and Collins; Zeider and Lord. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Washington, 8. First base on balls—Off Benz, 3; off Walsh, 1; off Johnson, 1; off Becker, 2; off Lange, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 2. Hit by pitcher—Tannehill by Johnson. Struck out—By Benz, 1; by Walsh, 4; by Johnson, 5; by Becker, 1; by Lange, 3. Passed ball—Block. Balk—Becker. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Toronto.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	..	2	8	3

Batteries—McHale and Wells; Rudolph and Fisher.

At Buffalo.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	6	11	1
Buffalo	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	8	4

Batteries—Dent and Smith; Beebe and McAllister.

At Montreal.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	3
Montreal	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	..	5	7	1

Batteries—Adkins, Danforth, and Payne; Mattern and Roth.

At Rochester.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	8	4
Rochester	1	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	..	6	8	1

Batteries—Harden, Thomas, and Breckendorf; Kleipper and Blair.

STANFORD CREW INVITED.

Pacific Coast Eight Will Row In Poughkeepsie Regatta.

The Stewards of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association held a meeting here last night and decided to formally invite the crew of the Leland Stanford, Jr., University of California to row in the annual regatta of the association at Poughkeepsie next month.

The Pacific Coast rowing men have long desired the distinction of being a part of this big annual sporting event, and a few months ago the boys held a mass meeting and pledged enough funds to send the crew, provided their overtures were welcome to the Poughkeepsie authorities. This was no hard obstacle to overcome, and the action of last night's meeting left no doubt about the cordiality with which the Westerners will be received when they arrive on the Hudson early in June.

Bowen, Cornell Stroke, Lost to Crew.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 8.—Coach Courtney has given up hope that Bowen, stroke of the 'Varsity crew for the last two years, will ever get back in the shells. Bowen has just left the infirmary after a siege of sickness. The crew squad have accordingly chosen C. B. Ferguson, Acting Commodore, in his place. Ferguson has been rowing at No. 7 for two years, and rowed with Bowen in the freshman eight four years ago. The 'Varsity is making some fast time trials, and looks better than last year. Bowen is the only man missing from the boat that will row Harvard and Princeton on May 23 on the Charles.

Ocean-to-Ocean Car Arrives.

After traveling 4,200 miles across the continent the Case pathfinding car arrived at New York yesterday. The car left Philadelphia at 7 o'clock yesterday morning and reached Columbus Circle at 1 P. M., occupying six hours in the journey. About twenty automobiles escorted the car through the heavy rain to the circle, where a number of automobile enthusiasts were on hand to welcome it. The object of the trip was to arouse in all the States an interest in a coast-to-coast National highway, built and graded so as to be suitable for automobiles and other vehicles. After delivering the letters carried across the continent the crew of the car was entertained at luncheon at the Automobile Club of America.

No More Auto Races In Fairmount

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—The Fairmount Park Commission to-day decided not to allow any more automobile races in the park because of the danger of accidents. This means the abandonment of the 200-mile road race of the Quaker City Motor Club, annually held in the park, unless another course is found.

To Compete for Smith Trophy.

The first set of games of the season of the Pastime Athletic Club will take place Sunday next, at the Pastime Oval, Ninetieth Street and Avenue A. The games will commence at 3 P. M., with the following events: 100-yard, 440-yard, ¾-mile, and 3-mile runs, and high jump, all handicap; 600-yard run, novice. Exhibition by Meyer, Sheppard, Lovell, Gissing, Clark, and others. A game of baseball is to follow the games. A point trophy of bronze has been donated by C. E. Smith, a former champion, to the member scoring the most points in open and members' games during the year 1912.

Must Obtain $1,500 Daily.

Announcement was made yesterday by the American Olympic Committee that at least $1,500 would be needed daily from now until June 14, as subscriptions, in order to have the United States team as strong as originally outlined for the Stockholm games. Julian W. Curtiss, Treasurer of the committee, reported that he had received the following contributions yesterday: Athletic Association of the University of Michigan, $50; Senator George P. McLean, New Haven, Conn., $

IMMIGRATION BILL HEARING IS CLOSED

Opponents Continue Attack Upon the Certificate Plan and Root Amendment.

MANY SPEAK FOR REFUGEES

Herbert Parsons and Rabbi Wise Argue That Immigrants Should Have the Right to Employ Counsel.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—More attacks were made to-day upon the Dillingham Immigration bill now pending before the House Committee on Immigration. Criticism was particularly directed against the feature calling for certificates of admission, which aliens in the country will be required to carry on pain of arrest and deportation, and against the Root amendment providing for the deportation of conspirators against a friendly Government.

Miss Lillian D. Wald, a New York settlement worker, in opposing the Root amendment, said that it might be used against Irishmen in this country working for Home Rule. Other speakers bitterly denounced its possible application to political refugees from Russia.

The hearings came abruptly to a close to-day with many witnesses unheard, and those who were permitted to testify were compelled to cut their remaks short. Representative Goldfogle of New York and Sabath and Curley were earnest in their efforts to have the hearings extended, but Chairman Burnett was obdurate and insisted that they close.

Former Representative Bennet of New York continued his assault on the bill. He argued that the certificates would be worse than useless, save to the criminal classes who might traffic in them. He denounced the Root amendment and said the present law does not exclude the criminal classes. Treaties should be negotiated with Italy and Austria-Hungary, he said, for keeping their criminals at home.

Edward Sandford, formerly legal adviser to Gov. Hughes, was introduced by Judge Goldfogle to represent the Hamburg-American, the North German, and the American Lines.

The plan of issuing certificates had been tried in Boston, he said, and had failed. He denounced the bill for making the Prosecutor and Judge of the immigrants the same person, and assailed the power conferred upon the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to blacklist a steamship line for offenses of which he could have no personal knowledge. He denied that the steamship companies advertise for immigrants, and stated that 95 per cent. of our immigrants come to this country on account of relatives or friends here ahead of them.

Aaron D. Levy of New York denounced the Root amendment as did former Representative Herbert Parsons and Rabbi Wise. Mr. Parsons spoke as the Representative of the Political Refugees Defense League and the Society of the Friends of Russian Freedom, of which he is President. Alphonse G. Koelble of New York, representing the National German American Alliance, denounced the administration of the law and argued that immigrants should be given the right to have counsel. Johann G. Ohsol, a former member of the Russian Duma, also denounced the Root amendment.

The administration of the law was explained by Commissioner Williams of New York. He also was against the requirement for certificates which he thought would prove of little value and which would be a great burden in the administration of the law.

FIGHT 3-FOR-5 BRIDGE FARES.

Company Serves Public Service Commissioners with Writs of Certiorari.

The Bridge Operating Company served yesterday on the members of the Public Service Commission a writ of certiorari signed by Justice Erlanger for the review of the commission's order to reduce the fares for transportation across the Williamsburg Bridge from three cents or two tickets for five cents to two cents or three tickets for five cents. The commission made this order on evidence which showed that the company was making $.12,000 a year on a capital of $100,000.

The company is controlled by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and by the old Metropolitan, which will shortly sell out to the New York Railways Company. The Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company also draws an income from the operation of the concern. The cars are actually run by the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, one of the subsidiaries of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit.

The petition of the company rehearses the contract made with the city through the Bridge Commissioner in 1904, in which the fares were fixed, and declares that the profits include a fair return on the invested capital and reimbursement for the losses sustained through operation undertaken in connection with the local cars. It asserts that the reduction of the fares would result in a breach of the company's contract with the Bridge Commissioner, which would be unconstitutional.

The company has already refused to obey the order of the commission, and the latter has applied to the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus to compel obedience to its orders.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.

Alabama—Fair Tuhrsday and probably Friday; light, variable winds.

Mississippi—Fair Thursday. Friday, unsettled; light, variable winds.

Louisiana—Fair Thursday. Friday, unsettled; probably showers; light to moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Unsettled Thursday; showers at night or Friday; cooler in northern portion; moderate southeast and south winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Showers and cooler Thursday or Thursday night. Friday, fair.

Utah—Unsettled Thursday. Friday, fair.

Oklahoma—Fair Thursday, local showers and cooler at night or Friday.

Arkansas—Fair Thursday. Friday, unsettled.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

Ohio, Indiana, and Lower Michigan—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; moderate west and northwest winds, becoming variable.

Illinois—Fair, slightly warmer Thursday. Friday, fair; light to moderate west to northwest winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; moderate variable winds.

Wisconsin—Fair; slightly warmer Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Fair Thursday; warmer in western and southern portions. Friday, fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair Thursday and Friday.

North Dakota—Fair Thursday. Friday, unsettled, probably showers and cooler.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Fair Thursday and probably Friday.

Kansas—Fair Thursday, probably showers and cooler at night or Friday.

UNION STATION PROPOSED.

Would Serve Long Island Road and Subway at 33d Street.

One of the suggestions that is now before the officials in connection with the new Subway system is the establishment at Thirty-third Street, Fourth and Lexington Avenues, of a great union station, which would serve the Long Island and Pennsylvania Railroads as well as the east side Subway. At present the block is owned by the New York Railways and is covered by an ancient car-barn which is used for the storage of street cars.

When Borough President McAneny was asked about it yesterday, he admitted that the idea had been put forward, but said that it was still undeveloped and had not yet been reduced to paper. It has been stated without contradiction that in the first plans for the construction of the Pennsylvania-Long Island tunnels under the East River a station was laid out at this point and that it was intended to make a connection with the present Subway, but the complications that would have arisen through the entry of the Pennsylvania and Long Island Railroads into the local rapid transit situation resulted in the abandonment of the idea. At the present time the Public Service Commission has stopped the construction of the section of the Lexington Avenue Subway between Twenty-sixth and Forty-first Streets on the ground that it is not yet certain at what point the Interborough will desire to make its connection with the new northern east side line.

Borough President McAneny is still delaying his report on the transit situation to the Board of Estimate. He stated yesterday that he will not present it till several questions as to routes have been determined. One of the most tiresome of these is the location of the down town tunnels to Brooklyn. The Public Service Commission has proposed that the Interborough should have for its Seventh Avenue line the tunnel running down Whitehall Street and reaching Brooklyn at Montague Street, while the Brooklyn Rapid Transit for its Broadway and Loop lines must be satisfied with the Old Slip-Clark Street tunnel.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit, it is understood, is by no means satisfied with this arrangement, as it would deprive it of an entry to Manhattan near the Battery and might give to the Interborough the preference of a large number of the residents of Brooklyn whose offices are below Beaver Street. As it received the assurance last Summer of the Board of Estimate that the entire new rapid transit system would be allotted to it, it is inclined to feel that it is now being treated somewhat shabbily.

Col. Timothy S. Williams called yesterday on Mr. McAneny at the City Hall and was in conference with him for some time. He stated that he had called to find out the exact situation as to the offer which his company had made with regard to subways and the extensions of its elevated and surface railroads.

ENGINEERS' ARBITRATORS.

Two Will Meet Here To-day—Promise Careful Selection of Five Others.

Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, the arbitrator chosen by the Eastern railroads, and P. H. Morrissey, former President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, chosen as arbitrator by the locomotive engineers, for the arbitration of the demands of the engineers arrived in this city yesterday. They are required to appoint five other arbitrators, to form with them an arbitration board of seven, within fifteen days from the date of their first meeting for the purpose, failing in which, the five arbitrators or such as are not appointed will be appointed by the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, Judge Martin A. Knapp of the Inter-State Commerce Court and United States Labor Commissioner Charles P. Neill.

The two arbitrators conferred on Monday and Tuesday in Washington but did not appoint any of the five arbitrators. They will meet to-day and try to make a beginning of the appointments.

Mr. Willard, who is at the Holland House, said last evening that there was plenty of time to appoint the arbitrators. His principal object in coming here is to attend a meeting of the Board of Directors of the B. & O. in this city to-day. He would have nothing to say until the appointments were made.

Mr. Morrissey, who is at the Hotel Manhattan, said that the reason why they were slow in making appointments was that great care had to be taken in the selection of the men.

"They must be men who are absolutely neutral and at the same time competent to pass on the questions that will come before the arbitration board," he said, "and they must also be men of good standing."

He could not say whether the hearings of the arbitration board when it is formed will be here or in Washington. It was possible that there would be open hearings but he was not certain about it, he said.

MORRIS LESSER ARRAIGNED.

St. Gallen Co. Vice President Held on Charge of Larceny.

Morris Lesser, Vice President of the St. Gallen Manufacturing Company of 476 Broadway, which is now in bankruptcy, was brought yesterday before Magistrate Krotel in the Tombs Court on the charge of the larceny of $5,000 from the banking firm of Lichtenstein & Stern of 26 Exchange Place. He waived examination and was held without bail for the Grand Jury. Later he was released by Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions on a $2,500 bond.

The complaint was made by George Whiteside of 27 William Street, counsel for the International Trust Company, and other creditors of the bankrupt firm, who charged that he had obtained the $5,000 by false representations of invoices and an account with the Middlesex Dry Goods Company, a bankrupt concern, which formerly had offices at 9 Walker Street. The charge arises out of a series of transactions connected with two bankrupt firms.

The facts have been laid before United States District Attorney Wise and District Attorney Whitman by Saul S. Myers, counsel for the International Trust Company of Boston, and they are proposing to investigate all the circumstances surrounding the bankruptcies of the St. Gallen Manufacturing Company.

BELMONT STRIKE A FIZZLE.

Hotel Manager Not Disturbed by Walkout of Waiters.

The strike of fifty waiters at the Hotel Belmont is lightly regarded by Manager Eugene Hartigan of the hotel, who told a TIMES reporter last night that the demands of the striking waiters would be ignored.

"They wish us to discharge our head waiter," Mr. Hartigan said. "He suits us and he will not be discharged. They wish us to take back the striking men. Just say for us that we stand on a flat refusal to meet any of their demands. They have not tied us up in any way, any reports to the contrary notwithstanding. We are running with a full force, with the exception of the Palm Room. This will open to-morrow."

Mr. Hartigan said that the threat that the cooks would go out and that there would be a general strike of hotel cooks, waiters, and helpers was not feared by any hotel managers in the city.

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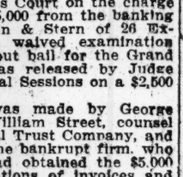

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BORUP'S WILL FILED.

Peary's Companion Leaves His Estate to His Father.

The will of George Borup, the Yale student who went with Admiral Peary on the voyage which ended with the discovery of the pole, and who was drowned April 28 in Long Island Sound, was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court for probate. His estate is valued at $5,000, all in personalty, and Henry D. Borup, his father, inherits it.

Borup was graduated from Yale in 1907 with the degree of A. B. He was drowned when his power canoe was upset by a heavy sea. Winship Case of Norwich, Conn., who was with him at the time, was also drowned.

Funds for Institute at Tarsus.

Supreme Court Justice Erlanger granted permission yesterday to William J. Schieffelin and John H. McCracken, Trustees of the St. Paul Institute at Tarsus, Asia Minor, the birth place of St. Paul, to sell property at 173-177 West Ninety-third Street, to Isaac Briedenbach, for $21,300. The proceeds are to be devoted to the work of the Institute at Tarsus.

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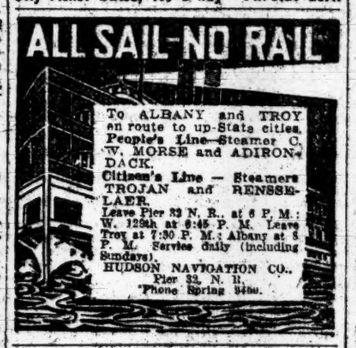

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‡Pennsylvania .. 23d, 11 AM
Cincinnati ..... 25th, 1 PM
Kais'n Aug. Vic.. 30th, 10 AM

JUNE SAILINGS
‡Victoria Louise.. 6th, 9 AM
Pres. Lincoln .. 8th, 11 AM
Amerika ..... 13th, 9 AM
‡Pretoria ..... 15th, 9 AM
Cleveland ..... 20th, 10 AM
Hamburg 22d, 12Noon
Kais'n Aug. Vic.. 27th, 9 AM
Pres. Grant .... 29th, 10 AM

JULY SAILINGS
Cincinnati 4th, 12Noon
‡Pennsylvania .. 6th, 10 AM
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150 acres; beautiful elevated location; macadamized roads; tennis, golf, polo, riding, driving, motoring, bathing, fishing, shooting; 18-hole golf course; 2 polo fields; 2 cricket fields; 2 tennis courts; 2 trap shooting grounds; 2 swimming pools; 2 bowling alleys; 2 billiard rooms; 2 dancing halls; 2 theatres; 2 restaurants; 2 cafes; 2 grills; 2 soda fountains; 2 cigar stands; 2 barber shops; 2 bathing houses; 2 boat houses; 2 garages; 2 livery stables; 2 riding academies; 2 golf clubs; 2 polo clubs; 2 cricket clubs; 2 tennis clubs; 2 trap shooting clubs; 2 swimming clubs; 2 bowling clubs; 2 billiard clubs; 2 dancing clubs; 2 theatre clubs; 2 restaurant clubs; 2 cafe clubs; 2 grill clubs; 2 soda fountain clubs; 2 cigar stand clubs; 2 barber shop clubs; 2 bathing house clubs; 2 boat house clubs; 2 garage clubs; 2 livery stable clubs; 2 riding academy clubs; 2 golf club clubs; 2 polo club clubs; 2 cricket club clubs; 2 tennis club clubs; 2 trap shooting club clubs; 2 swimming club clubs; 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BURNED THE PAPERS OF THE WIRE POOL

Harry A. Whitney, a Pool Secretary, Says He Got Orders from Vice President Baackes.

THIS WAS ADMITTED BEFORE

Comes Out Anew in Government's Suit Against Steel Trust—Exhibits of Pool Schedules.

The destruction of a trunkful of papers relating to pools to which the American Steel and Wire Company was a party, after they had been used in this city last Fall in obtaining indictments of the members, was gone over yesterday at the hearing in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation, and Harry A. Whitney, Secretary of the electrical and wire rope department of the wire company, tesified that they were burned under his direction. With considerable reluctance he admitted that he had been ordered to burn them by Frank Baackes, Vice President of the company, although this fact was made known at the time the Government applied for an injunction against the destruction of any other records that might be needed in the present suit.

This proceeding was brought on Feb. 6 at Trenton, the Government alleging that the papers were destroyed by Mr. Baackes. The next day Judge Gary, Chairman of the Steel Corporation, issued a statement explaining the circumstances of their destruction, in which he said that the order came from Mr. Baackes and that Mr. Baackes said that "when he ordered the contents destroyed" he supposed all the prosecutions growing out of the wire pool were at an end and that the papers were no longer needed.

Nevertheless, much emphasis was laid on Mr. Baackes's connection with the matter at yesterday's hearing. Mr. Whitney said the papers were burned last October or November in the furnace of the boiler room at Worcester, Mass.

Q.—Did you see them consumed? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Why were they destroyed? A.—Because I had instructions to destroy them.

Q.—From whom did you receive such orders? A.—From Mr. Baackes.

Q.—What instructions did he give? A.—He said, "Harry, I want you personnly to see that the contents of that trunk are destroyed."

Q.—How many papers were there in the trunk? A.—Probably a thousand.

Q.—What was the character of the papers? A.—They related to wire rope agreements and minutes of the meetings.

Q.—And correspondence relating to the pool? A.—Yes, Sir.

Baackes Denied Giving Order.

Whitney went on to testify that while he was waiting to appear before the Grand Jury that investigated the destruction of the papers, George A. Cragin, general sales manager of the American Steel and Wire Company, came and told him that Mr. Baackes wanted to see him in the corridor.

"I went out," he said, "and Mr. Baackes asked me if I remembered about the instructions to destroy the papers. I told him I recalled that he ordered me to burn the papers and he exclaimed 'I told you no such thing.' I was greatly disturbed by this.

"Mr. Baackes said 'Well, testify to whatever you please.' Mr. Cragin told me he had already testified before the Grand Jury that he had given me the orders. He asked if I was sure that Mr. Baackes gave the orders. When I said I was, Mr. Cragin grew very excited and emphatic. He insisted that he gave the instructions. He seemed to get the impression that my testimony would conform to his, and went away satisfied."

After the members of the pool were indicted, Mr. Whitney said, he had a talk with Mr. Baackes.

"I told him I would rather resign than give testimony against him," said Whitney, "but Mr. Baackes said, 'Oh, that's all right; everybody is trying to tell the truth.'"

Some time afterward Whitney did resign from the services of the company.

Putting It Up to Farrell.

Another allegation made by the Government in the injunction proceedings was that these papers would show that J. A. Farrell, now President of the United States Steel Corporation, not only knew of the Jackson pools, but helped in their operations. Mr. Farrell was at that time President of the United States Steel Products Company, the export branch of the business. It is not denied by the corporation that Mr. Farrell knew of the pools, but its lawyers say he had nothing to do with them. His company was merely an agent for the different subsidiaries, and they made their own prices, and it was no affair of his how they arrived at them.

William Durham, a salesman for the Steel Products Company, was called yesterday to testify on this point. He identified correspondence between Farrell and Cragin arranging for the filing of a statement showing how much products of the wire company had actually been exported. Durham said the chances were ten to one that he wrote the letter, and that Farrell signed it. In the operation of the pools, export business was excluded from the amount allotted to a member.

Durham was cross-examined by Raynal C. Bolling for the Steel Corporation.

Q.—When you quoted prices for export goods, where did you get the prices from? A.—From Worcester. Sometimes Mr. Cragin gave us a free hand, but we never made a price without asking Worcester.

Q.—Why did you consider that you were obliged to get the prices from Worcester? A.—Because we were merely their agents, and it was for them to make the prices.

Q.—Did you ever attend any meetings of the pool? A.—No.

Q.—Did you ever transact any business with Mr. Jackson or his representatives? A.—No, we had nothing to do with them or the operations of the pool.

Worked Like Horseshoe Pool.

Karl G. Roebling, general sales agent of the John A. Roebling & Sons Company, testified that his concern was a member of several of the Jackson pools, including the Wire Rope Association and the Bare Copper Wire Association. He represented his company at the meetings of those two. Mr. Cragin represented the American Steel and Wire Company.

He identified the agreement, rules and regulations, price schedule, and minutes of the association. His answers brought out about the same features in this pool that had already been detailed in respect to the horseshoe pool, including the fixing of prices by the Supervisor, the regulation of allotments to the several members by their output before the association was formed, with payments in or out, according to whether a member exceeded or fell short of his allotment, and with daily reports of sales to the Supervisor, who also had access to the books of the companies.

Mr. Roebling identified a letter written to him by Jackson in answer to a complaint that some of the members were talking too freely about the existence of the pool. Jackson lamented the impossibility of controlling all the members, and declared that, so far as his office was concerned, "our motto is 'addition, division, and silence.'"

Q.—After the association was dissolved in May, 1909, did the members continue to meet? A.—Yes; they met every thirty or sixty days.

Q.—Was a representative of the American Steel and Wire Company there? A.—Yes.

Q.—What was the object of these meetings? A.—To promote as much confidence in each other as possible.

Q.—Did those present announce the price at which they intended to sell? A.—Some of them did.

Q.—After they were announced, were they the prices at which you sold to the trade? A.—Yes. I don't know whether the others regarded the matter as I did, but I agreed to give them notice before I made any change in prices.

The hearings before the examiner, Henry P. Brown, will continue to-day.

COMPROMISE SPOKANE RATES

Merchants and Railroads Submit New Plan to Commerce Board.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission cited the transcontinental rail carriers to appear to-day to show cause why they had not put into effect to Spokane and other points the commodity rates prescribed by the commission in its decision of the transcontinental rate cases. It developed, so far as the City of Spokane is concerned, that an agreement had been reached by the railroads and the shippers by which a schedule of rates differing in some respects from that prescribed by the commission would be satisfactory.

The commercial bodies of Spokane have agreed to accept the proposed rates, however, in order to obtain a definite settlement of the long-pending controversy without further litigation. The proposal was submitted to the commission with a view to obtaining its sanction.

Under the new schedule the commodity rates from Atlantic Coast points to Spokane and contigious territory would be the same as those prescribed by the commission, but the rates from interior points to Spokane territory would be approximately 8 per cent. higher.

HILL TALKS ONLY OF CROPS

And Doesn't Tell What Changes Are to Take Place in Great Northern.

Even the arrival in New York yesterday of James J. Hill, Chairman of the Great Northern Railway, failed to make clear the changes which have taken place in the management of that company. Mr. Hill denied that he was preparing to close his long service with the company, or that his son, Louis W. Hill, would relinquish the Presidency. At the same time, C. R. Gray has been promoted to a place near the top of the Great Northern management. Mr. Hill said that there was no announcement to be made about any shift in the company's officers at this time. One report was that Mr. Hill would step out of the Chairmanship to be succeeded by L. W. Hill, while Mr. Gray would be made President. When this was put up to J. J. Hill he contented himself with remarking that a great deal of rubbish had been printed about the matter.

Mr. Hill gave out, as usual, a supplementary, but unofficial crop report. "Everything looks well in the Northwest," he said. "We have had enough rain, but not as much as New York has been complaining about for the past few days. I never saw grass and growing crops look better at this time of year than they are now in our country."

The Northwest is not so much interested in its wheat as to be oblivious of the campaign now going on, but the disturbance to business is less noticeable than in the manufacturing districts. "Politics," said Mr. Hill, "like the measles and whooping cough, must run its course. There are enough intelligent men in this country to end the interference when politics get to tangling up business."

STEEL BUSINESS GREATER.

Pig Iron Production Shows More Steel Consumed Than Ever Before.

Estimates of pig iron production for April issued yesterday confirm preliminary reports from the steel-making centres that the country is now producing and consuming steel at the highest rate in its history. The Iron Age's estimate puts the output of the blast furnaces connected with steel works at 1,830,717 gross tons in the thirty-day month of April, compared with 1,827,792 tons in the thirty-one days of March, the daily rate of 61,024 tons being thus 2,000 tons more than in March, while it exceeded by 3,200 tons a day the high record rate of production reached in 1909 and 1910. The Iron Age says:

> The country's steel ingot production in April evidently was at a rate not far from 29,000,000 tons a year, while the total for 1911 was 23,675,000 tons, and the record, made in 1910, was 26,000,000 tons.

It is said that the heavy production of iron and steel is causing a scarcity of common labor.

"Railroad buying, says The Iron Age, "is still the outstanding feature of the situation. About 200,000 tons of rails and nearly 60,000 cars are reported to be under consideration. The Missouri Pacific has bought a portion of the 30,000 tons for which it was inquiring, the St. Louis & San Francisco has placed 40,000 tons and the Soo Line 10,000 tons. The Seaboard Air Line is about to buy 17,000 tons and the Atlantic Coast Line is in the market for a second lot. The Harriman Lines will place a considerable order for new track.

"The car orders of the past ten days amount to about 25,000, including 7,000 for the 'Frisco System."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"Gradual extension of time in which the mills can make deliveries on finished products is strong evidence of the large amount of business recently booked. One important manufacturer of plates is naming 90 days as time for delivery and numerous manufacturers of bars are asking from four to nine weeks. This delay in making deliveries from mills has resulted in marked improvement in warehouse business and some jobbers have advanced their quotations from $1 to $2 per ton."

COPPER METAL INCREASES.

Stocks Largest Since January—Domestic Deliveries More.

As has been generally anticipated, copper stocks, as reported by the Copper Producers' Association yesterday, showed some increase during April, although the increase was only 2,698,471 pounds, the country's stocks of marketable copper at the end of the month being 65,066,029 pounds. This is the largest figure since the end of January when stocks were 68,280,643 pounds. Production in April was 125,464,644 pounds compared with March's total of 125,694,601, but the output last month was actually higher than in March because of one less day in April.

Notwithstanding the advance of copper to 16¼ cents a pound since the last report, domestic deliveries showed a substantial increase from 67,487,466 pounds to 69,513,846 pounds, while deliveries for export fell off from 58,779,566 to 53,252,326 pounds. The total deliveries of 122,766,172 pounds compare with 126,267,032 pounds in March. The domestic deliveries exceed last year's record of 68,059,776 pounds made in November, when the domestic trade had been spurred to special activity by the steady advance of the metal from around 12 cents a pound early in the Fall.

UNNECESSARY TROUBLE

A PROMINENT Harlem contractor said the other day when buying $12,000 worth of our Mortgage Certificates, "What is the use of my going around looking at property and trying to pick out a mortgage? The Certificates your Company issues are good enough for me and are a most convenient way of investing money."

Many other investors are finding this out to their own comfort. If you do not know about our Mortgage Certificates we suggest that you let us send you information.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus(all earned) 10,625,000

176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—236, 240, 237, 235, 235, 224, 238, 239—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City. 241—U S v. Joline. 242—Same v. Whitridge. 228—Motion Picture Patents Co v. Independent Co. 231—Rushmore v. Badger Brass Co. 201—Sundh Elec Co v. Int R T.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 310—Dorina v. New Eng Nav Co. 235—U S v. 36 Pkgs Panama hats. 237—Same v. 14 Pkgs Panama hats. 350—Lane v. Forsythe Bath Co. 352—O'Neil v. Penn R R. 353—Petition v. Levin & Levin Cent Co. 356—Kennicott v. Wendell & Evans Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Admiralty calendar. 156—Cuneo Imp Co v. SS Banes. 174—O'Brien v. Lighter Loyal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Equity calendar. 51—Edison Mfg Co v. Banks Elec and Mfg Co. 61—Perforated Plate Co v. Connolly. 68, 69—Motion Picture Co v. Arena Theatre Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Lacombe, J. Jury calendar. 327—U S v. P J Const Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions. 642—Darcy v. Presbyterian Hospital. 669—Sewall v. Swift. 607—Childs v. Childs. 672—Brady v. Whitlock. 678—U S Fidelity & Guar Co v. 12th Ward Bank. 688—Thompson v. Mathiason. 575—People v. Harvey. 686—Bonita v. H E Taylor Co. 649—Graeffs v. Wolfsohn. 616—Miller v. Miller. 691—Warner v. Nelson. 694—Thedford v. Herbert. 695—Taylor v. Strudler. 696—Simon v. United Dressed Beef Co. 697—Davis v. Wilson.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Isaacs. 2—Waldron Holmes Realty Co. v. Hauf. 3—Matter of City of N Y. 4—Commonwealth Ins Co v. Caponigri. 5—Hughes v. Hughes. 6—Matter of City of N Y (re Mead.) 7—Matter of Prettyman. 8—Davies v. Davis. 9—Bloch v. Weil. 10—Famobrosis Realty Socy v. Royal Benefit Socy. 11—Buschmann v. McDermott. 12—Cech v. Bohemian-Slavonian Realty Assn. 13—Still v. Wallace. 14—Clover v. Schaefer. 15—Hey v. Sultan Motor Co. 16—Bennett v. Frank L Fisher Co. 17—Levine v. Tedder. 18—Mineral Dev Co v. Henrich. 19—Polatschek-Spencer Realty Co v. Pfeiffer. 20—Lohmann v. Murray Hill Park. 21—Same v. same. 22—Gilmore v. Gilmore. 23—Matter of White Plains Road. 24—Cristin v. Leonard. 25—Matter of Wm L Machinery & Eng Co. 26—People v. Campbell. 27—People v. Rodgers. 28—Lorenz v. Lorenz. 29—City of N Y v. Weber. 30—Nadler v. Farmsgroder Ben Socy. 31—Young v. Beck. 32—People ex rel Hoffman v. Waldo. 33—Williams-Rogers Mfg Co v. Amies et al. 34—Dooling v. Brook Av Const Co. 35—Larney v. Larney. 36—Matter of Bartelstone. 37—Hall v. Cunningham. 38—Salomon v. Adler. 39—Excelsior Sav Bank v. Meyer. 40—Fink v. Droste. 41—Matter of Fannie McGay. 42—Block v. Elvidge. 43—Johnston v. O'Connor. 44—Peters v. Miller. 45—Keller v. Ungaro. 46—Davis v. Levering. 47—Parker v. Mann Sec Co. 48—Stern & Sons v. Kelmanowitz. 49—Matter of Lincoln Trust Co. 50—Occidental Const Co v. Lord. 51—Beer v. Hoagland. 52—Yellow Taxicab Co v. Elder. 53—Same v. Nathan. 54—Same v. Ferrer. 55—Same v. Carpenter. 56—Same v. Kline. 57—Same v. Jacobs. 58—Same v. Klin. 59—Same v. Johnson. 60—Same v. Harvard. 61—Same v. Weiss. 62—Same v. Dally. 63—Same v. Rosemier. 64—Same v. Goode. 65—Same v. Horn. 66—Same v. Delaney. 67—Same v. Mehr. 68—Same v. Duffy, Jr. 69—Same v. Murray. 70—Same v. Hofbauer. 71—Same v. Pittsburgh. 72—People ex rel Butterick Pub Co v. Purdy. 73—Albert v. Fargo.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Guy, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 434—O'Brien v. United Elec Light Co. 435—Hall's Safe Co v. U S Fidelity &c, Co. 438—Meyer v. Marrazzi. General calendar. 4072—Di Steffano v. Society of Mutual Assistance. 544—Papantonio v. Papantonio. 3576—Irossi v. City of N Y. 4498—Papik v. Heller. 4726—Cooper v. Kaufman. 2978—Fechteler v. Fechteler. 4735—Castelli v. Burns. 2547—Vidi v. United Surety Co. 221—Stanton v. Frankl. 3204—Albert v. Albert. 4590—Wieser v. Wm Guggolz Co. 4749—Hudson Marble, Slate & T Co v. Farquharsen. 1354—Furniss v. Furniss. 4493—First Cong Sons of Jacob and Isaac, People of, Zobno, v. Schiff. 3785—Rubsamen v. Schultz. 201—Outcault v. Coleman. 4808—Pierce v. Banks. 4770—Rice v. Halsey. 4385—Beebe v. Swain. 2529—Leslie v. Lee. 622—Rand v. Rio Plata Mining Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VIII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Ford, J.—5118—Trimble v. Mackenzie. 5889—Breen v. Breen. 6430—Allen v. Ridgely. 6044—Northern Bank v. Wood. 6790—Jamin v. Jamin. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J.—4537—Feist v. City of N Y. 1201—Peerman v. Weinstein. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Gavegan, J.—9801/2—Toner v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 9611/2—Thornton v. R T Sub Cont Co. 9441/2—Aputo v. Linch. 9841/2—Hellwig v. same. 8581/2—McLaren v. Joline. 1001/2—McCabe v. Linch. 4358—Petroff v. City & Sur Homes Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Amend, J. 4455—Scharbach v. Finn. 1010—Fein v. B H R R. 10111/2—Same v. same. 4375—Ciravolla v. Bakers & Cons Comp Yeast Co. 6321/2—Wagner v. Nassau Elec R R. 231/2—Levine v. South Bklyn R R. 3811/2—Crane v. Bklyn Union El R R. 4198—Anderson v. Holbrook, Cabot & R Co. 4495—Hughes v. Conroy Bros. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Hotchkiss, J. 4000—Connolly v. Kenn Well Cont Co. 3699—English v. Bates. 4568—Reilly v. Fischer. 4500—Stahlberg v. Lesser. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Brady, J. 10191/2—Sedwards v. L I R R. 10551/2—Bernstein v. Whitridge. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Hendrick, J. 4314—Kpeman v. Fargo. 4536—Waldman v. Bernhauer Bros Candy Co. 4479—Sigmund v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Emerson, J. 1020½—Frolo v. N Y & Q Co R R. 4201—Yachelson v. City of N Y. 4474—Goldstein v. Nat Metal Spinning & Co. 1045½—J Lover v. Whitridge. 1046½—Lover v. same. 1056—Cunningham v. Int R T. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Newburger, J. 4541—Levy v. Ipp. 4507—Land v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Gerard, J. 7195—Bennett v. Holbrook-Cabot-Rollins Corp. 3452—Mayhew v. August Belmont Hotel Co. 4330—Bader v. Elm Forwarding Co. 3383—Halpern v. Newman. 4319—Macey v. John Pierce Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Bijur, J. 8384—Wasserman v. Eterman Realty Co. 7258—Skahill v. Mutual Taximeter Cab Co. 4264—Bohlen v. N Y Cont Co. 4265—Jackson v. same. 4129—Melhado v. Snare & Triest Co. 7941/2—Same v. Int R T. 7711/2—Stocking v. same. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Platzek, J. 2307—Steiner v. Hackett. 3433—O'Shea v. White. 256—Culgin-Pace Con Co v. City of N Y. 3976—Coleman v. Lincoln. 4195—Furness v. Shulbert. 2664—Konheim v. Harris. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J. 5430—Rochester v. Chase. 5588—Farley v. Ehrlich. 5477—Nat Surety Co v. Empire State Surety Co. 3877—Conron Bros Co v. Cuffings. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Delany, J. 1775—Lowenstein v. Warren Mfg Co. 1406—Holbrook v. Kennedy. 4402—Candee-Erckeler Co v. Wills. 5707—Elias v. Miller. 4614—Nat Fireproofing Co v. Phila Casualty Co. 2019—Thompson v. Brett. 2128—Little v. Martin. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Bischoff, J. 3693—Dickinson v. Tyson. 4056—Haggin v. Gaggerty. 2464—Venuto v. Lizzo. 3095—Chase Granite Co v., Degnon Cont Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Dugro, J. 4130—Collins v. Underwriters' Rep. &c, Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—McCall, J. 8853—Donohue v. Layton. 4245—Brugenfeld v. Am Bonding Co. 4104—Schwartz v. Klaw. 3065—Conway v. MacRae. 3980—Madonna v. De Marco. 4082—Dunn v. City of N Y. 4110—Birmingham v. Windsor Trust Co. 158—Scheffmeyer v. Penn. N Y & L I R R. 159—Lyons v. same. 160—Reipschlager v. same. 236—Swift v. same. 237—Lowenstein v. same. 4288—Rosenthal v. Singerman. 3375—Alexander v. Gallo. 4280—Oppenheimer v. City of N Y. 4183—Cammann, Jr., v. Mitzenthal. 6332—Setta v. Yore. 1323—Tuttle v. Field. 3941/2—Lenman v. Kulla. 2599—Amdur v. Gabriel. 697—Hassam v. Platt. 4509—Stone v. Donaldson. Clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Estate of Edwin E. Baldwick, estate of Joseph Jacobs. Wills for probate: Henry D. Meiners, Edwin Hiscock, Friedrich Ernst, Augustus H. Allen, Thomas Mitchell, Francis W. St. George How, Martha E. Moore.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested will: Andrew Stauf.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Schmuck, J.; Part III., McAvoy, J.; Part IV., Finelite, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Fetra, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I., at 9:45 A. M. 7282—Braunworth-Weiss Co v. Stuyvesant Ins Co. 7306—Keyser v. Reed-Palmer Co. 5111—Hartog & Co v. Eckert. 7160—Baker v. Merrill. 7326—Ruckaber Co. v. 7328—Brundage v. Marshall. 6961—Hirsch v. Empire State Suspender Co. 6964—Col Trust & Sav Bank v. Hutchinson. 6207½—Pope v. Miller. 7263—Hofman v. Daas. 7274—Dalmani v. Joline. 7281—O'Hara v. Urban Concrete Co. 6386—Perples v. Raabe. 7301—Friedman v. Raschew. 7156—Phelan v. Pirk. 7213—Freres v. Brokaw. 7339—Ellison Const Co v. Nagle. 7362—Chaids v. Friedman. 7368—Horowitz v. J Ringler Co. 7374—Cohen v. Joline. 6579—Silverstein v. Birnsweig. 7250—Zoffen v. Goldberg. 7334—Vacuum Cleaner Co v. Bway Corp Co. 6816—Van Lennep v. Wiley. 6004—Badneroyak v. Stanley Goillick Co. 10439½—Byrnes v. Gantzberg. 7331, 7362—Japha v. Haas. 7384—Wyckoff, Church & Partridge v. Reddy. 7386—Wallace v. Goodwin. 7394—Fedirici v. Linch. 7401—Walker Co v. Glen Island Casino Co. 7403—Oest v. Davis. 7405—Breisacher v. McAuley. 7406—Konigsfest v. Nathan. 7407—Halpern v. Jacobson. 4314—Folger v. Linch. 7167—Blumstrom v. Joline. 7412—Peterson v. Francis. 6904—Eisenman v. Nethenwitz. 6834—Piller v. Am Bonding Co. 5548—Goldberg v. Lindenauer. 2963½—Consol Safety Pin Co v. Numbert. 4826—O'Keefe v. Stroh. 7096—Monroe Art Pub Co v. Allstedter. 2487—Brown v. Mobile & Ohio R R. 7439—Lathrop v. Lippman. 10411—Mahon v. N Y, N H & H R R. 7443—Murtha v. N Y C & H R R R. 7444—Hammell v. Met Life Ins Co. 7445—Belknap v. Whitridge. 7446—Preston v. Holloway. 7448, 7449—Pfeffer v. Whitridge. 7450—Koester v. White. 7452—Ryan v. Cudahy Packing Co. 7455—Scheuer v. Manashaw. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., case on; Part IV., clear; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—O'Dwyer, J. 4107—Fricke v. Drescher. 4318—Perlburg v. Durst. 4201—Atkinson v. Constad. 4306—Browning v. same. 4311—Stark v. Plumbers' Trade Journal Pub Co. 4315—Currie v. Holland. 4333—Wiesenberg v. Greenfeld. 4344—Krakower v. Rothstein. 4347—Fifty-ninth St R E Co v. Stevens. 4350—Security Bank v. King Const Co. 4354—Winters v. Reinking. 4356—Richter v. Klar. 4374—Felber v. Haskel. 4317—Mandel v. Sherwood. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Barth v. Krause—Samuel H Wandell.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Hogenhauer v. Hand—Cambridge Livingston.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J. Keale v. Jacobowitz—Edward H Davis. Keller v. Del Gaizo—Isidor Weis.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Brady v. Direct Supply Co—A R McMahon. Say v. Kohn—Maxwell Lustig. Mordecai v. Plough—Walter A Hirsch. N Y Life Ins & Trust Co v. Non Ohnesorge—John G Saxe. Our Realty Co v. Briggs Av R R Co—Walter A Hirsch.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J. Eliza S Kernochan v. Hyman Ramm—Gilbert Ridler. J Frederic Kernochan v. Marian G Hoey—Gilbert Ridler. Rosalie Ulmer v. Geovanina Damiano—Franklin Brooks. Mary A Kent v. Marion R Mainhart—B F Foster. Joel Newman v. Onondaga Bldg Co—Leopold Puchner. Israel Rothman v. Henry Friedman — Henry Friedman.

Brooklyn Calendars.

COUNTY COURT.—Part III.—Niemann, J.—Civil Calendar. 1787—Baker v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1801—Scully v. Scala. 1737—McLaughlin v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1802-3—Burlingame v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 907—Ravener v. Citizens Publishing Co. 1300—Loesch v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1739—Silberman v. Drapkin. 1771—Loebl v. Crandall. 1466—Greenpoint Moulding Co. v. Ziccardy. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day: 1800—Conlon v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1772—Federman v. Abramowitz. 1810—Beer v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 737—McCormack v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 941—Friedel v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1798—Hickey v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1711—Bloch v. Goodman.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Blackmar, J. 2095—Barashick v. Novick. 1707—Reilly v. Himmelstein. 1898—Himmelstein v. Reilly. 2125—Criscuoli v. Criscuoli. 2126—Lashinsky v. Lashinsky. 2127—Mullen v. Burke. 2131—Travoglia v. Travoglia. 2134—Paperle v. Paperle. 2136—Vincent v. Vincent. 2137—Rosenberg v. Rosenberg. 2139—Sullivan v. Sullivan and another. 2143—Erde v. Erde. 1562—Del, Lack & W R R Co v. Agricultural Ins Co. 2129—C. I. Construc Co v. Bianco. 1910—Levison v. Weisz. The balance of the causes marked "ready" on the previous call will be added to the "ready" calendar from day to day as the above cases are disposed of. Highest number reached on the regular call, 2198.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Aspinall, J.; Part II., Marean, J.; Part III., Van Sicien, J.; Part IV., Benedict, J.; Part V., Scudder, J.; Part VI., Kelby, J.; Part VII., Stapleton, ——. 4292—Hanson v. Nassau R R. 3539—Fischer v. So Brooklyn R R. 4305—Lipstein v. Provident Loan Society. 3327—Lafferty v. City of New York et al. 3385—Wilbert v. McDonald. 3425—Jonas v. Cleary Bros et al. 3260—Borough Construction Co v. City of New York. 1511—Wallis v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 6329—Gunhouse v. Sholtz et al. 6989—Bamberger v. Schieblich et al. 7010—Elliott v. Niles & Johnson. 7112—Kloth v. McNamara. 7284—Debevoise v. Offenberg. 7303—Kirschbaum v. Eschman. 1464, 1465—Szerlip v. B H R R. 2865—Holmes v. City of New York. 4015—McCaffrey v. Newkirk Realty Co. 5857—Blaum v. Smith & Loughlin. 6161—Evensen v. Coney I & B R R. 3903—Sparacio v. Obermeyer & Liebman. 3920—Forsell v. Terwilliger. 833—Neeson v. B H R R. 4164—McCloskey v. Lyman et al. 3916, 3939—Yung & Davidson v. Brooklyn El R R. 2954, 2955—Curnow & Dempsey v. Morse Dry Dock Co. 1958—De Santis v. Skidmore. 4227—Sherman v. Richmond Sales Co. 426, 427—De Martino & Solfieri v. Brooklyn Chair Co. 3231—Gorman v. B H R R. 3762—Ellis v. N Y & L I Traction Co. 1639—London v. City of New York. 1144—Seery v. Nassau R R. 800—Meigel v. Crandall Oil Mfg Co. 8531—Pearlman v. Nassau R R. 2718—McDonald v. Block. 3355—Finley v. Kleinman. 3906—So. Brooklyn Realty Co v. Martin et al. 7312—McLaughlin v. B H R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 7113—Ciccolilalo v. City of New York. 7189—Hoopie v. Sagar. 3252—Flanagan v. Harnden. 3964—Doyle v. Coney I & B R R. 4076—Catterson v. Gair Co. 4101—Wensley v. Interboro R T. 4118—Jacobs v. Zemelman. 4237—Meigs v. Abraham et al. 5531—Salvatore v. Anchor Line. 4176—De Vito v. B H R R. 4322—Faigle v. Buckroth et al. 4325—McGovern v. Borough Dev. Co. 4327—Sarno v. B H R R. 4328—Brenock v. Siegel et al. 4329—Ehlerding v. Long Island R R. 4330—Mahoney v. B H R R. 4331—Drugan v. Brooklyn El R R. 4333—Kolkebeck v. Nassau R R. 4336—Nussbaum v. Hittelman. 4337—Ashley v. Erie R R. 4339—Eick v. B H R R. 4340—Hughes v. Whitridge et al. 4342—Heffran v. Simms. 6708—Samuel v. Moore & Sons Co. 4281—Sanguinito v. Coney I & Gravesend R R. 4221, 4222—Tuorto v. B H R R. 3905—Miller v. Clegg. 3892—Schwab v. Bleisman. 3850—Nelson v. Cummings. 2941—Cucksey v. City of New York. 1622—Nelson v. Linch, recr, &c. 6197—Leap v. Associated Operating Co. 4344—Sponzio v. City of New York. 4345. 4351—Columbine v. B H R R. 4346, 4349—Stemle v. B H R R. 4348—Laubenberger v. Brooklyn El R R. 4350—McSorley v. Hilker. 4352—McIlvaine v. Brill et al. 4353—Klein v. Bregstein. 1707—Readman v. Gayley. 2707—Logan v. Fidelity-Phoenix Ins Co. 2909—Bloch v. Oppenheim. 5506—O'Reilly v. Dodge. 7026—Adams v. Post & McCord. Highest number reached on regular call, 4353.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Crane, J. Motions. 1—People ex rel Ringe v. Connolly. 2—Werner v. Werner. 3—Brown v. Jung and another. 4—Kern v. Kane et al. (Action 1.) 5—Kern v. Kane et al. (Action 2.) 6—Miller v. Warshaw et al. 7—Matter of Manhattan Bridge Approach, &c. 8—Kiendl v. Abramowitz. 9—De Kalb Co v. Realty Associates et al. (Action 1.) 10—De Kalb Co v. Realty Associates et al. (Action 2.) 11—Matter of Crescent. 12—Wojtczak v. American Mfg Co. 13—Witten v. Witten. 14—Baldwin v. Locomobile Co of America. 15—Colson v. Murray. 16—Hilfer v. Mass. 17—Rosenblum v. Krueger. 18—Wernerschach v. N Y Railways Co. 19—Curry v. Joline and another. 20—Kennedy v. Roth. 21—Greenwald and another v. Cole and another. 22—Hayward v. Wemple et al. 23—Hagmyer et al v. F & J Realty Co. 24—Nelle v. Bonnlander. 25—Anderson v. Dodd and another. 26—Rowley v. Gorham. 27—Schmitt v. Tannenbaum et al. 28—German Savings Bank v. Cantor et al. 29—Wheeling Corrugating Co v. Anderson. 30—Neu v. Marcus et al. 31—Young v. Warner et al. 32—Voorhees v. Norton et al. 33—Janofsky and another v. Taylor.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3450—People v. Bon Zuyus. 3488—Same v. Nunzio Bondignora. 3453—Same v. George Stahl, Jr. 3428—Same v. John Neff. 3472—Same v. Nicholas Dispinzieri. 3412—Same v. Donato De Rose. 3365—Same v. Isadore Tiurnaure.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Maddox, J. 719—McMahon v. B H R R Co. 1103—O'Laughlin, as admx., v. Queensboro G & E Co. 132—Daly, an infant, v. Holmes Electric Protection Co. 662—Smiley, an infant, v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 665—Cernoosky v. L I R R Co. 697—Schmidt v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 451A—Deady v. Neal. 150—Riegel v. B M R R Co. 18A—Webbe v. same. 727—Franze, an infant, v. Am Woolen Co. 728—Schutt v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 729, 732—Cuoco v. same. No reserve calendar. Cases will be added to the ready section of calendar from reserve calendar of May 6 from day to day. Highest number reached on the general calendar, 741.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—141—Dalzell v. Westinghouse Elec and Mfg Co. 216—Brown v. City of New Rochelle. 428—Schwartz v. Kingsley. 439—Rundlett & Reynolds, Inc, v. East River Mill and Lumber Co. 237—Farley v. Seltics. 213—Greenwald v. Southard Wrecking and Trucking Co. 276—McCabe v. McGrane. 281—Mongon v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 462—McMahon v. Gordon. 463—Roberts v. N Y Transportation Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 37—Dreegan v. Westchester Lighting Co. 127—Teleosa v. Flick Cons Co. 167—Davis Connecting Co v. Rochester German Ins Co. 169—McGuire v. Reilly. 170—Booth v. Reilly. 179—Hupfels Sons v. Fenza. 193—Bales v. Zinsser. 196—Cunneen v. City of New Rochelle. 211—Figtinele v. Loeb. 223—Mortimer v. Riedan. 232—Mayer v. Seltics. 236—Hupfels Sons v. Gallery. 239—Cooper v. White Fireproof Cons Co. 245—Ficelitti v. Gore-Meehan Co. 261—Jarvis v. Haight. 272—Park v. Dagg. 276—Connelly v. Casey. 286—Stuckle v. Alsbach. 328—Cubbon v. Rogers. 329—Forbes v. Sweet. 401—Forbes v. Sweet. 337—Hanson v. Emerson Eng Co. 339—

BAR INVESTORS FROM BANK ASSOCIATION

Action of National Body Comes as a Surprise to Many Members of the Organization.

MAY FORM NEW SOCIETY

Rejection of Investment Bankers' Application Put on the Ground of Expense and Confusion.

The application of the investment bankers for representation in the American Bankers' Association was rejected at the final session of the Executive Council of the association at Briarcliff Lodge yesterday. There are some 2,000 investment bankers in this country, and they are so well represented in the association that they were sure their desire to be officialy recognized in that body would be gratified. The Committee on Amendments reported favorably on the application so that the vote rejecting it was unexpected. A majority of sixteen members of the association voted against admitting the applicants.

Those opposed to the application held that every bank had an investment department and that to begin a division of the various branches of the banking business might lead to confusion in the future conduct of the association. Another objection was on the score of expense, as appropriations must be made to cover the expenses of each one of the sections. There are now five sections of the association, divided into trust companies, savings banks, clearing houses, the American Institute of Banking, and State secretaries. Representatives of these sections come from all over the United States and speak for every class of the banking business.

But the investment bankers say they are as important as any other class of the banking world, and some of them went further and asserted that they were more important than anybody else. These statements were made while the sting of defeat was fresh.

Several of the investment bankers declared that they would immediately set to work to form an organization for themselves to be known as "The Investment Bankers' Association," or some other similar title. This does not mean, it was explained, that they would retire as members of the American Bankers' Association. It only meant that they would organize in order that their interests, and the interests of the men who do business with them, might be properly protected.

D. A. Bowman of the investment banking firm of D. Arthur Bowman & Co. of St. Louis, said:

"The purpose of the proposal that we have a section for ourselves was to standardize the procedure of the issuance and the offering for sale of municipal and corporation securities, and was a result of a growing sentiment on the part of the bank section toward specialization in investment securities.

"The General Organization Committee is made up of thirty members of the leadings banks, institutions, and trust companies in all parts of the United States. It was believed that there would be an immediate recognition of the fact that one of the most important branches of the banking business was the creation and distribution of capital and its direction into safer channels than at present exists.

"Financial advertising needs supervision, and something ought to be done to obtain needed and uniform legislation in the various States. If the contemplated plan of creating an investment section had been successful many good results would have grown out of it. Among them would have been the comprehensive publicity of all kinds of securities, an organized effort to eliminate economic waste, the duplication of capital, and the needless expenditure of money.

"It is believed, however, that unless subsequent events are developed which will indicate a desire to co-ordinate the investment bankers with the American Bankers' Association that an independent organization will be formed."

George B. Caldwell, Vice President of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, was another one of those who was greatly disappointed at the rejection of the investment bankers' application for a section.

"If the section had been given to us," he said, "we would have had a larger capital than the Savings Bank Section. It is now necessary for us to meet and consider the forming of a new organization. Under the present situation the investment bankers get nothing for their money. Many of the biggest financial concerns in the country are investment bankers."

A long list of well known financiers was shown in order to give an idea of the widespread demand there is for the section asked for and refused. On this list appeared the names of the Guaranty Trust Company of this city, the Fidelity Trust Company of Baltimore, the Wisconsin Trust Company, the Milwaukee Trust Company, the Mississippi Trust Company of St. Louis, the Detroit Trust Company, Rollins & Sons of Boston, Lee, Higginson & Co., and Kidder, Peabody & Co. of New York and Boston.

There are 1,800 trust companies in the country and only some 1,184 of these are members of the Trust Company Section of the American Bankers' Association. It was said that nearly all of the companies, whether they were members of the association or not, would be interested in the proposed new organization of investment bankers.

An invitation was received from Group B to hold the next meeting of the association in this city in 1913. Another invitation came to hold the meeting of 1915 in Seattle. Frank A. Vanderlip was heartily thanked by the members of the association for the courtesies shown them at his home, "Beechwood," throughout the meeting.

OLD HEINZE STOCKS CHEAP.

Blocks of Stocks That Swung Along with United Copper at Auction.

Another chapter in the affairs of the failed brokerage firm of Otto Heinze & Co. and United Copper, which by its sudden break on the Curb precipitated the 1907 panic, was closed yesterday, when a number of securities believed to have been put up with a bank as collateral were sold at auction for a fraction of their par value. All of the stocks and bonds went to one bidder, whose identity was not made known.

Calvin Geer, President of the United Copper Securities Company, Arthur P. Heinze, and Max H. Schultze were interested spectators at the sale. They were members of the firm of Otto Heinze & Co.

A block of $86,000 of La France Copper Company 6 per cent. bonds, $55,000 with the January, 1911, coupons, and $31,000 with the January, 1910, coupons attached, was sold for $4,300. The La France Company is one of the subsidiaries of the United, and is now undergoing reorganization. A block of $15,000 of Ohio Copper Company 6 per cent. bonds brought $7,200. Some one ventured $840 for $7,000 of Pennsylvania Knitting Mills first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds. This is the original Heinze Company.

The Western Development Company, formed after the Heinze failure to take over the assets of the firm, was not rated very high by the successful bidder. For $34,600 of the company's preferred stock he paid $125 cash. The best bid of the day was $5 a share for 7,452 shares of United Copper preferred. Five years ago a threat to retire this stock at $125 forced the price on the Curb up to that figure.

Wireless for the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—A bill to establish a wireless system in the Philippine Islands along lines recently agreed upon at a conference of army and navy officials has been reported to the Senate by the Philippines Committee.

MRS. PARSONS LOSES SUIT.

Appellate Division Dismisses Case Against Knickerbocker Trust.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 8.—The Appellate Division, sitting here to-day, dismissed the action brought by Agnes E. Parsons, as executor, to recover $28,003 from the KKnickerbocker Trust Company of New York and the Albany Trust Company, or either of them, on a guarantee agreement.

The suit grew out of the loan of $93,075 with warehouse receipts of the Troy Cold Storage Company, which in turn obtained a loan from the Knickerbocker for a like amount to provide against loss. After selling the collateral there was a balance of $28,093 still due the Knickerbocker, which was paid by the guarantors, the Directors of the Albany Trust Company, after the death of John D. Parsons, President of the Albany Trust Company.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
ANN ARBOR—			
4th week April..	50,841	45,785	5,056
Month April	188,243	159,758	28,485
July 1-April 30.	1,988,970	1,743,636	195,334
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—			
4th week April.	292,400	238,000	54,400
Month April	1,075,500	897,800	177,700
July 1-April 30.	11,934,000	11,118,900	815,700
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—			
4th week April..	235,152	231,958	3,194
Month April	1,000,283	962,522	37,761
From July 1.....	10,676,655	10,534,698	141,957
LONDON UNDERGROUND (Tubes)—			
Wk. end. May 4.	£13,780	£14,150	*£380
Jan. 1-May 4....	257,565	253,475	4,090
LONDON UNDERGROUND (Metropolitan District)—			
Wk. end. May 4.	12,416	12,191	225
Jan. 1-May 4...	224,869	214,180	10,689
LONDON UNDERGROUND (London United Tramway)—			
Wk. end. May 4.	5,952	6,423	*471
Jan. 1-May 4....	103,605	102,383	1,222
LONDON UNDERGROUND (London General Bus)—			
Wk. end. May 4.	50,443	39,287	11,156
Jan. 1-May 4...	769,795	584,520	185,275
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
4th week April..	511,070	442,487	68,583
Month of April..	2,063,440	1,881,488	181,952
July 1-April 30.	19,208,587	18,241,917	966,670

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March:

Mileage	8,207.46	7,550.32	*551.14
Freight revenue.	4,753,240	5,083,291	*330,051
Passenger rev..	1,894,302	1,917,071	*22,769
Other trans. rev.	770,146	812,579	*42,432
Non-trans. rev..	125,946	63,763	62,182
Total oper. rev..	7,543,636	7,876,706	*330,070
Mt. of w. & str.	973,634	1,027,793	*73,634
Mt. of equip....	1,183,361	1,301,513	*118,152
Traffic expenses.	185,869	133,741	52,127
Trans. expenses.	2,401,680	2,291,438	110,241
General expenses	159,942	176,883	*16,940
Total oper. exp.	4,885,012	4,931,370	*46,358
Total net rev..	2,658,623	2,945,335	*286,711
Taxes	312,651	261,071	51,579
Operating inc...	2,345,971	2,684,263	*339,291
July 1 to March 31:			
Freight revenue.	43,691,221	44,506,105	*814,883
Passenger rev...	17,295,022	17,143,576	151,446
Other trans. rev.	4,828,592	4,915,836	*87,243
Non-trans. rev..	721,770	683,120	38,649
Total oper. rev..	66,536,607	67,248,639	*712,031
Mt. of w. & str.	10,385,162	9,641,216	*743,946
Mt. of equip....	10,354,902	10,496,935	*142,033
Traffic expenses.	1,491,169	1,322,760	168,408
Trans. expenses.	20,630,971	19,660,074	370,897
General expenses	1,431,879	1,414,260	17,679
Total oper. exp.	43,694,085	42,535,206	1,158,878
Total net rev...	22,842,521	24,713,432	*1,870,910
Taxes	2,690,793	2,200,816	489,976
Operating inc...	20,151,728	22,512,615	*2,360,886

BOSTON & ALBANY for the quarter ended March 31—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Gross	3,633,740	3,285,915	347,825
Net after taxes.	640,163	228,052	412,111

CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	671.91	631.35	40.56
Freight rev.....	1,998,896	1,660,304	338,595
Passenger rev...	384,172	342,506	41,620
Other tran. rev.	42,291	38,565	3,726
Non-tran. rev ..	94,263	70,601	23,661
Total op. rev....	2,519,582	2,111,977	407,604
Mt. of way & str	168,743	176,646	*7,902
Mt. of equip...	326,661	296,824	29,836
Traffic exp	26,003	27,065	*1,062
Tran. exp	743,355	625,094	117,260
General exp	41,123	37,408	3,714
Total op. exp...	1,305,886	1,163,939	141,947
Net op. exp....	1,213,695	948,038	265,651
Out. op. (debit).	18,417	12,756	5,660
Total net rev...	1,195,278	935,282	259,996
Taxes	94,445	94,426	18
Op. income	1,100,833	840,855	259,978
July 1 to March 31:			
Total op. rev....	1,772,562	1,812,488	*40,126
Freight rev	14,982,561	13,667,131	1,315,429
Passenger rev ..	4,108,958	3,531,086	577,871
Other tran. rev.	466,081	438,695	27,385
Non-tran. rev....	616,347	499,511	116,835
Total op. rev....	20,173,947	18,136,426	2,037,521
Mt. of way & str	1,883,774	1,849,335	36,439
Mt. of equip....	2,823,854	2,783,533	40,321
Traffic exp	273,607	279,906	*6,298
Tran. exp	5,947,842	5,316,239	631,602
General exp	365,141	357,219	7,922
Total op. exp...	11,294,310	10,586,233	710,076
Net op. rev.....	8,877,636	7,550,192	1,327,444
Out. op. (net)...	105,701	66,418	39,283
Total net rev....	8,983,338	7,616,610	1,366,727
Taxes	1,029,111	814,260	215,252
Op. income	7,953,824	6,802,239	1,151,473

*Decrease.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Mileage	9,074.22	9,091.01	*16.79
Freight rev....	5,196,621	6,646,519	520,101
Passenger rev...	1,411,473	1,641,806	*230,333
Other trans. rev.	567,939	518,361	49,577
Non-trans. rev..	65,009	62,338	2,671
Total op. revs...	7,211,043	6,863,026	348,016
Mt. way and str.	715,816	696,489	19,327
Mt. equipment...	1,294,780	1,123,855	170,924
Traffic exp.	131,311	126,415	4,896
Transp. exp.	2,789,140	2,336,692	452,448
General exp.	191,553	195,248	*3,694
Total op. exp....	5,122,603	4,478,701	643,901
Net op. rev.....	2,088,440	2,384,325	*295,885
Outside op., deb.	10,866	12,588	*1,722
Total net rev....	2,077,574	2,371,736	*294,162
Taxes	265,014	249,854	5,160
Operating inc...	1,812,560	2,121,882	*300,322
July 1 to March 31:			
Freight rev.....	44,490,322	44,752,074	*261,751
Passenger rev...	16,050,128	17,400,868	*1,350,740
Other trans. rev.	5,250,262	5,028,812	227,449
Non-trans. rev...	665,321	723,149	*57,828
Total op. rev...	66,402,032	67,904,905	*1,442,876
Mt. way and str.	7,323,305	8,357,693	*1,034,388
Mt. equipment..	11,416,949	11,040,187	376,761
Traffic exp.	1,156,145	1,195,008	*38,862
Transp. exp.	21,940,104	22,069,657	*128,953
General exp.	1,696,757	1,685,935	10,822
Total op. exp....	43,533,262	44,347,882	*814,619
Net op. rev.....	22,928,772	23,557,023	*628,250
Outside op., deb.	92,202	78,149	14,052
Total net rev...	22,836,570	23,478,873	*642,303
Taxes	2,388,039	2,244,527	143,511
Operating inc...	20,448,531	21,234,346	*785,814

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	2,011.64	1,978.74	32.90
Freight rev.....	$1,953,245	$1,730,238	$223,006
Passenger rev...	545,407	584,021	*38,618
Other trans. rev.	203,378	221,735	*18,356
Non-trans. revs..	18,337	19,223	*885
Total op. revs..	2,720,369	2,555,219	165,150
Mt. of way & st.	268,400	268,400	*2,812
Mt. of equip....	459,701	477,301	*17,599
Traffic expenses.	65,631	77,372	*11,740
Transp. exp.....	1,141,418	1,074,841	66,577
General exp.....	53,118	60,916	*7,797
Total op. exp....	1,982,459	1,958,831	23,627
Net. op. revs....	737,910	596,387	141,522
Outside op. deb.	7,691	7,518	*3,827
Total net revs...	734,218	588,868	145,349
Taxes	95,000	80,000	15,000
Oper. income....	639,218	508,868	130,349
July 1 to March 31:			
Freight rev.....	15,621,708	15,237,500	387,207
Passenger rev...	5,811,253	6,040,056	*238,801
Other trans. rev.	1,768,302	1,910,910	*142,548
Non-trans. revs..	194,764	179,825	14,938
Total op. revs..	23,395,090	23,374,293	20,796
Mt. of way & st.	2,491,347	2,991,374	*500,026
Mt. of equip.....	3,817,337	4,140,247	*322,910
Traffic exp.....	674,386	760,408	*86,022
Transp. exp.....	9,451,824	9,954,389	*502,565
General exp.	487,909	525,771	*37,861
Total op. exp...	16,922,805	18,372,191	*1,449,386
Net op. revs....	6,472,284	5,002,101	1,470,183
Outside op. deb..	25,775	67,020	*41,244
Total net revs...	6,446,509	4,935,081	1,511,427
Taxes	867,512	733,548	133,964
Oper. income....	5,578,996	4,201,533	1,377,463

*Decrease.

DELAWARE & HUDSON report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	853.61	$19.47	34.14
Freight rev.....	1,529,418	1,583,727	*54,308
Passenger rev...	187,970	180,363	7,606
Other trans. rev.	42,984	38,319	4,665
Non-trans. rev..	11,980	10,078	1,910
Total oper. rev..	1,772,362	1,812,488	*40,126
Maint. of way and structure..	104,563	116,524	48,038
Maint. of equip.	277,701	282,014	*4,312
Traffic exp.....	20,581	20,080	501
Trans. exp.....	684,837	669,750	15,086
General exp.....	52,579	41,645	10,933
Total oper. exp.	1,200,563	1,130,015	70,548
Net oper. rev...	571,798	682,473	*110,674
Outside op. net..	20,807	*1,185	21,992
Total net rev....	592,606	681,287	*88,681
Taxes	48,739	44,068	4,672
Oper. income....	543,866	637,221	*93,354
July 1 to March 31:			
Freight rev.....	13,601,057	12,892,002	709,054
Passenger rev..	2,303,315	2,266,094	37,220
Other trans. rev.	397,203	359,484	37,718
Non-trans. rev..	100,261	111,878	*5,616
Total oper. rev..	16,407,837	15,629,460	778,377
Maint. of way and structure..	1,185,659	1,177,660	7,999
Maint. of equip.	2,284,384	2,208,750	75,633
Traffic exp.....	199,913	197,945	1,967
Trans. exp.....	5,655,397	5,514,800	140,597
General exp.....	418,424	368,874	49,549
Total oper. exp.	9,743,779	9,468,032	275,747
Net oper. rev...	6,664,057	6,161,427	50,629
Outside op. net..	5,833	*711	6,545
Total net rev...	6,669,891	6,161,416	508,475
Taxes	447,598	411,705	35,892
Oper. income....	6,222,293	5,749,710	472,582

*Decrease. †Debit.

SEABOARD AIR LINE for March—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	2,213,531	2,233,820	2,035,274
Net after taxes.	615,387	812,157	714,121
9 mos. gross....	17,145,147	16,360,429	14,967,205
Net after taxes.	4,314,077	4,926,704	4,671,714

WESTERN PACIFIC—

	March, 1912.	July 1- Mar. 31.
Gross	308,551	3,896,578
Net after taxes	*90,761	837,233

*Deficit.

Estimated gross for April, $437,366.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Increase in Copper Surplus Has Little Effect on Prices of the Metal Shares.

Trading was in fair volume yesterday on the Exchanges in other cities. Reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES showed a good tone for local issues.

Trading in Baltimore was largely made up of G. B. S. Brewing issues, in which the revival of strength was due to the announcement of the personnel of the new management of the property. Authoritative announcement was made that control has passed to Col. Gustav Pabst, President of the Pabst Brewing Company of Milwaukee.

The copper surplus report, 2,698,472 pounds, seemed to have been largely offset by agitation over the sagging tendency in the price of the metal, and the Boston market took the announcement quietly.

The strongest issues in the Standard group were Calumet and Arizona, Granby Lake, and Calumet and Hecla, though transactions in the latter were affected somewhat by hearings in progress as to making permanent the injunction against adjustment of milling facilities for subsidiary companies. Copper Range did a little better. Of the industrials, American Telephone was a leader, with American Sugar and East Boston shares showing advances of good size. Pending legislation on the question of the Boston & Maine merger with the New Haven was reflected in a broader market for those stocks and for leased subsidiary shares, but this end of the market was not particularly active.

Trading on the Chicago Exchange was again dull. Sears-Roebuck, the most active issue, jumped a couple of points early, but lost nearly all its improvement on subsequent dealings. Bond transactions were of small volume.

Late in the day Public Service 5s ran up 2¼ points to 88¼, and Canal and Dock 2 points to 62. In the meantime McCrum-Howell fell to 8, its lowest level, and People's Gas lost a point.

Philadelphia Electric securities made the market at Philadelphia. Not only did the stock sell at another new high record price, but the buying shifted to the bonds, big blocks being bid for at advancing quotations.

There is a growing belief that United Gas Improvement Company has resumed negotiations regarding a merger of the two companies, now that the Philadelphia Electric shares are to be $17.50 paid.

Pure Oil common was once more the active feature of the Pittsburgh market. There was nothing new to account for the strength and activity of this issue.

Westinghouse Air Brake rose ¾ to 169¾, or even with the high point record for the present capitalization, established in April. Westinghouse Electric common traded at 37.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40..	Balt. Elec. pf.....	45¾	45¾	45¾
20..	Georgia & Fla.....	6½	6½	6½
1,250..	G. B. S. Brewing...	6½	6	6½
550..	Houston Oil tr. ctfs..	11¼	11	11¼
20..	Northern Central..	128	128	128
10..	Pullman Con. Vert..	20	20	20
50..	United Rys	22¼	22¼	22¼
10..	U. S. Fidelity.....	185	185	185
100..	Va.-Ry. & Power....	49	49	49

BONDS.

$11,000..	A. C. Line con. 4s..	95¼	95¼	95¼
4,000..	A. C. L. of C. 5-20s.	92½	92½	92½
1,000..	Balt. City 3½s, 1980.	89½	89½	89½
10,000..	Balt. Electric 5s....	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000..	Con. Power 4½s....	90	90	90
2,000..	Cotton Duck 5s.....	75	75	75
2,000..	Con. Coal. ref. 5s...	93¾	93¾	93¾
10,000..	Falr. & C. Ferrac. 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
82,000..	G. B. S. Brew. 4s...	58¼	57	57
246,000..	G. B. S. Brew. inc..	18¾	18¾	18¼
7,000..	Georgia & Ala. 5s..	106¼	106¼	106¼
3,000..	Norf. & Ports. T. 5s.	89¾	89¾	89¾
3,000..	N. O., M. & C. 1st 5s	91½	91½	91½
2,000..	S. A. L. adj. 5s....	80	80	80
17,000..	United Rys. inc....	67¼	67¼	67¼
2,000..	Virginia Century ...	87	87	87

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
130..	Atchison	106	105½	106
9..	Boston & Albany....	216	216	216
48..	Boston Elevated....	120¾	120¾	120¾
67..	Boston & Maine.....	99½	99¼	99½
10..	Boston & Providence.	297	297	297
4..	Fitchburg pf.....	125½	125½	125½
14..	Mass. Electric.....	19	19	19
37..	Mass Elec. pf. stpd..	80	79¼	79½
10..	Mass. Elec. pf. warr	77	77	77
879..	Mass. Elec. pf. fr. w.	19c.	19c.	19c.
67..	N. Y., N. H. & H...	127½	127	127
50..	Union Pacific.....	168½	168½	168½
20..	W. End St. R.R.pf..	100½	100½	100½

TELEPHONES.

48..	American	145¾	145¾	145¾
10..	Mexican Tel. pf.....	6½	6½	6½
18..	New England.....	154	153	154

MISCELLANEOUS.

260..	Am. Ag. Chem.....	60½	60	60¼
50..	Am. Ag. Chem. pf..	100½	100¾	100½
15..	Amoskeag Mfg.....	84	84	84
38..	Am. Pneu. Serv.....	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
30..	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	15	15	15
477..	Am. Sugar.....	130	128	130
101..	Am. Sugar pf.....	121½	121½	121½
255..	Am. Woolen pf.....	90¾	90¼	90½
184..	Am. G. & W. I. pf...	14¼	14	14
210..	East Boston Land...	15	14½	15
51..	Edison	293	292	292
37..	Ga. Ry. & Elec.....	127¼	127	127
45..	General Electric....	167¼	166½	166½
9..	Mass. Gas.....	89	89	89
67..	Mass. Gas pf.....	97½	97	97½
7..	Mackay pf.....	69¾	69¾	69¾
10..	McElwain 1st pf....	104½	104½	104½
81..	Pullman	159½	159	159½
101..	Swift & Co.....	104½	104¼	104½
258..	Torrington	27⅞	27	27
1,935..	Torrington rights...	70c.	60c.	65c.
112..	United Fruit.....	189	188½	188½
124..	United Shoe.....	50	49¾	49¾
177..	United Shoe pf.....	29½	29	29
2,970..	U. S. Steel.....	65½	64¼	65
50..	Wollaston Land.....	2	2	2

MINING.

859..	Adventure	9¼	7⅝	9⅛
2..	Algomah	8	8	8
55..	Allouez	42½	42½	42½
1,334..	Amalgamated Cop....	81	81	81
185..	Am. Zinc.....	29¾	29	29¾
150..	Anaconda	41¾	41	41
200..	Arizona Com.....	5¼	5¼	5¼
300..	Bonanza	50c.	50c.	50c.
2..	Boston & Corbin.....	7¾	7¾	7¾
200..	Butte & Bal.....	4	4	4
1,190..	Butte & Sup.....	35¼	34⅝	35¼
1,775..	Butte & Sup. rights.	$1.05	$1.00	$1.05
76..	Calumet & Arizona.	69½	67½	69½
40..	Calumet & Hecla....	475	470	475
30..	Centennial	23	22½	23
115..	Chino	28¾	28¼	28⅝
836..	Copper Range.....	57	56	56⅞
560..	East Butte.....	13⅝	13	13½
710..	Franklin	12¾	12	12⅜
730..	Giroux	5 9-16	5½	5½
2,810..	Granby	54¼	53¼	54
305..	Greene-Cananea	8⅝	8½	8⅝
350..	Hancock	34¼	33½	34⅛
10..	Hedley	18	18	18
2..	Helvetia	2	2	2
150..	Indiana	20	19¼	19¾
200..	Inspiration	18½	18½	18½
10..	Island Creek.....	46	46	46
15..	Island Creek pf....	88	88	88
450..	Isle Royale.....	25¾	24⅞	25⅛
20..	Keweenaw	2¾	2¾	2¾
35..	Kerr Lake.....	3	3	3
1,800..	Lake	38¾	37¼	38½
177..	Mass. Cons.....	7¼	7	7¼
430..	Mayflower	16	15¾	15¾
150..	Miami	24⅞	24⅜	24⅝
30..	Michigan	3	3	3
55..	Mohawk	60	60	60
245..	Nevada Cons.....	21¼	21	21
417..	New Arcadian.....	5½	4¾	4¾
100..	Nipissing	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜
620..	North Butte.....	27½	26¾	27½
152..	North Lake.....	7¼	6¾	7
150..	Ojibway	4½	4¼	4¼
1,000..	Old Colony.....	11¾	11	11¾
545..	Old Dominion.....	52¾	51¾	52¾
125..	Osceola	114	113	114
236..	Pond Creek.....	15	15	15
875..	Quincy	88	85	88
120..	Ray Cons.....	18⅞	18½	18¼
2..	Santa Fe.....	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
1,065..	Shannon	13¾	13½	13½
277..	Shattuck	21¾	20¾	21¾
252..	South Utah.....	88c.	87c.	87c.
58..	St. Mary's Land....	61½	60¾	61½
175..	Superior & Boston..	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16
475..	Superior	34	32½	33⅞
865..	Tamarack	40¾	38⅞	40
135..	Trinity	6	6	6
100..	Union Copper Land..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
826..	U. S. Smelting.....	35⅞	35	35¼
139..	U. S. Smelting pf...	49	48¾	48¾
10..	Utah Apex.....	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
115..	Utah Cons.....	13¼	13	13¼
170..	Utah Copper.....	61¾	60¾	61¼
35..	Victoria	4¼	4¼	4¼
2..	Wyandotte	3	3	3

BONDS.

$10,000..	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	90¾	90¾	90¾
4,000..	Am. Zinc 6s, 1915...	120	120	120
6,000..	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s....	96½	96¾	96¾
11,000..	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1926.	95½	96½	95½

CHICAGO.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200..	Am. Can	40¾	39¼	39¼
100..	Am. Can pf.....	117	117	117
10..	Booth Fisheries com..	59	59	59
600..	Canal & Dock.....	62¾	60½	62¾
50..	Chicago Rys., Series 2	31½	31½	31½
10..	Chicago Breweries	1	1	1
10..	Hart. S. & M. pf....	101½	101¼	101½
10..	Internat. Harvester...	116	116	116
40..	Kan. City Ry. & Lt. com.	21	21	21
22..	McCrum-Howell pf ..	8	8	8
100..	Nat. Biscuit com.....	155	153	153
50..	Nat. Biscuit pf.....	123½	123½	123¾
50..	Nat. Carbon com.....	113	113	113
200..	People's Gas	107¼	107	107
200..	Pacific Gas	65⅞	65½	65½
25..	Public Service pf....	102	102	102
84..	Public Service com...	88¼	86	88¼
12..	Public Service rights..	⅞	⅞	⅞
10..	Tamely pf	102	102	102
1,030..	Sears-Roebuck com...	176	174½	175
100..	Sears-Roebuck pf	123¾	123¾	123¾
70..	Swift & Co.....	104½	104¾	104½
161..	United Boxboard	⅝	⅝	⅝
100..	Union Carbide	135¼	135¼	135½
135..	Union Carbide rights.	3½	3¼	3½

BONDS.

$3,000..	Chicago City Ry. 5s..	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000..	Chicago Ry. 5s.....	100½	100½	100¼
1,000..	Com. Ed. 5s.....	103½

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Irregular, Most Active Stocks Declining on Smaller Volume of Trading.

There was less pressure upon stocks yesterday, but on the other hand the market showed little resiliency. Trading was in considerably lighter volume, and some gains in prices were so easily lost that in most cases the active stocks closed at fractional net declines. Had the market been so minded it might have found encouragement in the reception which the grain trade gave yesterday to the Government crop report published Tuesday afternoon, for the movement of prices there, though irregular, indicate that the Government's figures were more favorable than had been generally anticipated. Importance might also have been attached from a favorable point of view to the report of pig iron production for the month of April, showing a further increase in output, coupled as this was, with indications that the volume of orders reaching the steel mills is again increasing. The truth is, however, that the market had not yet freed itself of the effects of the manipulation to which several active stocks were recently subjected, during the course of which prices were carried to a level which seemed sufficiently out of line with the general course of events to invite the selling partly of long stock and partly for the short account, which brought about the reaction of the past week.

It was true yesterday of the copper producers' statement as it had been the previous day of the Government crop report, and of the result of the city bond sale, that it was only favorable by reason of comparison between the actual showing and the expectation which had been entertained regarding it. The figures revealed a smaller consumption of copper and an increase of the stocks in the hands of producers amounting to 2,698,000 pounds. A larger increase than this had been expected. It must be noted, however, that the stocks of the metal have lately been very close to the minimum required for the comfortable handling of the copper requirements of the country, and small changes in their amount have therefore less significance than the changes occurring at a time when the stocks of the metal in the hands of producers were much in excess of requirements. The figures indicate a lull in the activity which the copper market recently displayed, but up to this time, at least, the recession in condition has not been important. In the steel trade, as yesterday's figures show, we have been rapidly moving forward since the beginning of the year toward the point at which the monthly output of pig iron will approximate the record monthly output during the half-year ended with April, 1910, when all previous records in the country's production of pig iron were exceeded. Following that six-month period the output of pig iron rapidly receded and then the trade passed into the period of severe competition, which last year cut so heavily into the profits of steel manufacturers. The rate of output was greater on May 1 than on April 1, indicating that the tendency at the beginning of this month was still upward. So far, at least, there is no indication of a setback such as occurred two years ago. Up to the present time low prices have accounted in large measure for the great degree of activity at the steel mills, and just now the trade is putting to the test the question whether or not at the somewhat higher level of prices now prevailing consumers will continue to buy in sufficient volume to maintain or to increase the present output. If the event answers this question in the affirmative it will supply clear indication of the strength of the movement toward improvement, which has been slowly making itself manifest and upon a further development of which the business world has been counting.

Thus in a large way yesterday's developments were not unfavorable, though they were rather too vague in their suggested influence to offset in the stock market the more immediate considerations largely connected with the technical position on the Stock Exchange. Advances were not lacking during the session, but some, at least, of these occurred in a manner to suggest activities, in a somewhat narrower field, similar to those which were responsible for the uprush of prices of a few leading stocks ten days ago, which invited the selling with which the reaction began. To-morrow the market will have the monthly statement of the unfilled tonnage of the Steel Corporation as a further indication of the recent movement in the steel trade. Each day that now passes will increase the attention directed to the result of the miners' convention, at which the proposed agreement, which would avert a strike, will be confirmed or rejected. This matter and the approach of Presidential primary days in States which have not yet voted may be influential in increasing an attitude of reserve toward the market of which there were some signs in yesterday's decreased activity.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four to six months, and 4 per cent. for eight to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4½ per cent. for prime four to six months maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $353,296,599; balances, $23,174,159; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $968,057.

The local banks have lost $3,586,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2⅞ per cent. for short bills and 2⅞ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3½ per cent., and Berlin, 3¾ per cent. The money rates were 2½ per cent. in London, and 5 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 23c, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 46½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8705; demand, $4.86⅝.
Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛ plus 3-64; check, 5.18⅛ minus 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16; check, 95⅛.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅝ minus 1-32; check, 5.18⅝ minus 5-64.
Holland—Cable, 40.36; check, 40.32.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20 1-16; check, 5.20⅛.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8420; 90 days, $4.8295.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84; 90 days, $4.82⅝.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.20⅝, minus 1-32; 90 days, 5.21⅛, minus 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼; 90 days, 5.22⅛ minus 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94⅝; 90 days, 94 5-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 7-16 minus 1-32; 90 days, 94⅛.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 15c premium; St. Paul, 30c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 81¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted ½d higher in London, at 27⅝d per ounce, and ¼c higher in New York, at 60⅛c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Further Drop in Illinois Central.

It seems to be just one thing after another with the Illinois Central. The strike which cost the company so heavily was just being forgotten when the Mississippi floods set in. Of the two misfortunes the latter will probably prove to be the more serious from the standpoint of the company's net earnings. The strike ran expenses up to a point where there was little money in operating trains, but there was plenty of business. The floods are not only adding greatly to expenses, but are seriously depressing business. Illinois Central sold down to 124¼ yesterday, at which level a new low price was made for the year. Earlier in the season it sold at 141½.

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New York Traction Bonds.

The bonds of the various roads in the New York City Railways group have been heavy recently. The new Third Avenue adjustment income 5s have been especially weak by comparison with their position at the time the reorganization was made effective. When they first began to be traded in on the Exchange the new bonds sold at 80¼. That was early this year. Yesterday the same issue was quoted at 70. The Third Avenue refunding mortgage 4s have sold down from 86 to 82¾. The New York City Railway adjustment bonds sold yesterday at 52½, as compared with 59½ a few months ago, while the refunding 4s, which are, of course, less of a speculative issue, have declined from 81⅝ to 79½.

***

The Making of Prices.

Prices established on the Stock Exchange are often pointed to as being the consensus of judgment of many individuals regarding the value of securities. A view which finds much more frequent expression in trading circles is that prices reflect the operations of a few large groups, and that success in trading depends in large part on the success with which the attitude of the "big interests" is guessed by those who are not in the confidence of these big interests. Both views are correct in their way and within their limitations. The latter from a close and somewhat narrow viewpoint, and the former looking at the market not for an hour, nor a day, but over a long period.

***

City Bond Prices.

The extent of the disappointment felt at the average price realized at Tuesday's city bond sale cannot be measured by the difference between that price and the quotations which were made for the bonds in the trading on the Curb in advance of the public subscription. The fact is that a certain number of investors prefer to pay a little more than what they may expect to be the average price at a public sale in order to make sure of getting the bonds which they desire. Indeed, the pre-sale or Curb prices for the bonds were only a small fraction over the prices at which the bonds sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday. There at the end of the day they were quoted at 101, or ¼ above the average price realized by the city.

***

Plowed Under Winter Wheat.

An ex-Iowan who still retains an intense if optimistic interest in the staple cereal of his native State, though the only corn he has raised of late years has been the spindly product of a commuter's garden, figured out yesterday that the farmers who are plowing under Winter killed wheat in the corn belt will really have fatter pocketbooks at harvest, even if their Fall plowing and seed went to waste. The Government observers have furnished plentiful data of the cost of planting and cultivation of the various crops. Applied to the States in which 6,469,000 of the 6,562,000 acres of Winter killed wheat lies, these figures show that the farmers have sustained losses by the damage running from $3.19 an acre in Oklahoma to $6.85 an acre in Ohio. The items of cost include commercial fertilizers, preparation of land, value of seed, and cost of sowing the wheat, and the average cost up to the time the wheat is in the ground amounts to an average for the country as a whole of $4.57 an acre. Taking the eight principal Winter wheat States separately, and applying costs to lost acreage, the waste figures at $27,087,140. Added to this, 768,000 acres abandoned in other States, in which the average loss is $4.57 an acre, the total loss to the Winter wheat country runs up to $30,587,900, but this loss is really a gain, the ex-Iowan figures. Here is his argument: Taking the Government figures of the cost of producing corn, it would take $55,115,880 to bring up a crop on the plowed under area of abandoned wheat acreage. This added to the amount already lost on wheat would bring the cost of the substituted corn up to $85,703,780. The greater number of bushels of corn produced, taken into account, along with the respective farm prices of each cereal, gives the substitute crop a value, over costs of the double planting, amounting to more than $15,500,000 above what would be received from a full yield of Winter wheat on the abandoned acres. Much of the abandoned acreage, however, goes into oats. Another consideration in figuring the losses of the farmers in the Winter wheat country is that simultaneously with wheat Fall sown grass usually suffers. The Michigan report, for instance, cites that 20 per cent. of that State's clover acreage had to be plowed under.

***

Stock Market Averages.

The mean of yesterday's trading in the typical twenty-five railroad and twenty-five industrial stocks was about a third of a point above Tuesday's. The closing prices averaged just about the same as on Tuesday. The averages were:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 4	93.82	93.13	93.47	93.62
Mon., May 6	93.60	92.59	93.09	92.97
Tues., May 7	93.52	92.59	93.05	93.46
Wed., May 8	93.70	93.18	93.44	93.42
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 2.	Apr. 26.		Feb. 1.
	91.43	96.34		88.74

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 4	69.81	69.05	69.43	69.63
Mon., May 6	69.21	68.32	68.76	68.77
Tues, May 7	68.93	68.24	68.58	68.84
Wed., May 8	69.24	68.52	68.88	68.87
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 2.	Apr. 26		Feb. 1.
	64.00	71.18		61.47

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 6	93.82	93.56	93.69	93.79
Mon., May 8	94.01	93.35	93.88	93.80
Tues., May 9	94.02	93.69	93.85	93.79
Wed., May 10	94.25	93.88	94.06	94.01
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 3.	Feb. 6.		Apr. 24.
	91.79	97.49		94.47

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 6	65.98	65.68	65.88	65.85
Mon., May 8	66.03	65.55	65.79	65.70
Tues., May 9	65.79	65.48	65.63	65.59
Wed., May 10	65.60	65.24	65.43	65.33
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 3.	Feb. 6.		Apr. 24.
	62.95	67.17		62.94
		High.		Low.
Full year's range, 1911.		June 10.		Sept. 25.
Railroads		99.20		84.40
Industrials		68.97		54.74

†To date.

Financial information, reliable and useful. Reports of stock and bond markets; movements in grain and metals; high, low and closing prices for the week; latest dividends; railroad earnings at a glance and correspondence from every European monetary centre. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Every Monday. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

New City 4¼ Contracts Quickly Lost to Big Board—British-American Tobacco Up.

The contracts "when issued" for the new city 4¼ per cent. issue were admitted to trading on the Stock Exchange early in the session yesterday, but the activity at the opening in the outside market was enough to account for transactions of $60,000 par value. The opening was at 101 13-16, from which there was a rise to 101 15-16, and a drop to 100 13-16, the last sales outside being at 100⅞. British-American Tobacco was the most active feature of the regular list. It rose steadily from the opening at 24⅜ to 25¼, and closed at the high figure after sales of 10,000 shares. The newly listed Loose-Wiles Biscuit issues were strong. The unlisted Marconi shares sold off, the new stock closing fractionally down at 12 after active trading. Coppers were irregular and sluggish. Movements in either direction were confined to fractions.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	*Allied Sec. Co.	87	89	87	89
700	Am. W. Paper.	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼
10,000	Brit.-Am. Tob..	24⅝	25¼	24⅜	25¼
1,050	B. F. Good. Co.	80	†81	†79½	80½
1,064	B. F. G. Co. pf.	106¼	106¼	105⅝	106
	B. J. Case pf.	103	103	103	103
880	Leh. Val. Coal Sales Co.	250	250	249	250
1,000	L.-W. Bls. Co..	35	35½	35	35½
1,068	L.-W. B. Co. pf.	102⅝	†103	102	103
200	L.-W. Blsc. Co. 2d pf.	85	85	85	85
1,000	Man. Transit..	1 13-16	1⅞	1 13-16	1⅞
263	M. Rumely Co..	101⅝	101⅝	101	101
71	Un Cig. Stores.	192	195	†192	195

MINING STOCKS.

200	*Beaver Cons..	46	46	46	46
1,000	Big Four.....	59	59	59	59
1,700	Braden Copper.	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
300	Brit. Col. Cop..	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5¼
1,000	*C. O. D. Cons.	11	11	11	11
300	Dav.-Daly Cop.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
2,000	Dia. Bl. Butte..	10	10	10	10
2,500	Dia. Fd. Daisy.	10	11	10	11
50	First Nat.	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16
200	Florence	70	70	70	70
400	Giroux Mining..	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
700	Greene-Canan. .	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
15	Gug. Explora...	220	220	220	220
1,500	Inspira. Cons...	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½
200	Kerr Lake	2⅜	2 13-16	2⅜	2 13-16
600	La Rose Cons..	3⅝	3⅝	3 11-16	3 11-16
200	Live Oak	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2½
100	Mason Valley..	11½	11½	11½	11½
8,550	Nevada Hills ..	†2¼	†2¼	2	2
1,000	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
500	Ohio Copper....	1⅝	1 7-16	1⅝	1 7-16
500	Pacific Smelters	¼	¼	¼	¼
200	Pres. E. Dome..	7	7	7	7
100	S'th Ut. M. & S.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
800	Stewart	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16
20	Tonopah Min...	7	7	7	7
1,200	Tonopah Exten.	2 3-16	2¼	2 3-16	2 3-16
800	Trinity Mining.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
800	*Wettl. Sil. Mn.	64	65	64	65

BONDS.

$20,000	Brad. Cop. 6s..	120½	120½	120½	120½
15,000	N. Y. C'y 4¼s..	101	101	101	101
60,000	N. Y. C. 4¼s w.	1.101 13-16	101 15-16	100 13-16	100⅞

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

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The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	May 8. Bid.	Asked.	May 7. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Coal Products pf.	109½	110	109½	110
Atl., Gulf & W. Indies.	7	8	7	8
A., G. & W. Indies pf.	14	17	14	17
Baldwin Locomotive....	52½	53½	52½	53½
Bay State Gas.....	⅝	⅞	½	⅞
Bordens' Cond. Milk...	128	129	127	128
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	100½	111	109½	110½
Cons. Rubber Tire....	8½	9½	9¼	9½
Cons. Rubber Tire pf..	40	..	40	..
Havana Tobacco	3	4	3	4
Houston Oil	10¾	11¼	10¾	11¼
Houston Oil pf.	66	67	65	67
Inter. Rubber trust cfs.	16½	17½	16½	17½
International Salt.....	3	6	3	6
Kayser	78	..	78	..
Kayser pf.	107½	..	107½	..
Kolb Bakery pf.	98½	98¾	98½	98¾
R. J. Reynolds.....	210	212	210	212
Standard Oil (old).....	865	890	870	900
Standard Oil of N. J...	381	383	383	385
Standard Oil subsid....	475	495	495	505
Studebaker Co.	39	40	39	40
Studebaker Co. pf....	96	98	96	98
Sulzberger pf.	99½	101	99½	101
United Cigar Manuf....	56	58	56	58
U. S. L. & H., new....	17	18	17	18
U. S. L. & H. p., new.	80	85	80	85
F. W. Woolworth.....	81	82	81½	82½
F. W. Woolw'h pf., flat.	112½	114	113	115

RAILROADS.

Am. Light & Traction.	299	302	297	301
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	110	112	108	110

MINING STOCKS.

Am. Porcupine Gold...	32	34	32	34
Butte & New York....	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
Caledonia Mining	70	75	70	75
Cons. Arizona Smelt....	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
*El Paso Con.	76	79	76	79
*Greenwater	6	8	6	7
Internatnional S. & R.	120	125	120	125
Mines of America.....	3	3¼	3	3¼
McKinley-Darragh	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
Nevada-Utah M. & S..	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Ray Central	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Silver King Consa....	1	1¼	1	1¼
Tri-Bullion	7-16	½	½	½
Tularosa	¾	1⅛	..	..
Tuolumne Copper	3¼	3½	3½	3½
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	1	1¼	1¼	1⅜
United Copper pf.....	8	20	8	20
Yukon Gold Mines ...	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½

BONDS.

Bing. & G. R. R. 6s..	128	130	128	130
Braden Copper 7s.....	119	121	119	121
Chicago Elevated 5s...	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
Inspiration Con. cv. 6s.	104	105	104	105
Jones & Loughlin 5s...	100½	101½	100½	101½
Mason Valley 6s.....	120	130	120	130
Montreal Tramway 5s..	100⅜	102½	100⅜	102½
South. Bell T. & T. 5s.	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pacific 5s....	87¾	88	87¾	88

*Sells cents per share.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Company.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil....	16	16¼	16	16¼
Atlantic Refining.....	390	410	390	410
Borne & Scrymser.....	150	200	150	200
Buckeye Pipe Line.....	145	152	142	148
Chesebrough Mfg.....	550	650	550	650
Colonial Oil.....	130	150	125	150
Continental Oil.....	775	875	750	850
Crescent Pipe Line....	56	61	58	62
Eureka Pipe Line	290	300	290	300
Galena Signal Oil pf..	135	145	135	145
Galena Signal Oil.....	225	235	225	235
Indiana Pipe Line.....	100	105	100	105
National Transit.....	36	39	36	39
New York Transit.....	285	295	290	300
Northern Pipe Line....	110	120	105	110
Ohio Oil.....	102	105	102	105
Prairie Oil and Gas....	265	275	260	270
Solar Refining.....	550	625	550	625
Southern Pipe Line....	195	205	195	205
South. Penn. Oil.....	600	625	590	615
S. W. Penn. Pipe Line.	135	150	135	150
Standard Oil (Cal.)....	160	170	160	170
Stand. Oil, (Ind.) w.	1.212	220	212	220
Standard Oil (Kan.)...	200	225	220	225
Standard Oil (Ky.)....	375	400	375	425
*Standard Oil (Neb.)..	200	220	200	215
Standard Oil (N. J.)..	382	387	383	387
†Standard Oil subsid...	420	450	420	440
Standard Oil (N. Y.)..	385	395	390	400
Standard Oil (Ohio)....	170	190	170	190
Swan & Finch.....	500	700	500	700
Union Tank Lines.....	50	55	52	55
Vacuum Oil, ex rights.	145	155	145	155
Vacuum Oil warrants..	45	55	45	55
Vacuum Oil, w. i.....	145	155	145	155
Waters-Pierce	1,000	1,400	1,100	1,500

*Ex dividend. †Ex Standard Oil of Indiana stock dividend, ex Standard Oil of Nebraska stock dividend, ex Vacuum warrants.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises these tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	May 8. Bid.	Asked.	May 7. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	25	25¼	24¾	24¾
Conley Foil	285	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	166	175	165	175
J. S. Young	165	175	165	175
MacAndrews & Forbes.	170	180	170	175
Porto Rico-American..	235	245	240	245
R. J. Reynolds	210	220	210	220
United Cigar Stores....	193	195	192	194

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s	Mar., '62, l'chg.	100⅞	101	100⅜	101¼
4½s	Sept., '60, l'chg.	101	101¼	101	101⅛
4½s	Mar., '30-'60, l'chg.	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4½s	Nov., '57, l'chg.	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s	May, '57, l'chg.	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s	Nov., '17, l'chg.	101⅝	102⅛	101⅝	102⅛
4½s	May, '17, l'chg.	101⅝	..	101⅝	..
4s	May, '59, l'chg.	99⅛	99¾	99⅛	99¾
4s	Nov., '58, l'chg.	99⅛	99¾	99⅛	99¾
4s	May, '57, l'chg.	99⅛	99¾	99⅛	99¾
4s	Nov., '55-'56, reg.	98⅛	99¼	98⅛	99¼
4s	Nov., '36, reg.	98¼	99¼	98¼	99¼
3½s	Nov., '54, l'chg.	88⅞	87½	88⅞	87½
3½s	May, '54, coup.	86½	87⅛	86½	87⅛
3½s	1955-'54, reg.	86½	87	86½	87
3½s	Nov., '41, reg.	88	89	88	89

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

A good many operators on the Consolidated Stock Exchange favored the idea that the market was, for the time at least, in a sold out condition. At the lower levels particularly there was much short covering, as well as buying for a turn for the account of both commission houses and professional traders. Among the specialties attention was accorded to American Beet Sugar, American Ice, and American Can, with lively odd-lot dealings in those stocks. Transactions totaling 60,490 shares were distributed among fifty-two stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
3,790	Amal. Copper...	80⅝	81⅝	80	81⅛
1,880	Am. Beet Sugar	69¼	72	69	72
1,970	Am. Can	40¼	40⅝	39	39⅛
20	Am. Can pf....	117¾	117¾	117¼	117¾
10	Am. Car & F...	58	58	58	58
70	Am. Cotton Oil.	55	55	54⅜	54⅜
760	Am. Ice	26½	27⅜	25¾	26¼
20	Am. Locomotive	42	42¾	42	42⅛
1,950	Am. Smelting...	83⅞	84¼	83¼	84
210	Am. Sugar	128	130	128	130
20	Anaconda Cop....	41	41¼	41	41¼
140	A., T. & S. F...	105½	106⅛	105½	106⅛
820	Balt. & Ohio....	109	109⅛	109	109⅛
240	Brooklyn R. T..	82⅝	82⅝	82¼	82⅜
40	Can. Pacific ...	256	256¼	253½	253⅞
20	Cent. Leather...	24	24	24	24
80	Ches. & Ohio...	78¼	78¼	77⅞	77⅞
50	Chi. Gt. West..	17⅝	18	17⅝	18
880	C., M. & St. P.	106½	107	106⅛	107
20	C., M. & St. P. rights	¼	¼	¼	¼
10	Col. Fuel & I...	28	28	28	28
10	Consol. Gas	142⅞	143⅞	142⅞	142⅞
10	Corn Products..	15⅜	15⅜	15¼	15¼
210	Erie	34⅜	34⅜	34¼	34⅜
10	Erie 2d pf.....	43⅜	43⅜	43¼	43⅜
290	Gt. North'n pf..	131¾	132	131¾	131¾
80	Ill. Central	124½	124¾	124¼	124⅛
60	Inter.-Met.	18⅞	18⅞	18½	18⅝
40	Inter.-Met. pf..	56½	56⅝	53⅞	56½
240	Lehigh Valley..	167¼	167¾	167	167½
180	Louis. & Nash..	157	157⅜	156¾	157⅛
20	Miami Copper..	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
50	Mo., K. & T....	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
280	Mo. Pacific	41¼	41¾	40¾	41⅛
30	Nevada Con....	21¼	21⅝	21¼	21½
140	N. Y. Central...	117⅛	118⅛	117⅞	118¼
20	Norf. & West...	112	112	112	112
880	Nor. Pacific....	119⅜	119⅝	119	119⅝
20	Pennsylvania ..	123¼	123¼	123¼	123¼
20	People's Gas....	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
19,200	Reading	174⅜	176⅜	173⅞	176⅜
100	Rock Island....	26¾	27	26¾	27
110	Southern Pac...	110	110⅝	110	110⅝
10	Southern Ry....	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
40	Tenn. Copper ..	42⅛	42⅜	42	42
7,090	Union Pacific...	169¾	169⅝	168¾	169¾
30	U. S. Rubber...	57	57	57	57
20,170	U. S. Steel....	65¼	65¼	64⅝	65
90	U. S. Steel pf..	109⅝	109⅞	109¾	109⅞
80	Utah Copper ...	61	61¼	60⅝	61
120	Va.-Car. Chem..	51⅞	52	51¼	51¼
10	Wabash pf.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜

60,490

MINING STOCKS.

1,400	Atlanta	.26½	.26½	.26½	.26½
100	Belmont	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
500	Comb. Fraction	.14	.14	.14	.14
1,200	Diam'd Daisy..	.10½	.10½	.10½	.10½
300	El Paso	76	78	78	78
50	Goldfield Con..	4.12½	4.12½	4.12½	4.17½
500	Jim Butler	.64	.64	.63	.63
300	Jumbo Ext....	.45	.45	.45	.45
500	Manhattan	.30	.30	.30	.30
200	Mont

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, May 8, 1912.

Total sales May 8, 1912..... 517,310
From Jan. 1, 1912..... 53,262,070
Same period last year..... 35,390,260

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
81	81⅛	41,400	Amalgamated Copper..	80⅞	81¼	80	81¼	— ½
60⅜	61	300	Am. Agricul. Chem....	60	60⅜	60	60½	+ ½
71½	72	18,700	Am. Beet Sugar.....	69	72	68⅞	72	+2⅝
99½	99⅝	300	Am. Beet Sugar pf....	99¼	100	99½	100	+1
136¼	136⅜	100	Am. Brake S. & F. pf..	136½	136½	136½	136½	+ ¼
39½	39⅝	24,400	Am. Can.....	40¼	40⅝	39	39⅝	—1
117	117½	2,030	Am. Can pf.....	117½	117¾	116⅝	117	—1
57	57½	1,800	Am. Car & Foundry..	58	58	57	57½	— ½
117⅝	118¼	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf....	118	118	118	118	+ ¼
54⅞	54⅝	2,100	Am. Cotton Oil.....	55	55½	54½	54½	— ¾
98	102	200	Am. Cotton Oil pf....	98	98	98	98	...
26	26⅜	10,300	Am. Ice Securities....	26	27⅝	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
13⅝	13¾	400	Am. Linseed.....	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
36¼	37	200	Am. Linseed pf.....	36½	36½	36½	36½	—1¼
42	42½	500	Am. Locomotive.....	42	42	41⅞	42	...
55⅝	56	100	Am. Malt pf.....	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	+ ⅝
84	84¼	12,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref....	83⅞	84	83¼	84½	...
107⅝	108¼	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf..	108	108	108	108	...
129⅝	130⅛	4,700	Am. Sugar Refining...	128	130¼	128	130	+2
145¼	145½	800	Am. Tel. & Tel.....	145¼	145½	145¼	145⅜	...
90	90¾	100	Am. Woolen pf.....	90½	90½	90½	90½	— ½
37⅝	38	400	Am. Writing Paper pf..	38¼	38½	38¼	38½	+ ½
41⅝	41½	1,400	Anaconda Copper Co...	41	41⅝	41	41⅝	+ ⅛
106⅛	106⅜	4,700	Atch., Top. & S. F....	105⅝	106¼	105⅝	106¼	+ ⅜
103	103½	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf..	103⅞	103⅞	103½	103½	— ⅛
139⅝	140	200	Atlantic Coast Line....	140	140	139½	139½	...
108⅞	109¼	2,200	Baltimore & Ohio.....	109¼	109⅝	108⅞	109	— ⅛
2	2⅛	500	Batopilas Mining.....	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
87⅝	88	700	Bethlehem Steel.....	86¾	87⅞	86¾	87⅞	+1¼
73	73½	1,900	Bethlehem Steel pf....	71⅞	73	71¼	73	+2¼
82½	82⅝	800	Brooklyn Rapid Tran..	82¼	82⅝	82½	82¼	+ ⅛
143½	145	100	Brooklyn Union Gas...	143¼	143¼	143¼	143½	— ½
256⅜	256⅝	2,100	Canadian Pacific.....	256	256⅜	255⅝	256⅝	— ¼
24¼	24⅜	1,200	Central Leather Co....	24½	24⅝	24¼	24½	— ⅛
92	93½	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf..	93½	93½	93	93	—1
78¼	78½	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio....	78⅛	78⅝	78⅛	78¼	+ ¼
18	19½	300	Chicago Gt. Western...	18	18	18	18	...
35	37¼	400	Chi. Gt. Western pf....	34½	35	34½	35	— ½
107	107¼	3,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul...	106½	107¼	106	107	— ⅝
...	...	19,849	Chi., M. & St. P. Rgts..	11-32	⅝	11-32	23-64	+1-64
141½	143	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf....	142½	142½	142½	142½	...
140¼	140⅞	600	Chi. & Northwestern..	140⅛	140¼	140⅛	140¼	+ ⅛
28⅝	28⅞	600	Chino Copper.....	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝	— ⅛
56½	59½	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L....	58	58	58	58	...
100⅛	103	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf..	101	101	101	101	— ¼
27⅝	28	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	+ ⅛
43	44¼	100	Colorado & Southern..	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅛
74	75	100	Col. & South. 1st pf....	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	...
142¾	143	1,300	Consolidated Gas.....	143	143⅛	142⅝	143	...
15⅞	15½	900	Corn Products Ref.....	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅛
82	83	100	Corn Products Ref. pf..	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ ⅛
34⅜	34⅞	10,000	Erie	34⅝	34⅞	34⅝	34⅞	+ ⅛
52¾	53¼	600	Erie 1st pf.....	53½	53½	53	53	— ⅜
43	43½	300	Erie 2d pf.....	44	44	43	43	—2¼
40	42	200	Federal M. & S. pf....	42	42	41	41	—2
166½	167	450	General Electric.....	166⅝	167	166⅜	167	— ¼
72½	73	100	General Motors pf....	73	73	73	73	+ ⅞
4	4½	2,200	Goldfield Consol.....	4½	4½	4	4	— ⅛
131½	132	2,000	Great Northern pf....	131¾	131¾	131½	131½	+ ¼
39⅞	40	900	Gt. N. certs. ore prop..	40	40	40	40	+ ⅛
93	95	80	Homestake Mining....	93	95	94⅞	94⅞	...
124½	125	4,200	Illinois Central.....	127⅝	127¼	124¼	125	—2
18½	18⅜	500	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs...	18¾	18⅞	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
56⅛	56¼	1,600	Inter.-Met. pf.....	56¼	56⅜	56	56⅛	+ ⅛
115⅞	116¼	1,400	Int. Harvester.....	115⅞	116½	115⅞	116	...
119	122	100	Int. Harvester pf.....	120	120	120	120	...
15	15¼	1,200	Int. Paper.....	15	15¼	15	15¼	+ ¼
57⅜	58	1,000	Int. Paper pf.....	57¼	58	57⅛	57⅞	+ ⅛
24⅞	25	100	Kansas City South....	25	25	25	25	...
7	7½	100	Keokuk & Des Moines..	7½	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
45	47	100	Keokuk & Des M. pf..	46	46	46	46	+3
105¼	105½	200	Laclede Gas.....	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	— ¼
166⅞	167⅛	8,000	Lehigh Valley.....	167⅝	167⅝	166⅝	166⅞	— ⅛
184	185	100	Liggett & Myers.....	184	184	184	184	—1
110	110½	100	Liggett & Myers pf....	110½	110½	110½	110½	...
157⅜	157⅞	1,900	Louisville & Nash....	157	157⅞	156⅞	157⅝	+ ⅛
80	87½	100	Mackay Cos.....	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	— ¾
80	80⅞	835	May Dept. Stores.....	80	80⅜	80	80⅜	...
110	112	100	May Dept. Stores pf....	111	111	111	111	+1
4½	4⅞	200	Mercantile Marine....	4¼	4½	4¼	4½	+ ⅛
66⅜	66⅞	7,200	Mexican Petroleum....	67¾	67¾	66½	66⅝	— ⅛
24⅝	24¾	800	Miami Copper.....	24⅞	25	24⅝	24⅝	— ¼
22⅜	23	100	Minn. & St. Louis.....	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	— ¼
48⅝	49	320	Minn. & St. Louis pf..	48	48⅝	48	48⅝	— ⅛
139¼	139⅞	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M...	140½	140½	139⅞	140	— ¾
27¾	28	500	Mo., Kansas & Texas..	27½	27¾	27½	27⅝	+ ⅛
41	41¼	2,600	Missouri Pacific.....	41⅛	41⅜	41	41	— ¼
155½	156	200	Nat. Biscuit Co.....	155½	155½	155½	155½	—1¾
127	130	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf....	128¾	128¾	128¾	128¾	...
56¼	56⅝	800	Nat. Lead Co.....	56	56⅛	56	56	— ¼
109	109½	25	Nat. Lead Co. pf.....	109½	109½	109½	109½	...
21	21½	2,000	Nevada Con. Copper...	21¼	21⅝	21	21	— ⅛
118⅝	118½	8,800	New York Central.....	118⅛	118⅝	118	118⅜	+ ⅛
136⅜	137	10	N. Y., N. H. & Hart...	137	137	137	137	...
38⅛	38⅜	200	N. Y., Ont. & West....	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜	+ ⅛
90⅜	91¾	100	N. Y. State Rys.....	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	+ ⅛
49	51	300	Norfolk Southern.....	50	50	49⅝	49⅝	— ⅜
112¼	112⅜	1,241	Norfolk & Western....	112¼	112⅜	112¼	112½	— ¼
81½	82	300	North American.....	81½	81⅝	81½	81⅝	+ ⅛
119¼	119½	3,600	Northern Pacific.....	119¼	119½	119	119⅜	+ ⅛
1¼	2	100	Ontario Mining.....	1¼	1½	1¼	1½	— ⅛
32	32½	400	Pacific Mail.....	32¼	32½	32¼	32½	+ ⅛
50⅜	51½	300	Pacific Tel. & Tel....	51¼	51¼	51	51	...
123⅜	123⅝	1,019	Pennsylvania R. R....	123½	123⅝	123¼	123⅝	+ ⅛
107½	108	100	People's Gas, Chicago..	107⅜	107⅞	107⅜	107⅞	— ⅛
109	109½	1,900	Pitts., C., C. & St. L..	108	109	108	109	+ ⅛
86½	87½	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf....	88	88	87½	87½	+ ⅛
150¼	160	300	Pullman Co.....	160	160	159½	159½	+ ⅛
7	7⅞	100	Quicksilver	7½	7½	7½	7½	+1
10½	11	200	Quicksilver pf.....	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
18⅝	18½	1,200	Ray. Con. Copper.....	18⅞	18⅞	18½	18⅝	...
174	174½	128,800	Reading	175½	176½	173⅞	174	— ⅞
98½	99½	200	Reading 2d pf.....	99	99	99	99	+2
22⅜	23	200	Republic Iron & Steel..	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ½
77¼	78	130	Rep. Iron & Steel pf..	77½	77½	77½	77½	...
26⅞	27	2,000	Rock Island Co.....	27	27	26⅜	26⅞	...
53½	53⅞	200	Rock Island Co. pf....	54	54	54	54	...
38⅝	38⅝	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf...	38½	38½	38½	38½	...
25	25¼	400	Seaboard Air Line.....	25¼	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
51½	52	800	Seaboard Air Line pf..	51½	51⅞	51⅜	51⅝	— ⅛
174½	175	1,100	Sears, Roebuck & Co..	175¼	175⅝	174½	174½	— ¼
110½	110⅞	4,400	Southern Pacific.....	110⅜	110½	109⅞	110½	+ ⅝
28½	28¼	700	Southern R'way ext...	27⅝	28	27⅝	27⅞	...
73⅜	73½	800	South. Rway pf. ext...	73⅜	73⅝	73¼	73¼	— ¼
58	60	100	Standard Milling pf....	60	60	60	60	—1
42	42½	300	Tennessee Copper.....	42	42¼	42	42	+ ¼
23½	23½	200	Texas & Pacific.....	23½	23½	23¼	23½	...
36¼	36⅜	270	Third Avenue, new....	36½	36½	36½	36½	+ ¼
14	15	200	Toledo, St. L. & W....	15⅛	15¼	15⅛	15¼	— ⅛
9⅞	10¼	100	Union Bag & Paper....	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
169¼	169⅝	39,950	Union Pacific.....	169¼	169½	168½	169⅝	— ¼
106½	107	100	United Cigars Mfrs.pf..	106½	106½	106½	106½	+ ½
106	111	50	United Dry Goods pf..	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	...
16⅜	18½	25	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe..	17	17	17	17	...
74⅝	75	100	U. S. Realty & Imp....	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	— ⅝
32	35	50	U. S. Ind. Alcohol.....	33	33	33	33	...
102	103	200	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf..	102	102⅜	102	102⅜	— ¼
56¾	57	700	U. S. Rubber.....	57	57	56½	56¾	+ ¼
65	65½	112,300	U. S. Steel.....	65¼	65⅝	64¼	65	— ¼
109¾	110½	325	U. S. Steel pf.....	109⅝	110	109⅜	110	+ ¼
61	61¼	2,400	Utah Copper.....	61	61¼	60⅜	61⅛	+ ¼
51⅝	51⅞	700	Va.-Carolina Chem....	52	52	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅛
...	...	100	Va. R'way & Power...	49	49	49	49	+ ⅛
8¼	8⅝	1,400	Wabash	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ¼
20⅜	21⅜	200	Wabash pf.....	21	21	21	21	...
83	83¼	300	Western Union Tel....	82⅜	83	82⅜	83	+ ⅜
74¼	74⅜	600	Westinghouse E. & M..	74	74¼	74	74¼	+ ¼
7	7½	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie....	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞	— ⅜

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales May 8, 1912..... $2,956,000
From Jan. 1, 1912..... 313,435,500
Same period last year..... 316,977,500

Panama 3s, reg 500..... 102
Argentine Gov 5s 4,000..... 99⅜
City of Tokio 5s, interim ctfs 2,000..... 94¼
Jap Gov 4½s, s ln 2,000..... 92¾
4s, sterl loan 1,000..... 86
N Y State 4s, 1961 2,000..... 102
N Y Canal 4s, 1961 15,000..... 102
5,000..... 101⅞
N Y City 4s, 1957 25,000..... 99⅝
4s, 1959 3,000..... 99½
1,000..... 99⅝
N Y City 4½s 3,000..... 101¼
12,000..... 101⅝
4½s, 1962, w i 407,000..... 100⅞
150,000..... 101
4½s, 1957 1,000..... 107½
Adams Express 4s 1,000..... 83
Alls-Chalmers 5s 5,000..... 63
Tr Co ctfs of dep 5,000..... 62½
10,000..... 63
Am Cotton Oil 5s 11,000..... 95
Am Smelt Secur 6s 8,000..... 105
5,000..... 104⅞
2,000..... 104¾
6,000..... 104⅞
Am T & T conv 4s 15,000..... 114¼
Am Tob 6s, reg 1,000..... 120½
A, T & S F gen 4s 9,000..... 99⅜
4,000..... 99½
2,000..... 99¼
3,000..... 99⅜
adjsmt 4s, ctfs 2,000..... 91
conv 4s, 1955 1,000..... 106¼
conv 4s, 1960 3,000..... 102⅝
10,000..... 102½
21,000..... 102⅜
5,000..... 102¾
conv 5s 11,000..... 108
Atl Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s 5,000..... 94
7,000..... 94⅛
B & O pr in 3½s 2,000s10f..... 92½
500..... 91½
gold 4s 12,000..... 98½
2,000s10f..... 98¼
S W Div 3½s 3,000..... 91
500..... 90½
Beth Steel 6s 3,000..... 98⅝
1,000..... 98¾
Bklyn R T gold 5s 1,000..... 104½
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s 2,000..... 102¼
Bklyn Un Gas 5s 1,000..... 107⅝
Bush Terminal 5s 7,000..... 97
Cal Gas & Elec 5s 10,000..... 96¼
Cent Branch Ry 4s 5,000..... 92
Canada So 1st 6s 10,000..... 101⅛
3,000..... 101
Cent Leather 5s 2,000..... 96½
Ches & O gen 4½s 2,000..... 101
con 5s 1,000..... 111⅛
conv 4½s 14,000..... 92⅝
Chi & Alton 3½s 10,000..... 60¾
C, B & Q gen 4s 7,000..... 96
joint 4s 6,000..... 96½
5,000..... 96⅜
10,000..... 96½
4,000..... 96⅝
5,000..... 96½
4,000..... 96⅝
Ill Div 3½s 2,000..... 87⅝
5,000..... 87½
Chi & E Ill gen 5s 5,000..... 109
ref & imp 4s 1,000..... 80½
Chi, Ind & So 4s 5,000..... 91⅝
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A 7,000..... 98½
conv 4½s, w i 83,000..... 102⅜
310,000..... 102½
Chi & N W gen 4s 5,000..... 97⅝
5,000..... 97½
gen 3½s 10,000..... 85¾
Milwauk, Sparta & N Wn 1st 4s 3,000..... 93⅜
C, R I & P gen 4s 1,000..... 96½
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 1,000..... 89¼
C, R I & P R R 4s 3,000..... 71⅝
1,000..... 71⅞
6,000..... 71⅝
C & W Ind con 4s 1,000..... 90½
Chino Copper 6s 5,000..... 125
Cin, Ind & W 4s 1,000..... 87½
Clev, Cin, Chi, & St L gen 4s 1,000..... 91⅝
St L Div 4s 1,000..... 90½
Colo Industrial 5s 1,000..... 75⅝
Col & So 1st 4s 8,000..... 96½
ref & ext 4½s 1,000..... 86⅝
Consol Tobacco 4s 10,000..... 95¼
Conn Ry & Lgt 1st & ref 4½s, stpd 4,000..... 101⅝
Del & Hud conv 4s 10,000..... 98
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s 8,000..... 86⅝
5,000..... 86¼
Det River Tun 4½s 3,000..... 90½
Dist Secur Corp 5s 1,000..... 74½
Du P de N Pow 4½s 5,000..... 89
Erie 1st gen 4s 1,000..... 72¾
Pa col tr 4s 2,000..... 90
conv 4s, Ser A 6,000..... 87
Series B 1,000..... 79⅝
1,000..... 79½
Genl Motors 6s 1,000..... 90½
Gulf & Ship I 5s 5,000..... 93
2,000..... 93½
H & T C 1st 5s 1,000..... 109⅝
Hudson Co Gas 5s 1,000..... 105
Ill Cent 4s, 1952 1,000..... 90⅝
Ill Steel 4½s 9,000..... 92
10,000..... 92¼
Ind Steel 5s, J P Morgan & Co trust rcts 10,000..... 101
13,000..... 101⅛
43,000..... 101
5,000..... 101⅛
Inter-Met 4½s 2,000..... 81⅜
6,000..... 81⅞
14,000..... 81⅝
Inter Rap Tran 5s 52,000..... 104
Internatnl Nav 5s 1,000s10f..... 78⅜
Int Stm Pump 5s 1,000..... 93
Iowa Cent ref 4s 1,000..... 64⅞
Kana & M 2d 5s 2,000..... 98½
K C, Ft S & M 4s 1,000 3..... 79⅜
Kan City So 5s 5,000..... 72½
4,000..... 72⅝
6,000..... 72½
Kings Co El L & P pur mon 6s 1,000..... 116⅜
Lack Steel 5s, 1923 3,000..... 94⅝
7,000..... 94¼
Lake S & Mich So 4s, 1928 9,000..... 93¼
1931 6,000..... 93¼
104,000..... 93⅜
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds 1,000..... 120⅜
6s, temp bonds 4,000..... 94⅝
2,000..... 94½
Lou & N unifd 4s 1,000..... 99¼
9,000..... 99⅜
St L Div 3s 2,000..... 69½
Atl, K & Cin 4s 1,000..... 92½
1,000..... 92⅝
Lou & Nash So, Mont joint 4s 3,000..... 89⅞
5,000..... 89⅝
Mer Mar col tr 4½s 10,000..... 64⅝
Minn & St Louis 1st & ref 4s 3,000..... 62½
Mo Pac 1st con 6s 1,000..... 107¼
5s, 1917 2,000..... 93½
conv 5s 1,000..... 87½
Mob & O new 6s 1,000..... 120¾
gen 4s 1,000..... 86⅜
Natnl Tube 5s, J P Morgan & Co trust rcts 7,000..... 100½
N Or, Mob & Chi 5s 8,000..... 91½
N Y Cent gen 3½s 2,000..... 86½
Lake S col 3½s 2,000..... 82½
8,000..... 82
Mich C col 3½s 3,000..... 80
N Y, Chi & St L deb 4s 4,000..... 90
N Y G, El L & P col trust 5s 10,000..... 103⅝
pur money 4s 1,000..... 89
N Y & Grnw L 5s 1,000..... 105
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s 3,000..... 120
2,000..... 129¼
N Y, O & W ref 4s 5,000..... 95
N Y Sys temp ref 4s 2,000..... 79⅝
5,000..... 79½
temp adj 5s 1,000..... 52½
3,000..... 52⅝
6,000..... 52½
N Y Telephone 4½s 500..... 100⅜
3,000..... 100¼
N Y, West & B 4½s 10,000..... 99
Nor & Southn 1st ref 5s, Ser A 3,000..... 90⅝
Nor & Wn con 4s 1,000..... 99
2,000s10f..... 99
Pocah C & C 4s 3,000..... 92
N & W conv 4s 11,000..... 112
North Pac 4s 1,000..... 99⅜
59,000..... 99⅞
1,000..... 99⅝
North Pac 3s 4,000..... 69⅜
500..... 70½
500..... 70½
1,000..... 69⅜
North Pac, St P-Dul Div 4s 3,000..... 96
Ore S L gtd ref 4s 7,000..... 93½
Pac T & T 5s 6,000..... 100½
1,000..... 100
Penn Co gtd 3½s, 1916 2,000..... 97⅜
Penn cv 3½s, 1915 5,000..... 97½
Penn 4s, 1948 3,000..... 103½
P. Lorillard Co 7s temp bonds 9,000..... 121¼
5,000..... 121¾
15,000..... 121¼
P. Lorillard Co 5s temp bonds 7,000..... 95¼
Public Serv Corp of N J 5s 3,000..... 94½
Ray Cons 1st 6s 1,000..... 114
Reading gen 4s 12,000..... 93⅛
Rep Iron & Steel 5s, 1940 1,000..... 92⅜
5,000..... 92½
4,000..... 92⅝
2,000..... 92⅜
St L, Ir Mt & So unify & ref 4s 3,000..... 89⅝
St L, Rocky Mt & Pacific 5s 10,000..... 84¼
St L S W con 4s 5,000..... 82½
2,000..... 82⅝
5,000..... 82½
5,000..... 82⅝
2,000..... 82½
1,000..... 83
St P, M & M con 6s 3,000..... 125⅜
Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd 10,000..... 87¼
adjustment 5s 11,000..... 79⅜
So Car & Ga 1st 5s 3,000..... 102⅝
So Pac conv 4s 2,000..... 93⅜
1,000..... 95¼
4,000..... 95⅜
So Pac 1st ref 4s 5,000..... 95⅛
5,000..... 95
11,000..... 95¼
8,000..... 95
So Ry gen 4s 5,000..... 78¾
M & O col 4s 1,000..... 87
St L Div 4s 6,000..... 89
Term Assn of St L ref 4s 1,000..... 94½
Tex Co conv 6s 1,000..... 99
7,000..... 98½
Third Av 1st 5s 1,000..... 100¼
9,000..... 100½
Third Av con 4s, Tr Co ctfs 1,000..... 78
Third Av ref 4s 2,000..... 82⅞
2,000..... 82¾
Third Av adj 5s 10,000..... 71
1,000..... 70⅞
2,000..... 70¼
24,000..... 70¼
23,000..... 70
Un Pac 1st 4s 5,000..... 101¼
6,000..... 101⅜
6,000s20f..... 101¾
5,000..... 101⅞
Un Pac conv 4s 1,000..... 102¼
9,000..... 102
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s 4,000..... 96½
United Railroads of San Fran 4s 1,000..... 68
Un Rys inv 5s, Pitts issue 10,000..... 84
U S Rubber 6s 1,000..... 104⅝
5,000..... 104½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s 1,000..... 102⅛
2,000..... 102
1,000..... 102⅛
1,000..... 102
8,000..... 102⅛
1,000..... 102
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s 7,000..... 99⅜
Wabash 2d 5s 3,000..... 99¼
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s 50,000..... 68¼
6,000..... 68⅜
23,000..... 68⅜
8,000..... 68⅜
19,000..... 68⅜
10,000..... 68⅜
10,000..... 68½
10,000..... 68¼
81,000..... 68⅜
30,000..... 68¼
42,000..... 68
10,000..... 68¼
1,000..... 68
27,000..... 67⅞
31,000..... 67¾
2,000..... 67⅝
1,000..... 68
5,000..... 68¼
11,000..... 68¼
Cent Tr ctfs of dep 5,000..... 67⅝
10,000..... 67¼
stamped 2,000..... 66¼
Equit Tr Co ctfs of dep stamped 5,000..... 66
55,000..... 65
Wab, Pitts T 1st, Cent Tr ctfs 10,000..... 35
15,000..... 35½
1,000..... 36
1,000..... 36¼
3,000..... 36½
2,000..... 37
3,000..... 36¼
2,000..... 37
12,000..... 37½
17,000..... 37⅝
1,000..... 37½
5,000..... 36⅝
25,000..... 36½
1,000..... 37
Colum Tr ctfs 14,000..... 35
1,000..... 36
Western Elec 5s 2,000..... 102½
West Md 4s 19,000..... 87½
W U Tel col tr 5s 1,000..... 102⅜
West Un fund & real est 4½s 11,000..... 93½
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s 2,000..... 95½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	101
2s, c, 1930	100⅜	101¼
3s, r, 1918	102¼	102⅜
3s, c, 1918	102¼	102⅜
4s, r, 1925	114	114⅜
4s, q, 1925	114¼	115
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¾	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅝	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅝	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp 203	..	..
Alb & Susq 265½	..	..
Alle & W 128	..	..
Allis-Chalm. 1	1¼	..
Do pf 3½	4½	..
Am Ag Ch pf 100	101	..
A B S & F 95¼	96¼	..
Am Coal 70	93	..
Am Exp 218	227	..
A H & L 4½	5	..
Do pf 24	26	..
Am Loc pf 109	109¼	..
Am Malt 11	12½	..
A S pf B 88	89	..
Am Snuff 125	133	..
Do pf 103	108	..
Do pf, n 100	102	..
Am St Fd 36	38	..
A S R

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COTTON DUCK EXPORTS.

Sharp Decrease During Last Week, but Good Showing for the Year.

Despite the fact that figures issued by the New York Custom House covering exports of domestics and cotton duck for the week ended May 4 show a decrease of 9,781 packages from total shipments of the previous week, exports of this class of merchandise recorded since Jan. 1, 1912, have increased 51,924 packages over the total of similar exports during the same period last year.

In value, the current year's shipments show an increase of slightly over $2,800,000. The aggregate exports of last week amounted to 4,739 packages, valued at $352,356, a decline in value of $497,929, as compared with shipments of the previous week. Exports to Cuba, valued at $81,196, and to Central America, valued at $76,273, head the list of the week's shipments. Total exports of this merchandise to all parts of the world since the beginning of the current year aggregate 158,484 packages, valued at $10,707,601, against 106,560 packages, valued at $7,907,488, forwarded during the corresponding period in 1911.

In the local market it is said that despite the increase in exports shown by the customs figures, current business is not entirely satisfactory. The majority of goods shipped were on orders received some time ago, and new business coming in is not plentiful. The demand from China, which under normal conditions is said to be a large factor in the export trade, is rather light at present. Inquiries from the Red Sea districts are fairly heavy, but actual business transacted is reported to be comparatively small.

DRY GOODS TRADE LIGHT.

Market Feels the Effect of Between-Season Lull.

Trading in the New York dry goods market was generally light yesterday under the influence of a between-season lull in a number of lines and the continuance of unfavorable weather. Buying in the retail stores of the city and vicinity is reported to have been unusually light this week, and until this trade can begin to reap the benefit of real Spring weather little duplicate business is expected on seasonable merchandise. Mail orders received from Southern points reflected to a considerable extent the disturbing influence of floods in the Mississippi Valley, and the demand from other parts of the country is said to have been generally unsatisfactory.

The most encouraging reports of the day came from the carpet and rug trade. Buying was active under the stimulus of a newly opened season, and the advanced prices named on Monday apparently had no effect on the desire of buyers to cover their needs at once. Present indications point to a rapid depletion of stocks available for immediate and nearby delivery, and future delivery orders are also said to have been plentiful. With the carpet and rug needs of the buyers satisfied to a large extent, more attention was paid to the selection of linoleums and floor oilcloths, and in these lines considerable activity was in evidence.

BUSINESS NOTES.

At the quarterly meeting of the Board of Managers of the Silk Association of America, held at the rooms of the association, at 487 Broadway, yesterday, the Hellwig Silk Dyeing Company of Philadelphia was admitted to membership.

The Executive Committee of the Merchants' Association has authorized the appointment of a special committee to consider the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and Cuba, as a result of the removal of the duty on sugar.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; H. A. Cook, skirts and corsets, (basement;) 31 Union Sq.
Wolf & Dessauer, Fort Wayne, Ind.; T. P. Stack, cloaks, waists, furs, and muslin underwear; 315 4th Av.
Adler, L., Bros. & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; M. Adler, woolens; 200 5th Av.
Klein, S., & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; S. Klein, woolens and trimmings; Herald Square.
England Bros., Pittsfield, Mass.; W. L. Noble, general indse.; 75 Spring; Herald Square.
Rothschild Bros., Ithaca, N. Y.; J. Rothschild, dry goods; Imperial.
Wanamaker, J., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. M. Coll, millinery; B'way and 10th.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. F. Powers, knit goods, yarns, ladies' neckwear, &c.; 10 W. 19th; Breslin.
Hess Bros., Allentown, Penn.; H. F. Newhard, domestics and white goods; 315 4th Av.; Breslin.
Wanamaker, J., Philadelphia, Penn.; A. G. Cressman, muslin underwear and waists; B'way and 10th; Breslin.
Robillard, L., Boston, Mass.; clothing; Latham.
Bush & Bull Co., Easton, Penn.; M. W. Copp, cloaks, suits, and waists; Broztell.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. A. Applewhaite, hosiery and underwear; 72 Leonard.
Hartford Carpet Corp., Boston, Mass.; W. D. Marshall, carpets; 41 Union Sq.
Leinbach & Co., Lancaster, Penn.; R. F. Smith, cloaks, suits, and furs; Navarre.
Sullivan, E. L. & M., Elmira, N. Y.; E. L. Sullivan, millinery; Marlborough.
Corbin, F. A., New Haven, Conn.; woolens; Collingwood.
O'Connor, Moffatt & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; J. V. Costello, cloaks, suits, and furs; 114 5th Av.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; R. L. Blumenthal, laces and embroideries; 214 Church.
Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; W. S. Hunkins, notions, fancy goods, ribbons, neckwear, umbrellas and suspenders; 43 Leonard.
Bon Marche, Seattle, Wash.; G. Kalt, rugs and upholstery, 2 Walker; Prince George.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. Fairbairn, knit underwear; 2 Walker.
Pettis, C. G. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; F. L. Pettis, carpets; 2 Walker.
Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Norfiok, Va.; H. L. Linnell, upholstery, curtains and blankets; 320 Church.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; J. P. Farrell, groceries; 454 Broome.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Ct.; J. E. Sullivan, rugs and upholstery; L. K. Young, cloaks, suits and waists; 75 Spring.
Crowley, Milner Co., Detroit, Mich.; Miss A. G. Anderson, muslin underwear, corsets, ladies' and infants' wear; 20 West Twenty-second Street.
Heer, C. H., D. G. Co., Springfield, Mo.; W. Brownlow, cloaks, suits, ladies' and infants' wear; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Mack, domestics, linens, flannels and blankets; H. Barschkies, silks and velvets; 334 Fourth Av.
Jordan, Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; W. M. London, leather goods, 31 Union Square.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; J. W. Doyle, prints; E. Levy, jewelry, fancy and leather goods; J. Bell, hosiery and knit underwear; T. J. Graham, laces, gloves, handkerchiefs; P. D. Slocum, furs; 41 Union Square.
Stearns, H. P. & Co., Boston, Mass.; C. W. Conklin, cloaks, suits; 45 East 17th Street.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; H. Grunebaum, domestics, dress goods, silks, and white goods; 15 W. 26th; Cadillac.
Hengerer, W., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. L. Henkerer, notions; 214 Church.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. M. Rosenthal, cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; 215 4th Av.
Brown, Thomson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; C. Smith, housefurnishing goods; 2 Walker.
Cappel Furniture Co., Dayton, Ohio; H. Cappel, carpets; 41 Union Square.
Steiger, A. & Co., Springfield, Mass.; F. G. Bull, hosiery, notions, and knit underwear; 70 Franklin; Cadillac.
Samuels, D., San Francisco, Cal.; A. M. Samuels, silks and dress goods; 45 E. 17th.
Gutman, J., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; F. S. Buchs, boys clothing and gloves; 79 Grand.
Hudson & Symington, Detroit, Mich.; C. Symington, carpets and rugs; Netherland.
Graves-Laughlin Co., Cleveland, Ohio; H. C. Laughlin, men's, boys', and children's clothing and furnishing goods; Broztell.
Sarasohn & Shetzer, Detroit, Mich.; I. Shetzer, dry goods, notions, furnishing goods and clothing; Broadway Central.
Hunter-Tuppen Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss McGourty, corsets and muslin underwear; 221 4th Av.
Etlene's, W., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; J. J. Kelley, asst. mdse manager; Miss Griffin, misses' waists; Miss Schlager, costumes and shirtwaist suits; Miss Cronin, infants' coats and millinery; 116 W. 32d.
Rosenbaum Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Mrs. M. H. Desmond, juniors' and misses' coats, suits, dresses, and waists; 31 Union Square.

WANTED—Cloth dresses to job this Fall, $3 to $10. Call Thursday or Friday morning, 9 to 10, 18 West 27th St.

SALESMEN to carry popular-priced lady's wash dresses as side line; all territories. P 75 Times.

JOBBER will look at samples of Fall dresses and skirts. United Garment Buyers, 28 East 20th St.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS A. C. Bosselman & Co., 114 E. 16th St.

MOVE TO REDUCE CREDITS.

Six Months Considered Too Long on Silk Transactions.

Progress is reported in the movement on foot in the New York silk market to reduce the present credits allowed on raw silk transactions between manufacturers and importers. A petition is being circulated in the trade for the purpose, and it was said yesterday that practically every representative manufacturer operating in the local market has signed.

Most of the raw silk importers are also said to favor the movement, and it is probable from present indications that some definite action in the matter will be taken shortly.

Under the present method of selling houses with satisfactory rating are given six months' credit by the importers on purchases of Japanese and Chinese silks. These terms, it is contended, are entirely too liberal, and tend to foster a growth that is detrimental to the industry as a whole. The plea of the petition is to have the present credit system reduced to a five-month basis as soon as possible, with a reduction to a four-month basis as soon afterward as prevailing conditions permit. The movement is not fostered with the intention of injuring the present business of any manufacturer, but with the sole purpose of checking the extension of manufacturing interests whose private capital is insufficient to warrant an expansion.

The number of looms in the country at the present time is said to be greater than is warranted by the demand for their production, and with a view to preventing a too-rapid increase in the future, the present campaign is being carried on. The present condition of the industry is said to have arisen from the ability of manufacturers to extend their operations on the capital of the importers through the long credits given, and the movement for the reduction of this credit period is undertaken to prevent a continuation of such expansions.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Ladder Tapes Are Cotton Manufactures—Duty on Commissions.

The Burlington Venetian Blind Company of Burlington, Vt., won a victory yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers when it decided that so-called ladder tapes made of cotton and used in the manufacture of Venetian blinds are not to be regarded as the "tapes" named in the Tariff act of 1909. They were returned for duty by the Custom House authorities under the tape paragraph at 60 per cent. ad valorem, whereas the importers alleged the merchandise to be "manufactures of cotton, not specially provided for," at 45 per cent. on their value.

The articles are made of two narrow strips of cloth, each 1½ inch in width, united at regular intervals by strips 2½ inches long and ⅝ of an inch wide. Judge Cooper, in sustaining the protest, says that while the articles are generally known as tapes, they do not fall within the meaning of the paragraph under which duty was taken.

The board took adverse action on a protest filed by Lippincott, Johnson & Co., regarding the inclusion in a dutiable value of merchandise of 2½ per cent. commissions to the firm's agent for purchasing goods. The importers invoiced the commissions as non-dutiable, but the collector disregarded this, and included the commission charges in the assessed valuation. The collector is affirmed.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

HERMAN SPERLING.—Herman Sperling, manufacturer of waists at 29 East Tenth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $12,221 and assets $2,593, consisting of stock $1,200, machinery and fixtures $1,000, accounts $353, and cash $40. Among the creditors are Louis Heyman $3,050, H. Bauman & Co. $2,364, Isidor Sperling $1,750, Elias Sperling $750, and Adolph Sperling $250. He began business in December, 1908.

STEIN & WEINGLASS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Stein and Joseph Weinglass, who compose the firm of Stein & Weinglass, dealers in men's and women's furnishing goods at 1,988 Third Avenue, by these creditors: Hayman Potman $200, Harry Trachtenberg $153, and Rosenberg & Brand $164. They began business in September, 1911.

JACOB ABELOFF.—Jacob Abeloff of Yonkers has filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities $914 for dry goods and no assets.

BENJAMIN FRIEDMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Benjamin Friedman, dealer in leather remnants and manufacturer of auto goggles at 315 Pearl Street, by these creditors: Max Weinfeld $380, Louis B. Wasserstrom $350, and Julius Sokol $170. It was said that on May 4 he permitted a City Marshal to levy on the stock, machinery, and fixtures on an execution for $200 in favor of C. H. Feldman & Sons. He has been in business twelve years. Liabilities are said to be $22,000.

MOSES RAPOPORT.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Moses Rapoport, dealer in glassware and enamelled ware at 298 Bowery, show liabilities of $45,920 and assets of $26,595, consisting of stock of $15,000, accounts of $9,537, cash in bank $1,083, office fixtures $200; fixtures $500; horse and wagon, $225, and a note for $50. Among the creditors are the Federal Glass Company, Columbus, Ohio, $4,000, United States Glass Company, Pittsburgh, $3,047; United States Stamping Company, $3,411; National Enameling and Stamping Company, $1,801; Belmont Stamping and Enameling Company, New Philadelphia, Ohio, $2,078, and George Bergfeldt & Co., $3,391.

HENRY MOCK.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Henry Mock, manufacturer of bar and office fixtures, at 338 East Ninety-fifth Street, show liabilities $25,275 and assets $7,269, consisting of stock $1,823, machinery $1,500, judgments $2,484, accounts $658, horses and trucks $800, covered by chattel mortgage to Cora Mock, and cash in tank $2. Among the creditors are Cora Mock, $1,205; Louisa Mock, $2,061; Henry Klauss, Inc., $3,288; Schaefer & Cavanagh, $1,679, and M. Eberhart & Son Company, $1,513.

J. D. POSNER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the J. D. Posner Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of dresses at 147 West Twenty-fifth street, show liabilities of $4,644 and assets of $4,544, consisting of stock $1,750, machinery $750, accounts $1,124, cash $330, and dresses $390, in

AUCTION SALES.

FRANK STEVENS, Auctioneer.
Office, 46 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.
Special Auction Sale of
STOCKS, BONDS, AND NOTES,
ON THURSDAY, MAY 23D, 1912.
At 12 o'clock noon, at above address. The undersigned will sell at Public Auction, by Frank Stevens, Auctioneer, at the Exchange Salesroom, 46 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, May 23d, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, certain promissory notes of W. S. Lake, Jerome Hill, J. F. O'Shaughnessey, Gorham Gray, and Wilcox Gibbs Co.; a balance of account against said J. F. O'Shaughnessey and stocks of the following companies held as collateral or otherwise, to wit: Dustproof Typewriter Cover Co., Cotton Picker Co., Cotton Gathering Machine Co., Standard Spike Mfg. Co., Boston Nail Co., American Fastening Co., Wilcox Gibbs Guano Co., La Christine Co., Ltd., Planters Compress Co., (Com. and Pfd.,) British Paulson American Telegraph Patents Consnel-Hall-McLester Co., (Com. and Pfd.,) Bull Domingo Mining Co., Indus Mining Co., National Bank of Sumter, S. C.; Madison Square Bank, N. Y., E. Tenn., Va. & Ga., (Com., Pfd., and Scrip,) Morgan Gravel Mining Co., Silver Cliff Mining Co., Kings Mountain Mining Co., Globe Copper Mining Co., Copper Knob Mining Co., J. J. Powers Oil Co. & Mfg. Ass'n, Southern National Bank of New York, Eureka Springs Gaslight Co., Ohio Valley Petroleum Co., also First Mortgage Bonds of Union Railway of Kansas City.

Said property will be sold for account of whom it may concern, without recourse and description, and amounts not being guaranteed; transfer tax, if any, to be paid by the purchaser. The foregoing securities may be seen at the office of Frank Stevens, Auctioneer, 46 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., where detailed lists may be obtained or seen.
CHARLES FRASER,
As liquidating partner of Latham, Alexander & Co., and as one of the Executors of John C. Latham, Deceased.

HARRY M. MOSES AUCTIONEER
OFFICE 156 BROADWAY
WHOLESALE STOCK OF
STATIONERY and TOYS
ENTIRE STOCK OF
H. TAUB CO.
17 AVENUE C (at 2d St.)
To-day, Thursday,
AT 10 O'CLOCK.
Blank Books, Pads, Paper Napkins, Postals, Papetieres, Pencils, &c., Dolls, Toys, Horns, and a general assortment of Stationery, Notions, Toys, &c., in large lots.
Terms cash. IMMEDIATE REMOVAL.

Linch, George W., receiver—I. Gewirtz, $279.
Lawn, Samuel—S. Lawn, $889.
Lifschitz, Nathan, and Samuel Dorfman—S. Ersnowsky, $208.
Mackell, Peter F.—Central Consumers' Wine and Liquor Co., $137.
Marcus, Samuel M.—Pennsylvania Soap Co., $136.
Manning, Parker J.—B. F. Carleck, $302.
Newman, Walter G.—T. G. Buck, $11,995.
Oppenheimer, Morits—Bachrach-Nufer Co., $1,237.
Potter, Leland D.—M. J. Gordon, $1,168.
Pierce, John—D. F. Strobel, $13,675.
Purdy, Annie A.—City of N. Y., $225.
Pignone, Michele, and Vincenzo Milisci—B. Pisiulo, $332.
Raabe, Herman and Henry—George F. Moore, Inc., $162.
Ruetelo, Ernesto—Klein & Bandheim, $108.
Reinhaimer, Anna—E. T. Burrows Co., $52.
Roth, Abraham—M. R. Goelet and others, $2,704.
Rietteeher, August—E. L. Suffern and others, $133.
Runge, Minnie C.—H. A. Koch and others, costs, $126.
Rogovey, George—A. Landau, $140.
Shea, John—M. Mayorkas and others, $519.
Simons, Leon S.—Twenty-eighth Street Co., $151.
Slater, Samuel T. and Aaron B.—H. B. Claflin Co., $1,421.
Schwartzman, Abraham—City of N. Y., $331.
Sutton, Winfield S.—Same, $227.
Smith, Frederick M.—Same, $227.
Smith, Annie A. and Martin A.—B. C. Burnham and others, $2,416.
Sullivan, James M.—E. F. Cole, $331.
Steckler, Morris—S. Dver, $345.
Tames, Peter—F. F. Travis and others, $141.
Tobin, Preston E.—J. H. Day, $231.
Tieber, Herman—Manhattan Leasing Co., $140.
Tannenbaum, Max, and Max Durstand and Max Weingarten—S. Hudes, $124.
Townsend, Maurice E. and Edward N.—J. P. Boruff, $3,106.
Unger, John E.—American Agricultural Chemical Co., $394.
Weiss, Herman, and Abraham Hirschhorn—S. Sheinbaum, $114.
Waltzer, Abraham—T. Horowitz, $322.
Wolff, Armand—City of N. Y., $227.
Wardell, Ella V.—Same, $421.
Wittstein, Reuben J.—Lamb Pub. Co., $149.
Ziegfeld, Florenz, Jr.—L. J. Cartier and others, $1,090.
Alonzo H. Magee Co.—U. S. Gauge Co., $2,495.
Hanover Realty and Construction Co.—J. E. Gersten, $438.
Hanover Estates—G. Doheny, $383.
Alonzo H. Magee Co. and Alonzo H. Magee—U. S. Gauge Co., $758.
John Greimer Cabinet Works—Terwilliger Parquet Floor Co., $209.
Correja Motor Car Co.—Cnilton Co., $153.
Coffey Realty Co. and St. Anne Building Co.—North Side Hoisting Co., Inc., $158.
Alonzo H. Magee Co.—Bank of Long Island, $526.
A. B. Adams, Inc.—Western Union Telegraph Co., $843.
Board of Education of City of N. Y.—E. Hahn, $3,756.
Same—G. W. Wick, $2,198.
Same—J. Boyle, $891.
Same—W. E. Crawford, $2,450.
Rountree Realty Construction Co. and Moses E. Rountree—R. Gersmann, $1,442.
Same—D. Meyer, $730.
Same—B. Gresmann, $635.
Pittsburgh Contracting Co.—J. Madden, $11,098.
Refugio Syndicate—B. S. Rockwell, $12,778.
Same—G. W. Bryant, $14,589.
Same—E. A. Wiltsee, $24,957.
Multiphone Operating Co.—C. L. Cohen, $8,363.
Almeda Construction Co. — Central Chandelier Co., $937.
Donald Campbell Co.—E. Gluckman, $121.
Henry T. Bullman Co.—Central Chandelier Co., $1,157.
R. & M. Realty Co., James Reynolds, and John T. McMahon—M. Ottenberg, $6,197.
Sigmund Krauter, Inc.—Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, $1,062.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.
Askey, Adelaide—J. E. Normand, Sept. 6, 1910, $116.
Cutter, William O.—W. G. Fay, Oct. 30, 1911, $376.
Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Co. — G. Trafansky, April 22, 1912, $350.
Gerking, Henry — Merchants' Union Ice Co., March 5, 1912, $191.
Honig, Laura P.—J. E. Normand, March 29, 1912, $112.
Hahn, Henrietta—P. D. Mason et al., June 3, 1907, $402.
Knowles, Anna C.—Jacqueline, Dec. 21, 1910, $190.
Lorini, Mario—J. Bjork, April 11, 1912, $423.
Moore, Michael—B. Healy, Jan. 13, 1909, $172.
Nora Construction Co. — M. Capodianco, April 10, 1912, $274.
Stevens, John W. — J. M. Raymond, Oct. 24, 1903, $519.
Solomon, Louis, and Abraham Haller — N. Abramowitz, Feb. 10, 1912, $114.

RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.
NEW YORK—Long Island.

The Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York City
Garden City Hotel
GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND
Enlarged and Improved---Capacity Doubled This Year
One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found. Every outdoor and indoor amusement. Automobiling, aviation, golfing, riding, driving, and tennis. A beautiful new ballroom with superior orchestra. All rooms with private bath and every modern convenience. Special rates to young men in bachelor rooms, shower baths and large marble swimming pool adjoining. 18 miles from New York. Frequent electric train service, 35 minutes to new Penn. Station or Wall St.
A HANDSOME NEW A LA CARTE RESTAURANT SEATING 300 JUST COMPLETED
Cuisine and Service appealing to the most exacting, with exceptionally moderate prices. For Further Information and Rates Address
J. J. LANNIN COMPANY, PROPS.

LONG ISLAND
with its primeval woods, charming fields, rugged hills, picturesque bays, sparkling streams and lakes, and glistening surf-beaten beaches beckons to lovers of the great outdoors to come to this ideal
VACATION LAND
Send for New Book, with many pictures of Long Island beauty spots, and list of hotels and boarding houses, free at L. I. R. R. ticket offices, arcade of 42 Broadway, and Fifth Av. Bldg., or mailed on receipt of 10c. postage by the G. P. A., Long Island R. R. Room 371, Pennsylvania Station, New York.

A City Hotel at the Sea Shore
HOTEL NASSAU
LONG BEACH, L. I.
Fireproof—European Plan
On the finest Beach north of Florida.
Electric trains from Penna. Station, 34th St.
The special Spring rates will be continued until June 15.
Phone 100 Long Beach.

The Hall, Glen Cove, L. I.
Commuting distance of N. Y.; private beach; no mosquitoes; new wing absolutely fireproof; private baths; opens June 1st. Address 63 Irving Place, New York. References.

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Dean House
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
OPENS MAY 30TH.
Old-established Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns, running to lake; fine shade trees; perfectly healthy. Booklet.
A. M. DEAN, Proprietor.

Forest House at Interlaken,
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Delightfully located in private park fronting two lakes; acres of lawns and shade trees; two miles private walks; beautiful mountain scenery and high altitude; fifty miles from New York; select patronage; rates, single, $15 to $25 week; double, $25 to $35; booklet; opens May 30.

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NEW YORK—Long Island.

Sea View House
Sag Harbor, L. I., on Peconic Bay.
J. K. MORRIS, Proprietor.
Open May 15. Bathing, boating, fishing, driving. All modern improvements; homelike and comfortable. Rooms single and en suite, with bath, $10 and upward. Table bountifully supplied from our own farm. Catering to automobile parties a specialty. Reached by L. I. R. R. or N. Y. and New London boats. N. Y. Office, 12 West 44th St.

EAST HAMPTON, L. I.
THE MAIDSTONE INN
OPEN JUNE 15 TO OCT. 1.
Ocean bathing. Good golf links. Fine roads.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.
THE
Catskill Mountains
noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region, which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.
THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.
in connection with West Shore Railroad form the only all rail through car line between New York and all points in this famous mountain region.
THE RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER will make first trip from New York, via West Shore R. R., Saturday, May 18th, leaving Desbrosses St. ferry, 12:45 p. m., and West 42d St. ferry, 1 o'clock p. m., daily except Sunday.
The summer time schedule for season of 1912 will go in effect Sunday, June 23rd.
Ticket agents of West Shore R. R. in New York and Brooklyn will sell tickets to all points on Ulster & Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip on May 29th and 30th, good returning until June 3rd, inclusive, account of Decoration Day, and giving an opportunity to select your summer home.
An illustrated Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.
N. A. SIMS,
General Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

GRAND HOTEL
Catskill Mountains.
Will open for season of 1912, on Thursday, June 27th. Elevation over 2,000 feet. Booklet. For terms apply to Mr. Frank DeWolf, Town and Country Bureau, 389 Fifth Avenue, New York. Telephone 3628 Madison.

CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE.
Opens June 27. Weekly or season rates for guests arriving on or before July 4, $21 and $25 per week. Booking office with RAYMOND & WHITCOMB, 225 5th Av., N. Y.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Weschester Co., N. Y.
A Health Resort in the REAL COUNTRY, 45 minutes from 42d St.; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station; own dairy, vegetables, garage; low rates. Booklet.

RESORTS.
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Land of Unforgettable Vacations
Get out your atlas and look at the coast of Maine. Did you ever see such a lace-work of bays, capes and islands?

Now look inland. Did you ever see so many lakes? In that fresh and
Wonderful Maine
country you can find a vacation you will never forget.
It's a land of rocky headlands and superb beaches, of perfect sailing, cruising, and bathing, of every outdoor sport, of sea air that makes over mind and body.
It is also a land of deep woods and forest lakes, where fishes are jumping and deer are browsing, of a thousand camps in wonderful places, where for a few weeks the tired city worker can get into the *real* outdoors.
It is a land of palatial hotels teeming with gay life, but also of jolly little hotels, of delightful but inexpensive boarding houses and camps.
Send for Free Booklets
They tell where to go, with lists and rates of hotels and boarding places. Address
VACATION BUREAU
THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
Room 776, So. Station, Boston, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.
Summit Spring Hotel
POLAND, MAINE
150 ROOMS
100 Rooms with Private Bath
Open June 26th to Sept. 12th.
Location, Construction, and Equipment unsurpassed in Maine. High-class accommodations at reasonable rates. Fine Golf Course, Tennis, Fishing, Boating, and Bathing. Purest Spring Water. Unequalled scenic views. On the automobile trunk lines from Bretton Woods to Portland. Under the management of Mr. A. C. Brooks, formerly of The Hamilton Hotel, Hamilton, Bermuda.
Booklet on Application.
Our representative, Mr. Weeks, will be at the New England Summer Resorts Bureau, 1,180 Broadway, New York, from May 1st to 20th.

PASSACONAWAY INN
York Cliffs, Maine
SEASHORE AND COUNTRY COMBINED.
A charming, picturesque resort, directly on and overlooking the ocean, combined with every known Summer pastime. GOLF, TENNIS, BILLIARDS, BOWLING, AUTOMOBILING, GARAGE, BATHING, FISHING, SAILING, FINE ORCHESTRA. On direct line to Portland and White Mountains. Open June 27. For booklet address
HOLLAND HOUSE, 5th Av. and 30th St., N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—Rhode Island.
OCEAN HOUSE
AND COTTAGES
WATCH HILL, R. I.
The leading high-class hotel on the Atlantic Coast,
OPENS JUNE 15TH.
Watch Hill is remarkable for even temperature and cool breezes. During the hot wave last Summer the thermometer barely reached 78 degrees.
SPORTS AND AMUSEMENTS.
Golf, Tennis, Clock Golf, Sailing, Fishing, Bathing; fine roads for automobiling and driving.
Write for booklet—Cottages for Rent.
Address
J. F. CHAMPLIN,
Wellington Hotel,
7th Av. and 55th St., New York City.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.
EDGEWOOD INN
GREENWICH, CONN.
EVERY CITY COMFORT. EVERY COUNTRY CHARM.
A delightful Summer Hotel forty-five minutes from New York, with every modern comfort and convenience.
Automobile Livery and Train Service.
Special facilities for transient motorists.
TENNIS, GOLF, BOWLING, BILLIARDS, MUSIC.
Booklet and Road Map. D. P. SIMPSON, Mgr.
Town & Country, 389 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.
IN THE BERKSHIRES.
Red Lion Inn,
STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.
NOW OPEN.
Good road, fine golf, tennis, attractive drives. N. Y. Office, Motal Flanders, W. 47th St.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.
LAKE BOMOSEEN.—The Prospect and 19 cottages; all outdoor sports; garage; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Castleton, Vt.

NEW YORK.
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.'s Hotels
Lower St. Lawrence River.
Manoir Richelieu; MURRAY BAY, P. Q.
Tadousac Hotel, TADOUSAC, P. Q.
Season June 19th to Sept. 17th.
Immunity from Hay Fever and Malaria.
"SUMMER HOMES," our wonderful book giving names of nearly 1,000 hotels and boarding houses in Sullivan & Ulster Counties, New York, is ready. Get it. N. Y., Ontario & Western Ry. Co. J. B. Stewart, G. P. A., Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. City.

NEW YORK—New York City.
In the Country—
in New York City.
It's an ideal spot. 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CRESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 138.

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Hotel Montirello
Kentucky Av., near Beach & all attractions. Good Cooking, Efficient Service, and Homelike Comforts at Moderate Rates.
200 choice rooms, 50 connecting with bath; latest improvements; white help, good music; Amer. plan, $2 up daily; special weekly. Auto coach meets trains. Write for descriptive folder.
A. CONRAD EKHOLM, Owner and Manager.

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Entire block, directly on the ocean, in the fashionable section. The highest standard in appointments, cuisine and service. 300 luxurious bed chambers and suites; private baths, fresh and sea water. High-class orchestra. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. Thompson & Co.

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ALWAYS OPEN.
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Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity, 500. Write for booklet. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Props.

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Ocean front; every appointment for comfort and luxury; sea water in all baths; no charge for use of baths; American and European. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.; JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.
THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$13.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.
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South Carolina Av. and Beach. Private baths, running water in rooms, sun parlor, etc. Capacity 350. Booklet. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.
HOTEL LELANDE Mass. Ave. and beach. Unobstructed ocean view rooms. Elevator. Lowest Spring rates. JACOB B. HAWK.
NEW HOTEL MERION
Vermont Av. Unobstructed ocean view. Open all year. Newly brick built. American plan; cuisine unsurpassed. MACK, LATZ & CO.
BERKSHIRE INN Open all year. Virginia Av., 4th hotel from Boardwalk; $2 to $17.50 weekly; $2 up daily. Cap. 300. Elev. Sat. to Mon. $3.50. Rooms with running water; private bath. J. E. DICKINSON.
FRONTENAC Kentucky Av. and Beach. Cap. 250. Steam heat; sun parlor, elevator, etc., $3 up wkly; $1.50 up d'ly. Sat. to Mon. $3. Booklet. W. F. WATTS.

NEW JERSEY—Monmouth Beach.
MONMOUTH BEACH INN
Monmouth Beach, N. J.
Annex on ocean front. Cottages.
Luxurious pool and ocean bathing.
Open June 20.
MONMOUTH BEACH CLUB HOUSE CO., 20 West 34th St., New York, Room 38. Telephone, 370—Greeley.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.
THE BREAKERS,
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Season May 30th to Oct. 1st. Now open for inspection.

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Stroudsburg,
Delaware Water Gap, Mount Pocono, Cresco and Pocono Summit
A delightful summer land upon the crest of the Blue Ridge Mountains, from one thousand to two thousand feet above the sea; three hundred square miles of mountain, stream and forest; clear, cool and delightful.
An ideal place for your vacation, whether you spend a few weeks or a few months. The whole section is fairly dotted over with ideal camping sites, hospitable farm houses and modern hotels. The Lackawanna Railroad will take you there in comfort in from 2 to 3 hours.
Full information about every house in this region at
RESORT BUREAUS,
BROADWAY & 28TH ST., N. Y. CITY, and
505 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.
For names of houses see next Sunday's issue.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware
BUCKWOOD INN
Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.
3 Miles from Water Gap
OPENS JUNE 15.
Modern Fireproof Hotel. Running water in every room. Table supplied from our own farm. Best 18-Hole Golf Links in Pennsylvania. Boating, Fishing and All Other Water Sports.
MAGNIFICENT MOTOR RUN
From New York or Phila. Excellent garage.
JOHN W. GREENE, Mgr.
N. Y. Office, 243 Fifth Ave. Tel. 9230 Mad. Sq.
Winter Resort—Hotel Colonial, Nassau, Bahamas

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.
The Ideal Hotel at which to Spend the Spring Season. Climate mild. Air Dry and Invigorating.
THE KITTATINNY
Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
Now open with every convenience. Steam heat, open log fires, sun parlors, elevators, electric lights, rooms en suite, with running water and private baths. Orchestra, golf, tennis, fishing, walks, and drives, saddle horses, garage. Own Farm and Dairies. American plan. Hotel half mile from station; coaches meet trains. Booklet of views and auto ma

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Syndicate Makes Profit in Quick Resale of Hotel Frederick

—West End Avenue Corner Deal for Apartment—

Private House Sales—Uptown Trade Removal

—Good Bronx Market.

The leading feature of a light market yesterday was the quick resale of the Hotel Frederick, an eight-story building, at 210 West Fifty-sixth Street, adjoining the Rockingham Apartment, on the southeast corner of Broadway. The Frederick covers a plot of 50 feet front by 120.2 feet deep and irregular. The deal is interesting in revealing a substantial profit made in short order by the operators, who bought the property at public auction on April 10, when it was sold for $177,000, the buyers being Hellner & Wolf, L. & A. Pincus, and Samuel H. Stone. The selling price, as reported yesterday by a member of the syndicate, was $200,000. M. Goldstone is the buyer. The broker in the transaction was Adam Goodman.

Apartment for West End Avenue.

Among the west side deals reported yesterday was that of a group of five houses forming the southeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-eighth Street, a plot having a frontage of 92.11 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the street.

The name of the buyer has not been divulged, but it is understood that the new owner plans to erect a twelve-story apartment house on the site in the near future.

The houses which changed hands were 772 and 776, sold by Hannah C. Colgate; 774, by Elsie C. Flannagan; 778, the Easterbrook estate, and 780, the corner house, by Margaret B. Newington.

The opposite northeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-eighth Street, a plot 50.5 by 100, was sold recently to John Lever by A. C. & A. M. Hall for an apartment house improvement.

Apartment Rumor for Fifth Avenue.

William P. Philips of the Philips Realty Company, the owner of the old Josiah M. Fiske house on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventieth Street, refused to confirm or deny the rumor yesterday that a syndicate had obtained the corner for the object of erecting an apartment house on the site. The plot is 83.5 feet on Fifth Avenue and 175 feet on the street, being opposite the old Lenox Library, now owned by Henry C. Frick, while a large portion of the block toward Madison Avenue has been improved with some of the finest residences in the city. The Philips Realty Company has taken title to the plot from Frank C. Schlitt of Jersey City, the original buyer.

Stuart Estate Sells Plot.

An investor has purchased from the Stuart estate 118 and 120 West Houston Street, a six-story business building, on a plot 50 by 100. Daniel Birdsall & Company negotiated the transaction.

Private Dwellings.

The four-story private residence at 23 West Fifty-eighth Street, on plot 20 by 100, has been sold for the Fifty-eighth Street Realty Company by E. de Forest Simmons to a client.

Murray Guggenheim has sold his residence at 29 West Seventy-sixth Street, a four-story structure, on a lot 20 by 100. The property is located between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue.

Linnie J. Calhoun has sold to a client of Slawson & Hobbs the four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 90, at 617 West End Avenue, adjoining the southwest corner of Ninetieth Street, bought last May by the Eighty-nine and Ninety Company, (George F. Johnson, President.)

J. B. English and J. C. Hough & Co. have sold for Caroline A. J. Frederick and others to Edmund K. Jordan 150 West Forty-eighth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18.9 by 100.

Contracts Signed for Midtown Plot.

Contracts for the sale of the plot at 122, 124, and 126 West Twenty-sixth Street, reported a few days ago, were signed yesterday, the buyer being the Fabian Realty Company, M. Crystal, President, who will improve the plot, 68 by 100 feet, with a twelve-story loft. The deal was negotiated by the H. M. Weil Company in conjunction with Mannheimer Brothers.

Important Trade Removal Uptown.

An important trade removal from the section below Fourteenth Street to the midtown zone is indicated in the leasing of the eleventh and part of the tenth floors in the Centurian Building on the east side of Broadway, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Streets, by the Allen-Nugent Company, the Hat Trade Publishing Company, the Millinery Trade Publishing Company, and the Trades Advertising Agency. Their present quarters are at 13 Astor Place, which have been occupied for more than nineteen years. The first three companies publish, respectively, Nugent's Bulletin, the American Hatter, and the Millinery Trade Review, trade journals in the women's and children's ready-to-wear garment trades and the men's and women's hat industries. In speaking of the move which will be made about June 1, Roger W. Allen, Treasurer and General Manager of the allied companies, said:

"The men's hat and cap trade has begun to break away from its Washington Square location, in which it has been closely concentrated for many years, and many millinery concerns are already uptown. In this move we are merely following one of our trades and anticipating slightly the ultimate move of the other two."

Bronx Borough Sales.

Kurz & Uren, in conjunction with Lou Schmidt, have sold for M. Schumacker 984 Morris Avenue, a five-story new law flat, on a plot 37.6 by 100, to an investor.

Breunig & Jaeger have sold for Mary Reid the one family house, 801 East 161st Street, on a lot 19 by 100, to Hermann Hacensack.

John E. Fetzer has sold for the Noble & Gans Construction Co. the five-story flat with stores at 681 Elton Avenue, on a plot 50 by 100.

An investor has purchased from the Podgur Realty Company, 981 Simpson Street a five-story apartment on a lot 42 by 110. Nathan Wilson was the broker. This is the third house sold out of a row of seven recently completed by the sellers.

Alexander Selkin and D. Schoen have sold for Elizabeth Palmer a two-family house on a lot 16.8 by 100, at 774 Tinton Avenue; and 1,541 Vyse Avenue, a three-family house, on a lot 20 by 100.

The Brown Realty Company has purchased the northeast corner of 135th Street and Brown Place, a five-story new law tenement, on a plot 35 by 100. Title stands in the name of the Security Mortgage Co.

Brooklyn.

G. W. Suyden & Son have sold to a client for investment, 584 Tenth Street, a three-story brick flat, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues.

Studwell & Burkhard have sold 626 Marcy Avenue, a two-story and basement frame dwelling, for Louis I. Grimes to James Farrell for investment.

Long Island Sales.

Thomas F. Cleary has purchased from Mrs. C. E. Butler a plot 50 by 175 on the north side of Myrtle Avenue, 700 feet west of Brewster Avenue, Flushing.

Andrew W. Nelson has sold to Samuel Gallucci of College Point a parcel of 200 feet on the south side of Victoria place and 100 feet on the east side of Tenth Street, also 375 feet on the west side of Eleventh Street, 200 feet on the north side of Victoria Place, and 100 feet on the south side of Tenth Street, College Point.

The Wallace Appleton Company has sold to Adell M. Kane and he reconveys to Marion Eldridge of Flushing a parcel of 42 feet on the south side of Ash Street and 73 feet on the west side of Magnolia Place, Flushing.

Charlotte W. Washbon has sold to Christopher Marsden of Elmhurst a parcel of 43 feet on the north side of Union Avenue, Elmhurst; also a triangular plot on Union Avenue.

Walter G. Treilson has sold to James L. Gay of Flushing a parcel 233 by 129 on the north side of Prospect Avenue, Flushing.

Moses Worms has sold to William H. Beebe of Brooklyn a parcel of 49 feet on the east side of Avenue A, Whitestone.

Staten Island.

Cuozzo & Gagliano Company have sold for George Cuozzo of Bangor, Me., the stable and lot on Steuben Street, 100 feet from Richmond Road, Concord, to Celso Ferrari. The same party also bought the premises at 604 Richmond Road, Concord.

Chateau des Beaux Arts Leased.

The Chateau des Beaux Arts, built a few years ago by the Bustanoby Brothers, at Huntington, L. I., and which has been one of the popular dining places on the north shore, has been leased for the coming season by Meyer & Dunham to E. M. Brawner, formerly of the Terra Marine Inn at Staten Island. The lease was made for the receivers represented by Gordon Gordon, attorney, having charge of the Bustanoby affairs since their recent assignment.

Commercial Leases.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. have leased for the Inter-State Land Holding Company, the store and basement 49 Maiden Lane, 42 by 130, for a term of ten years, at an aggregate rental of $120,000.

The last loft in 10 East Forty-sixth Street has been rented through the office of S. Osgood Pell & Co. for a term of years to S. K. Gordon, formerly at 24 West Thirty-first Street; 10 East Forty-sixth Street was completed on the 15th of March, and this is the last space for rent in the building, about a month after its completion.

Telephone Building Fire Escapes.

Plans have been filed for providing additional fire escapes on the Cortlandt Exchange of the New York Telephone Building on the east side of Church Street, between Dey and Cortlandt Streets. The fire escapes will be built from the roof of 9 and 11 Dey Street to the roof of 16 to 20 Cortlandt Street, and from the roof of 22 Cortland Street, and the total cost is estimated at $75,000. McKenzie, Voorhees & Gmelin are the architects.

$500,000 for Queens Building.

Plans for close to a half million dollars' worth of proposed buildings and improvements were filed with the Building Bureau in Queens last week. There were sixty-five applications for new buildings, of an estimated value of $379,777; forty applications for alterations, of an estimated value of $25,990, and 135 applications for plumbing permits, of an estimated value of $40,185, making a total of the operations of $445,152.

Hunts Point Lots Under Hammer.

Joseph P. Day will offer to-day at noon in the Vesey Street Salesroom, at absolute trustees' sale by order of the trustees of the esate of Fanny M. Samuel, ninety Hunts Point lots.

This section of the Bronx has been the centre of remarkable activity of late.

Notes.

A meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association will be held this evening at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street. Matters of interest to taxpayers will be discussed.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Fort Charles Place, 39, w s, s of 227th St, Marble Hill, 53.2x103.10, irregular, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, bid in at $13,750.

By J. H. Mayers.

95th St, 307 and 309 East, n s, 187.6 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100.8, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, M. B. Schwab, $25,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Timpson Place, 521, w s, 238.3 ft s of 149th St, 25x100, two-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Edward Robitzek, $2,300.

By Joseph P. Day.

230th St East, s s, 255 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x114; foreclosure, to J. Bernard Wohlfarth, $5,900.

230th St East, s s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x114; foreclosure, to J. Bernard Wohlfarth, $9,250.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures In Manhattan and the Bronx.

123d St, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, for an open-air moving picture show; M. A. Gillis, 258 Broadway, owner; N. Langer, 81 East 125th St, architect; cost, $800.

Hoffman St, e s, 300 ft s of 187th St, for a one-story frame stable, 25.0x14.2; Raffaele Calaluca, 2,334 Hughes Av, owner; Frederick Jaeger, 441 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $500.

Westchester Av, n w corner of White Plains Road, for a one-story frame dwelling, 25x85; C. and B. Di Cipio, 1,804 Westchester Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $700.

Dudley Av, n s, 150 ft e of Mapes Av, for two two-story frame dwellings, 21x52 each; Edward Cahill, 1,531 Vyse Av, owner; T. J. Kelly, 643 Morris Park Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Church St, e s, between Dey and Cortlandt Sts, to a ten, fifteen, and sixteen story telephone exchange and office building; New York Telephone Co., premises, owner; McKenzie, Voorhees & Gmelin, 1,123 Broadway, architects; cost, $75,000.

William St, s e corner of Pine St, to a twenty-story office building and bank; Kuhn, Loeb & Co., premises, owner; J. B. Baker, 156 5th Av, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 158th St, 24.11x100; Ella L. Murphy to Sutherland Realty Co., 505 5th Av, (mtg $13,000,) May 1; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway. $100

BROADWAY, 713, s w corner of Washington Pl, 25x100; Francis J. De Luce to Herminie H. Clark, 318 West 82d St, and others, one-twentieth part, (mtg $35,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway. $100

BROADWAY, s w corner of 163d St, 197.5x 100; Henry T. Bulman Co. to John F. Moroney, 1,081 71st St, Brooklyn, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway. $100

BROADWAY, 4,230, e s, 25.6x77.10x25x83; Ella L. Murphy to Sutherland Realty Co., 505 5th Av, (mtg $10,500,) May 1; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway. $100

COOPER ST, n s, 200 ft w of Emerson St, 100x100; Frank A. K. Boland to Hy. A. Brann, 2,274 Loring Pl., (mtge $2,000,) May 4; address, 2,122 Amsterdam Av. $100

COOPER ST, s s, 150 ft e of Hawthorne St, 50x100; John H. Peck to James G. Tyler, Mayo Av, Greenwich, Conn., C. A. G., all liens, Sept. 7, 1900. $1

EAST BROADWAY, 30, 42, 44, 66, 70, 238, 239, 240, 242, 241, 243; Division St, 99, 227, 229 and 231; Catherine St, 75; Water St, 504, 574 and 576; Henry St, 94, 135, 22, 225 and 227; Cherry St, 210 to 214, 327 to 329, 349; 20th St, 19 West; also property at Clarkstown and Haverstraw, N. Y., and Bolton Landing, Warren County, N. Y.; Henry R. Conger, Tarboro, N. C., to Wilhelmina B. C. Blatchford, 196 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, all title, parties 1st part, will Clarence R. Conger, deceased, and confirmation of deed, Nov. 17, 1910; Oct. 3, 1911; attorney, A. F. Hagar, 60 Wall Street. $1

ESSEX ST, 100, e s, 18.11x75.1; Landsmann Co. to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $13,000,) May 6; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway. $1

ESSEX ST, 100, e s, 18.11x75.1; Herman Landsmann to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, ½ part, (mtg $13,000,) May 6; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway. $1

HESTER ST, 181, n s, 20.6x100; Clinton W. Crow to Nellie A. Crow, Rye, N. Y., ½ part, May 8; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway. $1

PINE ST, 35, s s, 127.1 ft n of William St, 24.1x71.10x24x71.6; William H. Wallace and another to John T. Terry, Tarrytown, N. Y.; John Claflin, Morristown, N. J., and Walter F. Bliss, at Mendham, N. J., as Trustees for Union Assurance Society, in trust, all liens, April 26; attorneys, Wallace, B. & B., 54 Wall St. $1

5TH AV, n e corner of 131st St, 25x99; Jonas Well and others to William H. Jefferds, 20 West 98th St, B. & S., all liens, May 2; attorney, Robert E. Bergman, 3d Av and 148th St. $100

6TH AV, e s, at centre line of block between 95th and 96th Sts, 30.2x100; Al Hayman to Helen O. Brice, 693 5th Av, (mtg $37,500,) April 22; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway. $1

8TH ST, 316 East, s s, 19.10x97.6; Hayman Wallach to Ethel Zucker, 193 Rodney St, Brooklyn, (mtg $28,500 and all liens,) May 7. $100

13TH ST, 306 West, n s, 28.6x41.5x25x55.2; (foreclosure May 2, 1912,) Paul M. Herzog, referee, to Geo. R. Fearing, New York, R. I. & Geo. R. Fearing, Jr., 168 Beacon St., Boston, Mass., May 6; attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall Street. $12,900

27TH ST, 119 East, n s, 20.7x98.9; William Baxter to Ewald Mommer, 54 East 91st St, (mtg $20,000 and all liens,) April 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway. $100

57TH ST, 421-23 West, n s, 50x100.5; Edw. Swarm to Quincy F. Cushing, Syracuse, N. Y., (mtge $58,000,) May 8. $1

71ST ST, 314 West, s s, 17x100.5; Edw. F. Marlin, et al., heirs to Eliza J. Hayes, to Stanley F. Murphy, 468 Riverside Drive, B & S, May 2; attorney, Dennis F. O'Brien, 1,482 Broadway. $1

71ST ST, 314 West, s s, 17x100.5; Stanley J. Murphy to Eliz. M. Murphy, 468 Riverside Drive, (mtge $16,000,) May 2; attorney, Dennis F. O'Brien, 1,482 Broadway. $100

90TH ST, 151 West, n s, 18x100, (mtg $14,500;) Lots 68, 131, 143, 160, 180, 181, 202 to 205, 232 to 235, 261, 262, 282, and 283, map of 1,446, Hunts Point estates, (mtge $15,800;) John P. Magner to Casualty Co. of America, 133 William St, May 3; attorney, M. E. Bates, 133 William St. $100

101ST ST, n s, 230 ft w of West End Av, 20x100.11; Louise J. H. Hopkins to Fred R. Wickwire, 37 Tompkins St, Cortland, N. Y., (mtg $20,000,) April 8; attorneys, Kellogg & Van Hoesen, Cortland, N. Y. $1

111TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 100x100.11; Kauffman & Lewenthal Realty Co. to Lewis Levy, 1,439 East 17th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $30,000,) 1-6 part, April 9; attorney, Max Scheinart, 320 Broadway. $1

118TH ST, 345 East, n s, 25x100.11; Giovanni Morrone, or Marrone, to Alex. Volker, corner 20th and Cropsey Avs., Brooklyn, (mtge $9,500,) May 2; attorney, David Freiberger, 271 Broadway. $1

121ST ST, 159 West, n s, 18x100.11; Thomas F. Scully to James Dalley, Woodland Av, Avonby-Sea, N. Y., (mtg $12,000,) May 7; attorneys, D. H. Scully & Co., 57 East 125th St. $100

123D ST, 235 East, n s, 25x100.11; Isaac Lewenthal to Kauffman & Lewenthal Realty Co., 206 Division St, April 18; attorney, Max Scheinart, 320 Broadway. $1

SAME PROPERTY; Kauffman & Lewenthal Realty Co. to Lewis Levy, 1,439 17th St, Brooklyn, 1-6 part, April 18; attorney, same. $1

131ST ST, 246 West, s s, 16.8x99.11; Isaac Cohen to Isaac Rosenstock, 425 East 83d St, all liens, May 6. $1

131ST ST, 58 East, s s, 17.6x99.11; John McConaughy and others to Francis Reilly, 522 East 88th St, (mtg $4,500,) May 4; attorney, T. F. Kane, 69 Wall St. $1,500

163D ST, s s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x 112.6; Nell P. Duroes to Sophie Goldstein, 120 East 61st St, and another, one-quarter part, May 3; attorneys, Feiner & M., 100 Broadway. $150

Bronx.

ARNOLD AV, e s, 100 ft s of Libby St, 25x 125.4; Ellen Ward to Zerega Realty Co., 1,922 East 177th St, May 6, (mtg $4,400;) attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St. $100

ARTHUR AV, 2,471, w s, 25x119.5; Bronx Development Co. to Thomas McMahon, 2,657 3d Av, May 6; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 891 East 149th St. $50

DRIVE, centre line, s e of road from Westchester, to East Chester, runs e along drive 397.7 x n — x w — to road x s 202.10 to beginning; drive, centre line, 897.7 ft e of said road, runs n — x e 134 x s e 179 to drive x w x s w 253.3 to beginning; road from Westchester to East Chester, s e s, 285 ft n e of centre line; Grove St, 150.0x363; Emma L. Davis to the Robert Realty Co., 311 East 148th St, 1-8 part, all title, (mtg $16,000,) May 20, 1911; attorney, S. T. Stern, 41 Park Row. $1,000

SAME PROPERTY; Sarah F. Davis to same, 1-6 part, (mtg $16,000,) May 20, 1911; same attorney. $1

FORDHAM AV, w s, 150 ft n e of 173d St, 50x 129.8; George F. Roesch, referee, to David F. Butcher, 124 New York Av, Brooklyn, April 22, (mtg $50,000;) attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av. $7,000

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, w s, 127.7 ft s of 163th St, 25x18.8; Cortlandt Av, n e corner of 162d St, 87.11x127.7; Laura Manning to Frederick A. Selje, 369 East 162d St, May 4; attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern, 15 William St. $100

HIGHBRIDGE ST, s w s, Lot 102, map of Claremont Av, 70.0x133; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee, to Isabella A. Macbridge, Greenburg, N. Y., May 6; attorney, N. A. Macbridge, 5 East 42d St. $1,200

LOTS 565 and 566, map of Section A, Vyse estate; John Harnett to Mondscheim & Co., 198 Broadway, May 8, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Frank E. Silverman, 198 Broadway. $1

N ¼ OF LOT 71, map of William O. Giles, 25x106.10; Frederick Smith et al. to Alice Smith, 3,393 Fort Independence St, April 4; address, 3,393 Fort Independence St. $100

RAILROAD AV WEST, n w corner of 158th St, 87.5x87.5; Laura Manning to Frederick A. Selje, 369 East 162d St, May 7; attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern, 15 William St. $100

VINTON AV, 1,210, w s, 25x110; Julius Knoesel to Gustav Knoesel, 102 1st Av, May 8; attorney, Edward M. Stothers, 26 Exchange Place. $100

VALENTINE AV, 2,350, e s, 25x85; Marie Fudji to Elizabeth F. Bryant, 218 East 188th St, (mtg $6,000,) May 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway. $100

WALTON AV, 2,395, w s, 19.11x96.5; Mary E. Robinson to Eugene L. Larkin, 5,751 Broadway, April 16, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, Thomas C. Larkin, 154 Nassau St. $100

WALTON AV, 2,411, w s, 19.11x96.6; same to same, April 16, (mtg $6,500;) attorney same. $100

188TH ST, n e corner of Park Av, 24x100; 188th St, n s, 24 ft e of Park Av, 2x100; Charles Greite to Hattie Greite, 1,311 Clay Av, May 8, (mtg $25,000;) attorney, Gustave Frey, 3,429 3d Av. $100

165TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Stebbins Av, 50x irregular x77.2x118.4; Napier Av, n w corner of 236th St, 111x101; Henry A. Brann, Jr., to Henry A. Brann, Sr., 2,122 Amsterdam Av, Aug. 14, 1906. $100

169TH ST, n s, 101 ft e of Gerard Av, 25x85; Laura Manning to Frederick A. Selje, 369 East 162d St, May 4; attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern, 15 William St. $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,054, 16.8x81; Frances Riley et al. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 8, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway. $7,000

BROADWAY, 713, s w corner of Washington Place, 25x100; Herminie H. Clark and others to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, Feb. 28, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St. $5,500

BROADWAY, s w corner of 37th St, 43.4x85.10; Mary B. Averill to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, May 8, 5 years, per cent. as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place. $275,000

LEXINGTON AV, 1,014, w s, 17x80; Eliza Smith to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, May 8, 3 years, per cent. as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place. $12,000

MADISON AV, n e corner of 57th St, 74.5x—; Madison Avenue Reformed Church to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, May 8, due July 12, 1913; per cent. as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place. $200,000

12TH ST, 269 and 271 East, 54.1x—; Charles Rubinger to Charles H. Phelps, 824 West 103d St, due as per bond, May 8; attorneys, Phelps & E., 30 Broad St. $50,000

17TH ST, n s, 412.6 ft w of 9th Av, 37.6x92; Orrin H. Drew to Bernard Frank, 449 West 24th St, May 6, 5 years; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St. $6,000

218T ST, 107 West, 20x98.9; Alex M. Pell to Esperanto Mortgage Co., 37 Liberty St, May 8, prior mtg $7,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St. $2,000

24TH ST, 220 East, s s, 24.4x98.9; August W. Rabe to Susan E. J. Hudson, Stratford, Conn., April 25, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $10,000

75TH ST, 239 East, n s, 20.8x101.7; Vincenzo Perniciaro and another to Salvatore Ribando, 1,167 2d Av, prior mtg $14,000, May 6, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Polizzi & Co., 192 Bowery. $800

SAME PROPERTY; same to Antonio Caltabellotti, Pleasant Plains, S. I., prior mtg $11,300, May 6, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, same. $407

131ST ST, 58 East, s s, 57.6x99.11; Francis Reilly to John McConaughy, 124 East 85th St, and others, individually and as guardians, May 4, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway. $4,500

116TH ST, s s, 95 ft e of 1st Av, 37.3x100.10; Raffaele Marrazzi to Margaret A. Howard, 1 West 74th St, May 8, 5 years; attorneys, McClure & McC., 22 William St. $20,000

213TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 9th Av, 100x99.11; Frank A. K. Boland to Henry A. Braun, 2,274 Loring Place, May 4, prior mtg $6,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 2,122 Amsterdam Av. $4,500

Bronx.

BEDFORD PARK BOULEVARD, n w corner of 200th St, 62.6x112.6; Catherine Kearney to Bluthenthal & Bickart, Inc., 19 Cedar St, May 7, prior mtg $18,000, due April 2, 1915; attorneys, Epstein & L., 19 Cedar St. $5,000

BEAUMONT AV, s e corner of 183d St, 25x 102.6; George Schrank to Emma Unger, 897 Crotona Park North, May 8, 3 years; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St. $5,000

HUGHES AV, 2,127, 17.10x05; James A. Patch to John J. Bickel, 404 East 69th St, May 7, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $1,000

LOTS 505 and 566, map of Section A, Vyse estate; Mondscheim & Co. to John Harnett; 957 East 172d St, May 8, due as per bond; attorney, J. A. Leary, 2 Rector St. $4,500

LOTS 468 to 471, map of Trask estate; Thomas J. Flanagan to Sophie S. Moren, 4,309 Digney Av, May 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $1,000

LOTS 147 and 148, map of part of Schieffelin estate; Kate B. Higgins to Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 103 Park Av, May 8, prior mtg $4,000, instalment, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. G. Whitaker, 45 Broadway. $600

MANIDA ST, 859, s w s, 25x100; Meehan Building Co. to Charles D. Williams, Milburn, N. Y., May 8, 3 years; attorney, Andrew Wilson, 154 Nassau St. $7,500

MANIDA ST, 839, s w s, 25x100; same to same, May 8, 3 years; attorney same. $7,500

MORRIS AV, e s, 192 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, 75x116.8; John H. Barnhart to David A. Tower, 151 West 79th St, May 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $8,000

VERMILYEA AV, s e corner of Academy St, 100x100; T. G. Galardi & Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, May 6, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St. $2,000

ZEREGA AV, e s, 34.11 ft n of Maclay Av, 20x77.1x19.11x78; Zerega Av Improvement Co to Richard H. Arnold, 1,613 Plymouth St, prior mtg $5,000, April 30, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, R. H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square. $1,500

ZEREGA AV, n e corner of Maclay Av, 19.11x 78.11x20.3x79.10; same to same, prior mtg $6,000, April 30, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, same. $1,500

ZEREGA AV, n e s, 19.11 ft n w of Maclay Av, 20x78x20x78.11½ same to Commercial Finance Co., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; prior mtg $5,000, April 30, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, same. $1,500

184TH ST, s s, 134 ft w of Webster Av, 22.11x 82.5x30.8x84.2; Guerino Glannone and another to Jacob Schmitt, 572 East 168th St, prior mtgs $5,000, May 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Theodore Sattler, 147 4th Av. $500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

COLUMBUS AV, 455, store; Ellen A. Slaven to William Gustafson, 405 Columbus Av, 3 years, from May 1; attorney, W. F. Byrne, 444 West 14th St. $1,584

LINCOLN AV, 161 and 163, store, &c.; Charles J. Krohle and another to Conrad Eisesser, 161 Lincoln Av, 5 5-12 years, from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Paskus, C. & G., 2 Rector St. $900

2D AV, 316, parlor floor and basement; Rosa Gentzlinger to Frederick Hollander, on premises, 2 years, from May 1, 1912. $900

GRAND ST, 334, all; Marie L. Tillotson to Herman Tolk, 307 Grand St, 5 years, from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av. $3,500

VARICK ST, s w corner of Charlton St, 58, all; Josephine Delano to E. W. Cunningham and another, 99 Barrow St, 5 years, from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av. $1,800

AVENUE D, 158, store; Louis N. Klute to Mary Keenan, 158 Avenue D, 3 years, from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av. $1,200

2D AV, 1,334, store; John Otterstedt to Louis Doerfler, 1,334 2d Av, 12 months, from May 1, 1912; address, 1,334 2d Av. $540

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,808, store; Barbara Bruckner to Lensch & Riefler, 3 years, from Sept. 1, 1910; attorneys, Goldfein & W., 35 Broadway. $1,440

138TH ST, 600 West, store; Moses Selig to Arnin Herrmann, 600 West 188th St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Adams & Hahn, 1 Liberty St. $3,000

8TH AV, 2,696, all; James Usher to John Trick, 2,696 8th Av, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway. $2,100

4TH AVE, n e cor 20th st, 69x90, all; Louis M. Starr and another to 251 4th Ave. Co., 149 Broadway, 20 11-12 years from May 6, 1912; attorneys, Rounds, H. D. & D., 62 Cedar St. $4,637

88TH ST, n s, 403 ft w of 5th Av, 21x98.9, all; Rosa L. Barzaghi to Albert Malgin and another, 452 Fort Washington Av, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1912; attorneys, Struck & S., 30 Broad St. $9,300

9TH AV, 570, store, etc; Jacob Lahn to Abraham Pfeferbaum, 1,071 1st Av, 3 years from June 1, 1912; attorney, M. Harris, 20 Broad St. $1,500

SULLIVAN ST, 60, store; Cosimo Di Fiore to Meyer Cohen, 376 East 4th St, and another, 4¼ years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Abraham Ablowitz, 198 Broadway. $2,100

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,707, store, etc; Martin Ungrich to George Glenz, 16 Meyers Av, Winfield, L. I., 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, I. W. Dunelow, 52 Wall St. $1,800

BROOME ST, 150, store; Charles Falkenberg and another to Hyman Lichtenberg, 762 Cauldwell Av, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Frank M. Franklin, 309 Broadway. $1,320

MECHANICS' LIENS.

FULTON ST, 144; Wm. R. H. Hoffman against Thomas Newbold, owner; Sherwoods Inc., contractor. $243

1ST AV, 1717; Henry De Pue against Jacob Ruppert, owner; Henry Mock & Co., contractor. $18

109TH ST, 77 East; Herman Schaplerer against Pauline Caesar, owner; Thomas Lynch, contractor. $150

111TH ST, s s, 245 ft w of 5th Av, 100x71; Abraham Crushkin against Samuel Roseff, owner and contractor. $480

119TH ST, 71 West; Benjamin Z. Stranger against Clara Blumenthal, owner; Samuel & Dora Wald, contractors. $401

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

PARK AV, s e corner of 60th St; John Wegmann against John J. Hearn Construction Co et al.; April 1, 1912, (canceled). $6,800

PINEHURST AV, 41; Alfonso Lomonte against Munden Construction Co., et al.; Jan. 29, 1912. $190

RIVER DRIVE, s corner of 232d St.; Cassidy & Son Mfg. Co. against Huntington W. Merchant et al.; July 20, 1911. $363

108TH ST, 222 and 224 West; Frank Nahodyl against Church of the Ascension et al.; April 25, 1912. $129

232D ST, 955 East; Raphael Borrelli against Ivan Nunson, et al.; May 8, 1912. $297

LIS PENDENS.

AVENUE B, 165; People of the State of New York against Mary Bullock, (notice of levy;) attorney, C. S. Whitman.

CARMINE ST, 63; Katie Decker against William J. Amend, executor, and others, (action to obtain admeasurement of dower;) attorney, J. F. Stier.

LAFAYETTE ST, 184; Emma Ziegel, executrix, against Michael Brigante Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Eisman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

WEST FARM ROAD, n w s, intersects ne s of Boone St, 101.2x154.9x irregular; John C. Poillon against Benfra Realty and Holding Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rose & Putzel.

3D AV, 1,791; Rector, Church Wardens, and Vestrymen of Grace Church in the City of New York against Samuel Jaffe and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. S. Borland.

109TH ST, 108 and 110 East, two actions; William H. L. Lee, trustee, against Ricke Cohn and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, W. H. L. Lee.

120TH ST, s s, 110.10 ft e of 4th Av, 20.10x 100.10; German Savings Bank against Charles W. Bauschat and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Roelker, Jr.

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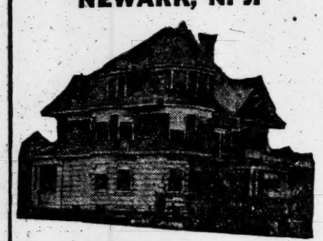

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on the trolley, near Highland Av. station, Orange; 40 minutes out on D., L. & W.; 100 feet by 150 feet, (equal to 6 city lots,) on corner of Orange Heights Av. and Oxford Terrace; fully improved; will sacrifice to quick purchaser on easy terms. Write owner, Room 10,075, Metropolitan Building, 23d St., New York City.

New Three Room Cottage $50

Fifty dollars cash, balance monthly like rent, buys small home and ¼ acre; New Jersey Hills; 32 minutes out; 40 trains daily; express station; schools, churches, stores; free title policy. Owner, P. O. Box 1041, N. Y. City.

BUNGALOW FARM, $150.

10,000 square feet of land. $10 down, $3 monthly. Boating, bathing, fishing. Fare 14 cents. Titles guaranteed. 52 minutes from Broadway. Beautiful scenery. Four-room bungalows, $295. Write, call. E. NICHOLS, 358 Broadway.

ACRES on the LACKAWANNA

Several parcels fertile farm land, 2½ to 5 acres each, $250 to $300 per acre; ½ mile to station; hour out; home community; loan made for building. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Beautiful country home, Fanwood, N. J.; new; 9 rooms, two baths, open fireplaces; finished in hardwood, all latest improvements; large plot; $5,700; very easy terms. Write for photograph. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Bargain—Six-room cottage, all improvements, steam heat; large plot; fruit, shade; near station; 30 minutes Manhattan; price, $3,200; $300 cash, $25 monthly; other bargains. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Well-arranged, year-around 10-room house; all modern conveniences, including excellent heating system; fine corner location; well-kept grounds; bargain, quick sale. Lock Box 25, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.

Almost given away, brand-new bungalow, with improvements; large plot, near school and station; only 25 minutes from Broadway, Lackawanna Railroad; price $1,800; easy terms. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

ROCHELLE PARK.

New houses, six rooms and bath, all improvements, $3,500 up. Easy terms. Four minutes to station. Apply for tickets and photo. J. Suerken, 99 Fulton St., New York.

Fanwood, N. J.—A large building plot, 100x100; covered with oak trees, for $500; $5 per month buys it; near station; beautiful location. Write for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

Beautiful illustrated booklet sent free on application.

GORDON & FORMAN.

Ideal modern house for sale; easy terms; also for rent, at beautiful, convenient Dumont; full particulars, Charles C. Hough, 110 West 34th St., New York.

Atlantic Highlands, Vicinity.—Furnished cottages for rent; new list. F. A. Morehouse, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.

Dwellings, farms, lakes, tracts for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

The Best Place To Summer

LONG BRANCH, N. J.

Highest Point on Sea Coast and Nearest in Jersey to New York.

Triple Attractions of Ocean, Lakes, and River. Facilities for All Sports and Amusements. Noted for Its Green Lawns, Trees, and Hedges. Rejuvenated Summer Home of Five Presidents. Reached by N. J. C. R. R., P. R. R., and Two Boat Routes. Vast New Ocean Front and Other Improvements. Hour from New York; Commutation 35 Cents Day.

A Modern City With All Country Charms

We'll find you Cottage, or Send Information.

B. B. BOBBITT, Publicity Director, 198 Broadway, Long Branch, N. J.

CRANFORD

Right in town; water, sewer, gas, electricity, sidewalks and macadamized streets, fire and police protection; plots 50x150 or larger, three minutes' walk from station and centre of town; lots and small farms within ten minutes' walk at prices so low it will surprise you; plenty of fine residences on the property, occupied by their owners; Central R. R. of N. J., 34 minutes out; 60 trains a day; let us show you an easy way to own your own home. Write for illustrated booklet, maps and free R. R. ticket.

MANOR REALTY CO.,

CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY.

MOUNTAIN & RIVERSIDE Bungalow sites, among the pines and cedars, overlooking Pequannock River, 35 minutes on Lackawanna, $95, $10 down, $5 monthly; boating, bathing, and fishing; bungalows for sale, $175 to $1,500. 'Phone 4309 Beekman. W. M. Lane, Room 824P, World Building.

ASBURY PARK,

DEAL and ALLENHURST, N. J.

Furnished cottages for rent. WM. C. BURROUGHS, Asbury Park, N. J.

BARGAIN.

Owner must sell beautiful home, best section South Orange; oak floors, hardwood trim, beam ceilings, large living room, open fireplace, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; little cash; easy payments; no reasonable offer refused. Hope, Room 55, 156 Broadway.

A new house, 10 rooms, steam heat, open fireplaces, hardwood trim; lot 65x165; all modern improvements; convenient; price $5,500; cash, $250. Frederick C. Smith Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Palisade Park.—Private dwelling, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; first-class condition; near trolley; plot 50x150. F. McCormack, 506 West 173d St., New York.

Farms every description, everywhere, direct from owners; free illustrated catalogue. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Beautifully designed, well-built modern homes can be bought in Garden City for $7,500 and upwards. You may duplicate the houses, but not the location.

There is only one

GARDEN CITY

Apply to

GAGE E. TARBELL,

320 Fifth Avenue, New York.

A Quick Sale at Sacrifice

Gentleman's country place, beautifully located on north shore Long Island, overlooking Northport Harbor and Long Island Sound, "The Eden of Long Island." Only 40 miles, or one hour from New York City; 25 acres; high elevation; Colonial house, 15 rooms, 2 baths; hardwood floors, concrete cellars; steam heat, electric light, and telephone; large library; wide verandas; hundreds of finest shade trees, 100 best fruit trees, fine driveways; artesian water; tennis court; large barn, fine garage; storage house, icehouse, hennery; large gardens, fine pasturage; private dock and boat landing, &c.; entirely equipped and furnished, ready for occupancy; write for photos and full particulars; brokers protected. C. W. DUMONT, 27 Cedar St.

SHORE FRONT COTTAGE

7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, hot and cold water, steam heat, telephone. Actual water rights; near trolley; convenient to express station; one-half acre ground. Bargain price, $5,000.

H. M. BURNS,

Room 1002, 170 Broadway.

Tel. 1522 Cortland.

GARDEN CITY

Gentleman's country place for rent by the year; 1¾ acres of ground; house 14 rooms; steam heat; electric lights; stable, garage; $2,200 per year. Apply Geo. L. Hubbell, Garden City, L. I.

You can buy my beautiful home, sixteen minutes from Pennsylvania Station, Manhattan, at Kew, (Richmond Hill,) Long Island, for $5,000 less than value; $5,000 cash, balance $250 per month, which includes interest at 5½ per cent. Address my attorneys, Cushing & Cushing, 220 Broadway, or the undersigned, B. J. Beardsley, 2,100 Marshall Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

MUNCIE ISLAND

At the Atlantic Ocean, Opposite Babylon, L. I. 90 min. from N. Y. City. Furnished Bungalows to rent with the privileges of the Muncie Island Hotel. Write for booklet. Maurice B. Thayer, Pres. Town and Country Estates, 527 Fifth Ave., New York.

Long Beach, L. I.

A Very Desirable Plot on Broadway

CHAS. MOCK, 200 West 101st St., N. Y.

Floral Park, 32 minutes out.—7-room house; large plot, fruit trees, chicken house; low price, easy terms. Owner, 166 East 51st St.

Beautiful villa, shore front, Long Island; great bargain. Winterroth Pianos, 8 Union Square, Manhattan.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

The New Centre of Fashion for Select Retail Business

Every floor is conveniently arranged and easily accessible for carrying on a fine retail business.

Exceptionally wide vestibule and foyer on ground floor—unusually wide hallways and other floors. All floors lighted on four sides, giving best conditions for displaying merchandise.

Three rapid electric passenger elevators at the front entrance on Fifth Avenue. Large freight elevator on 53rd Street side.

Fireproof throughout. Equipped with the Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler service, reducing insurance rates one-half. Large spaces to suit tenants. Fine offices en suite or singly.

The Frances Building

S.E. Cor. { 53rd Street / 5th Avenue

For further particulars apply to

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, *Agent*

10 East 33rd Street, New York City

Tel. 8300 Madison Square

or Representative in the Building

Floors and Offices

FOR RENT

New Aeolian Hall

42d St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.

Opposite Bryant Park and New Public Library

Ready July 1st.

Apply to Agents

PEASE & ELLIMAN

340 Madison Ave.

Phone 6200 Bryant

FOR LEASE.

West 57th Street.

Whole Building—Long Lease.

BENJAMIN R. LUMMIS, 25 West 33rd Street

Desk room in attractively furnished 5th Av. office; centrally located. "Moderate," 147 Times.

To be sublet, one or more of a large suite of offices in the Cambridge Building, 334 5th Ave., at 33d St., opposite the Waldorf; most central location; highest class office building in the 5th Ave. section; will lease for a term, from 6 months to 10 years, at reduced rent.

Apply to the Agent, Room 611.

$15 Up Month	Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg.	109 Broad St.

Brooklyn.

VERY DESIRABLE FRONT OFFICES.

And large store on Montague St., near Court, the Wall St. of Brooklyn; very desirable for insurance, banking, or real estate business; janitor service, light, heat; half block from Subway and City Hall. Your broker or J. Ehlers, 180 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Bronx.

Drug store for rent; 5 years established; growing neighborhood; no competition; low rental to right party. 163 Southern Boulevard, corner 135th St.

To Let.—Office, show room, or loft, all in one or part. 15 East 26th St., Room 1,908.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

The 55th Street and 7th Avenue New WYOMING IDAHO

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.

9 to 14 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000

Doctors' Apartments, $2,400 to $3,000

SERVICE UNEXCELLED.

Big Concessions

315 WEST 94th STREET

NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

High class, with all improvements; elevator.

Front apt., 6 Rooms & Bath....$46 to $52.50
Front apt., 8 Rooms & Bath.... $70.00
Rear apt., 5 Rooms & Bath..... $42.50

IVY COURTS

330 West 107th St., off Broadway.

To sublet to October 1st, 1913,

One six-room apartment,

One seven-room apartment;

Southern exposure; large, bright rooms; unusual closets; first-class elevator apartment house; modern improvements. Will rent at a sacrifice.

301 WEST 46TH ST.

7 rooms and bath;

reduced to right party.

ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

425 to 453 W. 124th St.

Near Amsterdam Ave.

Large light rooms; spacious closets; electric lighting; telephone in apartment.

Every modern convenience.

4-5-6 Rooms & Bath

Rents $24 to $44

Office 433 W. 124th Street

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.

5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

HAMILTON TERRACE

at 144th st., two blocks east of Amsterdam av., 3 and 5 large light rooms in new high class elevator apartment; very convenient to elevated and subway.

East Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

237 Lexington Av., 140 East 34th St.; rents, $30 to $45; furnished or unfurnished.

Hibson Co., 34th St. and Lexington Av.

ELEVATOR APTS. $35.

Four beautiful, light, cheerful rooms; baths; telephone; all improvements. Tuxedo Court, southwest corner Madison Av., 128th St.

THE CLEVELAND

126-130 East 24th St.

Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Will sublet, handsomely furnished, one room, with private bath, two large closets, from now to October 1 at $30 per month. Hotel Earle, 103-105 Waverley Place, New York City.

14 East 60th St., to sublet, 1, 2, 3 Rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

A Gentleman's Shore Front Estate.

Seventeen acres, fronting on Old Field Bay; house, 13 rooms, 2 baths; also gardener's cottage of 5 rooms; all modern improvements; finest kind of fruit and shrubbery. Photographs, price, &c. Stephen Yates, 146 East 34th St.

On the north side of Long Island, one hour fifteen minutes out; six-room house; large plot, $2,200; also elegant plots of 5 to 10 lots each; $400 to $600; very easy terms. C. H., Box M, 144 Times.

A.—A.—If you are interested in a home or land on Long Island, send at once for my Long Island magazine, giving reliable information; it is free. President, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

BALDWIN HARBOR. House and ¼ of an acre very cheap for cash or easy monthly payments; 41 minutes from 33d St. and 7th Av. D. B., Box 200, Times Downtown.

15 acres cleared farm, fronting Jericho Turnpike, 3 miles from station; 7-room house, barn; $3,750. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

East Side.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC.,

See Superintendent on Premises.

300 EAST 52D STREET,

CORNER 2D AV.

Suites of four rooms;

every room has outside windows;

rents, $16, $17, and $18 per month.

Apply to janitor on premises, or

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BROOKLYN.

Eastern Parkway Heights.

Elegant apartments of 4, 5, and 6 rooms, all improvements, including shower baths, electric lights, parquet floors throughout; handsomely decorated; all large, light rooms; double windows overlooking splendid Parkway View; highest and healthiest part of Brooklyn; rents $35 to $60. 900 Eastern Parkway, near Albany Av. M. F. GLEASON, Builder.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

TUXEDO PARK

FOR RENT FURNISHED, season or year, one of the finest places in the Park; complete in every detail. Particulars by

DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE

569 FIFTH AVE. (Windsor Arcade)

CAMPS—MAINE WOODS.

For rent by month or season furnished, or for sale; best trout fishing, big and small game hunting. C. C. Garland, Old Town, Me.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned intend to and are about to apply to the Surrogate of the County of Monroe, New York, for a decree, awarding to them Letters of Administration upon the goods, etc., and estate of Lucretia B. Clark, late of the City of Rochester, New York, deceased intestate, under the provisions of Section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure of said State and for a decree or order directing that the penalty of their bond as such administrators do not exceed double the amount of the claims of the creditors against the estate presented to the Surrogate pursuant to the notice provided for in said Section, and notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said intestate and to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present their claims to the Surrogate of the said County of Monroe at his office in the City of Rochester, County of Monroe, New York, on or before the 27th day of May, 1912.

Dated April 22, 1912.

DANIEL R. CLARK.
GEORGE H. CLARK.

MYRON T. BLY, Attorney for the Estate, 818-818 German Insurance Building, Rochester, N. Y.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Mary E. Wood, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Richard G. Babbage, Room 1415, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.

Dated New York, the 8th day of January, 1912.

BLANCHE E. VALENTINE,
IRENE E. STORM,
Executrices.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

A Trianon high-class apartment hotel, combined with home life, 2,848-2,850 Broadway, 110th St. Subway station; just completed; beautifully furnished 2, 3 room suites, kitchenette, with large window, private bath, telephone, maid service and linen; monthly or weekly. Telephone Morningside 4245.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

NEARLY 100 EXCELLENT SECOND-HAND UPRIGHTS.

Many like New—$100 to $175.

No such bargains can be found anywhere else in New York City.

Terms—$4, $5, $6 & $8 monthly.

AT OUR FACTORY,

Southern Boulevard, E. 134th St., and Cypress Ave.

Used Player Piano Bargains Also.

JACOB DOLL & SONS,

WINTERROTH PIANOS,

105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.

Bargains, upright pianos, $75 up; $5 monthly. Chickering (Rand, $100; player-pianos, $350 up.

SUMMONSES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—ALICE G. SPAULDING HEAL, AMY L. SPAULDING CHIDESTER, MARION SPAULDING, and ARCHIBALD H. SPAULDING, LEWIS W. SPAULDING, RAYMOND B. SPAULDING, infants, by Maurice Hotchner, their guardian ad litem, plaintiffs, against EDWARD B. SPAULDING, defendant.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness, the Hon. George C. Holt, U. S. District Judge, S. D. of N. Y., at the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, this 9th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

THOS. ALEXANDER, Clerk.

JOHNSON & GALSTON, plaintiff's attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, No. 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendant Edward B. Spaulding:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Chas. M. Hough, a Justice for the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated May 8th, 1912, and duly filed with a copy of the summons and complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on the 8th day of May, 1912, the original summons and complaint herein having been duly filed in said office on the 12th day of April, 1912.

Dated New York, May 8th, 1912.

JOHNSON & GALSTON,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Office and Post Office Address, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ALBERT BRAUER, Plaintiff, against GARRISON B. ADAMS and UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee under the last will and testament of Thomas Adams, deceased, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above-entitled action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, January 4th, 1912.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the above-named defendant, Garrison B. Adams:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 23d day of March, 1912, and filed with the complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Dated New York, March 27th, 1912.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—JULIA SLOAN, Plaintiff, against JAMES F. SLOAN, Defendant.—Summons.—Action for an absolute divorce.

To the above-named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, April 6th, 1912.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To JAMES F. SLOAN, the above-named Defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable M. Warley Platzek, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 10th day of April, 1912, and on that day filed with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and County of New York, in said State.

Dated New York City, April 10th, 1912.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

N. WOLFF & COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents.

Whereas, The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of N. WOLFF & COMPANY, between NATHAN WOLFF, JOHN P. MELHADO, and LEO SANDERS, has been dissolved by mutual consent on April 1st, 1912; and

Whereas, Said copartnership has transacted business at No. 6 Maiden Lane, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York for not less than three years prior thereto; and

Whereas, Said business continues to be conducted by the said NATHAN WOLFF, and the said business and good-will thereof has been assigned to him.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, I, the said NATHAN WOLFF, who was a partner in said firm, do hereby certify and declare that the persons intending to deal under said firm name of N. WOLFF & COMPANY are NATHAN WOLFF, residing at 200 Claremont Av., New York City, and that the principal place of business of said firm is located at No. 6 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and State of New York.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 11th day of April, 1912.

NATHAN WOLFF.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 11th day of April, 1912, before me personally came NATHAN WOLFF, to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

[Seal.] EDWARD F. HEALEY, Notary Public, New York Co., 66, Cert. in Kings, Queens, Richmond, Westchester, and Nassau Counties.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,337.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—JONATHAN A. RAWSON, JR., bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jonathan A. Rawson, Jr., bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 22, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 16,196.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—LOUIS GUGGENHEIMER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Louis Guggenheimer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 7, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 16,324.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—FREDERICK E. THOMPSON, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick E. Thompson, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 22, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 16,261.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ALFRED FRANKENBUSH, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred Frankenbush, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 8th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 15,025.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—HYMAN ROSENZWEIG, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Hyman Rosenzweig, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 26th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,426.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—DAVID SMITH and MORRIS DANIELS, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of PREMIER RAINCOAT COMPANY individually, and as members of the firm of PREMIER RAINCOAT CO., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that David Smith and Morris Daniels, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of Premier Raincoat Company individually, and as members of the firm of Premier Raincoat Co., bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 11th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 16,209.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ASHER MILLER, trading as ASHER MILLER & COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that Asher Miller, trading as Asher Miller & Company, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated the 7th day of May, 1912, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors, whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 20th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

New York, May 8th, 1912.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,037.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ABRAHAM R. FINKELSTEIN, sometimes known as HARRY FINKELSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Abraham R. Finkelstein, sometimes known as Harry Finkelstein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 10th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8th, 1912.

NO. 16,283.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM C. EGAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Egan, bankrupt, his filed his petition, dated April 15th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8th, 1912.

NO. 15,304.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—MAX PIASECKI and SIDNEY STRAUSS, individually and as copartners trading as MAX PIASECKI AND COMPANY, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Max Piasecki and Sidney Strauss, individually and as copartners trading as Max Piasecki and Company, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 14th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 16,442.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROBERT W. BECK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Robert W. Beck of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said Robert W. Beck was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1375, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
May 9th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—SIDNEY V. MORRIS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition dated April 12th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on June 10th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8th, 1912.

NO. 16,522.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MEYER EDELMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Meyer Edelman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Meyer Edelman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 8, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,949.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—HARRIS SEGALOWITZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Harris Segalowitz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 10, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 10, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 8, 1912.

NO. 16,225.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SIMON LEIMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Simon Leiman, bankrupt, has filed his petition

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Pressure is low throughout the country and unsettled weather continues generally.

It is considerably cooler in the Ohio Valley and warmer in the Northwest; elsewhere temperature changes were not marked.

Pressure being generally low over the Northern Hemisphere, except Europe and Central Siberia, there is but little prospect of settled conditions over the United States for several days.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk and shifting over north, and brisk north and northwest over southern portion, diminishing by Thursday night; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest, becoming variable by Friday; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate west, becoming variable.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate northwest and west winds with showers to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Local showers Thursday, Friday, fair, warmer; moderate north and northwest winds, becoming variable.

Southern New England—Showers, Thursday; brisk and northwest winds. Friday, fair, somewhat warmer.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, slightly warmer Friday; moderate, variable winds.

Northern New England—Showers Thursday. Friday, fair, somewhat warmer; moderate to brisk shifting winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
8 A. M.	63	47	4 P. M.	63	52
9 A. M.	66	47	6 P. M.	62	53
9 A. M.	68	53	9 P. M.	58	54
12 M.	70	54	12 P. M.	53	53

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 61; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 57.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 49; at 8 P. M. it was 54. Maximum temperature, 55 degrees at 6 P. M.; minimum, 47 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 91 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 88 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:50—80 Lenox Av; Gottlieb & Cranber...	None
3:19—179th St. and 3d Av.: Interborough Rapid Transit Company	$15,000
7:20—179 E. 96th St.; Anna McDermott..	Slight
8:25—335 E. 65th St.; not given	$100
9:50—243 Eldridge St.; S. J. Bimbus	$500
9:55—1,534 Webster Av.; A. Stern	$400
11:05—2,254 Bassford Av.; not given	None
11:56—4,006 3d Av.; A. Lichtenstein	$200
P. M.	
12:45—1 E. 39th St.; Richard Irwin	None
1:15—232 W. 61st St; Mary Parker	Trifling
2:30—422 E. 9th St.; — Goldstein	$15
6:05—91 Washington St.; George Shaul	$10
6:40—231 Willis Av., the Bronx; James Judd	Trifling
7:30—517 West 25th St.; Merchants' Ice Company	$400
8:05—50 East 59th St.; Tuxedo Lunch Co.	$50
8:10—192 Varick St.; Charles Bruche	$100
8:25—107 Sullivan St.; A. Tefreselo	$5
9:30—107½ St. Mark's Place; Louis Starr	Trifling
10:00—76 North Moore St.; European Candy Co.	$5
10:15—1½ Rivington St.; A. Guttman	Trifling
11:25—2,121 2d Av.; A. Russo	Trifling

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of WALTER HOWARD MITCHELL, (died Dec. 26, 1910;) net realty and personalty, $249,099.94. (supplementary report.)

Estate of CHARLES M. NYLANDER, (died July 26, 1911;) net personalty, $5,442.20.

Estate of JAMES A. KERRIGAN, (died Oct. 5, 1910;) realty, 115 Mott Street, $23,000; net realty and personalty, $72,388.23.

Estate of NICHOLAS SHELDON, (died Aug. 15, 1911;) realty, 134-136 West Eighteenth Street, $50,000; net realty and personalty, $48,621.02.

Estate of HENRY K. MORGAN, (died March 7, 1911;) net personalty, $163,615.16, including 200 shares New York Central Railroad Company, $21,300; 150 shares Home Insurance Company, $105,950; 204 shares Western Union Telegraph Company, $14,892; 100 shares Brooklyn Union Gas Company, $13,900; 50 shares Adams Express Company, $11,500.

Estate of ISAAC A. JONES, (died Aug. 5, 1911;) net personalty, $101,492.97, including 1 Cuhaba Coal Mining Company, $1,070; 24 Oregon Short Line Railway Company bonds, $27,450; 10 Central Leather Company bonds, $9,925; 11 International & Great Northern Railroad Company bonds, $11,935; 31 Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company bonds, $32,-$11.25; 10 Missouri Pacific Railway Company bonds, $10,700; 4 United States Steel Corporation bonds, $4,210; 2 Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company bonds, $2,010.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

HENRIETTA M. REDMAN, (died April 17;) left $3,000 realty and $3,500 personalty; to Claire W. Taylor, $1,000; Belle L. Taylor, $1,000; Lelia M. Taylor, $1,000; Carrie Belle Taylor, daughter, $1,000; Gordon Hollingshead, $1,000; Ella M. Hicks, $500.

CAROLINE JORDAN, (died April 3;) left $7,000 personalty; to William F. Jordan, son, $2,000; Robert H. Jordan, son, $5,000.

WILLIAM O'CONNOR, (died May 5;) left $5,000 realty and $5,000 personalty to Elizabeth O'Connor, sister.

GEORGE BORUP, (died April 28;) left $5,000 personalty; to Henry D. Borup, father.

KUNIGUNDA REHM, (died May 1;) left $5,000 personalty; left legacies of unknown values to William T., Michael and Leonard Rehm; sons; Kuniguda Kroegel, granddaughter, John Rehm, and Bernard Rehm, grandsons, $100 each.

MARGARITA E. BARTHOLD, (died April 30;) left $4,100 personalty; to Carmen D. Balsells, daughter, $3,000; Irene Barthold, $300; Marie de las Mercedes Eulalia Barthold, $300; May Healy, $300.

ELIZABETH M. BURKE, (died April 13;) left $9,100 personalty; to cousins.

MARY OTT, (died April 29;) left $12,000 realty and $1,425 personalty; to Nicholas P. Ryder, nephew, $11,300; Philip Ott, Jr., $1,000.

KATHERINE LEE BARRINGER, (died April 23;) left $40,000 personalty; to Walter M. Barringer, husband, 1-3 estate; Luella G. Gorman, mother, 1-3 estate; Julia Flaacke, sister, 1-3 estate.

EDGAR J. LEVEY, (died April 26;) left $1,000 realty and $5,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Amelia H. Levey, Pauline Oldham Harrison, Meta S. Warren, Mary S. Bingham and Katherine Pearce.

ALEXANDER O. HOLVERSON, (died April 15;) left $10,000 personalty to Mary Aline Holverson, wife.

LIZZIE Z. DUKE, (died April 10;) left $1,000 realty and more than $1,000 personalty to distant relatives.

ELIZABETH A. QUINN, (died May 3;) left $2,000 personalty; to Francis X. Quinn, son, $1,000, and Annie Delaney, $1,000.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The following transfers of teachers in the elementary schools were authorized yesterday by the Board of Education:

	From School	To School
Marcus Spiro	75	60
Sadie Isaacs	75	60
Olga Filipee	75	60
Bertha Benedict	75	60
Millicent Krancer	75	60
Joseph Jacobs	75	60
Kathryn Mulroney	75	60
Rose Mandel	75	60
Mary A. Ward	75	60
Rita Klein	75	60
Edna Linn	75	60
Rose Davidson	75	60
Marguerite Blair	75	60
Lillie Giguin	75	62 P.
Marion Herman	75	62 P.
Edith Kunzman, as teacher of an open-air class	103	151

The following high school nominations were made:

MANHATTAN.

Washington Irving—Bertha J. Lacey, assistant teacher, drawing; Maude A. Edmunds, assistant teacher, physical training; Deborah P. Robinson, assistant teacher, stenography and typewriting. De Witt Clinton—Gustav F. Schulz, assistant teacher, English; James A. Fairley, assistant teacher, history; Alfred Loebenberg, laboratory assistant; A. Henry Schneer, junior teacher, mathematics. High School of Commerce: Louis B. Cohn, assistant teacher, English; Walter R. Johnson, assistant teacher, English; William Netoffsky, laboratory assistant; Gordon H. Graves, assistant teacher, mathematics. Stuyvesant: J. Clark Jordan, junior teacher, English; Olin M. Jacobs, assistant teacher, physics.

BROOKLYN.

Girls' High: Isabelle P. Coffin, assistant teacher, English; James L. Tobin, assistant teacher, history. Boys' High: Leo Lebowich, assistant teacher, English; Clinton Artinius Bergstresser, assistant teacher, mathematics. Commercial High: Arthur Nathan, junior teacher, commercial branches. Bushwick High: Margaret Batchelder, assistant teacher, English; Lottie L. Friess, assistant teacher, German. Bay Ridge: Elise S. Eddy, junior teacher, mathematics.

Far Rockaway High: Lea B. Lanz, assistant teacher, French.

Curtis High: Anna Ryan, assistant teacher, English.

The following high school transfers were made:

From Stuyvesant High School to Morris High School—Clayton G. Durfee, assistant teacher, English. From Erasmus Hall High School to Manual Training High School—Jeanette Shimberg, junior teacher, mathematics. From Girls' High School to Bay Ridge High School—Mabel Abbot Bessey, assistant teacher, English. From Morris High School to Bay [illegible] School—Helen E. Harding, assistant [illegible]

[illegible] promotions from the rank of junior teacher to that of assistant teacher were authorized—Lorretta Barry, Washington Irving, English; Helen B. Bressler, Washington Irving, English; Esther B. Hellen, Eastern District, commercial branches; Freda Zorn, Bushwick, German.

In addition to the 1,400 school teachers, who, it is expected, will attend the banquet of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers at the Waldorf-Astoria on Saturday evening there will be about 400 invited guests. Among those who have been asked to attend are Mayor Gaynor, Lieut. Gov. Conway, Secretary of State Lazansky, President Winthrop of the Board of Education, Police Commissioner Waldo, and Corporation Counsel Watson. District Supt. Grace C. Strachan will preside. She says that City Supt. Maxwell was invited, but declined. Dr. Maxwell said yesterday that this was news to him.

It is said that City Supt. Maxwell, aided by District Supt. William J. O'Shea, will divide the city into seven truancy and compulsory education districts, each district to be in charge of a district chief who will be responsible for the attendance officers and for his enforcement of the compulsory law in his district.

The Evening Recreation Centre Association will hold memorial exercises on Sunday afternoon in honor of Principal George B. Markham of Evening Recreation Centre 150, Manhattan, who died recently.

The following resolution offered by Dr. Louis Haupt at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Education was adopted unanimously:

"Whereas, A communication has been received from the Brooklyn Women Principals' Association, stating that it has a fund of $800 for a memorial to the late Evangeline E. Whitney, who at the time of her death on Jan. 3, 1910, was assigned as District Superintendent with the supervision of vacation schools and playgrounds and recreation centres, and further stating that it is the wish of the association to present two trophies for literary work to the evening recreation centres, one for boys and one for girls; be it

"Resolved, That the offer of said association be, and it hereby is, accepted with the thanks of the Board of Education."

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Probationaries, qualified as patrolmen, appointed and assigned as indicated: C. A. Harrold, 7th; S. J. Flanagan, 14th; A. F. Thorsten, 18th; T. J. Sweeney, 21st; H. C. Petermann, 22d; T. J. Shea, 23d; J. J. Lannin, 26th; J. Pape, 28th; A. Broglie, 29th; T. A. L. Duane, 35th; F. B. Casey, 40th; V. A. Hastings, 40th; A. H. Kornich, 40th; T. E. Cummings, 43d; T. J. Dillon, Jr., 43d; W. H. Randolph, D. B.; W. A. Gibbons, 13th; A. C. Freed, Jr., 17th; H. N. Stevenson, 18th; H. Schiesser, 22d; J. J. Murphy, 23d; T. C. Mitchell, 26th; M. Kelly, 28th; W. E. Rose, 28th; W. Wagner, 35th; D. S. Egan, 40th; T. P. Healy, 40th; E. McDonald, 40th; C. B. Montanye, 40th; J. Corry, 43d; J. J. Ellis, 43d; S. F. Gorman, C. O.

Pension: Sergt. John J. McLaughlin, 40th Precinct, on his own application, at $875 per annum. Appointed March 16, 1886.

Transfers: Patrolmen F. B. De Martini, 140th Precinct, to Detective Bureau as Acting Sergeant; J. C. Flood, 147th Precinct, to C. O. Squad; M. J. Nugent, C. O. Squad to 147th Precinct; C. Castagnino, 8th Precinct, to Detective Bureau as Acting Sergeant.

Assignment: Patrolman J. Dunn, 60th Precinct, to drive patrol wagon.

Permitted to leave city on fourteen days' sick leave: Patrolman M. J. Hoynes, 150th Precinct.

Dismissed from the force: Patrolman Harry McQuade, 40th Precinct; charge suffering from intoxicating agent.

Dismissed from employment: Probationary Patrolman James D. Henderson, 10th Precinct, at the expiration of his probationary period, May 7.

Appointed special patrolmen: Edward J. Johnson, with City Magistrates' Courts, Second Division; James Creelman, President Municipal Civil Service Commission.

Fire Department.

Dismissed from the service: John C. Rennard, electrical engineer; reason, failure to properly expedite contract work.

Appointed: Leonard Day, electrical engineer, assigned to charge of Telegraph Bureau, all boroughs.

Pensions upon report of the Medical Board: Assistant Foreman Thomas Moore, Engine 140, at $1,050 per annum, and Firemen Joel Halstead, Engine 146; Edmond Huott, Engine 143, and William Condon, Engine 149, at $700 each.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has taken favorable action on the following:

Letter from the Labor Clerk transmitting notice from the Commissioner of Public Works, Borough of Queens, of the leave of absence granted Michael J. Matthews, a laborer, for six months from April 25.

Report of Mr. Murray relative to the request of the Secretary of the Board of Education as to whether Miss Gertrude Kennedy, a first grade clerk with a knowledge of typewriting, is eligible for promotion to the second grade without further examination. Mr. Murray states that she may be promoted.

Communication from the Chief Examiner forwarding report of Dr. Kene on the request of the Department of Health for an examination for Medical Inspector with expert knowledge of ophthalmology. Mr. Kene says that the duties of the position as outlined in the letter from the Health Department describe the duties of the position of oculist and recommends that the examination be held under that title.

Communication from Mr. Rafferty stating that the persons mentioned therein, who were under investigation, did not qualify, as indicated.

Communication from the Chief Examiner forwarding report of Mr. Kene on the request of the Department of Health for an examination for Medical Inspector with an expert knowledge of opthamology. Mr. Kane says that the duties of the position, as outlined in the letter from the Health Department, describe the duties of the position of oculist and recommends that the examinations be held under that title.

Recommendation from Mr. Rafferty stating that the persons mentioned there, who were under investigation, did not qualify, as indicated.

Report of Mr. Ireland, on an undated and unsigned communication, concerning the examinations for interpreter. Recommends that it be filed.

Application of John T. Tully, 1,439 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, for investigator. He states he is unable to produce his father's naturalization papers, as his father died 40 years ago. Application accepted.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination on June 5, at the New York Custom House, to fill vacancies in the position of assistant photographer in the Bureau of Mines at salaries ranging from $840 to $1,200 a year. The examination will consist of the following subjects, weighted as indicated: Dry and wet plates, 10; developing papers and printing, 15; bromide enlargements and transparencies and lantern slides, 20; flashlight exposures, 20; developing and printing for moving pictures, 20; experience in operating a moving picture camera and stereopticon and general photographic work, 20.

Applicants should be experts in flashlight exposing, in posing and lighting subjects, in bromide enlarging and transparencies, and should have knowledge of wet plate work, making and mounting lantern slides, developing moving picture films and developing moving picture positives. Men only will be admitted to this examination. Applicants must have reached their twentieth, but not their thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Lieut. Col. B. P. Runkle, retired, relieved at Columbus, Ohio, to Cincinnati connection duties pertaining to the organized militia of Ohio.

Lieut. McK. Williamson, Deputy Quartermaster General, to Washington for consultation relative to Quartermaster's Department.

Col. F. G. Hodgson, Assistant Quartermaster General, to general depot of Quartermaster's Department, Philadelphia, relative to Quartermaster's Department.

Capt. Portello, Fifth Infantry, detailed as Inspector-Instructor organized militia of Virginia, to Richmond, Va., May 18.

Orders Feb. 15 relating to Capt. G. F. Boltzell, Fifth Infantry, amended to relieve him from present duties May 25 instead of Sept. 1.

Lieut. Col. C. R. Noyes, Twenty-first Infantry, detailed as member General Staff Corps upon arrival at Portland, Ore.; to Chicago for duty as Chief of Staff, Central Division, relieving Major D. B. Devore, General Staff, who will proceed to Washington for duty.

The following officers to New York for temporary duty pertaining to aeronautic exhibit May 9-18: C. D. Chandler, Signal Corps; Second Lieuts. H. H. Arnold, Twenty-ninth Infantry; T. D. Milling, Fifteenth Cavalry.

Capt. H. W. Jones, Medical Corps, relieved treatment Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark.; to Jackson Barracks, La.

Capt. H. B. Dixon, Twelfth Cavalry, to Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C., treatment.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander Kempff to Mare Island, Cal.

Lieut. Commander E. S. Jackson to the Wyoming, ordnance officer when commissioned.

Lieut. R. L. Berry to Summer conference Naval War College, Newport.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Dolphin at Washington, McCall, Roe, and Terry at Newport, Isla De Luzon at Greenville, Miss., and Mars at Sewall Point.

Sailed—Abarenda and Rainbow from Tauke for Shanghai, and Piscataqua from Hongkong for cruise up Canton River.

The Vulcan was placed out of service at navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., May 4.

The Neptune was placed out of service at navy yard, Norfolk, Va., May 7.

Pianos and Organs

Player piano; standard make; 88 note; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

Horses and Carriages

Goat for little children to drive, with or without harness and wagon. V 12 Times.

Lost

LOST—Sunday, May 5, a lady's bag containing diamond jewelry, highly valued as heirlooms, together with a small sum of money, on Brookside Drive or on the road to Plainfield through Millburn and Springfield, N. J. The finder will be paid $800 for return of property to O. Vail, 225 West 80th St., New York.

LOST—Lady's solitaire diamond ring on downtown Broadway subway train around 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Miss Catherine Harrington, 244 West 109th Street. Tel. 9821 Riverside.

LOST.—On Thursday, May 2, ring, with three emeralds and several small diamonds, between Park and 5th Avs. and 40th and 57th Sts.; suitable reward will be given for return of ring to

35 WEST 53D ST.

LOST—In neighborhood of Times Square, midday Wednesday, May 8, small double pansy brooch pin; family heirloom, valued for associations; reward. Telephone Cashier, 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Set of blue prints of Princeton Lake, N. J., in Hudson Terminal Station, near ticket office. Reward for return of same to John S. Whitehouse, Grand Union Hotel.

LOST—Friday night, Kennelly's restaurant, 111th, Broadway, to 536 West 112th St., pearl sunburst, diamond centre; reward. Henry, 536 West 112th St.

LOST—$10 reward for return of multilated gold watch case; fell from elevated railroad at 5:30 P. M., 30th St. and 6th Av. Sprague, Singer Building.

LOST.—Gold handled umbrella, ladies' parlor, Astor House, April 23; initials "E. S. F.;" a liberal reward if returned. D. M. Sanderson.

LOST.—Leather handbag, with initials "A. D. B.," in express from West Farms to Brooklyn, near 14th St. Italian Herald, 248 Canal St.

LOST—Pearl watch, gold chain, charm, Van Cortlandt Park, 145th St.; finder please return to 542 West 112th St.; reward. C. Kelran.

LOST—A lady's gold watch at Hippodrome matinee on Wednesday, May 8. Reward for return to 178 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

LOST.—A gold bracelet, with three amethysts, on East Chester Road, Friday; reward. Return to N. D. Lawton, 1 Madison Av.

LOST.—Small gold bead bag, decorated with violets, containing handkerchief; liberal reward. 60 West 11th St.

LOST—Gold pencil, initials H. F. R., studded with stones; liberal reward for return. 80 Broadway, Room 131.

LOST—Pin, on May 2, with three birds and blue guard pin attached; suitable reward. Apply 31 East 72d St.

LOST—Watch and fob, Masonic emblem; no questions asked; liberal reward. Lang, 93 Bleecker St.

LOST—Purse with ticket, lavalliere, and money, May 5, 3d Av. "L." Tel. 1194 Stuyvesant.

LOST.—On Wednesday, diamond elephant brooch. Reward if returned to 71 West 72d.t

LOST.—Gold bracelet, set with amethysts; inscription inside. 10 West 131st St.

LOST.—About $40; shopping district; reward. Ramsay, 215 West 34th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—Black Pomeranian dog, male; answers to name "Mox;" lost 6th Av. and 44th St. Sunday afternoon; return Algonquin Hotel; liberal reward; no questions asked.

LOST—SCOTCH BRINDLE TERRIER; NAME NEIL; LIBERAL REWARD. NOTIFY HERMAN FLOERSHEIMER, 31 WEST 27TH.

LOST—Russian wolfhound, male, all white, with black markings, at 6th Av. and 58th St.; reward. Rousse, 502 West 126th St.

LOST—Saturday, small white and black King Charles dog, license tag and collar. Reward for return to 278 West 113th St.

LOST—Yorkshire terrier; liberal reward. Please return to Goodman, 820 Manhattan Av.

Found

FOUND—A bunch of keys on Summit Av., Highbridge. Apply Box T 168 Times.

FOUND.—May 7.—POLICE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. Lost property recovered by the police and forwarded to this office, awaiting claimants. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 240 Centre St.: Keys, automobile lamp, quantity of coffee in bag. Apply 269 State St., Brooklyn: Pocketbook containing small amount of money, dress suit case containing wearing apparel, pocketbook containing a small amount of money, handbag containing keys, fire extinguisher pump and chain, purse containing small amount of money, watch, case containing clothing, bag containing quantity of linen, handbag, small amount of money.

FOUND, May 8—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St.: Valise containing underwear, trousers, and tools; locket and fob.

FOUND, May 7—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris Street. 2ND AV. ELEVATED: Handbag, skirt, waist, picture, white lead. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, handbag, purse, papers, wall paper, mail, cards, picture, gloves, tickets, cap, ribbon, collars, stockings, trousers, liquid. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Eyeglasses, book, casting, umbrella, candy, 3 books, gloves, apron, newspapers, powder, belt, key, ship, eggs. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Magazine, slippers, billrack. SUBWAY: Map, insurance policy, rubbers, 15 umbrellas, purse, pin, spectacles, photo, music, books, rubbers, shoes, hat, gloves, shirt, veil, apron, towel, powder, tools, moth destroyer.

FOUND, May 7—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply Concourse, 30 Church Street: Eyeglasses, saw, overshoes, braces, 2 shawls, necklet, portfolio, package, 4 umbrellas, 2 books.

FOUND, May 7—NEW PENN. DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Glove, handbag, legal papers, umbrella, cane, papers, letters, handbag, checkbook, slippers, pocketbook, umbrella.

FOUND, May 7—NEW YORK CENTRAL, NEW HAVEN & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Package, one glove, key, pin, hat, ring, umbrella, pair rubbers.

FOUND, May 7—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, J. C.: Package of gloves, foreign letter, magazine, package, cap, 6 umbrellas, package of collars, pocketbook, rubbers, laundry.

FOUND, May 7—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: 2 umbrellas, package.

FOUND, May 7—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: 7 umbrellas, 4 packages.

FOUND, May 7—PENN. R. R. Apply Information Bureau, J. C.: Package, coat, book, umbrella.

Business Opportunities

An investment of $700 will bring immediate returns to bright young man who will make himself useful in the management of an established manufacturing enterprise; a staple product universally sold; most thorough investigation invited; investment can be secured. Conservative, 345 Times, Downtown.

A well-established firm manufacturing very staple useful article sold all over desires partner with active capital from $8,000 to $10,000 to increase the amount of business; beautiful plant located in heart of city. P 79 Times.

AUTOMOBILE AGENCY WANTED.

A new company starting a first-class garage in a well-situated place in Montreal city, Canada, wishes to have an agency for automobiles. Address Y 98 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL PARTNERSHIP OPPORTUNITY OFFERED SUITABLE PARTY WITH $5,000-$10,000; STRONG, ORIGINAL ADVERTISING PROPOSITION. C 241 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Young man, American preferred, possessing business ability, to purchase equal interest in established office business; little capital required; references exchanged. P 90 Times.

$3,000 required to market household article; universal demand; big profits assured; have all necessary machinery; principals only. H 241 Times, Downtown.

Furniture Store.—Established twenty years in town of over 45,000 population; $10,000 needed. Address Box 466, New Britain, Conn.

Lady wishes to dispose of nurses home; most desirable location in the city; telephone Morningside, 963.

Young man wanted as partner in growing concern; $500 required. Room 205, 1,777 Broadway.

$10,000.00 capital wanted for new sanitary paper drinking cup. Box V 10 Times.

Drug store for sale at Highlands, N. J. Ella B. Clark, Highlands, N. J.

Business Notices

Will those who receive advertising circulars in the newspapers, kindly send copy of circular, and name and address of newsdealer to the undersigned. Geo. Norris, Attorney, 115 Broadway, New York.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (122d.)—Airy rooms, newly decorated; substantial board optional; country air; references.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $50 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites, baths, telephones; superior table; moderate.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; Summer rates; excellent table; telephone; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms, first class; table guests; references.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; select location. Telephone 381 Columbus.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large room, dressing room, every convenience; board; refined home.

120 WEST 71ST ST.

Attractive rooms; suite suitable doctor; baths, electricity.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large and single rooms; southern exposure; private baths; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Telephone 1336 Columbus. Small, large rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Seventeenth year; Summer rates; large, small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

75TH ST., 139 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second floor, sunny room; appointments of refined home; references; limited number table boarders.

76TH, 237 WEST.—Clean, cool rooms; excellent table; bath, telephone; Summer rates; Southerners desired.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large second floor room; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reference.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front room; also small room, with first-class table board; references.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Excellent opportunity offered business people; fine rooms; all conveniences; superior table; real home; Summer rates; references.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent cuisine; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 263 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single and en suite; excellent home table; delightful location for the Summer; table board. V. and R.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Hall room with running water; closet; bath adjoining; private family; moderate.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.

Attractive rooms for business people. Schuyler 8307.

83D ST., 17 WEST.—Refined Jewish house; large fourth floor front; gentleman; table guests.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive large room; also medium-sized room; parlor dining; adults; references.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate two adults in exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access to Subway and surface lines; reference.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Elegant home; can accommodate refined people, with or without board; Summer rates.

91ST ST., 59 WEST.—First-class house; large, small rooms; private bath; near Park; convenient Subway, "L;" American family; best home cooking.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Airy rooms, baths; Summer rates; excellent table; homelike. Telephone 2871—Riverside.

91ST ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant large room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; near Park; superior board.

92D ST., 40 WEST.—Elegant, airy, large, medium, and hall room; homelike; German cooking. Levey.

92D ST., 40 WEST.—Elegant, airy, large, medium, and hall rooms; homelike; German cooking.

93D ST., 25 and 31 WEST.—Large and small newly decorated rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; near Park, elevated station; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Near Subway and "L;" desirable room; all conveniences; good board; references.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

99TH ST., 248 WEST.—Between Broadway, West End Av.; large, front room; exceptional accommodations.

103D, (879 West End Av.)—Attractive, bright room, with lavatory; excellent cuisine; moderate; Subway.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, suitable married couple or gentlemen; excellent board; telephone.

104TH, 140 WEST.—Large room, elevator apartment; private family; business man or woman; reasonable.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good company; permanent guests or tourists; references; Southerners.

113TH ST., 625 WEST, (Adjoining Riverside Drive.)—Large room, private bath; also room with lavatory; excellent table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served. Subway, trolley.

121ST, 148 WEST.—Large room; good table and service; references.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Large room; electric light; unexcelled cuisine; table guests. 'Phone Audubon—7217.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front suite, with lavatory; Summer rates; references; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

151ST ST., 126 WEST.—Large and small rooms; American-Jewish table; "L," Subway; telephone; convenient.

IN BEAUTIFUL CONVENT AV., near 144th St.—A lady having finely appointed home will let handsome large room; excellent board, service; exclusive, refined, a real home; references exchanged; permanent. Telephone 7605 Audubon.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—1st-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite, newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

OPPORTUNITY.—Uptown west; beautiful room, bath communicating; elegant house neighborhood; private Americans; board two; Summer, $14; Winter, $20. Telephone 6380W—Morningside.

524 WEST END AV., (86th St. Subway.)—Large, well appointed house; unexceptionable table; select table guests accommodated; references; telephone.

East Side.

29TH ST., 36 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; good table and every convenience; house renovated throughout and under new management; rates reasonable.

48TH ST., 19 East, 5th Av.—Excellent accommodations; large room, suite, bath; excellent board optional.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, 7, 9.—Overlooking river; connecting mansions; Subway; five minutes Wall St.; seaside, ferry, bridge, trolley; splendid suite; saloon parlors; private bath; small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood house; table high class; $8, $10, $25, $50 per week. 905 Main.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 3.—Large front room, private bath; small room; electricity; steam, telephone; references.

5TH AV., 25, (4th.)—Refined surroundings; small, large rooms; running water; bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant room and alcove; southern exposure; running water; also single room.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, bright room; every convenience; large closets; telephone; single, $2.50.

12TH ST. 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally clean, bright room; telephone; single, $3.

42D, 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; gentlemen only; $2 upward; tiled bath; telephone. Hughes.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room; one flight; large closets; quiet home; also front parlor; arranged to suit tenant; references.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; 'phone; exclusive.

51ST ST., 319 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private family; references.

52D ST., 46 WEST.—SUITE; ALSO SMALL ROOMS; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

53D ST., 62 West.—A desirable small room; every convenience; reasonable.

55TH ST., 329 WEST.—Front room; clean, airy; running water; hall room, $2.50; quiet house.

56TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; gentlemen only.

58TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive outside parlor suite; modern conveniences; "L" station; private family; gentleman. Phone 7248 Columbus. Dixon.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; piano; also other rooms. Telephone.

60TH, 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; $25-$60 monthly; beautifully situated; meals.

61ST ST., 36 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front parlor, connecting bedroom and piano; hot and cold water; breakfast optional; private house; telephone.

64TH ST., 167 WEST.—Superior accommodations; reasonable; large and single rooms; desirable, accessable location; reference.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Pleasant, cool, homelike room; near bath; moderate.

68TH ST., 77 WEST.—Large, pleasant, airy rooms, near bath; electric light, conveniences, reasonable. Miller.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

69TH ST., 109 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, bath connecting; private house; telephone; gentlemen only.

69TH, 104-108 WEST.—Large, small rooms; dressing room; running water; telephone; meals optional.

69TH ST., 189 WEST.

Rooms, private bath; continuous hot water; gentlemen.

70TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, comfortable room and small one, both with bath adjoining; best part of city; elevated and Subway one block away; breakfast served if desired.

70TH ST., 65 WEST.—Very attractive, comfortable room; elevator apartment; Subway, elevated; gentleman; $5. Hargreaves.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Medium size room; running water, clean, electricity, telephone; board optional.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Large, single room, with hot and cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 851 WEST.—Cool, airy bachelor apartment, overlooking river; single rooms, $4 up; telephone.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Extremely pleasant, nicely furnished, large front room; smaller room; 'phone; gentlemen.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with every convenience; southern exposure; Subway.

74TH, 140 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable one, two; private bath; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room; bath; also single; moderate; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Hand

TRAPPED AS SLAYER AFTER A LONG HUNT

Detectives' Three Months' Quest Rewarded by Capture of Suspect in Mother's Home.

FOR MURDER IN THE BRONX

Patrick Burns Was Shot Down in His Saloon in Forest Avenue in February—Police Had Slight Clue.

For three months, day and night, from one boarding house to another where they made their home, and finally from this city to Vineland, N. J., Detectives Cassassa and McKenna, of the Central Office, shadowed the mother and sister of Francis N. Muehseld, who used to be a chauffeur and had lived with them at 2,275 Bassford Avenue, the Bronx.

Yesterday, as a result of their vigilance, the two detectives found and closed in upon Muehseld, after he had entered his mother's home at Vineland after midnight; and they arrested him as he lay in bed there, telling him that they wanted him in connection with the murder of Patrick Burns, former Chief of Police of Toledo, Ohio, who was shot and killed in his saloon at 935 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, on Feb. 11 last.

At 2:15 o'clock on the morning of that day, two men, one short and the other tall, entered Burns's saloon and took seats in the rear room of the place, where there were two other customers. The newcomers engaged in conversation with the two customers, in the course of which the short man spoke of his ability to drive a machine and said he was a chauffeur. The two customers left the saloon presently. At 2:45 o'clock, Burns and his bartender, Frank Neuberger, walked into the rear room and requested the tall and the short man to leave the place, as it would be closed in a few minutes.

Instead, the two men drew revolvers and ordered Burns and his bartender to throw up their hands. Both obeyed. But when the tall man, who had covered Neuberger with his weapon, darted behind the counter of the saloon to open the cash drawer containing $30, Burns ran after him to interfere. The short man fired, sending a bullet into Burns's heart and killing him instantly. The tall robber thereupon turned on Neuberger and struck him repeatedly on the head with his revolver, leaving him insensible. The robbers escaped.

The murder stirred the police force to unusual activity, and forty detectives were assigned to the case by Inspector Hughes and Deputy Commissioner Dougherty. A chance remark dropped by one of the two customers who had seen the two men in the rear room of the saloon gave the police their only clue; the customer recalled that the short robber had spoken of his ability to operate an automobile and said that he was a chauffeur. Inquiries immediately made at various garages disclosed that one chauffeur at a garage in the Bronx had dissappeared from his place of work on the night preceding the murder of Burns.

Detectives Cassassa and McKenna learned that he had lived with his mother and sister at 2,275 Bassford Avenue, the Bronx, and, that these in turn had sold their furniture and moved away shortly after the murder. Mother and sister were trailed from one boarding house to another, and finally to Vineland. For a week the two detectives kept watch before their house there. On Tuesday night, a little after midnight, they were rewarded by seeing Muehseld enter there. They followed him and arrested him as he lay abed.

Muehseld stoutly denied all knowledge of the murder, declaring that he had not been in New York at the time. He said he would go willingly to Police Headquarters with them to clear up matters. Nevertheless, the police say they are sure they now have the man who shot Burns. They declare that another prisoner in the Tombs, Henry Miller, a cousin of Muehseld, was his companion at the time. Miller was arrested on a charge of robbery preferred by Joseph de Luca, a jeweler of 315 East 120th Street, who was held up and blackjacked on March 24 on the roof of atenement at 213 East Ninety-seventh Street, on his way to a customer, who lived in the adjoining tenement.

A satchel containing $1,000 worth of jewelry was snatched from de Luca. The jeweler was able to pursue his assailants, however, and cause the arrest of Miller. Ralph Russo and another man as they ran into the street in front of the tenement. One of the men was later released, as the jeweler could not identify him. But Miller and Russo, the police say, were identified positively by de Luca.

Inspector Hughes said yesterday that he would try to have Muesheld indicted for the Burns murder and that Miller, too, would be taken before the Grand Jury in the case.

Situations Wanted by Men and Women

Female.

A LADY desires to find a situation for an excellent lady's maid; she can be seen on Wednesday from 2 to 4 and on Thursday from 4 to 6 at 15 East 86th St.

A LADY wishes to secure situations for her cook and waitress, whom she can recommend. Call Thursday, between 10 and 12, 16 East 58th.

AMERICAN GIRL would like to do general housework in a family of two or three; $20; no cards or letters. Wolfstader, 235 West 123th.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Refined American woman, good cook; references. R. A., 47, 1,304 Broadway.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady wishes to place excellent chambermaid, June to October. Call or 'phone Thursday, May 9, only, 950 Madison Av., 6158 Lenox. H. Reynolds.

COMPANION.—A well-educated girl from a refined Italian-English family desires a position as companion to a child or lady; city reference. Kindly reply by letter to E. N., 125 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

COMPANION, secretary; American woman of education and refinement wishes position at anything not menial. P 80 Times.

COMPANION in a refined home; willing to do sewing or light nursing. Miss M., 52 East 120th St.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Madame Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

COOK AND WAITRESS (sisters) wish situation together; $30 and $25; good references. Apply Just, 56 West 17th St. Phone 3474 Chelsea.

DRESSMAKER.—Parisian first-class dressmaker desires few more customers by the day; fashionable residences only; highest references; $3.50. Gabriel, 334 West 55th St.

GOVERNESS.—Lady highly recommends her nursery governess; North German, speaking good French and English; is very reliable. 119 East 54th St.

GRADUATE NURSE desires position as nurse, companion to adult or child; excellent personal reference. Address M. Thompson, 111 West 76th St.

NURSE and companion to elderly lady or gentleman; no objection to country; best of references. H 237 Times Downtown.

NURSE, trained attendant, experienced, best references, desires position city, country. Lightfoot, 885 8th Av.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. — Manuscripts copied, letters mimeographed, and all kinds of stenographic and typewrittern work expertly handled at special rates. Room 1,105 Masonic Hall, 46 West 24th St.

REFINED YOUNG WOMAN desires position with small family as housekeeper. Lewis, Gramercy Hotel. Tel. Gramercy 569.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, competent and experienced and good reference; willing to start at $10 per week if position is permanent and advancement possible. V. H., Box V 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist, Assistant Bookkeeper, bright beginner, moderate salary; all office details. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant, neat girl, (16;) beginner; quick, accurate; good speller; graduate excellent school; no agency; $6. H 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined young lady desires position as stenographer; 1½ years' experience. Miss L. Heinrich, 355 Beekman Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references: terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; turning out thoroughly satisfactory work; A1 references; salary $15. H 245 Times Downtown.

WORK wanted, making Summer dresses, from $5 up; remodeling specialty; very reasonable; shop dresses refitted. Sommer, 502 West 151st St. Telephone 1780 Audubon.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $3 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. 'Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert auditor, systematizer; books audited; financial statements prepared; systems installed; go any place. Walter, 255 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

ACCOUNTANT opens, writes up, closes, and keeps books; terms low. P. O. Box 140, N. Y.

ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, (21,) high school training, a year's university work, wishes position; unusual literary ability; excellent references. H 240 Times Downtown.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, 23, out of position at present, seeks employment with a good, reliable concern; is well educated and thoroughly acquainted with office details; is also a competent bookkeeper; can furnish the highest of credentials; no employment agency need answer. Address Wide Awake, P 76 Times.

AMBITIOUS young man (24) seeks employment with good reliable concern; broad experience, both selling and office details; executive ability; excellent correspondent, with knowledge of accounting. H 233 Times Downtown.

A YOUNG MAN, (18,) active, ambitious, energetic, experienced in office and collecting work, seeks a position where there is a chance for advancement; excellent references as to honesty and integrity. Address N 8 Times.

BARKEEPER.—First-class man; ten years last place; strictly temperate. Carney, 41 Manhattan St.

BARTENDER.—Colored man would like a position as bartender for small club, or can take full charge of billiard room; best reference. Tasker, 136 West 133d St.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPEWRITER.—Little experience; industrious; good references; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 8 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house. D 231 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17, 2½ years' high school education, wishes to start in some wholesale house or bank. H. Graf, 705 8th Av., city.

BRIGHT, energetic young man, age 19, residing with parents, has one year's experience in mercantile line, can furnish reference, desires position; advancement main object. V 7 Times.

Elevator apartment; three rooms and bath; rent exceedingly low in lieu of legal services with dentist. Apply this morning or by mail, [illegible] 501 West 183d St., corner of Broadway.

Male.

BUTLER, with references from noblemen of Germany, speaking also French and some English, desires position. Write A. St., 122 2d Av.

BUTLER, short knife, wishes any kind of a position. Fleischman, 360 Lexington Av., Brooklyn.

CARETAKER.—Gentleman willing to take care of house while owners abroad in exchange for free room. T. Y., Box 100 Times.

CARPENTER, Japanese, skillful, quick hand, wishes steady job in factory or shop. J. Inouye, 41 East 19th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, experienced, total abstainer; personal references; all repairs; wages moderate. Useful, C., 141 East 50th St.

CHAUFFEUR. — Experienced, useful; single; willing, obliging; strictly sober; best references. Delaney, 118 East 98th St.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, long experience, expert mechanic, employed, wishes change. N. C. F., 315 West 36th St.

EXPERIENCED and exceptionally well qualified young man, possessing a full knowledge of office detail and the manufacture and operation of mechanical and engineering devices, desires position as assistant to sales or general manager. G 281 Times Downtown.

ENTRY clerk and office assistant, young man, (20,) rapid and accurate penman; now employed, desires change; excellent references. H 221 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE fitter and repairer; long experience in retail furniture house; wishes position, city or country; best references; has his own tools. H 234 Times Downtown.

I AM 45 YEARS OLD and thoroughly experienced in estimating, selling, and setting up all kinds of woodwork; know the New York trade, and desire a connection with some live concern who can use my services; will accept $3,000 a year salary to start until I can show my ability. N 19 Times.

JANITOR wishes position; 5 years in one place; understands elevators and electric pumps; small family. Joe Howell, 8 West 40th St.

JAPANESE (first-class) COOK wishes position; has excellent city reference. Japanese, 177 West 97th.

JAPANESE BUTLER wishes position; best city references. Japanese, 177 West 97th St., City.

LAD, 17, Scooth, strong, wishes position as farmer's help; some experience. N 17 Times.

LET me do your accounting work; will adjust, audit, prepare statements, and improve your accounting system in general; the moderate cost makes it worth while considering; highest credentials. C. P. A. G 278 Times Downtown.

LUNCHMAN.—Middle age; open oysters, clams; also waiting; strictly temperate. 103 East 114th St.

MECHANIC, CHAUFFEUR.—Italian, aged 21, desires position in private family; good references. D. Marrazzo, 221 6th Av., New York.

OFFICE MAN, bookkeeper, five years' experience; salary secondary to advancement. T 93 Times.

POSITION AS MANAGER OR SECRETARY.—Young man, 34, open to proposition requiring executive ability and judgment June 1; more than ten years in capacity of secretarial manager to President of large corporation; good reason for desiring change; highest references from present employers; at present in South, but will come to New York for interview if reply warrants. T 155 Times.

POSITION is desired as Superintendent of farm or estate; sober, honest, and competent; highest references as to character; life experience. P 82 Times.

SALESMAN wishes to connect with reliable fur manufacturer making popular line of goods, or a plush house for the West; have established trade; can give best of references. M. J. Young, care Albert Hotel, University Place, corner 11th St.

SALESMAN.—Mechanical rubber goods and packings; four years selling New York City and New Jersey territory. H 242 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man (22) desires position with good house. Krakaur, 71 West 88th St.

SALESMAN desires side line for Pacific Coast; now carrying dresses and skirts. P 86 Times.

SECRETARY.—An educated, dependable young man, (30,) with extensive business training, experienced stenographer and correspondent, possessing initiative and executive ability, seeks responsible or secretarial position; excellent references. N 2 Times.

STUDENT desires care of bachelor apartment morning; get breakfast; well recommended. N 14 Times.

STUDENT wishes care of invalid half day or morning; valet; get meals. N 15 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (28,) intelligent, well-educated man; bookkeeper, general office work; permanent position desired; best references; salary about $20. W. F. B., 325 West 50th St.

YOUNG man, 22, American, bright, quick, as clerk or office assistant; references. M 172 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) desires position as an all-around clerical man. A. I. Nacht, 879 8th Av.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureau.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. BOOKKEEPERS. STENOGRAPHERS, 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co., (Agency.)

Domestic.

A. A. Hofmayer, 320 5th Av., Telephone 4527 Madison Square, Agency for superior domestic help.

AT MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 25 West 42d; first-class servants for private families.

BOND $1,000. Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.; guaranteed A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR — HOUSEWORK.—Couple, neat, respectable, young Swedish, for small family in the country as chauffeur and general houseworker; good references; $60. Chas. Wilson, Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COLORED HELP.—Select, furnished at short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,239 5th Av. 'Phone 6370 Harlem.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside—1538.

COOK-LAUNDRESS, $25; waitress, chambermaid; houseworker, $22. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4208.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Other Classified Advertisements on preceding page.

BROWNINGITES TOLD NOT TO IDOLIZE POET

Talk of His Art, Not of His Message, if You'd Win Converts, Says Mr. Guthrie.

CELEBRATE HIS CENTENARY

Unpublished Verses of the Master Read—His Work as a Dramatist Belittled.

The New York Browning Society held an all-day celebration of the centenary of the birth of Robert Browning at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, with an attendance of some 500 members and their guests. These were largely women, though the men were in the majority among the speakers, who included the Rev. Thomas R. Slicer, William Norman Guthrie, Prof. C. T. Winchester of Wesleyan, the Rev. Dr. Merle St. Croix Wright, Alfred W. Martin, and the Rev. J. Herman Randall.

Mrs. Anna Benneson McMahon spoke of "Browning the Man," giving unpublished personal incidents told her by Felix Moscheles, the artist, a friend of Browning, and read an unpublished verse of Browning's written as a title upon one of the artist's pictures. Mrs. Kate Upson Clark spoke of "Browning as a Masquer." Miss Julia Pauline Leavens, President of the society, presided.

Mr. Guthrie spoke on "Browning's Relation to the Drama," and managed to hurt the feelings of some of those who heard him. He said that Browning wasn't the greatest of the poets.

One woman, who sat in the front row, holding in her hand a copy of Browning in a flexible leather cover which had the appearance of a well-worn Bible, with some of the leaves loosened in the most-read places, looked positively unhappy while Mr. Guthrie was speaking, and turned her gaze sorrowfully away except when he said things she could agree with.

"We come to honor the great poet," said Mr. Guthrie, "or shall we not say the poet we love, not the great poet? Please, lovers of Browning," he continued, "do not lie about him. It is the beauty of art that each artist stands on his own feet. There is no need of comparison, no need to depreciate others to honor the man we admire. I was guilty of doing that myself in my callow youth.

"Ladies, we need all the poets, and if you love Browning, for heaven's sake, love poetry more than Browning."

Mr. Guthrie said that he had received as a new comer what he deserved—an impossible subject.

Doesn't Like Browning Societies.

"Browning could not have been a dramatist," he said, "and so much the worse for Browning. He was at the feet of Shakespeare and immeasurably below him. He was at the feet of Sophocles and below him." Then he made the unkindest cut of all, because he doesn't believe in Browning societies.

"I am ashamed that we have Browning societies yet," he said. "That we should have them shows that Browning has not come into his own. It looks as if there was need of apologizing for him, and there is no need of it—we are doing it, but it advertises the weakness of our poet." Then Mr. Guthrie apologized a little.

"If you had told me to talk on Browning," he said, "I would have done it, but you put me on the negative side. Browning's failure to be a dramatist was, he said, because he had been born sixty years too soon. Then he went on without apology:

"What has hurt Browning more than anything else has been that nice ladies and gentlemen are going around talking about his message. You will get more people if you talk about him as a poet and an artist.

"Browning uses the world as a punching bag for the soul. He is only interested in making use of the world in his poems to see what it can do for the soul. He writes a good many things he does not actually believe. He thinks he thinks them because he thinks in accordance with the idea he wishes to produce. You may love Browning and not agree with him. I love him and don't agree with him.

"There is no wonder the clergy loves Browning, because he always insists on God. He always insists upon God to give the soul a full opportunity to get into the clearing."

Browning had the lyric passion and shyness, Mr. Guthrie said, and an indirect expression—he could not be direct because of his shyness.

"Browning fails in style," he said. "He writes Browningese. That is lovely, but it doesn't illuminate an audience. The 'Blot on the 'Scutcheon' is as nearly a play as there is for the stage, and all right to see, if you have read it two or three times."

Anything of Browning's used in dramatic form requires an audience which has "mental agility and which is fresh from the book," he remarked.

"I think the latest performance of Browning was 'In a Balcony,' given by Otis Skinner and Mrs. Le Moyne. We all enjoyed that because we knew it by heart. I took some people to see it in Cincinnati, and those who knew it enjoyed it and the others did not, though they were equally intelligent people.

"Browning has been my great friend for the last ten years. He was one of the dearest and noblest men that ever walked the earth. He is a great companion and a noble spirit, and if you talk to people about him like that you can perhaps win them."

Unpublished Verses Read.

Felix Moscheles painted Browning's portrait and the poet helped him in naming a picture, "The Isle's Enchantress," and wrote the verses about it which Mrs. McMahon read. The picture, she said, showed a beautiful woman floating in an iridescent shell, with an island in the distance. It hangs in Mr. Moscheles's home in London, with the Browning verses inscribed on a brass plate. It was copied by Mrs. McMahon by the artist, who told her many unpublished incidents about Browning, which she retold yesterday. Here is the verse:

Wind wafted from the sunset o'er the swell
Of Summer's slumbrous sea—herself asleep,
Came shoreward in her iridescent shell,
Cradled the isle's enchactress—you who keep
A drowsy watch beside her—watch her well.

Mr. Slicer said that Browning was interested in everything except current events, and of the purpose of his writing he said: "Impact of the world on the human soul and the world's consciousness of it, that was all Browning's message."

He was a "genius of mass and power," Mr. Winchester said, and "expressed the robust vigor of faith and hope." Merle St. Croix Wright said he liked to take Browning as he would, for instance, Chesterton, "in sparks and flashes, not as a steady diet."

Giving a list of Browningese words, Mrs. Kate Upton Clark said: "Whether Lewis Carroll borrowed his nomenclature from 'Alice in Wonderland,' from Browning, or vice versa, we may well ask."

Mr. Randall said he did not believe that the centenary of any other poet could have called out such an audience. He said that if Shakespeare was the most impersonal poet, Browning was the most personal.

A cable message from members of the society who had been in Westminster Abbey at the London Browning anniversary celebration was read.

DUKE PRESENTS OLD EAGLE.

Sutherland Guest of New York Yacht Club, Which Receives Emblem.

The Duke of Sutherland was entertained last night by 500 members of the New York Yacht Club in the big model room of the clubhouse in West Forty-fourth Street. High aloft beside the American flag and the yacht ensign hung the British yacht ensign and the burgees of the Royal Yacht Squadron and the New York Yacht Club.

The occasion was the presentation to the New York Yacht Club by the Royal Yacht Squadron of England, through the Duke of Sutherland, of the old eagle that adorned the stern of the old yacht America when she raced for and won the famous America Cup in 1851. That trophy and the eagle were displayed side by side last night in the model room.

After the band had played "God Save the King," Secretary George A. Cormack of the New York Yacht Club read a formal letter from the Royal Yacht Squadron, presenting the eagle. Commodore C. Ledyard Blair then accepted the relic in a brief speech.

In the Commodore's room, earlier in the evening, Col. Robert M. Thompson gave a dinner in honor of the Duke. The horseshoe table was decked with lilacs and a profusion of other Spring flowers. The Duke sat at Col. Thompson's left, and at the Duke's left were Commodore Blair and former Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt. Covers were laid for thirty, and the guests included former Commodore Arthur Curtiss James, Messrs. Grosvenor and Chaplin, friends of the Duke; Commodore George F. Baker, Jr.; former Commodore F. G. Bourne, Rear Admiral Willard, Commander James F. Carter, U. S. N.; Capt. J. D. J. Kelley, U. S. N., retired; Lieut. William Butler Duncan, Jr., Newbury D. Thorne, Senator Henry F. Lippitt, Archibald Rogers, Perry Belmont, Franklin Plummer, W. H. Stayton, Henry F. Maury, and S. H. P. Pell.

MACKAY RECTOR WINS.

Court Refuses to Restrain Officers of Roslyn Church from Acting.

Supreme Court Justice Maddox in Brooklyn denied yesterday the application argued before him on April 26 for an injunction restraining the officers of Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay's church in Roslyn, L. I., elected on April 11, from taking up their duties, preliminary to a contest for a new election. Justice Maddox's decision is a victory for the rector, the Rev. Clifford H. Brewer, whose ticket was elected.

The decision settles a controversy of three years which has been carried on between the rector and his party and another faction of the church.

The application for the injunction was made by Harry W. Moore, who was a candidate for Junior Warden. With him on the defeated ticket as candidates for Vestrymen were A. J. Penny and J. Earl Clark. It was alleged that Dr. Brewer prevented some church members from voting and allowed others who were non-communicants to vote.

NEW PENNSYLVANIA DIRECTOR

George D. Dixon Fills Vacancy Caused by Death of John B. Thayer.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—James McCrea was re-elected President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to-day at the reorganization of the Board of Directors. Samuel Rea was made First Vice President. George D. Dixon, formerly Freight Traffic Manager, was elected to the vacancy caused by the death of John B. Thayer, who was lost on the Titanic. Others elected are W. W. Atterbury, Henry Tatnall, and W. H. Myers.

Vice President Atterbury will have charge of operating, Mr. Dixon of traffic, Mr. Tatnall of finance, and Mr. Myers of real estate.

R. C. Wright was chosen Freight Traffic Manager, with E. P. Bates as first assistant. Walter Thayer, formerly Assistant General Freight Agent, takes the place of General Freight Agent, left vacant by Mr. Wright's promotion.

More Wear
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TROKWOOD—2 for 25.

PUBLIC TAKES SIDES ON BOY'S WHIPPING

Justice's Request for Advice on Sentence to be Imposed on Shopkeeper Draws 100 Replies.

SOME UPHOLD DEFENDANT

Young Hoodlums Require Severe Treatment, One Merchant Says —Others for Extreme Penalty.

Chief Justice Russell of Special Sessions received more than 100 letters yesterday in response to his request on Tuesday for advice as to what punishment he should inflict upon Joseph Martin, a candy store proprietor of 533 West Twenty-ninth Street, who confessed to horsewhipping four-year-old Antonio Dunzig.

Martin was arrested on April 30 upon the complaint of Benjamin F. Hershey, who complained to the Children's Society about his cruelty to the Dunzig boy. Hershey said that he was passing Martin's store and saw Martin, who is 44 years old, run out and grab the lad by the collar. He dragged him into the store, Hershey said, and, tying a rope about his neck, tossed it over a gaspipe running across the ceiling, and tied his victim there. Martin, after securely tying the lad, reached behind a counter and took a heavy horsewhip, and, stepping back a few paces, began beating the boy across the face and body with it. The storekeeper, in his own defense, said that he had been annoyed beyond endurance by boys of the neighborhood, who threw garbage and other refuse into his store.

Some of the letters suggested that he should deal leniently with Martin, and others asked for severe punishment for the shopkeeper. Others evidently took the Justice's request for advice more as a joke than anything else. Most of the letters expressed indignation at the punishment administered to the boy, while some showed that the writers had calmly viewed the situation and believed Martin had suffered so much from the pranks of boys in his neighborhood that he forgot himself. George T. Boggs, a lawyer at 115 Broadway, says in defense of Martin:

Your Honor: Considering the age of the child alone, it would seem almost inexcusable and brutal to a degree that a man should beat a boy so, but seeing, as I have, the pestering of poor peddlers and sidewalk merchants by these young hoodlums, and the indifference of the police in protecting them, I can understand under certain conditions that this sort of thing could happen and be most excusable. It is of course unfortunate that the victim should have been so young, but even the babies of the street are beyond their years, and the lesson may be a good one to the element which infests that district.

Here is another letter:

Your Honor: Personally I think it a crime and the deed of a coward to even strike a child. We have no record to show that Jesus—our Lord's son—ever raised his hand to strike even those who cursed Him. His method at all times was love, being especially tender to children. This man Martin has done a most cowardly act—but he regrets it. He sees and has humbly acknowledged his wrong, making sincere promises for his future behavior toward all of God's children. Would not Jesus pardon such with the admonition, "Sin no more"? Since it was not the man but the mind become insane through much tribulation that did the deed, might it not be well to charge the man that if a similar case is ever brought against him he will be punished for both crimes?

Other persons who defend Martin are Miss Hollingworth and Mrs. A. Mamoulious of 594 Lenox Avenue, who say: "We believe Martin guilty of a serious crime, but at the same time if he is of good character he should go free, as under circumstances none of us are infallible."

Some of the persons who side against Martin are very bitter in denouncing him. John T. Boyce of 81 North Oxford Street, Brooklyn, says:

"I am a father and love my children, and my punishment for this brute is as follows: Let this four-year-old baby's mother and father tie this inhuman beast to a whipping post and have the mother of the child horsewhip him with a rawhide. I know the mother will make the punishment more severe than any one else. Give him the same medicine that he gave the child."

William Schass of 300 East Twenty-sixth Street says:

"I am the father of an unfortunate and afflicted child, and he has been beaten with a strap in the middle of the night, but through influence the culprit escaped. I am convinced, your Honor, that I am not asking too much when I say I think a prison sentence would be a lesson to such brutes."

Justice Russell after glancing at the letters said he would read them all, and would confer with his Associate Justices as to the punishment he would give Martin.

COMING TO SEE AMERICA.

Geographical Society Announces Its Foreign Guests for Trip in August.

The American Geographical Society will start on its sixtieth anniversary transcontinental excursion on Aug. 20, from New York to the Pacific Coast and return. Among the guests will be the following:

Profs. Eduard Bruckner, Fritz Machatschek, and Dr. Eugen Oberhummer, of the University of Vienna; Director Georges Lecointe, of the Royal Belgian Observatory; Secretary Ole Olufsen, of the Royal Danish Geographical Society, Copenhagen; Vice President Guillaume Grandidier and ex-President Edouard-Alfred Martel, of the Central Commission of the Paris Geographic Society, and Vice President Emanuel de la Margerie, of the Committee of Historical and Scientific Works; Profs. Erich von Drygalski, of Munich; Joseph Partsch, of Leipsic, and Albrecht Penck, of Berlin; Henry O. Beckit, of Oxford, and George G. Chisholm, of Edinburgh; Prof. Eugen de Cholnoky, of Kolozsyar, and Count Paul Teleki, of Budapest; Prof. Olinto Marinella, of Florence, and Decio Vinciguerra, of Rome; Profs. J. F. Niermeyer, and Karl Oestereich, of Utrecht; Thoroif Vogt, of the Geological Survey; Prof. Francisco Silva Telles, of Lisbon; Prof. Jules M. Schokalsky, of St. Petersburg; Secretary General Rocardo Beltran y Tozpide of the Royal Geographical Society; Prof. Gunnar Andersson, of Stockholm; Profs. Jean Brunhes, of Fribourg and Lausanne; Emile Chaix, of Geneva, and Fritz Nussbaum, of Berne.

SERGT. McLAUGHLIN RETIRED

24 or 26 Years in Service Spent with the Mounted Police.

Sergt. John J. McLaughlin was retired at midnight last night after serving twenty-six years on the police force, always attached to the West 152d Street Station. His retirement was by application because, he said, he thought he had earned a rest and was able to afford it.

McLaughlin has been a mounted man for twenty-four of his twenty-six years on the force and was head of the Speedway Squad. He is known to every man who has driven fast horses on the Speedway, as well as to every man, woman and child throughout the 152d Street precinct.

Until the last championship series at the Polo Grounds, when the crowds were so large that their policing was put in the hands of several inspectors, McLaughlin has had charge of the police arrangements at the Polo Grounds and at the American League Park.

He is 53 years old and lives at 424 West 163d Street with his wife and seven children, the youngest twelve and the eldest about 26.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Good News for the Straw Hat Wearer.

The writer had an interview with Mr. Truly Warner regarding the trend of the fashion this season. From his remarks I gather that his stores are prepared to show some wonderful improvements in Straw Hat production this season that will make a big step forward in the hat line. It might be well for all Goodressers to make a note of this.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.

Russet Oxfords,
$3.98

New Spring Lasts and Worth $6
Flat toe, wide shank, low heel and that "hand-finished" look.
1000 Pairs of "Samples" at $2.60
$4.00 Trade Mark Russets, $2.60
Emerson, Douglas, Stetsons, etc.
They are samples and Factory Rejects
An Unusually Fortunate Purchase.

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HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
LAST 18 TIMES
LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
STAR REVIVAL OF PATIENCE
TO-DAY EXTRA SPECIAL Matinee 2:30 TO-NIGHT 8:15.
"PATIENCE," for the benefit of the INTERCOLLEGIATE BUREAU OF OCCUPATIONS
SEATS AT THE BOX OFFICE.
Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Evenings 8:10. Ph. 2623 Bryant. Matinees
Bought and Paid For To-day, Sat. & Wed. 2:10.
39TH ST. Thea., 39th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:10.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way and 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat. 2:30.
Last 4 Times Mr. CHARLES HAWTREY in DEAR OLD CHARLIE
Beg. MON., MAY 13. Cecil B. De Mille announces THE MARRIAGE-NOT New comedy by Joseph Noel. Seats Now on Sale.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. Opera House. Mats. Daily. 10c, 20c, 30c. FORTUNE HUNTER
Next Week.....PAID IN FULL

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER in an Arabian Night KISMET
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
WHITESIDE IN THE TYPHOON
LYCEUM 45th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Tues. 25c to $1.00.
MARVELLOUS MOTION PICTURES
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
HARRIS West 42d St. Evenings 8.30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20.
LAST 3 NIGHTS LAST 2 MATS. THE TALKER
PARK 59th St., B'way, Col. Circle. Eve. 8:10. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:10.
The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD
New Amsterdam 42d St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10.
THE DE KOVEN OPERA COMPANY IN THE NATION'S LIGHT OPERA.
Robin Hood
GREAT CAST OF GRAND OPERA STARS.
Ziegfeld Moulin Rouge
Formerly New York Theatre. SMOKING. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
A WINSOME WIDOW
WORLD'S GREATEST CHORUS.
LIBERTY 42d St., near Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
HENRY MILLER in THE RAINBOW by A. E. THOMAS.
GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris success. "Every Laugh a Pound of Joy."
OFFICER 666
With George Nash & Wallace Eddinger
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Heard in Lobby "Best since 'The Pink Lady.'" "Biggest Success in Town." The Rose Maid Has caught on like its sister, "The Spring Maid." —World.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Amateurs Fri. Eve. Matinee Daily. BEN WELCH and his BURLESQUERS, Incl. Lew Kelly.
HAMMERSTEIN'S. — VALESKA SURATT, RALPH HERZ, Tom Edwards, Cook & Lorenz, Clark & Bergman, Bison City 4, and others.

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. FOR THREE WEEKS ONLY.
Special Star Production of THE EXPLORER by W. Somerset Maugham. In cast: LEWIS WALLER CONSTANCE COLLIER CHARLES CHERRY GRACE LANE
WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Tele. 411 Columbus.
MAT. TO-DAY 50c, 75c & Best Seats $1.00
New Spring Edition of WHIRL OF SOCIETY
SUNDAY NIGHT—BIG CONCERT.
CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JAS. T. POWERS in New Musical Play, "TWO LITTLE BRIDES." Most Fascinating of All Musical Successes.
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS
Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee Saturday 2:15. Reserved Seats 75c, $1, $1.50. Best Seats $2.
Last 4 Times WEBER & FIELDS JUBILEE CO. OF 100 in "Hokey Pokey" and "Bunty Bulls & Strings."
Beg. NEXT MON. ABORN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO. in "HAENSEL and GRETEL." (Seats Now) Daily Mats. 2:30. 25c-$1. Ev. 8:30, 25c-$1.50

THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
Century Thea., 62d St. & 8th Av. 'Phone 8800 Col. Ev. 8:10. Sat. 2:10. 50c to $2. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1.50
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
TO-NIGHT 278th TIME ARLISS in DISRAELI
ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50
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NEW GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Opens To-night 7 P.M.

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Blanche Ring in THE WALL STREET GIRL
A New Musical Comedy, with HARRY GILFOIL.
GRAND 23d St., 8th Ave. Next Mon., BLACK PATTI Musical Comedy Co.
Geo. M. COHAN "45 Minutes From B'way."
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Big ANNIVERSARY 12 ALL STAR ACTS
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